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A HISTORY
OF
DELAWARE COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA
AND ITS PEOPLE

UNDER THE EDITORIAL SUPERVISION OF

JOHN W. JORDAN, LL. D.

Librarian of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia

ILLUSTRATED

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BALDWIN The name Baldwin is one of the oldest of those great names that have come down to us through the Middle Ages and which, with their associations, are an inheritance to recall to us the splendid past. The name appears as early as 672 A. D., on the roll of Battle Abbey in the English records, a Baldwin was Earl of Flanders in the time of Alfred the Great, and throughout the early history of Europe, and especially in the Crusades, men of that name have distinguished themselves. That branch of the family to which the subject of this sketch belongs is descended from John Baldwin, who came from Oxfordshire, England, about the year 1682, and settled in Ashton township, Chester county, Pennsylvania. From that time to the present, the family has been represented by a long line of worthy members who have continuously made their home in that part of the state.

Richard Jacobs Baldwin, the second son of John Erskine and Mary Griffith (Hoopes) Baldwin, was born in East Bradford township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1853. He received an excellent education in the public schools of the neighborhood and later attended Maplewood Institute at Concordville and Eaton Academy at Kennett Square. At the age of seventeen, he left home to learn the trade of carpentering which he followed until he was twenty-three years old, when he entered the mercantile business and operated a general merchandise store at Whitford, at that time Belvidere, West Whiteland, Chester county. After continuing this enterprise for three years, he removed to Chadd's Ford, where he purchased what was then known as the Worrlow store property, and here conducted with great success a general merchandise store for twenty-five years. About ten years ago, in 1904, Mr. Baldwin turned over his thriving business to his sons, the youngest of whom, Richard Lindley Baldwin, is now conducting it. Mr. Baldwin, however, still lives on the property which has for so long been the scene of his activities and success.

As early as 1880, Mr. Baldwin began to take an active interest in politics. He was a firm believer in the principles and policies of the Republican party and made for himself a sufficiently important place in the local ranks thereof to win the appointment of postmaster at Chadds Ford from President Harrison, a position which he filled with credit from 1889 to 1893. Upon the inauguration of President Cleveland, he resigned this office, but was reinstated during President McKinley's administration. He became a candidate for the General Assembly of the state in 1894 and, being chosen by the Republican party at the primaries for its nominee, he was elected to the office by one of the largest majorities ever given a candidate in Delaware county. He was subsequently re-elected and served in the sessions of 1897 and 1899, in the latter of which he became one of the recognized leaders of the House. Elected recorder of deeds for Delaware county, in 1901, he discharged the duties of that office in so satisfactory a manner that his fellow citizens re-elected him. In 1910, he was again elected to represent his county in the General Assembly, and once more in 1912 for the current session of that body. During these last two sessions, Mr. Baldwin has established a state-wide reputation for himself as a legislator, his public experience and the diligent attention which he bestows upon all public questions, combining to make him one of the authorities on legislative matters generally. His long experience in oratory, he having stumped the state in every campaign for the last eighteen years, added to a natural gift of expression, has with his other attainments resulted in establishing him in the place of Republican party leader in the Assembly of 1913.

Mr. Baldwin is at present engaged in a real estate and insurance business in Media, the county seat, and takes an active part in the life of the district.

He is a member of the Young Men's Republican Club and the Springhaven Golf Club, both of Media, and the latter of which he helped to organize; of the Brandywine Golf Club of Brandywine Summit; the Wilmington Country Club, and is an honorary member of the Media Fire Company. Fraternally, his memberships are in the Masonic Order, Concord Lodge No. 625; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Senior and Junior Orders, United American Mechanics; the Improved Order of Red Men and the Patrons of Husbandry.

Mr. Baldwin was married in 1873, to Miss Sarah Worrall Temple, a daughter of Thomas B. and Elizabeth (Worrall) Temple, of Middletown, Delaware county. There is a tradition in the Temple family that William Temple, its founder in America, was smuggled into the country by his step-mother after his father's death in order that the lady's son might inherit the English estates. To Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin there have been born ten children, five of whom survive.

Mr. Baldwin has been uniformly successful, both in his commercial and political careers, and has filled the various positions to which he has been called with a thorough-going earnestness of purpose that could not fail to bring about results the most satisfactory. He is one of the best known citizens of his county, and in all the seven times in which he has been before the people for their suffrage, he has not known defeat, but in every case has been triumphantly endorsed and elected. Mr. Baldwin is still in the prime of his usefulness and there is every reason why he should continue to serve his fellows and develop his own career for many years to come.

The McLaughlins of this sketch descend from an old McLAUGHLIN family of Ireland. The first of this branch to come to the United States was Edward (2), son of Edward (1) McLaughlin, the latter a lifelong resident of county Donegal, Ireland. He was a farmer and a member of the Roman Catholic church, raising his family in that faith. He married Rose McCaffery, who also was born, lived and died in county Donegal; children: Rose, married John Cusacks, both deceased, of Chester, Pennsylvania; Edward (2), of whom further; Sarah, married Daniel Butler, a contractor of Chester, both deceased.

Edward (2), only son of Edward (1) and Rose McCaffery, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, in 1824, died at Leiperville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1899. He grew to manhood and married in Ireland, soon afterward coming to the United States, settling in Chester, Pennsylvania. He later moved to Ridley township, living on the John L. Crosly property until his removal to Leiperville, where he died, a member of the Roman Catholic church, and a Democrat. He married Cecelia Boyle, born in county Donegal, in 1836, died in Leiperville, Pennsylvania, June 3, 1908; children: Rose, married Edward Jobson, now manager of Dunlap's grocery store, and resides in Chester; Bridget, died young; Edward F., of whom further; Ann, now residing in Leiperville, unmarried; John, now living in Morton, Delaware county; Joseph, resides in Ridley Park; Daniel, died young; Michael died in Leiperville, in 1909.

Edward F., eldest son of Edward (2) and Cecelia (Boyle) McLaughlin, was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1867. He attended school until he was ten years of age in Chester and in Nether Providence township. He then worked in the mills in Carey's Banks, continuing until 1894. He then ran a bottling business in Leiperville for one year. He then conducted a wholesale and retail business until December 1, 1901, when he purchased the old Leiperville Hotel, that had been run as a licensed house since 1830. The Lei-

perville Hotel was established in 1830, and was the outgrowth of the boarding house kept to accommodate the men employed in getting out stone from Ridley creek quarries to build the "Breakwater." Judge George G. Leiper and most of the quarry owners of the neighborhood petitioned for the house, which they described as being near the intersection of the old Queen's highway with the Springfield road, alleging the license was necessary to furnish accommodations to the men employed by them in conveying stones to the Breakwater, which at that time was the largest industry in the county. The court granted the petition and authorized Thomas Ewing to keep a public house at the location mentioned. Ewing called his house "The Leiperville Tavern," and remained its proprietor until 1833, when Robert Murray became the landlord and named the house "The Canal Boat." In 1835, Daniel J. Campbell leased the house and restored the old name. The house has had many landlords and in 1847 was the scene of the institution of Leiperville Lodge No. 263, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which occupied a room in the garret of the wing. The last landlord prior to Mr. McLaughlin was Dr. Wernz, who succeeded Landlord Coward.

Mr. McLaughlin is a Republican in politics, and for several years has been county committeeman from Leiperville. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church, belonging to the parish of St. Rose de Lima at Eddystone. His fraternal order is the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, affiliated with Chester Lodge No. 488. He married, August 19, 1891, in the Church of the Immaculate Heart at Chester, Elizabeth Gertrude Bunce, daughter of Patrick Bunce, born in Ireland, in 1815, died at Chester, in January, 1893. He came to the United States about the age of forty years, arriving in New York City, but soon settling in Chester, where he was employed at the Roach shipyards. He married Margaret Manning, born in Limerick, Ireland, married in St. Michael's Church in Chester, and died in that city in 1884. Patrick was a son of Francis Bunce, a shoe manufacturer of Kilrush, Ireland, where he and his wife, a Miss McKane, both died. Children of Edward F. and Elizabeth Gertrude McLaughlin: Edward, born February 25, 1904; George, March 10, 1905, both born in Leiperville.

The family of Pusey is of ancient English origin, having been PUSEY settled in the Hundred of Ganfield in Berkshire, England, for about nine centuries. During this long period the name has undergone inevitable changes of orthography, being entered in the Book of Domesday, completed in 1086 as "Pesie or Pesei" in "Gannesfelde hundred."

The manor and village of Pusey, in Ganfield, Berkshire, lies south of the London road, twelve miles from Oxford and about five miles east of Farringdon. Here the family have resided from the time of the Danish King Canute, fifty years before the Norman Conquest. The tradition is that about the year 1086, during the contest between the Danes under Canute and the Saxons under Edmund Ironside, the hostile forces lay encamped but a few miles apart. William Pusey, an officer under Canute, entered the Saxon camp in disguise and there discovered a plan for a midnight surprise and massacre of the Danes. He at once fled to his own camp, gave the alarm and saved the Danish army from destruction. King Canute rewarded the daring officer with the manor lying contiguous to the camp, giving him as evidence of the transfer, the horn of an ox bearing the inscription: "King Knowde geue Wylyyam Pewte thys horne to holde by thy lond." Camden and other antiquarian authorities refer to this circumstance. The conveyance of realty by the delivery of a horn or other article of personal property is known to have been an ancient

custom, especially under the Danish King, while the tenure of lands by what is known as cornuage or the service of a horn is stated by Ingulphus and other old writers to have been not unusual in the early days of England.

The estate thus granted by the Danish King to William Pusey has remained in the uninterrupted possession of the family, their descendants and direct representatives, down to the present day, by family deeds and records in the British Museum, the different lords of the manor down to Charles Pusey in 1710, after whom the male line became extinct. Charles Pusey, the owner in 1710, recovered both the horn and the manor in chancery before Lord Chancellor Jefferies, when according to Dr. Hicks "the horn itself being produced in court and with universal admiration received, admitted and proved to be the identical horn by which, as by a charter Canute had conveyed the manor of Pusey, seven hundred years before. Reference to this case is made in, 1 Vernan's Reports 273 de Term; S. Mich, 1684; wherein the demurrer of the defendant is stated to have been overruled and the plaintiff awarded his claim."

The family became extinct in the male line in 1710 by the death of the above mentioned Charles Pusey, who bequeathed the manor to his nephew, John Allen, Esquire, directing he should take the name of Pusey, and that in case of his dying without issue, it could be entailed on the male issue of his own sisters and his nieces, the Allens successively, who upon inheriting the estate were to assume the name of Pusey. By intermarriage the manor came into the Bouveries descendants of Lawrence des Bouveries of the Low Countries, driven to England by religious persecution in the time of Queen Elizabeth. The present Sidney Edward Bouverie Pusey succeeded in 1855. The Pusey coat-of-arms: Gules three bars argent. Crest: A cat passant.

The old horn, by the delivery of which the estate was originally granted, remained in possession of the family until recent years, when it was deposited in the British Museum. It is believed to have been the drinking horn of King Canute. It is described of dark brown or tortoise shell color, two feet and one-half inch in length, one foot in circumference at the large end and two and a quarter inches at the small end. Rings of silver gilt encircle it at either end and a broader ring or band surrounds it near the middle. To this middle band are fastened two legs with feet resembling those of a hound, by which the horn is supported on a stand. At the small end is a screw stopper of silver gilt in imitation of a hound's head. By taking this out and passing a strap through the two rings which are suitably placed for the purpose it might be made to serve as a hunting horn. That it may have been used both as a drinking and a hunting horn at different periods, is not improbable, but as the alleged discovery of the horn took place long before the discovery of gunpowder or the use of firearms, it could not have been at first used as a powder horn, while the tradition that it was originally the drinking horn of King Canute and subsequently bestowed to evidence the reward of military service, received plausibility in view of the two special uses to which horns are known to have been devoted at that early day, namely: drinking purposes and the conveyance of landed property, which is further supported by the presumption that a peculiar value was attached to the familiar drinking appliance of a rude convivial people.

The presentation of this horn by Canute to the original William Pusey is said to have been made with much ceremony, on the beach at Southampton and a plastic representation of the scene hangs in the hall of the present Pusey mansion. Other treasures and interesting relics are also there collected, including family portraits, antique lace and articles once belonging to royalty. Considerable legendary interest moreover attaches to the old place revived from the curious customs and characters of former residents, one of whom, Alice Pat-

ernoster, held lands in Pusey in the reign of Edward I., by the service of saying paternoster five times a day for the souls of the King's ancestors. Another of the same surname on succeeding to an estate in the same parish, instead of paying a sum of money as a relief said the Lord's Prayer thrice before Barons of the Exchequer, as his brother had done before him.

The Pusey Mansion is a plain stone structure, with two front bows, presenting an attractive and substantial appearance. The present owners and occupants give courteous reception and attention to members of archaeological societies and other considerate visitors attracted by the historical interest of the place.

Caleb Pusey, the first of the name who came to America, was born in Berkshire, England, in 1651. He grew up among the Baptists, but in early manhood joined the Society of Friends, moved to London, where he became actively associated with William Penn in his cherished project for the colonization of Pennsylvania, having arranged with Penn for the erection of a grist and saw mill in the new province, the materials for which were to be prepared in England. Caleb Pusey sailed for this country in 1682, probably in one of the earliest of the twenty-three vessels which arrived that year in the Delaware. He selected a site for the proposed mill on Chester creek, one mile from its entrance into the Delaware, where the materials which arrived on a later ship were fitted and set up by Richard Townsend. Caleb Pusey was one of the proprietors and acted as the miller and resident agent of a joint stock company of owners. Some of these owners withdrew and the mill finally was owned solely by William Penn, Samuel Carpenter and Caleb Pusey. With the exception of a rude mill, which the Swedes had used for a brief period on the Schuylkill, this was the first grist mill in use in Pennsylvania. It stood on land now part of the Crozier estate at Upland. It fell into ruins years ago, but its weather vane, bearing the date 1699 and the initials of the three owners, was fortunately rescued and now is preserved in the museum of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Thirteenth and Locust streets, Philadelphia. Caleb Pusey's residence, built about 1683, near the mill, is kept in repair by the present owners and is thought to be the oldest dwelling in the state.

Caleb Pusey was a man of high rectitude of purpose and great force of character. He was a leading elder of Friends' Meeting; was sheriff of the county and head of the "Peace Makers," a species of volunteer court. He was the author of various essays and pamphlets in defence and explanation of the convictions of the early Quakers; served as member of the Provincial Council; the Governor's Council and the Assembly. He was always a trusted friend and associate of William Penn in important matters touching the settlement and prosperity of the province. He left a mass of valuable papers, comprising his own writings and the collections he had carefully made pertaining to public affairs, papers largely used in preparation of "Proud's History of Pennsylvania." After forty-four years of active life in America, passed in Philadelphia and Chester, he moved to Marlborough, Chester county, Pennsylvania, where he died, greatly honored and beloved, December 25, 1726, leaving no male issue, and but two daughters.

Two brothers, William and Caleb (2) Pusey, nephews of Caleb Pusey, followed him to Pennsylvania about the year 1700. William Pusey married Elizabeth Bowater and settled in London Grove, Chester county, where he erected a mill and a substantial stone dwelling house, yet standing. Caleb (2) Pusey, settled in Marlborough; both left numerous descendants and so far as known all Puseys of American birth trace to one or other of these brothers.

From William Pusey descends Fred Taylor Pusey, of Lima, Pennsylv-

vania, son of Joshua Pusey, and grandson of Jacob Pusey, born in Auburn, Delaware, in 1791, died 1870.

Joshua Pusey, son of Jacob Pusey, was born in Auburn, Delaware, in 1842, died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1906. He was an attorney and counsellor at law, specializing in patent causes, a veteran of the civil war, having served in the famous "Bucktail" regiment, from Pennsylvania, and receiving a severe wound at the battle of Fredericksburg. Although not a member of the Society of Friends, he was in sympathy with that sect and attended their meetings. In politics he was a Republican.

Joshua Pusey married Rebecca Kenderdine, born in Germantown, Philadelphia, died in 1876, daughter of Joseph Rakeshaw and Sarah (Wright) Kenderdine, of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. Joseph Rakeshaw Kenderdine was born near Horsham, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, about 1811, a contractor and builder, head of the firm of Kenderdine & Justice, later Joseph R. Kenderdine & Sons, builder's hardware store at Seventh and Spring Garden streets, Philadelphia. He was a Whig in politics, later a Republican. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Kenderdine: Isaac; Warner Justice; Frank; Elizabeth, died unmarried; Rebecca, married Joshua Pusey; Laura, unmarried. Children of Joshua and Rebecca Pusey, now living: Fred Taylor, of whom further; Grace Edna, married Philip Marot, of Swarthmore, Pennsylvania.

Fred Taylor Pusey, son of Joshua Pusey, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 3, 1872. He was educated in the public schools of Avondale, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and Friends' Schools in Philadelphia, finishing at Friends' Central High School, whence he was graduated in June, 1889. In his boyhood he worked on the farm, and after leaving school worked two years in a Philadelphia hosiery mill. He then began the study of law, working in the meantime as collector for an industrial life insurance company. He was admitted to the bar of Philadelphia county in 1894 and later to the Superior and Supreme Courts of Pennsylvania and to the Federal Courts of the district. On December 5, 1898, he was admitted to the bar of Delaware county and has since continued in active practice at both bars. He has established a wide reputation as a lawyer and commands a generous patronage. He has been for several years solicitor of the borough of Lansdowne and served his district as member of the House of Representatives during the legislative sessions of 1903 and 1905 and the special session of 1906. In political faith he is a Republican. Mr. Pusey is now serving as a member of the Board of Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble Minded at Spring City, Pennsylvania, by appointment of the Governor. Since 1892 Mr. Pusey has served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania as private, corporal, sergeant, sergeant-major, lieutenant, captain and regimental adjutant of the First Regiment of Infantry. In 1907 he was appointed aide-de-camp on the staff of Governor Stuart with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, November (1913) serving on the staff of Governor Tener as colonel and adjutant-general. During the Spanish-American war he served as adjutant of the First Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry, United States Volunteers. Mr. Pusey is a member of the State and County Bar associations; the Law Academy of Philadelphia, president in 1898-99; the Union League of Philadelphia; Lansdowne Republican Club, president many years; the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the Veteran Corps of the First Regiment of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. In religious connection he is a member of the Society of Friends.

Mr. Pusey married, December 3, 1895, at Brooklyn, New York, Nellie Ogilvie, born in that city August 25, 1873, daughter of John S. Ogilvie, founder of the publishing firm of J. S. Ogilvie Publishing Company of New



Fred. Taylor Pusey

York City, and his wife, Charlotte (Purchase) Ogilvie. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Ogilvie: Nellie, of previous mention; Frank B., John S., Donald M. Children of Fred Taylor and Nellie (Ogilvie) Pusey: 1. John S. Ogilvie, born March 10, 1898; prepared in the public schools of Delaware county, now a student in the "Hill School," Pottstown, Pennsylvania. 2. Charlotte Elizabeth, born November 3, 1899; now a student at Miss Irwin's school (private) Philadelphia. The family home is at Lima, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

Charles M. Walton is a noble illustration of what independence, self-faith and persistency can accomplish in America. He is a self-made man in the most significant sense of the word, for no one helped him in a financial way, and he is largely self-educated. As a young man he was strong, vigorous and self-reliant. He trusted in his own ability and did things single-handed and alone. To-day he stands supreme as a successful business man and a loyal and public-spirited citizen. Most of his attention has been devoted to the contracting and building business, many magnificent structures in Philadelphia and elsewhere having been constructed by him. For the past twelve years he has been the efficient incumbent of the office of assessor in Norwood, which place has long represented his home. He was a member of the first council and elected to a second term.

Near Doylestown, in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1847, occurred the birth of Charles M. Walton, a son of James and Jane (Thomas) Walton. The Walton family is one of the oldest in Pennsylvania, the progenitor of the name in this commonwealth, having come hither eight years prior to the arrival of William Penn. Four brothers came here about 1675 from England. They landed at Wilmington, Delaware, and proceeded thence to Byberry, Pennsylvania, locating where the old meeting-house now stands. They were devout Quakers and they purchased land from the Indians. They erected the first church at Byberry and remained there, then practically a wilderness, until fall, when they returned to civilization, remaining at Wilmington during the winter months. In the following spring they returned to the vicinity of Byberry and there settled permanently. William Penn, on his arrival, did not acknowledge the deed the Walton brothers had received from the Indians and the matter was left to be settled by them and the Penn colony by arbitration. Two outsiders were chosen by each side and the Waltons were asked to suggest a fifth party. Very ingeniously they called for William Penn and the matter was quickly settled, the Walton deed gaining immediate recognition. William Penn gave them another deed to their property, and this is still on record in Philadelphia. The genealogy of the Walton family can be traced without any discrepancies from the original settlers down to the present time. Two Waltons, not knowing of the other's work, traced the genealogy in all its branches, and when the two completed volumes were compared at a later date, only two disagreeing facts of importance were found.

The Thomas family, the maternal ancestry of Charles M. Walton, dates back almost as far as the Walton side. The great-great-great-grandfather of Charles M. Walton was a Griffith and a native of Wales, whence he came to America and settled in the Penn colony in the early part of the eighteenth century.

Jacob Walton, paternal grandfather of Charles M. Walton, was a soldier in the Mexican war, a lieutenant, but being a Friend he never divulged the fact to any of the members of his immediate family. About eighteen years

ago, after his demise, his honorable discharge from service was found among his papers. James Walton, father of Charles M. Walton, was a wheelwright by trade, and he was also engaged in farming operations in Bucks county, where he owned a big saw mill. He married Jane Thomas, who bore him eight children, all of whom grew to maturity, the first to die being twenty-eight years of age. Four of them are still living. James Walton died in the year 1875 and his cherished and devoted wife died in 1896. Both are interred in Bucks county.

Charles M. Walton was reared to maturity on the old homestead farm in Bucks county, in the work and management of which he early began to assist his father. He attended the district schools and supplemented his early training with a course of study in the Excelsior Normal School. He then learned the trades of carpenter and miller, and in 1876 located in the city of Philadelphia, where he gradually won success and renown as a builder. He has since devoted his attention to the building business, and conspicuous among the beautiful structures he has erected is the library at the University of Pennsylvania. Many other fine buildings in Philadelphia and elsewhere stand as monuments of his handiwork.

In 1890 Mr. Walton established the family home at Norwood, in Delaware county, and here he is known as a citizen of sterling integrity and the utmost reliability. He is a stalwart Republican in his political convictions, and for the past twelve years he has served Norwood in the capacity of city assessor. His fraternal affiliations are with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and with Hamilton Lodge, No. 274, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, into which latter organization he was initiated in 1874. In religious faith he is a devout member of the Methodist Episcopal church, although his children are all Lutherans.

In 1882 Mr. Walton was united in marriage to Miss Mary F. Griswell, a daughter of Eduard and Joanna Griswell, members of pioneer families in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. This union has been prolific of five children, whose names are here entered in respective order of birth: Elsie G., Emma C., May Frances, Charles M. Jr., and Joanna D., the three younger ones being at home. Elsie G. married Clifford Bonsall; Emma C. married Harry N. Robbins.

Mr. Walton has lived a life of usefulness such as few men know. God-fearing, law abiding, progressive, his life is as truly that of a Christian gentleman as any man's can well be. Unwaveringly he has done the right as he has interpreted it. While undoubtedly he has not been without that honorable ambition which is so powerful and useful as an incentive to activity in public affairs, he regards the pursuits of private life as being in themselves abundantly worthy of his best efforts. In community affairs he is active and influential, and his support is readily and generously given to many measures for the general progress and improvement. His life history is certainly worthy of commendation and of emulation, for along honorable and straightforward lines he has won the success which crowns his efforts, and which makes him one of the substantial residents of Norwood.

SHOEMAKER In making a selection of men whose sketches form the biographical portion of this work, great care has been exercised to select none but those who have in some measure left "footprints on the sands of time." Men whose efforts and deeds are matters of public interest, and whose memories will linger long after their bodies shall have been laid in the dust. Worthy to hold an important posi-

tion in this class is Richardson Shoemaker, than whom there is not a more prominent resident in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, or one who is better entitled to the high esteem in which his fellow citizens hold him. He has been a pioneer and leading spirit in many important business enterprises which have tended materially to increase the prosperity of the town, and is a descendant of one of the oldest families of the state of Pennsylvania. The name was very probably Schuhmacher in Germany, and has been literally translated.

George Shoemaker, who was married in Heidelberg, Germany, in 1662, died at sea while on his way to this country with his wife and family. His widow, Sarah, and their eight children, arrived at Philadelphia, January 20, 1686, and soon afterward purchased two hundred acres of land in Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, on the York road, the place now being called Ogontz. Her children were: George, of further mention; Sarah; Barbara; Abraham; Isaac; Susanna; Elizabeth; Benjamin.

George, son of George and Sarah Shoemaker, also born in Germany, married, December 14, 1694, Sarah Wall.

Abraham, son of George and Sarah (Wall) Shoemaker, married Amelia Levering.

William, son of Abraham and Amelia (Levering) Shoemaker, married at Abington Friends' Meeting, 10 mo., 25, 1752, Susanna, a daughter of Aubrey and Margaret Richardson, of Cheltenham, and granddaughter of Joseph Richardson, whose seat was Olethgo, on the Perkiomen, in Providence township.

William, son of William and Susanna (Richardson) Shoemaker, was born in Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, September 8, 1761. He was a farmer all his life, and removed to Delaware county about the year 1800. He was a member of the Society of Friends. He married Sarah Miers, a daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Draper) Bowman, of Philadelphia. Children: Eliza; Thomas B.; William D.; Miers; Edward; Richardson, of further mention; Manlove; Joshua.

Richardson, son of William and Sarah Miers (Bowman) Shoemaker, was born at Shoemakerville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1813. He was the proprietor of a country store in his native town and operated quarries on Ridley creek from which he furnished the stone for the Delaware Breakwater at Lewis, Delaware, by three schooners which were also his property. He was a member of the Society of Friends, an overseer in Chester Meeting under the Darby Quarterly Meeting. He married at Philadelphia, in 1861, Annie Gray Clark, born at Fifth and Pine streets, February 18, 1825. She was a daughter of Lewis and Sarah (Morton) Clark, granddaughter of Judge Morton, and great-granddaughter of George Gray, of Gray's Ferry, Philadelphia. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Shoemaker: Lewis Clark; Richardson, of further mention; Sarah A., born December 31, 1865.

Richardson, son of Richardson and Annie Gray (Clark) Shoemaker, was born at Shoemakerville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1864. His education, which was an excellent and practical one, was obtained in the public school at Fernwood, the Friends' Central High School at Fifteenth and Race streets, Philadelphia, and at the Pierce Business College, from which institution he was graduated in 1883. He found employment as a clerk in the lumber yard office of J. Alfred Bartram, with whom he remained until 1892, and while there commenced the livery business which has since grown to such proportions. This was in 1889, at Bartram Lodge, and at the same time he inaugurated the stage line running to and from the railroad station, and this has been operated continuously since it was first established. It

Richardson

was commenced in order to accommodate the summer guests stopping at Bartram Lodge, which was conducted as a suburban summer apartment house by the mother of Mr. Shoemaker. In 1908 this was torn down to make way for modern improvements. The house itself had been erected in the year 1800, while a stable on the premises had been built one year previously. Mr. Shoemaker resided there from 1889 to 1892, when he purchased property at the corner of Baltimore and Lansdowne avenues, and erected stables which were destroyed by fire December 9, 1903. On the same site he then erected a large storage warehouse and stable, which is now used as a garage, and in 1910 had an improved warehouse erected, this being constructed of concrete and being practically fireproof, at Nos. 8 and 10 South Lansdowne avenue. He is the owner of a large quantity of real estate, both improved and unimproved, a portion of it being the property occupied by the Crucible Steel Casting Company, at South Union avenue and the railroad, and has erected a number of houses. For many years Mr. Shoemaker has been an active worker in Republican interests, and has represented the Southern Precinct in the county committee for the past fifteen years; at the present time he is still a member of this committee. November 4, 1913, he was elected a member of the common council of the borough. He served as judge of election in the borough from 1892 to 1902. His connection with organizations of varied character is as follows: Charter member of the Lansdowne Fire Company; charter member, and at present vice-president of the Lansdowne Republican Club; member of Fernwood Lodge, No. 543, Free and Accepted Masons, having joined September 17, 1889; director of the Philadelphia Liverymen's Association; member of the Lansdowne Country Club. He and his family have been connected with the Lansdowne Baptist church since its incorporation, and Mrs. Shoemaker is a manager of the Baptist Orphanage at Angora.

Mr. Shoemaker married, in Philadelphia, November 26, 1890, Jean, born in Philadelphia, January 24, 1864, a daughter of John and Mary Shedden, both born in Scotland. Mr. Shedden was a tailor by occupation, was chief of the Caledonia Club, and was a member of the Philadelphia Board of Education for a period of twenty years. They had two other daughters: Margaret and Annie P. Mr. and Mrs. Shoemaker had children: John Shedden, born February 10, 1892, attended the Lansdowne public school, being graduated in the class of 1911, and is at present a farmer; Richardson Jr., born January 10, 1898, is a student at the Lansdowne high school.

Mr. Shoemaker enjoys an enviable reputation for integrity and high-mindedness in every phase of life. He has high business ideals and he lives up to them in every detail. This is recognized by all with whom he has business dealings, and they respect him accordingly. While he is the owner of a number of motor vehicles he has never lost his fondness for horses, and his stables are always well filled with horses of excellent breed and blood. He has ever evinced a public spirit which it would be well for others to emulate, and strives in every manner to improve conditions in the community to the extent of his power and ability.

SCHWARTZ Of straight Teutonic descent is George C. Schwartz, of Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. For generations his forbears were among the expert industrial workers in the Fatherland, on work which required skill or careful handling. The family also served Germany in time of war, and was known for the bravery of its men.

(I) Ezekiel Schwartz, father of George C. Schwartz, was born in Ger-

many, where he was reared and educated. He became a glass packer while a youth, which occupation he followed in Germany and afterward in the United States. About fifty years ago he decided that he would move with his family to the United States. He located in Glassborough, New Jersey, engaged in his line of work for a while, and later moved to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he again plied his vocation. He lived the remainder of his life in Philadelphia, and there died. He married Anna Christina Weber, born and reared in Germany, who accompanied her husband to the United States. They were the parents of ten children, among whom was George C., of whom further.

(II) George C. Schwartz, son of Ezekiel and Anna Christina (Weber) Schwartz, was born in 1876, in Philadelphia, there reared and educated. After leaving school, while a lad, he learned furniture varnishing, which requires great dexterity of touch and a judicious judgment. This occupation he followed for years with various furniture and piano firms. When the Lester Piano Company moved its manufactory to Essington, Pennsylvania, he was one of its employees, and has been with the company fifteen years in the capacity of expert varnisher of the finest instruments. He takes the greatest pride in his work, putting the finishing touches with loving care on the handsome piano under his hands. He and his family are members of the German Lutheran Church, and occupy one of the pretty cottages in Essington that are put at the disposal of the employees by the Lester Company. In politics Mr. Schwartz is a Republican, voting with and working for the party enthusiastically. At the present time (1913) he is secretary of the school district of Tinicum township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, which position he has held for the past ten years, and in which he gives supreme satisfaction. He is a member of Workmen of the World, giving it the benefit of his counsel and experience. There are few men who stand higher in the estimation of their fellow citizens and co-workers than Mr. Schwartz. He is known for his energy, excellent workmanship in his chosen line, his probity and fairmindedness in his dealings, business, social and political.

He married, in 1896, Nancy R. McIntyre, of Philadelphia. Children: Sarah, Anna, Kathe, Elmyra, William, Samuel, Harry, Lorenz, and three children who died in infancy.

BARLOW The American ancestry of this old English family dates back to one, Arthur Barlow, who was among the earliest settlers of Virginia in the seventeenth century.

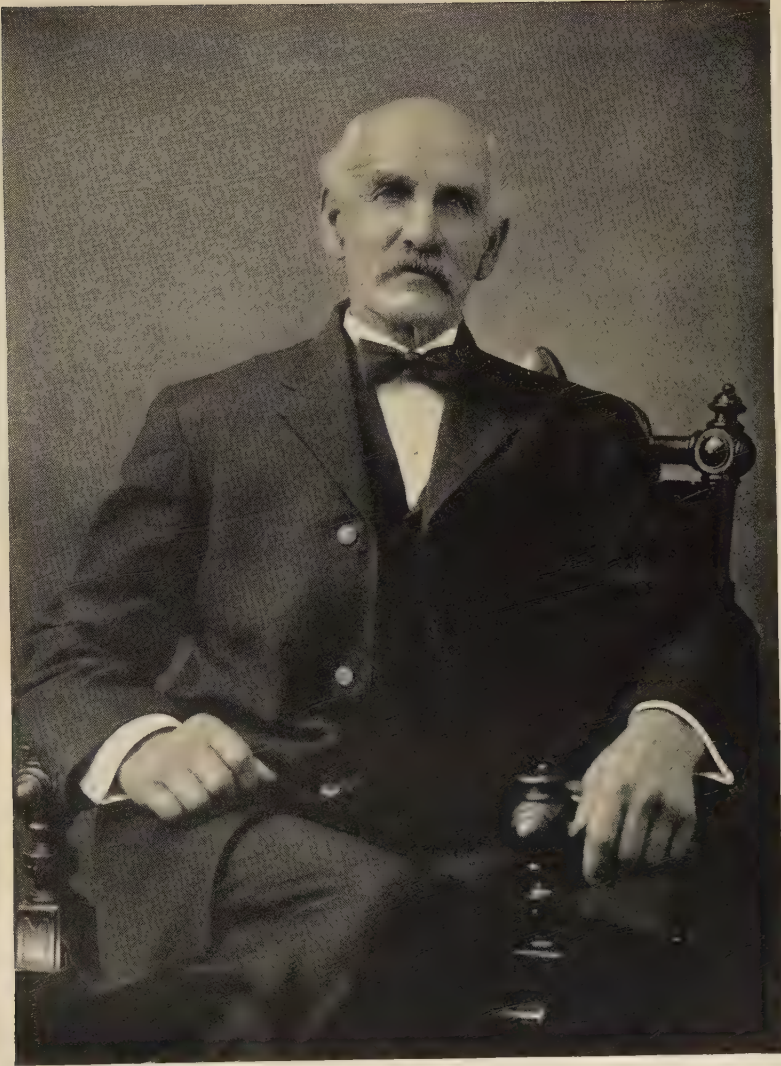
(I) Aaron Barlow, a direct descendant of Arthur Barlow, came to the United States early in the eighteenth century, settling in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he died, near Chelsea, aged seventy years. He and his wife were communicants of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Mary Eyre, who died near Chelsea, aged sixty years. Children: Malachi, of whom further; Robert, Curtis, William, John, Rebecca, Lydia, Jane, Eliza, Lavina, Sarah.

(II) Malachi, son of Aaron and Mary (Eyre) Barlow, was born near Chelsea, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 1808, died in Wilmington, Delaware, 1885. He obtained a public school education, and immediately after leaving school learned the trade of carpenter, which he followed in all parts of Delaware county. His political faith was Democratic, and he was much interested in all the affairs of the township, holding several offices, among them supervisor and school director. Later he moved to Wilmington, Delaware, and for eleven years was steward of the almshouse there, a position he later resigned. With his wife he belonged to the Methodist Episcopal church. He married

Eliza Taylor, of Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Emmor and Mary (Miller) Taylor, the former named a farmer of Concord township, who died in Brandywine Hundred, Delaware. Eliza (Taylor) Barlow died in Ridley township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, aged fifty-one years. Children of Emmor and Mary (Miller) Taylor: Eliza, above mentioned; Emmor; William; Anna, married, and living in Wilmington, Delaware; Hannah; George; Mollie; Mary; Marsh; Samuel. Children of Malachi and Eliza (Taylor) Barlow: 1. Henry, deceased; was a carpenter and collector of the port in Wilmington, Delaware; married Eliza Whitcroft, living in Delaware. 2. Mary Jane, married William Weer, now deceased; she lives in Brandywine Hundred, Delaware. 3. Lydia Ann, deceased; married Robert Morrow, a veteran of the civil war, living in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. 4. Elizabeth, married Richard Downs; lives at Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania. 5. Susanna, married Joseph Pierce; both deceased. 6. E. Lewis, of whom further. 7. Margaret, widow of Thomas Aaron; lives at Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania. 8. Anna Eliza, married Lewis Miller; lives in Brandywine Hundred, Delaware. 9. Rebecca, deceased; married Thomas Zelby. 10. Emma, died aged eleven years. 11. Estella, married Harry Schlice; lives at Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania.

(III) E. Lewis, second son and fifth child of Malachi and Eliza (Taylor) Barlow, was born in Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 25, 1844. His early life was spent in Birmingham township, and in Brandywine Hundred, Delaware, where he obtained a public school education. He learned the carpenter's trade and moved to Chester township, where he followed his trade and also engaged in the pursuit of agriculture. In 1909 he purchased and remodeled a house in Brookhaven, Chester township, Delaware county, selling the same in 1912 and buying his present home in Brookhaven, which he has since remodeled and greatly improved. In politics he is a Democrat and for three years held the office of county commissioner, as well as holding a position on the school board.

He married, January 1, 1867, at Germantown, Sarah Emma, daughter of James A. Bayard Smith, a farmer of Brandywine Hundred, prominent in county politics, died 1893, aged eighty-four years, and Sarah (Pennell) Smith, of Chichester township, Delaware county, died 1868, aged fifty-seven years. Children of James A. Bayard and Sarah (Pennell) Smith; Mary, Pennell, Alfred, Rebecca, Francis, Elwood, Sarah Emma, married E. Lewis Barlow; Simon, Atmore and Atwood, twins; Wilson, Harry, Margaret. Mr. and Mrs. Barlow had the following children: 1. Sara Florence, born October 16, 1867, died March 13, 1886; she was noted for her remarkable beauty, and strength of character, and had just finished preparing for a teacher's career, when stricken with illness, resulting in her death. 2. Harry Llewellyn, born July 26, 1869, died January 24, 1909; married Anna, daughter of Jacob and Sara Reis, of Reading, Pennsylvania; for several years he conducted a flour and feed store at Twelfth street and Edgmont avenue, Chester, Pennsylvania; to this union two children were born, Rodney Kipton and Sara Emma. 3. George Lewis, born December 21, 1870; he married Mabel Christine, daughter of Robert and Christine Dempster, of Louisville, Kentucky; for many years he was a retail milk dealer of Chester; to this union three children were born: Florence Marie, Mabel Christine, and Emmor Lewis, the latter dying in infancy. 4. Eliza Madaline, born February 11, 1872, died in infancy. 5. Alfred Calvin, born February 1, 1875; married Bertha, daughter of Howard and Ella Cloud, of Moylan, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; he is a prosperous agriculturist and dairyman, and also holds office as township commissioner of Chester township; to this union two children were born: Alberta Cloud and Anna Rebecca. 6. Margaret



E. Lewis' Barlow

Theresa, born April 29, 1876; she married Albert Lewis Flounders, son of Isaac and Mary Flounders, of Media; he is one of Delaware county's most prominent contractors and builders, he having built many of the finest residences of Media and Delaware county; to this union was born one daughter, Margaret Barlow. 7. Anna Rebecca, born May 20, 1878; married Ira Sankey Williamson, son of Garrett and Ella Williamson, of Media; he is a very prominent salesman for one of Media's oldest and best established coal and feed companies; Anna Rebecca was for many years a popular school teacher in Delaware county; one son, Stanley Barlow, was born to this union; he died at the age of five weeks. Both daughters were noted for their daring horsemanship.

FLOUNDERS The name Flounders has always been borne by the members of the family in the United States with the same dignity and honor which made the line famous in England, whence it springs. The earliest obtainable record of any of the name in this country is of Nathaniel Flounders, of Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, a farmer and cattle drover. He was a lover and owner of many fine horses and cattle, a trait common to the following generations of the family. Both he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church, and both died at Cherry Hill, Maryland. He was twice married. Children of first marriage: Sarah, Mary, Nathaniel, John, of further mention; Benjamin, and Thomas. All of these are now deceased.

(II) John, son of Nathaniel Flounders, was born in 1830, died November, 1902. He obtained an education in the public school near Holmes Station, Delaware county, and went with his family to Maryland, returning to Delaware county in 1876. He followed the occupation of farmer all his life, and was noted throughout the neighborhood for his knowledge of horses and cattle, and for his veterinary skill. His services were often in demand among the farmers around, but he did not make this his profession and never accepted any remuneration for his assistance. Through solitary study and through a close acquaintance with nature, he had acquired a wide knowledge of forestry, and was an excellent judge of timber. For six years he was employed by John B. Roach, of Chester, Pennsylvania, as timber inspector. He was a Democrat in political belief and held several county offices in Maryland. He married Catherine, of English descent, born in Cecil county, Maryland, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, aged seventy-seven years, daughter of Solomon Blake, a farmer, died in Cecil county, aged seventy-seven years. He was thrice married, his third wife being Polly Linch. Children of Solomon and Polly (Linch) Blake; Catherine, of previous mention, married John Flounders; and Solomon Kennard. Solomon Blake was grandson of Lord Admiral Blake, of England. Children of John and Catherine (Blake) Flounders: 1. Kennard Blake, of Philadelphia, married (first) Elizabeth McGuire, (second) Clara Applegate. 2. Mary, lives in Chester, Pennsylvania. 3. Elizabeth, lives in Chester. 4. John, deceased. 5. Theodore, deceased. 6. Wilbur, a tinsmith of Philadelphia, married Mary Brinton. 7. Edward T., of whom further. 8. Alfred E., a farmer and horse breeder of Chester township; he married (first) Sarah Halsey, born in Philadelphia, June 30, 1872, died March 25, 1898; children: Elma May, born March 12, 1893; Sallie Mary, born June 22, 1894; Charles Laird, born February 17, 1896; he married (second) Florence Cox, of Wilmington, born February 22, 1878, Camden, New Jersey; one child, John Alfred Flounders, November 7, 1909. 9. Emmor Lovell, a tinsmith of Philadelphia, married (first) Lillie Moyland, (second) Clara

Rindge. 10. Edith May, deceased. 11. Catherine, married Frank Vandergrift, of Philadelphia.

(III) Edward T., son of John and Catherine (Blake) Flounders, was born in Cecil county, Maryland, April 17, 1867. He obtained a public school education in his native locality and in Delaware county, where he moved when he was eleven years of age. For six years he was employed by the S. A. Crozer and Sons Company, leaving this firm to enter the dairy business, in which he has continued for twenty-five years. He farms one hundred and six acres of the old Joseph Engle farm, owned by John P. Crozer. He owns fifty head of cattle and operates two milk wagons, supplying the towns of Chester and Upland. He is one of the leading dairymen of the county, and conducts a modern, well-equipped, and highly sanitary dairy. He is a lover of blooded horses and has several fine ones upon his farm. With his wife he is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Fraternally he is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men and the Knights of Pythias. In politics he is actively interested and has held the offices of tax collector, school director, and treasurer. He married, November, 1892, Mary E. Honnen, born in Philadelphia. Children of Edward T. and Mary E. (Honnen) Flounders: 1. Lawrence Dutton, born July 10, 1896, attends Drexel school, Philadelphia, preparing to become an electrical engineer. 2. Edward Warren, born December 6, 1898. 3. John W., born May 15, 1901. 4. Earl Honnen, born August 21, 1907.

Affectionately known as "Uncle Mike" to many, and as such to all "Eagles," Michael Cronin, although not by any means an old man, is one of Chester's best known citizens. For twenty-five years a resident of Chester, he has during that entire time been a caterer to the traveling public and is as well known to habitues of the road as he is to his friends and neighbors. He is a true son of the Emerald Isle, although a native born Jerseyman, son of John Cronin, a native of Cork, Ireland, who on emigrating to the United States, about 1845, settled in Sussex county, New Jersey, where he became a worker in the iron mills. His wife, Margaret Cummings, was born in county Roscommon, Ireland, came to the United States and was married in Paterson, New Jersey. He died in Sussex county, in 1861, and is buried in Newton, New Jersey; she died in Chester, in 1892, and is there buried. Children, all born in Sussex county, New Jersey: 1. William, born 1849, died young. 2. John, born 1851, died young. 3. Peter, born September 18, 1853, now an iron worker in Chester; married Helen Gorey, deceased. Children: i. Peter, deceased. ii. William, died at Plattsburg Banks during the civil war. iii. Michael J., proprietor of the Swan Hotel, Chester. 4. Michael, see forward. 5. Mary, born 1857; married in Butte, Montana, July, 1882, Charles Behre, of San Francisco, whom she survives, a resident of Daly City, California. 6. Catherine, born 1859; married James Murray, now employed in the government mail service in Chicago. She died in Chester, in December, 1890.

Michael Cronin, fourth son of John and Margaret (Cummings) Cronin, was born in Sussex county, New Jersey, October 15, 1855. He attended public schools in his early life, but at ten years of age became a worker around the iron and zinc mines, his education being therefore largely obtained through private study, reading and experience. He spent twenty years in the iron ore and cement mines of New Jersey and New York; the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania; the soft coal mines of Missouri; the silver mines of Montana, and the coal mines of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. The years from

ten to thirty were spent as indicated, he in the meantime acquiring a sturdy frame and a well stored mind, as the different experiences through which he passed, the people with whom he came in contact, and the mining knowledge he absorbed, all had a broadening and expanding influence. In 1885 he returned East and settled in Nanticoke, Pennsylvania, where he became proprietor of the Central restaurant, continuing until December 31, 1886. In January, 1887, he came to Chester, Pennsylvania, where he purchased the Avenue Hotel on Concord avenue, remaining there twenty-three years as proprietor. On February 15, 1910, he bought the Swan Hotel, one of Chester's leading hostleries, which he conducted until April 1, 1913, when he was succeeded by his nephew, Michael J. Cronin, son of his brother, Peter. Since retiring from the hotel Mr. Cronin has resided at No. 515 East Broad street, Chester, where he purchased a handsome home. He was one of the incorporators of the Consumers Ice Company, twenty-two years ago, served as director and is now treasurer of the company; is interested in the Seaboard Steel Casting Company; the Cambridge Trust Company, and has large real estate holdings in the fifth ward of Chester, one of the principal residence wards of the city. In politics Mr. Cronin was originally a Democrat, casting his first vote in 1876 at Nanticoke, Pennsylvania, for Tilden and Hendricks, the Democratic nominees for president and vice-president. After coming to Chester county, he served three years as jury commissioner and was active in the party until about 1905, when as the outgrowth of a fight for local option, he turned to the Republican party. He has since then been closely affiliated with the inside workings of the party in Chester and is an influential worker for party success.

He is a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, an order he joined at the age of eighteen years and for the past twenty-six years has been affiliated with Division No. 1, of Chester. For the past fifteen years he has been president of the Liquor Dealers' Association of Delaware county, and for twenty-five years a member of the association. He is a charter member and past chief ranger of Court Commodore Barry, Foresters of America, and is an active member of Moymensing Hook and Ladder Company, No. 1, an organization in which he has been interested many years. When a lodge of Fraternal Order of Eagles was being organized in Chester, Mr. Cronin became one of the charter members. He took a deep interest in the lodge, and when later they desired a home of their own, it was chiefly through his advice, guidance and assistance that their beautiful building at Seventh and De Shong streets was erected. He was presented with an expensive chain of the order, by the lodge members, as a token of their appreciation; his name is carved on a tablet in the vestibule of the building, and "Uncle Mike" is consulted on all matters of business pertaining to the order and is also sought after for advice on matters of a more private nature. Having no children of his own, he has adopted everybody's children, and he is "Uncle Mike" to a small army of young people. In religious faith he is Roman Catholic, belonging to St. Michael's of Chester. Mr. Cronin married in St. Michael's, May 19, 1886, Catherine E. McKeggan, daughter of John and Bridget McKeggan, both deceased.

The progenitors of the Massey family of Dupont Banks, Delaware, were of French birth and ancestry. The founder of MASSEY the family in Delaware, Peter Massey, was born in France, came to this country when a young man, and in 1869 was killed in a powder mill explosion at Dupont Banks. He was an expert powder maker and came from France to work in the Dupont powder mill, and was in charge of one of the presses at the time of the explosion. He left a widow and children: 1.

Frank, died in 1900; a cooper of Dupont Banks; married Naomi Latch, also deceased. 2. Henry Curtis, of whom further. 3. Maria, married a Mr. Garvine, both deceased, leaving a daughter Bella, who married John Crow and resides in Wilmington. 4. Eliza, married James Sharp; resides in Wilmington. 5. Charles, now a resident of Washington, D. C.; for the last twenty years engaged in the manufacture of the Red Cross rifle; married Mary Naylor.

Henry Curtis, son of Peter Massey, was born at Dupont Banks, Delaware, August 13, 1844, now a government pensioner residing at Wilmington, Delaware. He was educated in the public schools, and until seventeen years of age worked at coopering. In July, 1861, he answered the president's call for men to defend the flag by entering in the First Battery, Delaware Volunteer Artillery, serving until the close of the war. He received an injury to his back, which was of such seriousness that he has ever since been paid a pension by the government. For many years he was an employee of the Wilmington Water Department, but in 1906 retired. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married Esther Scofield, born at Chester, Pennsylvania, daughter of Thomas Scofield, a cotton mill manager, who was drowned in the Delaware off Chester wharf, prior to 1859. She had two brothers, both veterans of the civil war, Thomas, now an inmate of a soldiers' home near Richmond, Virginia, and William, who died in 1908. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Massey: 1. J. Harry, of whom further. 2. Frank C., born at Dupont Banks, 1870; now connected with the police force of Wilmington. 3. May, born 1872; married Frank Ferguson; resides in Wilmington. 4. Laura, born in Wilmington, 1874; now residing at home; unmarried. 5. Howard, died young. 6. Lewis, born 1886; married May Warick. 7. William, born in Wilmington, 1888; now a bricklayer of Wilmington; unmarried. 8. Howard (2), born 1892; also a bricklayer; unmarried.

J. Harry, son of Henry Curtis and Esther (Scofield) Massey, was born at Dupont Banks, Delaware, June 8, 1868. He attended public school in Wilmington until 1882, then for two years worked in the Wallace nurseries. From 1884 until 1890 he was employed as fireman on Delaware and Chesapeake Bay steamers, and from 1890 until 1900 was a member of the police force in Wilmington. In 1900 he became proprietor of a hotel in Wilmington, at the corner of Second and King streets, remaining three years. He ran a hotel at No. 615 Shipley street for a short time, and in May, 1903, he opened a hotel in Leipsic, Delaware, and in 1905 was in the same business in Odessa, Delaware, continuing until September, 1911, when he purchased and took possession of the Morton House, at the corner of Eighth street and Morton avenue, Chester. This hotel was first opened in 1876 by John Buckley, who was succeeded by Harry G. Mason, who was its proprietor for over thirty years, selling out to Mr. Massey. He is a Republican in politics, and in Odessa served as town commissioner. He is a member of the Odessa Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, and is past president of Wilmington Eyrie, No. 74, Fraternal Order of Eagles.

He married, at Lower Brandywine, now Centreville, Delaware, April 15, 1888, Mary Journey, daughter of Moses (2) and Mary Ann (Wilson) Journey, of Rockland, Delaware, he a paper manufacturer, died 1892, she died in 1894. Children: 1. Harry, born at Smith's Bridge, Delaware, January 15, 1889; now clerk at the McCullough Iron Works, Wilmington; married Amy Hanna and has a daughter Miriam. 2. Frank, born in Wilmington, April 16, 1890; resides at home. 3. Lillie Naomi, born in Wilmington, November 1, 1891, resides at home. 4. Mary E., born in Wilmington, April

4, 1893. 5. Ereon, born in Wilmington, December 13, 1895. 6. Walter P., born August 22, 1896. 7. Esther S., born April 11, 1898. 8. Ethel, born in Odessa, April 21, 1911.

The first of this branch of the McCall family to come to the United States, was Robert McCall, born in county Donegal, Ireland, in 1838, who came to the United States when a young man, and was killed by his horses at Glen Riddle, Pennsylvania, in 1892. He worked in Philadelphia for a time, after first coming to this country, but his principal business all his life was teaming and other work with horses. In religion he was a member of the Roman Catholic church, and in politics a Democrat. He married, in Philadelphia, Sarah Burke, born in Londonderry county, Ireland, who survives him, residing in Lima, Delaware county. Children: Anne, died young; Dominic, died young; Charles R., of whom further; James, a farmer of Lima; Kate, married Frank Baker, of Media.

Charles R., son of Robert and Sarah (Burke) McCall, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 15, 1869. He attended public school until he was nine years of age, and then was a newsboy for a time, until he secured a position with the Glen Riddle Mills. He later was a trainer of running horses, afterwards worked in a hotel; and then in partnership with John Gitday, he bought the Mountain House at Rockdale, which they operated for three years, when he purchased his partner's interest and became sole proprietor. Later the mills there were destroyed by fire, and the house ceasing to be profitable, he was forced to close up. He was in the employ of John McMonigal, as driver in 1898 and 1899, and in 1890 was employed at the hotel located at Tenth and Edgemont streets, Chester. His next position was as a member of the Chester police force, remaining here eighteen months. In 1896 he resigned and was employed by Valentine Ingram, then returning to the police force he continued with them three years. For the succeeding three years he was employed by Hugh McCaffery at the American House in Chester, then for a year was with Thomas Hargrave at Sixth and Edgemont streets, Chester. In 1910 he became proprietor of the Colonnade Hotel, Nos. 10 and 12 Third street, Chester, where he still remains. The Colonnade was built in 1876 by Benjamin Morris, who after five years sold it to Mr. Green, who later sold it to Goff and Brown, they being succeeded by ex-chief of Police Williamson. He sold the hotel to John Walls, who sold out to Mr. McCall. The house is a favorite one with the commercial and theatrical traveling public, and rooms are constantly booked in advance. Mr. McCall is a Republican in politics. He belongs to Chester Lodge, No. 285, Loyal Order of Moose, of which he is past dictator; Chester Nest, the Owls; Chester Eyrie, No. 159, Fraternal Order of Eagles; Ancient Order of Hibernians, Division No. 3, and for fifteen years has been an active member of Moyer Hook and Ladder Company. In religious faith he is a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. McCall married (first) Annie, daughter of James and Catherine Connors, of Glen Riddle. Children: Kate, born in 1890; Robert, in 1891; Nellie, in 1894; all are living in Rockdale, Pennsylvania. He married (second) Catherine, daughter of Edward and Catherine Welsh.

That the Strongs of England, Ireland and Scotland are of a different origin respectively, would seem to be manifest from the variety of their family crest. The crest of the Strongs of Ireland is a lion rampant, azure, supporting a pillar argent (or silver); of those of Scotland, a cluster of grapes stalked and leaved; while of those

of England there is a three-fold variety of crest. One of them is, out of a mural coronet, gold, a demi-eagle, wings displayed, gold; another is an eagle with two heads, wings expanded; the third an eagle displayed, gold. Any of these latter three may be the authentic crest of Elder John Strong, immigrant ancestor of virtually all the families bearing the Strong surname in this country, who was born in Taunton, England, 1605, son of Richard Strong. The family was originally located in county Shropshire, England, but one of the family married an heiress of Griffith, county of Caernarvon, Wales, and went thither to reside in 1545.

(I) Of this Welsh branch was Richard Strong, who was born in county Caernarvon, in 1561, and in 1590 removed to Taunton, Somersetshire, England, where he died in 1613, leaving beside his son John, a daughter Eleanor.

(II) John Strong lived at London and at Plymouth and finally, having strong puritanic sympathies and convictions he and his sister came to New England, sailing March 20, 1630, in the ship "Mary and John" and, after a passage of more than seventy days in length, on Sunday, May 30, 1630, landed at Nantasket, Massachusetts. They settled in Dorchester. The sister married Walter Deane, a tanner of Taunton, Massachusetts, previously of Taunton, England. In 1635 John Strong removed to Hingham. He was admitted a freeman, March 9, 1636. He removed to Taunton before December 4, 1638, when he was on the list of inhabitants and proprietors and remained there until 1645 or later. He was deputy from that town to the general court in Plymouth in 1641-43-44. He moved to Windsor, Connecticut, where with four others he was appointed to "superintend and to bring forward the settlement of the place." He settled finally in Northampton, Massachusetts, with which his name has since been associated. He was one of the first and most active founders, and for fully forty years a prominent and influential citizen. He prospered in his business as a tanner and husbandman, owning about two hundred acres of land in and near Northampton. He was elected ruling elder of the church and ordained June 24, 1663. His first wife died in the passage, or soon after landing in Massachusetts, and two months later her baby died also. He married (second) in December, 1630, Abigail Ford, daughter of Thomas Ford, of Dorchester; she died, the mother of sixteen children, July 6, 1688, aged about eighty years. He died April 14, 1699, aged ninety-four years. He had at the time of his death one hundred and sixty descendants, among whom were eighteen children and one hundred and fourteen grandchildren, and at least thirty-three great-grandchildren. During his lifetime he made over his lands to his children.

Children of first wife: 1. John, of whom further. 2. Infant, died in Dorchester, Massachusetts, 1630. Children of second wife: 3. Thomas, born 163—, died October 3, 1689. 4. Jedediah, born May 7, 1637, died May 22, 1733. 5. Josiah, died young. 6. Return, born 1641, died April 9, 1726. 7. Elder Ebenezer, born 1643, died February 11, 1729. 8. Abigail, born 1645; married (first) Rev. Nathaniel Chauncy, (second) Medad Pomeroy. 9. Elizabeth, born at Windsor, Connecticut, February 24, 1647, died May 12, 1736; married Joseph Parsons. 10. Experience, born August 4, 1650; married Zerubbabel Filer. 11. Samuel, born August 5, 1652, died October 29, 1732. 12. Joseph, (twin of Samuel), died young. 13. Mary, born October 26, 1654; married Deacon John Clark. 14. Sarah, born 1656; married Joseph Barnard, of Hadley. 15. Hannah, born May 30, 1659; married William Clark. 16. Hester, born June 7, 1661; married Thomas Bissell. 17. Thankful, born July 25, 1663; married ——— Baldwin. 18. Jerijah, born December 12, 1665, died April 24, 1754.

(III) John (2) Strong, son of John (1) Strong, was born in England,

1626, died February 20, 1697. He was probably a tanner of Windsor and was a prominent man in the community. He married (first) November 26, 1656, Mary Clark, baptized September 30, 1638, died April 28, 1663, daughter of Joseph and Frances Clark; (second) in 1664, Elizabeth Warriner, died June 7, 1684. Children of John and Mary (Clark) Strong: 1. Mary, born April 22, 1658, died 1722; married, November 22, 1676, Timothy Stanley, of Connecticut, died November 26, 1728. 2. Hannah, born August 11, 1660, died November, 1745; married Stephen Hopkins. They had three children, who died unnamed. Children of John and Elizabeth (Warriner) Strong: 3. John, born December 25, 1665, died May 29, 1749. 4. Jacob, born April 8, 1673. 5. Josiah, of whom further. 6. Elizabeth, born 1684; married Thomas Burnham.

(IV) Josiah Strong, son of John (2) and Elizabeth (Warriner) Strong, was born January 11, 1678, died at Colchester, Connecticut, April 5, 1759. He married, January 5, 1698, Joanna Gillett, born October 28, 1680, daughter of Josiah and Joanna (Taintor) Gillett, of Simsbury, Connecticut. Children: 1. Hannah, born October 12, 1699; married Dr. Benjamin Warner, of Waterbury, Connecticut. 2. John, born June 17, 1701, died April 7, 1783. 3. Damaris, born May 8, 1703; married June 7, 1723, Samuel Calkins Jr., of Hebron, Connecticut; child: Aaron Calkins, born January 19, 1725. 4. Elizabeth, born October 21, 1705. 5. Mary, born September 19, 1707; married, in 1724, Jonathan Webster, born November 5, 1700, died July 27, 1746; a farmer of Lebanon, Connecticut, son of George and Sarah Webster; children: David, born April 8, 1725, died January 2, 1727; Jonathan, born February 26, 1727; Mary, born December 14, 1729; Abigail, born February 12, 1731; Israel, born June 18, 1735, died at Lake George, New York, October 20, 1755. 6. Josiah, born September 9, 1709. 7. Eunice, born November 19, 1711, married, September 26, 1739, Benjamin Webster, of Lebanon, Connecticut, a farmer; child: Benajah, born October 2, 1740. 8. Caleb, born February 20, 1713. 9. Rachel, born April 21, 1716. 10. Dorothy, born May 25, 1718. 11. Joshua, born July 20, 1721, died in Middle Haddam, Connecticut, November 25, 1779. 12. Irene, born October 20, 1722. 13. Asahel, of whom further.

(V) Asahel Strong, son of Josiah and Joanna (Gillett) Strong, was born June 22, 1725. He married, June 7, 1744, Betterus Crouch, a farmer of Colchester, Connecticut. Children: 1. Irene, born May 20, 1745. 2. Asahel, born March 29, 1747, died April 13, 1748. 3. Adonijah, born May 21, 1749. 4. Ambrose, of whom further. 5. Joanna, born December 10, 1753; married Aaron Dewey. 6. Betterus, born November 3, 1755. 7. Asahel, born October 17, 1760. 8. Mercy, died unmarried. 9. Polly, married a Mr. Gott.

(VI) Ambrose Strong, son of Asahel and Betterus (Crouch) Strong, was born in Colchester, Connecticut, November 1, 1750. He was the compounder and seller of "Strong's Syrup for Rickets," a famous medicine of his day. He married, October 4, 1770, Lydia Holdridge, a widow. Children: 1 and 2. Elisha and Elijah, twins, born June 26, 1771. 3. Betterus, born January 27, 1773; married Richard Crouch, of Cohocton, New York. 4. Roxana, born April 13, 1775, died March 13, 1776. 5. Charles, born August 27, 1777.

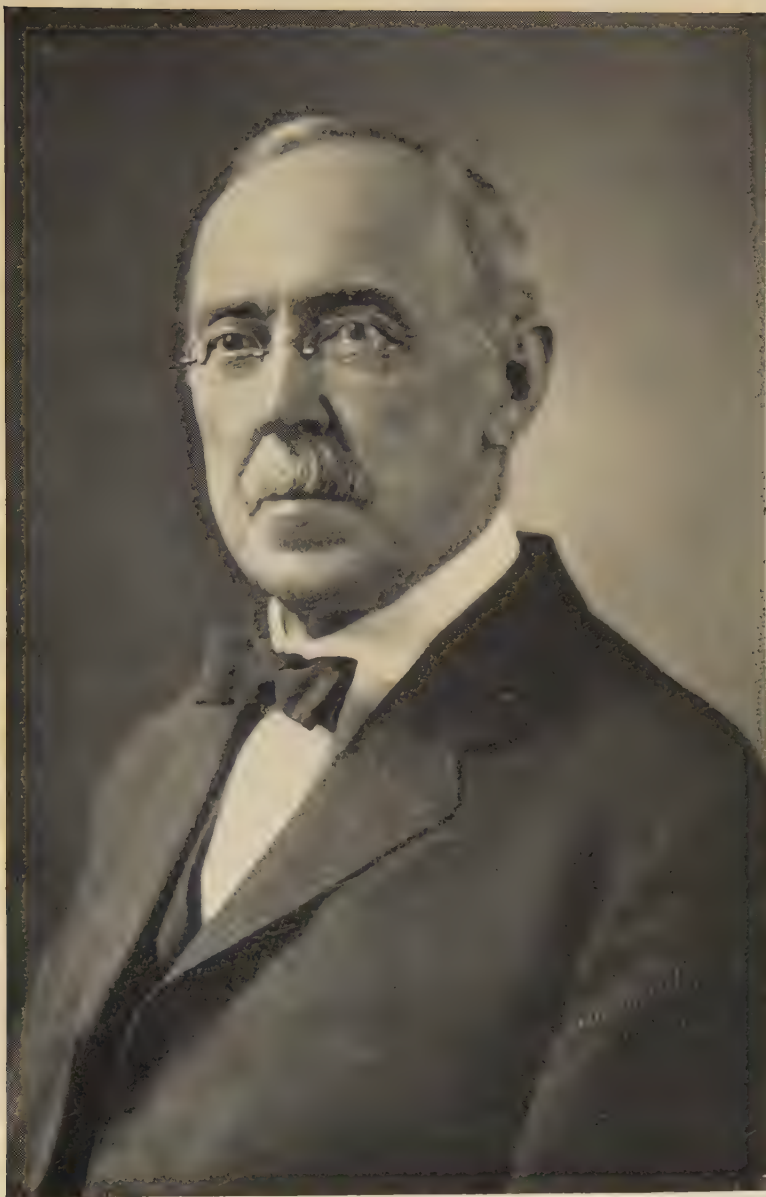
(VII) Elijah Strong, son of Ambrose and Lydia (Holdridge) Strong, was born June 26, 1771, died April 26, 1860. He was a farmer of Colchester, Connecticut. He married (first) May 21, 1797, Anna Crouch, born September 24, 1773, died April 8, 1813, daughter of Christopher and Rebecca (Buell) Crouch, of Hebron, Connecticut, (second) June, 1814, Lucy Finley, born December 18, 1778, died October 26, 1856, daughter of Solomon Finley, of Marlboro, Connecticut. Children of first wife: 1. Anna Buell, born January 12, 1799; married George Strong, of Hebron, Connecticut, born August 3, 1793, son of Asa and Polly (Mann) Strong. 2. Lydia Chamberlain, born

September 16, 1800, died in Hebron, Connecticut, April, 1866. 3. Rebecca Crouch, born April 13, 1803; married Hazael Gott Jr., of Hebron. 4. Elijah Frink, born October 12, 1804. 5. Charles Davis, born September 1, 1806. 6. Elizabeth Wright, born December 4, 1808; married Roger Lewis, of Hebron, Connecticut. 7. William Christopher, born March 12, 1811, disappeared. 8. George Griswold, born November 14, 1812; a miner in California. Children of second wife: 9. Edward Henry, of whom further. 10. Lucy Elvira, born January 30, 1817. 11. Walter John Finley, born September 17, 1822.

(VIII) Edward Henry Strong, son of Elijah and Lucy (Finley) Strong, was born in Colchester, New London county, Connecticut, May 14, 1815, where died March 15, 1891. He was educated in the public schools of the neighborhood, later considerably furthering his education by his own efforts. Until the civil war he had always been a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, but at that time he differed so greatly from the principles of his party and was at the same time so ardent an admirer of Abraham Lincoln that he joined the ranks of the Republicans. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives for two or more terms. He and his wife were members of the Congregational church. He was a farmer of Colchester, Connecticut. He married (first) April 12, 1842, Abigail Hodgekins Utley, born June 8, 1821, died February 20, 1843; (second) December 7, 1843, Eunice Loomis, born May 6, 1818, died June 30, 1902, daughter of Veach Loomis, a farmer of Lebanon, Connecticut, where he died April 30, 1867, aged ninety-one, and Lucy (Lathrop) Loomis, daughter of Charles Lathrop. Children of Veach and Lucy (Lathrop) Loomis: 1. Charles Lathrop, born December 6, 1810; married (first) Wealthy Grant, (second) Frances Esther Clark. 2. Anson, born January 14, 1813; married Emily Augusta Phillips. 3. Adgate, born May 29, 1815, died aged twenty-four years. 4. Eunice, of previous mention, married Edward Henry Strong. Children of Edward Henry and Eunice (Loomis) Strong: 1. Edward L., born November 4, 1844, died April 1, 1896; married Rhoda Dolbeare. 2. Henry A., born September 10, 1846; married Esther Lucretia Hastings; she died April 22, 1901. 3. Nelson Hooker, of whom further. 4. Lucy Louise, born February 14, 1852, died May 21, 1893. 5. Abigail Utley, born March 23, 1854, died March 2, 1901; married John Backus. 6. Sarah Jane, born November 11, 1856; married Frank Barbour. 7. Arthur Hotchkiss, born July 9, 1859, died January 15, 1863. 8. Nora Amelia, born May 26, 1862, died January 16, 1863.

(IX) Nelson Hooker Strong, son of Edward Henry and Eunice (Loomis) Strong, was born in Colchester, New London county, Connecticut, February 27, 1850. His mother was a paternal granddaughter of Captain Isaiah Loomis who served as a soldier in the army of the revolution. His boyhood was thus passed among the traditions and influences of New England. In the district school of the day he laid the foundation of his education, and during the winter of 1868-69 he taught in the neighboring district of Columbia. In June, 1872, he was graduated from that old and famous school of his native town, Bacon Academy, at which he also took his entrance examinations for Yale College. Upon his graduation from Yale in 1876, he accepted a position as teacher in Shortlidge's Academy, Media, Pennsylvania. This work he continued for several years, taking up at the same time the study of law. In December, 1879, he was admitted to practice at the Delaware county bar. Business and the practice of his profession have occupied him from that time hitherto.

In political faith he owes allegiance to no organized party, but is classed as an Independent. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church and his only fraternal affiliation is with the Masonic Order, George W. Bartram Lodge, of Media.



Nelson H. Strong

He married, October 27, 1886, Alice W. Bishop, born in Upper Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Pratt Bishop, a farmer, who died in Media, March 1, 1888, and Matilda (Yarnall) Bishop, of Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Children of Pratt and Matilda Bishop: 1. Margaret, married Edwin E. Worrell. 2. Priscilla, deceased; married Charles Moore. 3. Deborah, deceased; married Passmore Howard. 4. Emma, married John Dunwoody. 5. Ellen, married Frank Yarnall. 6. Matilda, deceased. 7. Ida, married Edgar Peirce. 8. Hannah, married Arthur Adams. 9. Alice W., of previous mention, married Nelson Hooker Strong. Children of Nelson Hooker and Alice W. (Bishop) Strong: 1. Helen Bishop, born March 2, 1888; was graduated from Media High School, and has taken courses of study at both Swarthmore College and Mount Holyoke, and was graduated from Mount Holyoke College, June, 1912; now teaching in the Haverford Primary School, Haverford, Pennsylvania. 2. Henry Loomis, born November 4, 1892, graduated from DeLancey School of Philadelphia, June, 1913, and is planning to enter Yale University. The family home of the Strongs is at Media, Pennsylvania.

For many years the branch of the Smith family treated in this SMITH review has been identified with the industrial life of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, greatly to the advantage of the state, for the real prosperity of a state or country is due mainly to the individual efforts for good of its inhabitants.

(I) Chandler Smith was a farmer by occupation, and his children were: Caleb, see forward; Albert, an old soldier, resides in Chester, Pennsylvania; George, also an ex-soldier, is in the Soldiers' Home, Leavenworth, Kansas; Esther, resides near Emporia, Kansas; Anna, deceased. The mother of these children died near Levis Mills, above Clifton, and she and her husband were Methodists.

(II) Caleb, son of Chandler Smith, was born above Clifton, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where his early years were spent. He attended the common schools, which were under the supervision of Squire Ballard. He was occupied as a carder for the Samuel Levis Mills, later finding employment in Halls' Mills. In politics he was a Republican. His death occurred in Kansas in 1891, at the age of sixty-one years. He married Anne, born in England, a daughter of John and Alice Wilde, the former a manufacturer. She had one brother and one sister: Joseph, deceased; Sarah, married Robert Clegg and lives in Frankford. Following is an extract from a well known publication, which appeared at the time of the death of Mr. Smith: "September, 1891. The church suffered a serious loss in the death of Caleb Smith, who was at the time president and trustee. Brother Smith was loved and respected by all who knew him, and the entire church mourns his loss. The board of trustees passed resolutions commending his piety and consistent living, and as a further tribute of respect elected his son, Joseph Smith, to fill his place on the board." Children of Caleb and Anne (Wilde) Smith: John William; Henry; Mary; Alice, married Warfield H. Yocum and resides in Lebanon county, Pennsylvania; Emma, unmarried; Sarah, married Charles D. Verlenden, a manufacturer, and lives in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Joseph, twin of Sarah, see forward; Della, married William Y. Drewes, a travelling salesman, lives in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. The first three died within three months of each other, the remains of the first having been resting in a vault, they were all interred on the same day.

(III) Joseph, son of Caleb and Anne (Wilde) Smith, was born in Oak

Hill, near Garretttsford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1866. His early years were spent above Clifton Heights, where he attended the public schools for some years, but at the early age of twelve years he commenced to assist in the support of the family. Between fourteen and fifteen years of age he was able to obtain another year's schooling, of which he eagerly availed himself. He was apprenticed to learn the machinists' trade at the age of sixteen years, and this was acquired in the Baldwin Locomotive Works, and he has been associated with that concern since his first connection with it. At the expiration of thirty years of service the firm presented him with a gold button as a token of their appreciation of the faithful manner in which he had discharged the duties which fell to his share. Mr. Smith is independent in his political views and has the courage of his convictions. He has been a director on the school board for a long time, and has also served as a member of the common council of Darby.

Mr. Smith married, September 14, 1899, Mary G., born in Darby, Delaware county, a daughter of Edward D. and Sarah (Dailey) Sipler. Mr. Sipler is in the harness business, conducting the same shop which his father had before him. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have children: Miriam, born August 28, 1900; Ruth, born November 26, 1903.

WEAVER The family of which I. Carroll Weaver, of Folcroft, is a representative has long been identified with American history. The founder of the family came from Holland in 1689, locating in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, whence his descendants drifted to various parts of the country, doing well their part in the development and improvement of the communities in which they settled.

(I) Isaac Weaver, the first member of the branch herein given of whom we have definite information, was born near Shoemakerville, Pennsylvania. He was a miller by trade, his father following the same occupation, and by industry and thrift he was enabled to support his family, bringing them up in the way they should go. His son, Reese, was of a patriotic disposition, offering his service in defense of the country to which his forefathers came, and was an active participant in the civil war. Isaac Weaver married Ann Doerty, born near Chester, Pennsylvania; her parents died when she was young and she was reared by the Worrall family in Upper Providence township. Among their children was John E., of whom further.

(II) John E. Weaver, son of Isaac and Ann (Doerty) Weaver, was born near Chester, Pennsylvania, September 25, 1836. He attended the schools at Norristown, and upon arriving at a suitable age learned the trade of miller, which had been followed by four generations of his family, and was successfully engaged along this line until about the year 1872, at Chester, and also at the Inskip Mills in Glen Olden. He then turned his attention to agricultural pursuits, conducting his operations near Philadelphia, following the trade of butcher during the winter seasons, and since April, 1903, has been a resident of Darby township. He is well known through this locality and is regarded with esteem as a genial, persevering and industrious man. He married, February 20, 1862, Harriette, daughter of John and Sarah Ann (Minshall) Eves, the former of whom was born in Ashton, 1807, was a contractor, building the first station at Media, also Charter House, also various bridges, and the latter was born in Middletown, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 31, 1808. John Eves was a son of William and Elizabeth (Stimel) Eves, the former born in London, in 1768, the latter born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, 1770, of Pennsylvania Dutch ancestors. William Eves was an English gentleman,

coming as a young man to this country; he displeased his father in some way, and as a punishment for his behavior was sent to school for eight years. John Minshall, father of Sarah Ann (Minshall) Eves, was born in Middletown, Pennsylvania, and there was a successful agriculturist. He married Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Wilkinson) Sharpless. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Weaver: John Henry, a resident of Darby township; Horace Minshall, deceased; Laura Henderson; I. Carroll, of whom further; Sadie Eves, deceased.

(III) I. Carroll Weaver, son of John E. and Harriette (Eves) Weaver, was born August 1, 1871, in Ridley township. He acquired a good education in the public schools of Darby township. He is a carpenter by trade, also engaged in the real estate business, and is the owner of property in Folcroft, acquired by means of thrift and energy. He is a Republican in politics and has always taken an active interest in local affairs, filling various offices in the gift of the people. He was first minority election inspector, then majority election inspector, after which he was a candidate for office of supervisor, but was defeated at the polls, but in 1893 was elected by a large majority for the same position, being the incumbent of that office for three years. He then served as tax collector for a similar period of time, and was then elected under the new law for two more years, at the expiration of which time (1908) he resigned, accepting the office of road master, and in this capacity he did considerable for the improvement of the roads in his township, and Red Bridge is now under course of construction. His leisure time is devoted to gunning, a favorite pastime of his. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is a man of more than ordinary ability, as is evidenced by the number of public positions he has been called upon to fill. As a citizen he is honorable, industrious and public-spirited, and the greater part of his success in life has come as the reward of his own efforts. He is a member of several lodges, and treasurer of the Darby Township Fire Company, No. 1.

Came in 1683 from Cloynes, Worcestershire, England, two YARNALL brothers, Francis and Philip Yarnall, from whom spring the Chester and Delaware county families of Yarnall. Francis Yarnall settled in Springfield township, Chester county, married in 1686 Hannah Baker, who bore him nine children, all sons except one; all married except one, Daniel, and all reared families. The family were members of the Society of Friends, a faith that yet prevails among the descendants of the emigrant, some of them having been ministers.

Philip Yarnall, younger of the two emigrant brothers from England, resided for several years with his brother, Francis, in Springfield township, but later moved to Edgemont township, where he also became a large land owner. He married Dorothy Baker, supposed to have been a relative of Hannah Baker, wife of Francis Yarnall. Seven of their ten children were sons, who also married and reared families, as did the three daughters. This branch were also Friends and furnished that faith with several ministers. The family is still an important one in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, as well as in Chester county, and other parts of the state.

This record particularly deals with the life of Holton Hallowell Yarnall, now deceased, son of Holton Clayton Yarnall, the latter a native of Chester county, where his early life was passed. He was a soldier of the civil war, married Lydia Hallowell and later in life settled in the state of Iowa where he died.

Holton Hallowell Yarnall was born in West Chester, Pennsylvania, June

10, 1862, died in Ardmore, Pennsylvania, November 25, 1906. He was educated in the public school, finishing in high school, and began business life as an electrical worker. He became an expert in his chosen field, and for a long time held an important position with the Haverford Electric Light and Power Company. In 1893 he moved to Ardmore where in 1898 he purchased the Saint Mary's Laundry, a profitable concern that he successfully conducted until his death. He was an enthusiastic horseman, particularly fond of the light harness horse, of which he always owned a string of good speedy ones. He was a well known exhibitor at Belmont and local fairs, his stock being often named in the winning classes. He was a member of the Society of Friends; a Democrat in politics, and prominent in the Masonic order, holding the thirty-second degree, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. His manly qualities won him many friends, among whom he was held in high esteem.

Mr. Yarnall married, September 7, 1886, Mary Bradford Miller, born in 1864, at Cape May, New Jersey, daughter of Aaron and Mary (Marcy) Miller. Aaron Miller was a native and farmer of Cape May county, owning transportation lines carrying produce to Philadelphia market by water route. He was also a merchant and twice elected sheriff of his county. He became very prominent and prosperous, but lost heavily by the United States Hotel in Cape May, of which he was sole owner. This hotel, then the largest in the city, was entirely uninsured, an oversight that caused such severe loss that he died soon afterward in 1869. He was a man of great public spirit, straightforward and upright, a man greatly admired and justly popular. His wife, Mary (Marcy) Miller, who died in 1895, was a descendant of the prominent New England family of that name. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Miller: George Wells, William C., Lemuel E., Frank W., Aaron E., Alfred B., Enoch E., Mary Bradford, married Holton H. Yarnall, whom she survives, a resident of Ardmore, where she continues the business left by her husband; Annette Marcy, died, aged nineteen years; the others all living. Children of Holton H. and Mary B. Yarnall: Vernon Miller, born October 1, 1887, now manager of Saint Mary's Laundry at Ardmore; Mary, residing at home; Emma, married A. O. Vorse and resides in Ardmore; James H., associated with his brother in the laundry business.

The grandfather of James F. Dougherty, of Chester, DOUGHERTY Pennsylvania, was John Dougherty, a farmer of county Donegal, Ireland, a lifelong resident of that county. He married Mary Houghton, who bore him four children: 1. Owen, of whom further. 2. Michael, married Bridget Houghton and died in Donegal, Ireland, leaving eight children, four now living in Ireland, four in the United States. 3. Patrick, died in Darby, Pennsylvania, in 1895; was a contractor and canal boat owner; his wife is also deceased. 4. Sarah, married a Mr. McLaughlin; both died on their farm in Donegal.

Owen, eldest son of John and Mary (Houghton) Dougherty, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, in 1824, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, in 1906. He was educated in Ireland, there remaining until 1841, at the age of seventeen years, when he came to the United States, locating in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, at Kerry Bank, near Leipers Quarries in which he found his first employment. Later he became foreman for John Deshong and for a Mr. Powell, continuing in the quarries until the premature explosion of a blast deprived him of his eyesight, a most serious disaster but one that did not dishearten him. He came to Philadelphia and learned the art of making brooms at

Twentieth and Race streets, and followed that trade until his death. He was a member of the Roman Catholic church; first was affiliated with the Democratic party, later became a Republican. He was a good man and fought well the battle of life under a most serious handicap.

He married Ann McLaughlin, from county Donegal, Ireland, where the families had been friends and neighbors, both claiming descent from the Danes of long ago who invaded Ireland, many settling on the Irish Coast near the present Mollinghead Light House, which stands on land once owned in this family. Ann (McLaughlin) Dougherty died in Chester in 1902. She bore him eleven children, three only surviving childhood: 1. Dennis, died aged twenty-two years. 2. Joseph, died at age of sixteen years. 3. James F., of whom further.

James F., the only living child of Owen and Ann (McLaughlin) Dougherty, was born at what is now Twentieth and Chestnut streets, borough of Chester, December 22, 1869. He attended the public school at Eighteenth and Chestnut streets and the Oak Grove School, but ended his school days at the age of twelve years. For the next nine years he worked in the Chester mills during the winter months and in the brick yards during the summer time. In 1890 he became a clerk at Leiperville, continuing as such until 1899, when he was elected supervisor and tax collector of Ridley township. He served until 1904 when the township adopted the commission form of government. From 1904 until 1906 he was at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, appointed by the state as an electrician. He next purchased the old hotel property at Leiperville on the Chester Pike and there on the site of the old stone house, built the present "Colonial Hotel" on the old foundation laid in early Colonial days. The property was owned and a building erected in 1846 by Judge Leiper and was owned in turn by Michael Bagley, Daniel Lee, and Smith Longbotham, who failed. The Chester National Bank then came into possession of the property and was sold by them to Mr. Dougherty. On this same tract the Continental army encamped when retreating from Chadds Ford. Here also stood the old McIlvaine House where Lafayette stopped, a hostelry that dated far back to the early Colonial days. The present house has been greatly enlarged by Mr. Dougherty, has twenty-eight rooms and is a well kept modern house. Mr. Dougherty is a Republican, and in addition to the office already referred to he served as justice of the peace. He is a Catholic in religion; a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the Knights of Pythias, and the Order of Owls, all of Chester.

He married, at the Church of St. Rose de Lima in Eddystone, in 1893, Mary, daughter of William Bryan, then of Baltimore, now living retired in Chester. Children of James F. and Mary Dougherty, all born in Crum Lynne, Pennsylvania: Ann, William, deceased; James, Matthew, Dorothy, Joseph H., Elizabeth, Mary.

George Lodge, of Morton, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is of LODGE pure English extraction on both the paternal and distaff side. The founder of the American branch came over from England in the early part of the seventeenth century, and landed at Boston, Massachusetts, and there lived for many years. He married, probably before he sailed from England, and was the father of a large family, and his descendants are to-day among the best known citizens of the United States. The family was always known for its patriotism, and there are many of the name on the rosters of the different companies in the Continental army, also in companies that enlisted in 1812, as well as in the civil war. In 1760 a member of the

family settled in New Jersey, owned a farm of one hundred and twenty acres, and also had a shad fishery. Among his children was Isaac, of whom further.

(II) Isaac Lodge, son of George Lodge, was born in Camden county, New Jersey, in 1776 or 1777. He was a wheelwright by vocation and passed the first twenty-three years of his life in New Jersey. He then moved to Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he pursued wheelwrighting until his death, at the age of fifty-six years, at his home. He was a Whig in politics, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His wife was a Friend. She died at the age of eighty at Radnor, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. George, of whom further. 2. Allen, married Mrs. Palmer. 3. Joseph, died young. 4. Isaac, married a Miss Malin. 5. Rebecca, married William Coburn. 6. Elizabeth, married Randolph Fields. 7. Sarah, married Charles Free. 8. Jane, married Virgil Eachus. 9. Anna, married George Free.

(III) George (2) Lodge, son of Isaac Lodge, was born December, 1802, in Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was reared in the township. He was first sent to the township common school, from there he went to the Swede school, and then to the Friends or Quaker school at Darby, Pennsylvania. Under the tutelage of his father he became a fine wheelwright, and remained at home with his father, working as wheelwright and cultivating the parental farm. About 1835 he located in Ridley township, Delaware county, where he passed the remainder of his life plying his vocation. He died in Ridley township in 1875, at the advanced age of seventy-three. He was a Democrat in politics, and was an influential man politically and socially. He married Catherine Price, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1812, daughter of John Price, a farmer living in that section, who died in 1858, in Rutledge township, Delaware county. Besides Mrs. Lodge his other children were: James, married a Miss Vernon; Sarah, married John Seitz; all of whom are now deceased. Children of George and Catherine (Price) Lodge: 1. Mary, born in 1832; married Benjamin Kibby. 2. Sarah, married Enoch Dennis. 3. Anna, married William Jones. 4. George, of whom further. 5. Catherine, born in 1838, died young. 6. James, married Harriet Harper. 7. Martha, married a Mr. Morris. 8. John, died unmarried. 9. William, married a Miss Long. 10. Frank, married Mary Levitt.

(IV) George (3) Lodge, son of George (2) Lodge, was born in Ridley, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, February 13, 1840. He was reared at Ridley, about three miles from his present residence. He attended the Ridley public school, and on completing his education he learned wheelwrighting under his father. Until he was thirty-one years old he remained with his father, at which time he went to Morton, in 1871, where he has since lived, and has pursued his trade for forty-two years. He is one of the esteemed citizens of the community, and is known for his integrity and patriotism. By conviction he is a Socialist, and has been a member of the town council. He married, November 24, 1864, Sarah Johnson, born in Ridley, Pennsylvania, in 1844, daughter of Amos and Margaret (Stewart) Johnson. Mr. Johnson was a farmer in Delaware county; was born in the county and died at Tinicum, Pennsylvania, aged sixty-five. Besides Mrs. Lodge their other child was Elizabeth, married Charles Horne. Children of George and Sarah (Johnson) Lodge: 1. Walter, born in 1865; married Lizzie Lovett, deceased; one child, Edith. 2. Amos, born in 1867; married Lizzie Smedley; one child, Florence. 3. Maggie, died in childhood. 4. Lizzie, married a Mr. Hanby, deceased; one child, Constance. 5. Florence, married a Mr. Knapp; children: Francis and Baptist.

CALDWELL The Caldwell family of Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, worthily represented in the present generation by David L. Caldwell, a man honored and esteemed in his community, public-spirited and enterprising, an active factor in every project that has for its object the development and material welfare of the section of the state wherein he resides, trace their ancestry to William Caldwell, a resident of Springfield township, who served in the capacity of constable in the year 1745. He married and among his children was John, of whom further.

(II) John Caldwell, son of William Caldwell, was born in Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.* In early life he learned the trade of blacksmith, which line of work he followed throughout his active years, deriving therefrom a comfortable livelihood. He was active in the affairs of the township, and in 1757 served as overseer of the poor. He married, in 1755, Mary, daughter of Richard Crozier, who bore him five children, namely: 1. Elizabeth, born 9 mo. 24, 1756, died, unmarried, in 1844. 2. William, born 5 mo. 19, 1759, died in 1814; married, about 1799, a Miss Bird, who survived him, as did also their son, Edmund Caldwell. 3. David, of whom further. 4. John, born about 1773, died in 1848; was a shoemaker and farmer; married Rebecca Hopkins, of Philadelphia, who died in 1870; their children were: Charles, Mary, Catharine, William, all of whom died in early life, unmarried; the parents of Rebecca Caldwell were among the first victims of the yellow fever scourge in 1792. 5. Sarah, born in 1780, died in May, 1864, unmarried.

(III) David Caldwell, son of John Caldwell, was born in Springfield township, about 1765, died about the year 1814. He was reared on a farm, and chose that occupation for his life work, his well directed efforts meeting with success. He served as overseer of the poor for three years, 1804-05-06. He married Hannah, daughter of Benjamin and Sarah (Neacock) Pyle, who was a member of the Springfield Meeting of Orthodox Friends. She died 2 mo. 27, 1848. Children: 1. Rachel, born 1 mo. 20, 1801, died 3 mo. 18, 1873; married, in 1837, John Hill, of Nether Providence, a farmer. 2. James, of whom further. 3. George W., born 12 mo. 2, 1803, died in Ridley, 5 mo. 6, 1884; married Martha Carey. 4. Benjamin P., born 12 mo. 2, 1803, twin of George W., died in 1890, unmarried. 5. Sarah Ann, born 11 mo. 17, 1808, died 11 mo. 27, 1876; married Charles Shillingford, of Springfield.

(IV) James Caldwell, son of David Caldwell, was born in Springfield township, 6 mo. 14, 1802, died 4 mo. 8, 1886. In early life he learned the trade of carpenter, to which he devoted many years, achieving success as the result of activity and perseverance, but in his latter years he was a farmer, prosperous and contented. In 1863 he was chosen as one of the supervisors of Springfield township, and he was a prominent member of the Springfield Friends' Meeting. He married, February 21, 1839, Susanna D., born 10 mo. 4, 1815, in Nether Providence, died 10 mo. 3, 1898, daughter of James and Margaretta (Brant) Seary, who were the parents of three other children, namely: Catharine, born 10 mo. 3, 1801, died 4 mo. 27, 1887, wife of William G. Ward; Patrick, born in 1802, died in 1865, married Susan Hall; John, born about 1805, died about 1876, married Elizabeth Bonsall. James Seary came from Ireland about the year 1795 and settled in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and after his marriage he settled in Nether Providence, where he died about 1817, and his wife about 1823. Mrs. Caldwell was a member of the Ridley Baptist Church, now known as the Prospect Hill Baptist Church. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell: 1. David L., of whom further. 2. Mary G., born 3 mo. 4, 1842; married Edmund Stewart, born in Ridley township in 1839. 3. Han-

nah P., born 2 mo. 14, 1845, died 4 mo. 22, 1898, unmarried. 4. Anne E., born 12 mo. 25, 1850, died 7 mo. 16, 1851. 5. Charles E., twin of Anne E. died 7 mo. 19, 1851.

(V) David L. Caldwell, son of James Caldwell, was born in Springfield township, 2 mo. 7, 1840. He attended the common schools adjacent to his home, obtaining a practical education, and was reared on a farm, becoming inured to the labors thereof, and upon attaining manhood chose that occupation as a means of livelihood, and has so continued to the present time (1913), having about thirty-five acres of the old Caldwell Homestead, which he has cultivated to a high state of perfection, raising the general products. The entire appearance of his property indicates the personal supervision of one who thoroughly understands agricultural pursuits, and his crops compare favorably with those of others engaged in the same line of work, finding a ready sale in the nearby markets owing to their excellence and superiority. Having acquired a reputation for honesty and integrity, both in private and public life, he was chosen to serve as director and officer of the Springfield Building and Loan Association, which he has served for over four decades, and as one of the board of directors of the Springfield school district, which he has served for almost two decades. He was elected a member of the board of directors of the Media Title & Trust Company in 1895 and is serving at the present time. About 1903 he was elected a member of the board of directors of the Delaware County Mutual Insurance Company. In 1882 he assisted in forming the Springfield Free Fountain Society, whose object was to raise funds to erect fountains along the highways of Delaware county; he was at first elected a manager of said society, and for the past eighteen years has performed the duties of secretary. Although not a member of any church, he has for the past ten years acted as one of the trustees for the Louns Free Church, built in Springfield township in 1832 by Bolton Louns for the use of a meeting place when churches in Delaware county were very few in number. He is a self-made man, and has won the respect of all who have been associated with him, either in business or social relations. Mr. Caldwell is unmarried.

Francis Parvin Willits, recognized as one of the most progressive and successful representatives of the agricultural interests of Concordville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a member of a family that has long been resident in the state of Pennsylvania, devoting their attention to the tilling of the soil, and leading quiet, peaceful lives, leaving an influence for good in the various communities in which they resided.

David Willits, father of Francis P. Willits, was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1827, son of William Willits and Esther (Lightfoot) Willits, the former a resident of Maiden Creek, Pennsylvania, a farmer by occupation. David Willits attended the district school, and his active career was devoted to farming, being a man of energy and thrift. He married Charlotte Dunkle Parvin, born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1833, daughter of Francis and Mary (Dunkle) Parvin, the former a successful farmer of Berks county. Children: 1. William, born October 4, 1852, in Maiden Creek, Pennsylvania, and living there at the present time (1913); married Amanda Yoder; children: Allen, Charlotte, Howard, deceased, and Sally, deceased. 2. Francis Parvin, of whom further. 3. Ellen Emily, born February 17, 1859; unmarried; resides in Maiden Creek. 4. Sally, born December 4, 1861, died in infancy. David Willits died March 9, 1863, and his wife died January 29, 1863, both of typhus fever, aged respectively thirty-six and thirty years.

Francis Parvin Willits was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, November 3, 1856. He attended the public schools of Lower Oxford township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, where he went to live after the death of his parents, with Franklin and Mary Garrett, cousins of his father, he being then six years of age, and he remained with them until he was eighteen years of age. His early training in the public schools was supplemented by a course of study in the Maplewood Institute at Concordville, Delaware county, which he attended for two winters. He then accepted a clerkship in a mercantile business, remaining in that capacity for one year, under Merkle & Willits, and later he purchased the interest of his brother's partner and operated the store in connection with his brother. This relationship continued until 1885, when he disposed of his interest to his brother, removed to Concordville, and there purchased his present farm, which consists of ninety-five and a half acres, devoted to general farming and dairying. He makes a specialty of asparagus and mushrooms, beginning the cultivation of the latter in 1901, and now has five large houses for that purpose, readily disposing of his product in the markets of New York, Philadelphia and Boston. The appearance of his property indicates that he is master of his business, of progressive ideas, and the success he has attained is the natural sequence of his well directed efforts. He was chosen to serve on the directorship of the Grange National Bank of East Downingtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania; as a member of the school board of Concordville, and as one of the jurors of View, Delaware county. He has taken an active interest in the Progressive movement, being an Independent Republican. He is a member of Concordville Lodge, No. 625, Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has served as trustee; member and past master of Concord Grange, No. 1141, Patrons of Husbandry, and is now (1913) member of the executive committee, also past master of Pomona Grange, No. 3, of Delaware and Chester counties.

Mr. Willits married, February 18, 1885, Elizabeth Paschall, born February 19, 1858, daughter of Henry L. and Annie (Pancoast) Paschall, of Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, who were the parents of four other children, as follows: 1. Hannah B., married Elwood Hannum, now deceased, has two children: Anna P. and William E.; they reside in Concord township. 2. Joseph H., married Laura Mattson. 3. Catherine R., married Jacob J. Styer; children: Elizabeth; John, deceased; Paschall, deceased; Mildred; Franklin. 4. Susan, unmarried, resides with her sister, Hannah B. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Willits: 1. Paul Lincoln, born March 23, 1887; resides on the home farm and is engaged in business with his father; married Anna Miller, of Concord township, April 21, 1909; two children: Frances P., born April 28, 1910, and Jennie Bennett, May 14 1912. 2. Joseph Henry, born June 16, 1889; graduate of Media High School; of Swarthmore College, 1911, receiving the Master's degree from the same institution in 1912, and during the past year has served as professor in economics at the Pennsylvania University; he married Ruth Clement Sharp, of River-ton, New Jersey, May 3, 1913. The family, who are highly esteemed in the community, taking an active part in its social life, are regular attendants of the Episcopal church of Concord township, Mr. Willits being a member of the vestry.

The history of the English speaking family of the Carrs and Kerrs, CARR is as old as the Norman Conquest. One of the followers of William the Conqueror, taken from a charter in Battle Abbey, bore the name of Karre. The early posterity of this Norman soldier undoubtedly settled in the North of England, and succeeding generations spread on both sides

of the border land of England and Scotland and afterward into the North of Ireland. From this Norman-French name, Karre or Carre, the simpler English form of Carr has been evolved. The Scotch branch had various ways of spelling the name, but most generally Karr, Kerr or Ker is used.

In America, a William Carr landed in Plymouth, Massachusetts, in the fall of 1621, coming in the ship "Fortune" and founding the earliest New England family of Carr. In Pennsylvania, Andrew Carr came with the English forces that conquered the province, and married a widow, Margaret LaGrange. To them Governor Lovelace, on October 1, 1669, issued a patent for land thus described "To Andrew Carr and Margaret, his wife, formerly the wife of Joost De LaGrange, deceased, to confirm to them a certain island in Delaware river, called by the name of Matiniconck, containing by estimation three hundred acres more or less, the said island lying about six Dutch miles up the river from the town of Newcastle." After this patent was granted, Andrew Carr and his wife resided at Tinicum, later going to Holland to obtain an inheritance, leaving a Captain John Carr, as their attorney, in charge of their Tinicum estate. This makes the Carr family one of the earliest known families in Pennsylvania.

Barney Fries (2) Carr, of Darby, Pennsylvania, is a grandson of Barney Fries (1) Carr, and a son of Amos Johnson Carr, the latter born in Darby township, Delaware county, February 10, 1834, died in Darby borough, Delaware county, in July, 1910. He was educated in the public school and was engaged in farming from boyhood until his retirement. He was a Republican in politics and he and his wife were members of the Episcopal church. He married (first) Rebecca, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Rudolph, the former a mason and contractor of Darby and vicinity, who died in Philadelphia, aged seventy years. Amos J. and Rebecca Carr were the parents of three children, two died in infancy, Barney Fries (2) being the only survivor (1913). He married (second) Sarah C. Young and had two children: Mary J. and Thomas Y., both died young. He married (third), Amy Gravener, and has three children, all living: Charles, Amos J. and Samuel T.

Barney Fries (2) Carr, son of Amos Johnson and Rebecca (Rudolph) Carr, was born in Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 31, 1863. He was educated in the public schools of Darby borough and from early boyhood until 1889 was engaged in general and dairy farming in Darby township. In 1889 he disposed of his interest in these lines, located in the borough of Darby, where he established a hardware business, which he still successfully conducts. He is interested in the Darby Bank and for the past sixteen years has been a director of the Sharon Building and Loan Association. He is a Republican in politics; was a member of the first borough council of Colwyn; was coroner of Delaware county six years, and for fourteen years was a member of the Delaware county Republican committee.

Mr. Carr married, October 1, 1884, Ida Germaine Downnard, born in Wilmington, Delaware, daughter of James Germaine Downnard, born in Virginia, October 6, 1837, died in Coatesville, Pennsylvania, June 16, 1904; married Ellen Louisa Young, born in Wilmington, March 24, 1840, died in Coatesville, May 4, 1904, leaving issue: James; Germaine, married Leah Cramer and resides in Coatesville, Pennsylvania; Augerers, married a Mr. Thomas; Ellen, married a Mr. Soule; Ida Germaine, wife of Barney Fries (2) Carr. The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Carr is Harry G. D., born May 26, 1887, married Ella M. Yates, of Darby, and has one child, Ida Germaine.

BURNLEY The Burnley family has been identified with the business interests of the state of Pennsylvania since the commencement, or early days, of the nineteenth century, when several brothers of this name located there. George Burnley, the eldest of these brothers, became the American ancestor of the branch of the Burnley family of which this sketch treats, and his record will be found at length below. John Burnley, his brother, was born in Littletown, Yorkshire, England, May 14, 1820, and died November 26, 1883. He came to America in 1838, was head of the firm of Burnley & Company, which later became the Parkmount Cotton and Woolen Company, Limited, and he acted in the capacity of secretary and treasurer of the company until his death. Another brother, Charles Burnley, was born in Levisage, in the West Riding of Yorkshire, England, June 21, 1808, and died October 13, 1881. For many years he was associated with his brothers in manufacturing interests, then purchased a farm in Middletown township to which he devoted his attention. All the brothers married and raised families.

(I) George Burnley was born in Littletown, near Leeds, Yorkshire, England, December 28, 1804, and died August 9, 1864. His early years were spent in his native town, where the education he received was a very limited one. He was a very young lad when he commenced to work in a factory in that section and, after he had acquired a thorough knowledge of the manufacturing of cotton goods and yarns, he emigrated to America in 1825. He went at once to Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and subsequently entered into the manufacture of carpets in Philadelphia. He was unsuccessful in this venture, and upon removing to Haverford, commenced the manufacture of cotton goods in a mill he had rented on Cobb's creek. Removing to Darby creek, in Upper Darby township, he erected the Tuscarora mills in which he manufactured cotton goods and spun yarn. He was occupied with this industry until 1861, by which time he had amassed a considerable fortune, and he retired from the active management of affairs, delegating these duties to his brothers, John and Charles, and to his son, George E. Mr. Burnley was a supporter of Whig principles in politics until the organization of the Republican party, when he affiliated with that body. He was a member and trustee of the Swedenborgian church. Mr. Burnley married, December 31, 1838, Hannah, daughter of James Lomas, of England. Of their ten children we have record of the following: 1. George E., born February 9, 1840, received his early education in the public schools, and this was supplemented by a course of instruction in the private school of Thomas Griffith, at Media, Pennsylvania. He entered the business founded by his father, upon the latter's retirement, conducting it in association with his uncles for a time, then alone until 1868, when he closed the mill and purchased the farm on which he now resides. He represents a number of insurance companies, and has held several public offices. He married Sarah A., daughter of the Rev. Thomas Wilkes, of Swansea, Wales. 2. Rev. Charles W., married (first) Annie Corson, and had one child, George Corson; he married (second) ——— Updegraph, and had, Lucy, Cloyd and Charles. 3. Washington, see forward. 4. Michael, born December 2, 1859, was educated in the public schools, Swarthmore College, West Chester Normal School and the Bryant and Stratton Commercial School, in Philadelphia; purchased the Marker farm and is extensively engaged in dairying. He married (first) Anna Snape, and had one child, Anna; he married (second) Jane Ellen, a sister of his first wife, and had: George Michael, Elsie Dinsmore and Michael Clarence. 5. Alice, married Dr. W. A. Fries, of Philadelphia, where she now resides.

(II) Washington, son of George and Hannah (Lomas) Burnley, was

born December 21, 1847. His occupation was that of farming, and he was a member of the following orders: Free and Accepted Masons, Knights of Pythias and Improved Order of Red Men. He married (first) Anna Fields, (second) Anna Chitick.

(III) Harry, son of Washington and Anna (Fields) Burnley, was born in Upper Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 12, 1870. Having passed with honor through the public schools, Mr. Burnley became a student at the Dickinson Seminary, at Carlisle, and completed his education at Williamsport. He engaged in the general mercantile business, with which he has been identified since 1888, as a successor to E. R. Curtis, of Marple, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Methodist church, and contributes liberally toward the support of that denomination.

Mr. Burnley married, in Springfield, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1893, Bertha May, daughter of Davis and Margaret Manning, of Greenwood, Columbia county, Pennsylvania. They have had one child: Harry Parker, born December 31, 1895.

The first person bearing the name Stockton to come to this country was Rev. Jonas Stockton, M. A., who with his son, Timothy, then aged fourteen years, came to Virginia in the ship "Bona Nova" in 1620. He was for many years incumbent of the parishes of Elizabeth City and Bermuda Hundred. Among his descendants he numbered many men of prominence. His cousin, Prudence, daughter of Rev. John Stockton, rector of Alchester and Kingbolt, married June 18, 1612, Edward Holyoke, of Tramworth, later of Lynn, Massachusetts, and from them springs the Holyoke family of America. The next Stockton to emigrate according to "Hotten's List" was Thomas Stockton, aged twenty-one, who sailed from London to Boston in the ship "True Love," September 16, 1635. Later came Richard Stockton, who is found at Charleston, Massachusetts, in 1639, when he witnessed a deed. Next he settled on Long Island, but between the years 1670 and 1680 he joined the Society of Friends, sold his Long Island property and moved to Springfield township, Burlington county, New Jersey, where he purchased twelve hundred acres of farm land.

From him and his wife, Abigail, descends the famous Stockton family of New Jersey, who number as signers of the Declaration of Independence, governors, chancellors, commodores, and men distinguished in every walk of life. One branch of the Stocktons remained loyal to the King: Joseph and Richard Witham Stockton were sons of Samuel and great-grandsons of Richard Stockton, the emigrant and founder; Joseph went to the Bermuda Islands and there founded the Bermuda branch; Richard Witham fled to New Brunswick, Canada, with four sons, but his son, Charles Witham Stockton, returned and settled in Western New York, founding the Walton, New York, branch.

The branch from which Dr. H. Thomas Stockton descends, remained in New Jersey, settling at Beverly, Burlington county. The line of descent is Richard, the emigrant, died 1707; Job, 1752; William, born 1736, died 1781; Benjamin, born 1756, died 1779; Daniel, born 1778; Thomas W., born 1822; Loui Mulford, born 1859, father of Dr. Harry Thomas Stockton, born 1883. The first five generations were farmers and land owners of Springfield township, Burlington county, New Jersey.

Thomas W. Stockton, born in 1822, was a well known contractor and builder of Beverly, New Jersey, until 1876, when he moved to Philadelphia and there died March 12, 1891. He married Anna Meeks, the mother of his six



Henry Smiley.

children, now all deceased. She died in Philadelphia, April 16, 1898; both were active and devoted members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Loui Mulford, son of Thomas W. and Anna (Meeks) Stockton, was born in Beverly, New Jersey, September 16, 1859, and died in Philadelphia, November 9, 1907. He was educated in the excellent public schools of Beverly, and at Shortlidge Academy, Media, Pennsylvania, and became engaged as a grocer, conducting his store until a few years before his death. In politics he was a lifelong Republican, and in religion both he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Julia Sheaff Curry of Philadelphia, daughter of John Curry, a manufacturer of chandeliers and brass castings, whose concern is said to have been the largest of that kind in Philadelphia, and his wife, Elizabeth (Sheaff) Curry, of the Sheaff family prominent in early Philadelphia. Children of Loui Mulford Stockton: Harry Thomas, of further mention; Carrie Emily, born November 22, 1889; Edna Thomas, October 30, 1891; Julia Sheaff, September 15, 1896.

Dr. Harry Thomas Stockton, only son of Loui Mulford and Julia Sheaff (Curry) Stockton, was born in Philadelphia, May 10, 1883. He was educated in the public schools, and spent his early life in Philadelphia. After leaving the Central High School, he followed a business career for seven years and in 1904 entered the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, whence he was graduated M. D., class of 1908. He is now, in 1913, well established in the general practice of his profession at Marcus Hook, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He is a Republican in politics, is an attendant of the Methodist Episcopal church; on the staff and lecturer at the J. Lewis Crozer Hospital, Chester; member of the Delaware County Homeopathic Medical Society, Tri County Medical Society, American Institute of Homeopathy and various patriotic orders.

Dr. Stockton married, February 19, 1907, Mary Deacon Bowden, born in Philadelphia, November 1, 1885, daughter of Thomas Roberts Bowden, born in Falmouth, England, later removing to Philadelphia, where he became a member of the firm of N. J. Bowden and Sons, master stevedores. He married Isabella Burke, now living in Philadelphia. Their children were: Mary Deacon, Kathryn Trevarthean, Isabella, Thomas Roberts, Elizabeth, Edward James. Children of Dr. Harry T. Stockton and Mary Deacon (Bowden) Stockton: Dorothy May, born May 5, 1908; Ruth Eleanor, November 2, 1909; Loui Mulford, February 17, 1912; Isabella Kathryn, twin of Loui Mulford.

Jerome Levis Pyle, M. D., of Gradyville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, represents worthily one of the oldest families of the state of Pennsylvania. For many generations they have been identified in religious belief with the Society of Friends. The great-grandparents of Dr. Pyle were Stephen and Rachel (Stokes) Pyle.

Eli, son of Stephen and Rachel (Stokes) Pyle, was a farmer in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, his farms consisting of 280 acres, which he utilized largely as pasturage for cattle. He was a man of influence in the community, and affiliated with the Democratic party. He married Rachel Esworthy and had four sons and five daughters, of whom there is now one daughter living.

Eli (2), son of Eli (1) and Rachel (Esworthy) Pyle, spent all his life in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he owned and operated two farms aggregating about one hundred acres, and where he died October 23, 1910. He married (first) Hannah Levis, and they had five children: George M.; Lafayette; Eli E.; Jerome Levis, see forward; Elias R. He married (sec-

ond) Asenath Minshall, and had children: Hannah L., Asenath M., Ada and Ida.

Dr. Jerome Levis Pyle, son of Eli (2) and Hannah (Levis) Pyle, was born in Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 9, 1857. The public schools of his native township furnished his early education, and he then became a student at the Maplewood Institute, where he took a three years' course. He then commenced the preparatory study of medicine, after which he matriculated at the Jefferson Medical College, taking a complete course in medicine and surgery, which consumed three years, and was graduated from this institution with honors in the class of 1884 and 1885, the degree of Doctor of Medicine being conferred upon him. He established himself in the general practice of his chosen profession at Glen Mills, Pennsylvania, and his faithful and consistent good work has enabled him to build up an extensive as well as lucrative practice. He has won the affection as well as the confidence of his numerous patients. He has been the medical examiner for many foreign and local insurance companies, and has always taken a great interest in a number of fraternal organizations. Among them may be mentioned: The Order of Free and Accepted Masons, George W. Bartram Lodge, Media, Pennsylvania; Tamenend Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; Westmont Lodge, Knights of Pythias, Tanguay, Pennsylvania. His professional membership is with the State Medical Society and the County Medical Society. In a large number of these organizations he has held official position. Dr. Pyle has always been an ardent supporter of the principles of the Democratic party, and was appointed pension examiner by the late President Cleveland, holding this office three years. For six years he served as a member of the board of education, and he filled the office of supervisor for several years.

Dr. Pyle married, November 12, 1891, Catherine Meredith, daughter of James and Edith D. (Stackhouse) Yarnall, granddaughter of James and Rachel (Sharpless) Yarnall, and niece of Nathan and Annie Yarnall. Mrs. Pyle is a member of the Middletown Meeting. Dr. and Mrs. Pyle had children: Lafayette Yarnall, born April 21, 1893, died July 12, 1894; Jerome Levis, born February 1, 1895, died January 7, 1902; James Yarnall, born February 10, 1896; Brinton Levis, born September 30, 1902.

A powerful contributing cause to the greatness of this country has been the steady influx of sturdy German blood, ideas, honesty and indomitable perseverance. This is amply demonstrated in the Nieweg family of Pennsylvania. This family has long been classed among the oldest inhabitants of Lippe-Detmold, now a duchy or principality of the German Empire. The members thereof have served the Fatherland as soldiers, giving to it their best. Others have been manufacturers, farmers, in fact have filled every honorable walk in life. Of such stock descends Frank C. Nieweg, of Pennsylvania.

(I) Conrad H. Nieweg, one of the founders of the American branch of the family, was born March 12, 1838, in Lippe-Detmold, Germany, and died September 20, 1906, in Oxford, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the public schools of his native place, and being of an unusually studious turn of mind, even for a German, he learned rapidly and thoroughly the tasks assigned him. After reaching manhood he cast about for a vocation that would soonest give him financial success. In deciding that he would seek a newer country for endeavor his choice fell upon the United States. He and five other members of his family, all of whom are deceased, emigrated to this country. They lo-

cated in Philadelphia, where he established a wholesale and retail flour business at No. 728 Oxford street, with three of his brothers. The partnership lasted twelve or fifteen years. At the end of that time he withdrew, leaving only one brother to continue the business, and Mr. Nieweg moved to the southern part of Chester county, Pennsylvania. He purchased two farms, aggregating two hundred acres, where he lived until 1895, when he retired to Oxford, and there died. After becoming a naturalized citizen of the United States he allied himself with the Republican party, and thereafter took an active interest in politics. He held several local offices in Chester county. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church, giving it material and moral aid. He married Emma Dickel, like himself of German origin. She still makes her home in Oxford. Children: 1. William H., resides in Kennett Square, Pennsylvania. 2. George A., resides in Oxford, Pennsylvania. 3. Louis A., resides in Oxford. 4. E. Louise, married Thomas E. Gillingham, resides in Oxford. 5. Charles, died in infancy. 6. Frank C., of whom further. 7. Florence E., married Orville Shortlidge, resides at Lincoln University, Pennsylvania.

(II) Frank C. Nieweg, son of Conrad H. and Emma (Dickel) Nieweg, was born November 6, 1879, in Oxford, Pennsylvania. He was given superior educational advantages as a boy, attending public school near Oxford and the New London and Oxford academies, the Westchester Normal, graduating from the latter in 1897. He at once began teaching; taught three years at Cornwells, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, then at Cynwyd, near Merion, Pennsylvania, next at Manayunk; six years in all. During this time he established a reputation as a disciplinarian as well as ability to impart knowledge to his pupils. His chief ambition was to enter college for a course, and this he achieved in 1903, when he matriculated at Harvard University, entering the departments of History and English. He graduated in three years with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, Phi Beta Kappa and *summa cum laude*. He again entered the pedagogic profession, accepting a position in the West Chester High School, and seven months later was offered, and accepted, a place in the Central High School of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. During the following summer he was again complimented by the offer of a still higher post, and became connected with the Southern High School in Philadelphia. In 1912, on the opening of the West Philadelphia High School he was given the chair of literature and languages, where he has since remained. At the present time (1913) he is the head of a department in which there are twelve teachers. He is a valued member of the Classical Club and the Schoolmen's Association of Philadelphia. All this has been attained by Professor Nieweg through his own unaided efforts, assisted by a strong determination to succeed and to reach the highest pinnacle in his chosen vocation, and by brains inherited from a long line of Teutonic ancestors. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church, and he is a Republican in principle as well as politics. He married, June 27, 1906, Adell A. Taylor, born in Kennett Square, Pennsylvania, the daughter of Mary A. Taylor, of English descent.

George Kleemann, son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Straub)

KLEEMANN Kleemann, was born in Würtemberg, Germany, July 29, 1860. His parents were well-to-do hotel keepers in Würtemberg, and there lived and died. George was one of six children, and when at the age of fifteen, having finished his course in the public school of his native place, he decided to emigrate to the United States, his parents reluctantly gave their consent. He landed in New York City, and later found his

way to Brooklyn, New York, where he found work in a factory where men's clothing, especially trousers, were made. For thirteen years he remained with his first employer, being promoted to a better position and more pay with each year. In 1888, he went to Philadelphia, where he engaged in the same line of business with the E. J. Wilson Company. During this time he established a small business of his own, and did remarkably well in it. In July, 1892, he moved to Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. In 1900 he opened a boarding house, which proved both popular and paying, and he continued to run it until 1911, when he decided to enlarge and extend his business. At that time he erected his present hotel, and is one of the best known hotel men in that section, and doing a thriving business. He is a Lutheran in faith and is a member of the American Lutheran Brethren. He is also a member of the Benefit Association, the General Shafter's Society, and other orders. He is a member of the Essington and Lester Fire companies, and has been since their organization. He is actively interested in politics, and since becoming a naturalized American citizen he votes the Republican ticket, and is a member of the Essington Republican club. He was constable for a time, and has been school director for the past six years. He married, in 1888, Elizabeth Schaab.

JOHNSON The ancestors of the branch of the Johnson family herein recorded have been natives of Delaware county for many generations, where they have all been farmers. For the last three generations the family home has been in Haverford township. The first of the line of whom there is authentic record is Charles Johnson, a farmer of Haverford township, Delaware county, who married Sarah Hood, born in Newtown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and had issue.

(II) William Albert, son of Charles and Sarah (Hood) Johnson, was born in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 13, 1850. He obtained an excellent education in the public schools of his native township, and later in the Pauline and Worrell Academy at West Chester. With a hereditary inclination toward farming, early in life he engaged in this occupation, in which he still continues. He attends the Society of Friends, although his wife and family are believers in the Presbyterian faith. In politics he is a staunch supporter of the Republican party, belonging to the Lansdowne Republican Club of Lansdowne, Pennsylvania.

He married, November 27, 1872, in Upper Darby township (now Lansdowne borough), Delaware county, Hannah D. Lobb, born in Upper Darby township, September 20, 1852, daughter of John (a farmer) and Emily Dickinson Lobb. Children of William Albert and Hannah D. Johnson: 1. Lemuel Lobb, born August 14, 1874. 2. Emily, born September 23, 1876, married Harry M. Davis; children: Clara, Albert and Harry.

DOEMLING Prominent among the representative and substantial business men of Lansdowne, whose success is due to intelligent effort and persistent work, coupled with integrity of a high order and rare business ability, is August Valentine Doemling, a native of Bavaria, his birth occurring in the town of Ashaffenburg, November 1, 1872, son of Dominicus and Mary (Stoudt) Doemling, natives of Bavaria, where their parents were born, lived and died.

Dominicus Doemling was born in 1837, died in 1909. He had two brothers: August, died in early life, and Theodore, who is employed on a railroad.

He was a traveling salesman for a coffee and tea house, traveling in Australia and China, and during his short business career (he retiring at the early age of forty years) he accumulated sufficient capital to enable him to lead a life retired from active pursuits, spending the greater portion of his time in travel, from which he derived considerable pleasure, he having crossed the ocean five times, his time being devoted to traveling in different portions of the United States. His wife, Mary (Stoudt) Doemling, born 1842, died 1878, when in young womanhood, had one sister, who also died in early womanhood, and who was the wife of J. Elbert. Mr. and Mrs. Doemling were communicants of the Roman Catholic church. They were the parents of seven children: 1. Theodore, resides in Elizabeth, New Jersey, employed in the Singer Manufacturing Company. 2. Elizabeth, died in Europe in young womanhood; she was a fine pianist and musician. 3. Eda, died aged twenty-three years. 4. Anna, died in early life, her death being caused by excessive study. 5. Bertha, married Emil Shiner, who served as school director or superintendent in the high school in Germany, being employed by the government. 6. August Valentine, of whom further. 7. Dora, married Adolph Floss; she died in Elizabeth, New Jersey.

August V. Doemling attended the schools in the neighborhood of his home in Germany until he was fourteen years of age, and then turned his attention to acquiring a knowledge of the florist business, devoting three years to the same, and at the expiration of that period emigrated to the United States, locating in Elizabeth, New Jersey, and later he secured employment in a bakery in Newark, New Jersey, where he remained for one year. The following six months he was in the employ of the Domestic Sewing Machine Company, for some time after that worked for various concerns, and in 1898 removed to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and for three years was in the employ of Mr. Craig, a prominent florist. He then went to Baltimore, Maryland, where for a similar period of time he had charge of the Industrial School greenhouses, which he managed in a skillful manner, and in 1906 he removed to Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and leased the greenhouses of Mr. Price, which he managed for five years. In the following year he purchased ground on Union avenue, erecting thereon greenhouses for his own use, and the business since then has increased so rapidly that he has been compelled to greatly enlarge his quarters each year, and at the present time (1913) he has one hundred and twenty-five thousand square feet of glass covering his greenhouses, which are well stocked with all kinds of plants, both flowering and otherwise, his specialty being roses, he disposing of the cut flowers by wholesale trade, shipping them to Philadelphia and New York, where there is a ready market. He finds his work entirely suited to his tastes and inclinations, and hence he is making a great success of it, not only providing his family with every comfort but being enabled to lay by a certain amount each year for the future.

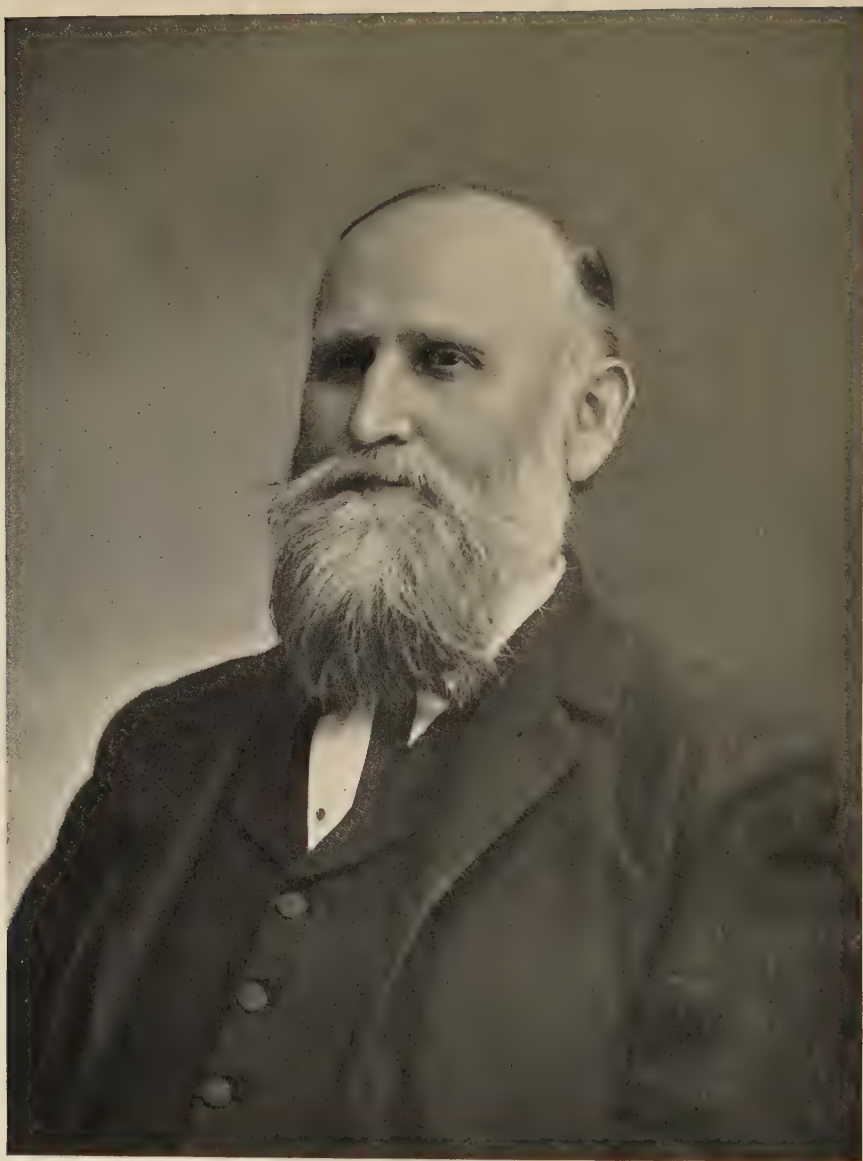
Mr. Doemling married, March 1, 1898, Elizabeth McLean, born in county Antrim, Ireland, January 1, 1875, came to Philadelphia in 1893, daughter of William and Elizabeth McLean, natives and residents of Ireland. Children: Emil Augustus, born February 13, 1899; Herbert William, born June 28, 1909; Bertha Elizabeth, born March 19, 1912. Mr. Doemling and his wife are members of the Episcopal church, and are highly respected in the community.

Charles H. Hagerty stands well among the leading business men of Oak View, having won his standing by patient and unremitting toil, by business sagacity and by honorable methods. His position has not been reached by virtue of any favoring circumstances, but simply because he marked out a course of conduct early in life that, faithfully followed out, has brought him to his present position of respect among his fellowmen.

George Hagerty, father of Charles H. Hagerty, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, in 1822, died in 1901, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. His parents were born, lived their entire lives, and died in Ireland. In 1846, when eleven years of age, George Hagerty came to the United States, and secured employment with the Camden Atlantic railroad, now part of the Pennsylvania system. Subsequently he located in Egg Harbor City, New Jersey, and for thirty-five years he served in the capacity of section boss, this long service demonstrating his fitness for the position. Later he removed to Philadelphia, where he spent the remainder of his days. He offered his service for the defense of his adopted country during the civil war, but was rejected on account of an injury to his leg. He married Catherine Gallegher, born in county Donegal, Ireland, in 1821, died in 1908, at the venerable age of eighty-seven years. Her parents were born, lived and died in Ireland. Children: 1. Patrick, deceased; resided in Philadelphia; a merchant. 2. Catherine, married Edward Touhy; resides in Philadelphia. 3. Jane, deceased; married John Huntingter, also deceased. 4. Charles H., of whom further. 5. George, resides in Philadelphia; a cigarmaker. 6. John, died aged twenty-seven years. 7. Ann, unmarried; resides in Philadelphia. 8. Sarah, unmarried; resides in Philadelphia. 9. Thomas, resides in Philadelphia; postal clerk. 10. Ella, married George Walsh, who is now deceased; she resides in Philadelphia. All the members of the family are communicants of the Catholic church.

Charles H. Hagerty was born in Egg Harbor City, Atlantic county, New Jersey, October 12, 1855. He attended the parochial and public schools of his native place, thus acquiring a practical education. When seventeen years of age he accompanied his brothers to Philadelphia and there learned the trade of printer with the "Philadelphia Free Press," working there for a period of five years, and for a similar period of time was employed by the German-American Publication Board. At the age of thirty-one years, after becoming a thorough master of his trade, he abandoned that line of work and engaged in mercantile pursuits, his next venture being a store in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, which he conducted until 1893, when he removed to Oak View, Pennsylvania, then known as Kelley's post office, Upper Darby township, and erected a store, where he has since conducted a general retail dry goods trade, which has steadily increased in volume and importance, he finding it necessary to greatly enlarge his stock and also to add an addition to his store, which was made in 1905. The success he has achieved is the natural result of activity, coupled with shrewd business sense, and clearly demonstrates what can be accomplished by perseverance and pluck. He is a member of the Catholic church, and a Democrat in politics. For eighteen years he served as postmaster of Oak View, and is now (1913) one of the commissioners of Upper Darby township.

Mr. Hagerty married, in 1880, Mary Love, born in Minorsville, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, in 1856, died in 1903, a daughter of James and Jane Love, the former named of whom died from sickness contracted during the progress of the civil war. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Hagerty: Jane, born February 16, 1883, married Frank Gillespie and resides at Oak View; George, born April 1, 1885, works with his father, married Isabell Haley and resides



Wm. P. Painter

in Oak View; Kate, born November 14, 1888, resides at home; Lewis, born September 10, 1890, resides at home; Bertha, born April 25, 1894, resides at home.

Charles I. Cronin was born in Thornbury township, Delaware county, on July 12, 1869. He was raised on a farm, entered mercantile business and remained until he entered the office of Edward A. Price, Esq., of Media, Pennsylvania, in April, 1888, to study law. He was admitted to the bar of Delaware county, July 6, 1891; removed to Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar of that county in February, 1893, and is now engaged in the practice of his profession at No. 905 Land Title building, that city. His present residence is Lansdowne, Pennsylvania.

Among the many descendants of Samuel Painter was William PAINTER Painter, of Painter's Cross Roads, Delaware county, grandfather of Dr. William Peirce Painter, of Darby, Pennsylvania. It is not definitely known just when Samuel Painter came to Pennsylvania, but he is known to have owned property on Second street, Philadelphia, as early as June 8, 1705. In March, 1709, he was living in Birmingham, Chester (now Delaware) county, probably with his son, Samuel (2), a farmer and tailor. Samuel (2) married Elizabeth, daughter of Humphrey Buxcey, of Berkshire, England, and from this marriage sprang the Painter family hereafter recorded, of which Dr. William Peirce Painter, of Darby, is a representative.

William Painter was born in Birmingham, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, April 12, 1785, died July 6, 1854. He was a lifelong member of the Society of Friends, a Whig in politics, and a prosperous farmer. He married, November 18, 1807, Phoebe Churchman, and had issue: Milton, Mary West, Samuel, Edward, Charles, Darwin, of further mention; Eliza, John, and Margaret Churchman.

Darwin Painter, son of William and Phoebe (Churchman) Painter, was born in Birmingham, Delaware county, March 12, 1820, died January 22, 1891. He was a man of education, grew up on the farm, and in that occupation and in mercantile business, spent his active years. He was a member of the Society of Friends, and in politics a Republican.

He married, August 28, 1839, Sarah Brinton Peirce, daughter of William Peirce, of Media, Pennsylvania, who married a daughter of George Brinton, better known as "Blind" George Brinton. Children of Darwin Painter: George Brinton, born June 22, 1840; William Peirce, of whom further; Emlen, born September 8, 1844, died June 15, 1890; Phoebe, born October 29, 1846; Jane Brinton, July 27, 1849; Samuel H., January 26, 1852.

Dr. William Peirce Painter, son of Darwin and Sarah Brinton (Peirce) Painter, was born in Birmingham, Delaware county, February 3, 1842. His early and preparatory education was obtained in the public schools, Clarkson Taylor's school, Wilmington, Delaware, and William Weir's, West Chester Academy. He then purchased a farm at Painter's Cross Roads and for three years engaged in farming. Deciding upon the profession of medicine, he sold his farm and entered Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, whence he was graduated Doctor of Medicine, class of 1875. He began professional practice at Glen Mills, Delaware county, continuing one year, then spent three years in California and Arizona. In 1878 and 1879 he was post surgeon at Fort Yuma, Arizona, ranking as assistant surgeon of the United States army. In 1879 he returned to Pennsylvania, located in Darby, where he established in the prac-

tice of his profession, and so continues. He is a director of the First National Bank of Darby and holds the same relation with the Lansdowne and Darby Trust Company. In political faith he is a Republican, served on the Darby school board for several years and was a member of the borough council for three years. He has been for many years treasurer of the borough township council and the school board, and also of the Friends' Meeting for a number of years.

During the civil war, Dr. Painter was an emergency soldier of the Twenty-ninth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, stationed at Duncannon, Pennsylvania, to guard the pass; mustered out at Harrisburg in 1863. He is a member of the Society of Friends and of the Delaware County Medical Society.

Dr. Painter married, at Darby, April 28, 1886, Margaret Middleton, born March 5, 1845, daughter of Edwin Middleton, born September 23, 1805, and his wife, Rachel H. Passmore, born October 17, 1808. Edwin Middleton was a bricklayer and contractor, and a man of importance in the neighborhood of Darby in his day and time, a great friend of Matthew Baird, of the Baldwin Works, and a help to many young men in making a start in life. He and his wife had issue: Gabriel, Edwin, Charles, Passmore, Naomi and Margaret. Child of Dr. William P. and Margaret Painter: Rosalie, born January 26, 1887, married Roger Matthew Wood, of Linwood, Delaware county.

The family residence is at No. 1016 Main street, Darby, where for thirty-four years the good doctor has practiced his healing art and won the high regard of his townsmen as physician, neighbor and friend.

For many years the ancestors of this family were residents of CROOKS county Derry, Ireland, where William Crooks, father of Andrew Crooks, of Middletown township, Delaware county, was born, resided, and at the age of eighty-four years, died in 1893. The family is of Scotch-Irish blood, and the members have ever possessed the characteristics of that hardy admirable race.

(I) William Crooks, grandfather of Andrew Crooks, was a farmer and a school teacher. He married and had children: 1. Nancy, who was a teacher prior to her marriage to James Mather; they had two sons and two daughters, all lived in Ireland. 2. Lizzie, married William Lennox; one son, Crooks Lennox, a business man of Northern Canada. 3. William (2) of whom further.

(II) William (2), son of William (1) Crooks, was born in Londonderry county, parish of Moneymore, Ireland, in 1809, died there in 1893. He was a man of education and for over forty years was a school teacher. He also became a landowner, owned a flax mill and manufactured linen goods. He was one of the prosperous men of his section, a member of the Church of England (Episcopal), and for nearly half a century taught a large Sunday school class. He married Elizabeth Conn, who died in county Derry, aged seventy-four years. She had five brothers and sisters who came to the United States, settling in Philadelphia, where they prospered. Her father, Joseph Conn, was born in Ireland, was a well-to-do farmer and there died in 1845, aged sixty-three years.

(III) Andrew, son of William (2) and Elizabeth (Conn) Crooks, was born in Moneymore, Londonderry, Ireland, in May, 1848. He obtained a good education, and when a young man served on the Royal Irish constabulary in Belfast and Dublin for three and a half years. He remained in Ireland until he was twenty-four years of age, and in 1872 came to the United States,

landing in Philadelphia, with a cash capital of ten cents. He secured work in a brewery for nine dollars a week, sleeping in a wagon and borrowing a dollar from a driver on which he existed until pay night. Later he was made driver, but after working a week was cheated out of his wages and quit the firm's employ. He then obtained work with the Pennsylvania railroad, handling freight at Thirteenth and Market streets at forty-five dollars monthly, but only remained a short time. He then worked two years for Robert Smith, of Germantown, as gardener and coachman, and there got his first start on the road to prosperity. He invested ten dollars monthly in the Beden Building and Loan Association, kept up his payments and nine years later drew out two thousand and twenty dollars. He secured a position as head gardener at the Pennsylvania Training School, also was in charge of the stock on the farm, where he remained thirteen years. He then bought a farm at Sugartown, Delaware county, which he worked during 1891, then bought sixty-three acres of the old Worrall farm, in Middletown township, adding in 1905, seventy-four acres, bought of William Pratt. He has brought his farm up to a high state of productiveness and is rated an A-1 farmer, a good manager, and one of the prosperous men of his community. He is well and favorably known; has many warm friends, and his estate, "Cumberland Farms," is a silent but effective testimonial to his energy, thrift and agricultural ability. The ten cent piece of silver, with which he landed in Philadelphia in 1872, has wonderfully increased under his judicious handling, and no better example of the rise of a poor but energetic young man, landing a stranger in a strange land, can be cited, than Andrew Crooks, farmer. He is an Episcopalian in religion and a Republican in politics, having for twelve years served Middletown township as supervisor.

He married in Philadelphia, November 3, 1875, Ellen, daughter of William Kelley, a farmer, born in Ireland in county Lovett, died near Paoli, Pennsylvania, in July, 1893. His wife, Jane Stewart, of Scotch-Irish extraction, was born in the same county as her husband; their children: 1. Annie, deceased. 2. Jane, married John Canby, an undertaker of Philadelphia. 3. Ellen, married Andrew Crooks, of previous mention. 4. Minnie, a widow, residing in Newark, New Jersey. 5. John, residing in Philadelphia, married. 6. Carlote, married Washington Stanley, resides in Easttown, Chester county, Pennsylvania. 7. Kate, married William Brannon, resides in West Chester, Pennsylvania. 8. Lydia, married Harry Molden, resides in Kennett Square, Pennsylvania. 9. William, married Irene Wisner, lives at West Chester. 10. Emma, married Frank ———, resides in Chester county.

Children of Andrew and Ellen Crooks: 1. Jennie, married Robert Blank, of the Philadelphia police force; seven children. 2. Bessie, married Howard Rainy, a policeman, resides in Philadelphia; four children. 3. Alfred, a contractor, in the employ of the Baldwin Locomotive Works; married Rhoda Ruth and resides in Norwood, Pennsylvania. 4. Warren, residing at home. 5. Walter, a gardener on an estate at Wawa, Pennsylvania; married Olga Parsons; one child. 6. Helen, married Edgar ———, a machinist of West Chester, and night engineer for George W. Wood, of Wawa; one child. 7. Florence, died in 1890. 8. Sharpless, died in 1890. 9. Samuel, deceased.

For several generations the Bonds have been native born residents of Delaware county; members of the Society of Friends and in politics, Whigs and Republicans.

Van Leer E. Bond is a grandson of Joseph and Esther (Ellis) Bond, who had issue: John Thomas, David, Sarah, Mary, Joseph and Jesse E. He and

wife were members of the Society of Friends—he a farmer of Delaware county and a Whig in politics.

Jesse E., son of Joseph and Esther (Ellis) Bond, was born in Delaware county, in January, 1799. He was a mason by trade, well educated and for several years a school teacher. He was a member of the Society of Friends and in politics a Whig. He married in Delaware county, Elizabeth Super, born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, in January, 1814, daughter of Philip and Hannah (Kirk) Super of Upper township; children of Jesse E. Bond: Samuel S., Esther E., Rachel E., Hannah S., Mary E. and Van Leer Eachus.

Van Leer Eachus, youngest child of Jesse E. and Elizabeth (Super) Bond, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 21, 1848. He was educated in the public school, finishing at Shortlidge's Academy, Delaware county, whence he was graduated class of 1866. Three years later he located in the oil fields of Western Pennsylvania, operating until 1874 in Armstrong, Butler and Clarion counties. He then returned to Delaware county, and in 1875 established his present mercantile business at the corner of the West Chester and Garrettford roads. He has been very successful and has a well established business in hay, grain, feed, agricultural and kindred lines. He is a director of the First National Bank of Darby, also of the Lansdowne and Darby Savings Fund and Trust Company. Mr. Bond is an active Republican at all seasons; was for several years auditor of the township and in 1909 was elected county commissioner, serving with credit a term of three years. He is a member of Cassia Lodge, No. 273, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Arcturus Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

He married in Philadelphia, in the presence of Mayor Stokeley, February 3, 1875, Martha L. Jones, born in Upper Darby township, August 16, 1848, daughter of Richard L. and Mary F. Jones, the former a farmer. Their children: Martha L., William H., Richard L., J. Walter, Lidie F., Howard E. and Marshall L. Children of Van Leer E. Bond: 1. Elizabeth L., born February 4, 1876, married William H. Warwick of Upper Darby, and has a son, William. 2. Richard J., born June 18, 1879, married Anna B. Clarkson, of Jersey City, and has: Van Leer I.; Richard C.; Anna R. 3. Van Leer Irwin, married Elizabeth Powell and has Richard V. and Martha. 4. Marian E., born October 31, 1892, married, November 20, 1913, Edward Anderson.

CODY Frank M. Cody, since 1897 a practicing attorney of the Delaware county bar, is a son of John B. and Amanda M. Cody, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Mr. Cody was born in Philadelphia, March 15, 1854. He was educated in the public schools, studied law in the office of William Hardcastle Browne, and was admitted to the Philadelphia bar on November 25, 1875; and subsequently to the Delaware county bar on June 7, 1897. He was solicitor of the borough of Lansdowne for several terms. He is a member of Eastern Star Council, No. 184, Free and Accepted Masons, and a number of other fraternal and beneficial organizations. Mr. Cody married, January 13, 1883, Mary Reynolds Camp, daughter of Rev. Joseph J. and Lodemia K. Camp—her father a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church. They have but one child living, Philip Camp Cody, who was born December 22, 1887.

Otto R. Trefz, general superintendent of the Lester Piano Manufacturing Company's plant, in Lester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is descended from German ancestry, long skilled in piano making in Stuttgart, Germany.

(I) John Trefz, was born in Stuttgart, Germany, where he was a piano maker by trade, and was considered one of the best in his native city. He emigrated to the United States in 1880 and located in Philadelphia. He at once entered the employ of the Schumacker Piano Company, with whom he remained nine years; he then entered the employ of the Lester Piano Manufacturing Company, as head action regulator, and continued with them until his death in 1901. He married Emma ———. Among his children was Otto R., of whom further.

(II) Otto R. Trefz, son of John and Emma Trefz, was born December 15, 1862, in Stuttgart, Germany. He received an excellent education in the public schools of his native city, and early learned the piano making trade, becoming a skilled workman in a short time. In this he was aided by a trained ear for music, an essential for the piano maker who would rise in his vocation. He came with his father to the United States in 1880, and with him entered the employ of the Schumacker company in Philadelphia, where he remained a year. For four years he was in the employ of another firm of piano makers. He was next employed by the North Company, where he was promoted to the managership of the repair department. Out of this company grew the Lester company, which was organized in 1887 and incorporated in 1888. Mr. Trefz made the first piano put out by the new company, and it was perfect in tone, handsome in appearance and finely finished off. During the first year of the life of the Lester Piano Manufacturing Company the output was four instruments a week; it has now an output of twenty times that number, and the demand is greater than the supply, so quickly and firmly has the instrument taken hold of the popular fancy. Owing to his intelligence, experience and great mechanical ability Mr. Trefz has been promoted to the position of general superintendent of the entire plant, which is modern in every respect. Besides giving special attention to the quality of the instruments placed on the market, he has introduced many innovations that materially lighten the work of the employees and facilitate matters. Among the labor saving devices is one in the lumber yard, which is a network of tracks. Upon these tracks stand cars on which is loaded lumber necessary in the making of pianos, and they wait, in readiness, to be used by the simple process of running them to that part of the plant where they are needed, thus a board is handled but once. Mr. Trefz has seen the village of Lester grow from four houses to a neat, tidy little, modern town of ninety buildings, which are occupied by the employees. Being a Lutheran he takes a great interest in the church, and in 1903 he was active in raising money with which to erect a building for that denomination to worship in. He is a Republican, and has been school director and road supervisor. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons of Philadelphia.

He married, in 1881, Matilda Wittig, of German descent, who was born in Philadelphia; her father also was a piano maker. Children: Otto, Robert, Edwin, Harry. Otto and Edwin learned the piano business in all its branches at the factory of the Lester Piano Manufacturing Company, and in 1912 started a factory of their own in Philadelphia, manufacturing piano bass strings for the trade. Robert and Harry are graduates of the Philadelphia High School. Robert is the proprietor of a shoe store in Scranton, Pennsylvania, and is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons at Scranton. Harry is manager of the North Company branch store at Trenton, New Jersey.

RASMUSSEN Harry Rasmussen, of Essington, Pennsylvania, is a striking example of what can be accomplished in the United States by a man with energy, brains and persistence. Born

in a foreign country, reared and educated there, cast by a turbulent sea on strange shores, knowing not a word of the language, he has since his arrival in the United States, not only earned his living but has accumulated property.

(I) Henry Rasmussen, the grandfather of Harry Rasmussen, was born, reared, lived and died in Denmark, where he was superintendent of the Castle Palsgaard. Like all of his family he possessed indomitable energy, and held his position until late in life. He and his family were members of the Church of Denmark, the Lutheran. He married Miss Shaffer, also of Denmark. Children: Stinna, Holger, of whom further.

(II) Holger Rasmussen, son of Henry Rasmussen, was born May 28, 1836, in Denmark. He was a blacksmith by vocation, and his fame as such was more than local, and commanded him patronage from outlying villages. He also owned forty acres of land, and he was well repaid for his efforts in agriculture. Like his forbears he was a Lutheran, and in politics a Democrat, as that name is understood in Denmark. He married, January 10, 1859, Barbara Hanson, born June 8, 1834, a daughter of Hans J. and Maren (Jenson) Hanson, who were born, lived and died in Denmark. Children: 1. Died in infancy. 2. Harry, of whom further. 3. Minnie, born October 12, 1861, married Jans Jorgensen. 4. Maren, born September 21, 1863, married Thomas Christian. 5. Anna, born September 29, 1865, married Martin Rasmussen, living in Wisconsin, a farmer. 6. Sorina, born June 30, 1867, married Bert Anderson. 7. Marie, born February 25, 1869, married William Nelson, lives in Iowa. 8. Sina, born February 1, 1871, died in Wisconsin.

(III) Harry Rasmussen, son of Holger and Barbara (Hanson) Rasmussen, was born March 31, 1860, in Denmark. After receiving his education he was apprenticed to a large ship building firm, and remained with them four years. He shipped on a sailing vessel as its carpenter, following it for two years. He was next engaged, in the same capacity, by the captain of the "Mary Lawton," of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia. The vessel was wrecked in a heavy gale off the coast of Newfoundland. The ship went down and Mr. Rasmussen and three others were all of the crew that were rescued from the wreck by a Norwegian bark, and were brought to South Chester, Pennsylvania. After recovering from his harrowing experience he sought employment, and again engaged in ship building with a large firm of ship builders. February 2, 1880, he was in Camden, where he remained two years. From there he went to Dover, and was employed in the construction of schooners. He was the designer and builder of "The Yankee Doodle," which was able to show a clean pair of heels to anything in her class. In 1899 he moved to Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and established a boat building business for himself, and since that time has built over one hundred and fifty boats, of many classes and kinds. In politics he is a Republican, taking the keenest interest in the questions of the day since his naturalization as an American citizen. He married, in 1886, Elizabeth Murphy, daughter of Humphrey Murphy, a laborer. Children of Harry and Elizabeth (Murphy) Rasmussen: 1. Harry C., died in infancy. 2. Joseph F., born June 27, 1888, deceased. 3. Reginia, born October 6, 1890, employee of Wanamaker's. 4. Josephine, born August 25, 1892, employee of Bell Telephone Company. 5. Gertrude, born May, 1894, dressmaker. 6. Jeannette, born September 13, 1896, at home.

Albert N. Diehl, postmaster of Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, descends in a direct line from old Palatine stock, which settled in Pennsylvania about 1680. During that year the "Spotted Cow" made two voyages to America, each time filled with Palatine families, who accepted the invitation of the governor of Pennsylvania to cross the Atlantic and join their fortunes with the English emigrants. Despite the Indian massacres, so frequent in the Province of Pennsylvania, it was one of the best known of all those in the New World. Its laws were beneficent, there was none of the bigotry and religious intolerance shown in Massachusetts, nor none of the haughtiness of the Provinces of Virginia and Maryland. To the Palatine, Pennsylvania was a Mecca, a land flowing with milk and honey, albeit attended with many dangers.

(I) Adam Diehl, the grandfather of Albert N. Diehl, was born in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, where he lived and died a prosperous farmer. He owned his own little farm, which he purchased after his marriage. Among his children was Joseph, of whom further

(II) Joseph Diehl, son of Adam Diehl, was born in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, and there reared. He moved from there to Berks, and being of a roving, or pioneer nature, he next went to Lebanon county. He was a blacksmith in Berks county, opening a smithy in 1861, which he continued for many years, establishing a reputation of being the best and most careful smith in the trade, in that portion of the state. He sold his smithy, moved to a small farm in the same county that he purchased and eventually died. He married Mary Houtz. He had eight children, six of whom reached maturity, and all of whom are living. Among them was Albert N., of whom further.

(III) Albert N. Diehl, son of Joseph and Mary (Houtz) Diehl, was born in Lebanon county, Pennsylvania. He is of direct German descent on both paternal and the distaff sides. He moved with his father from Berks to Lebanon county. He attended school in Lebanon county and then matriculated at the Palatinate College at Myerstown, Pennsylvania, one of the oldest and most noted institutions of learning in the state. Palatinate College was founded by the Dutch Reformed Church of Pennsylvania. At the age of twenty-two he took a course in telegraphy, and having acquired a working knowledge he was given employment by the Reading railroad; so greatly was he appreciated by the road that he has continued with them to the present time (1913). In 1889 he was moved to Essington, Delaware county, by the road and given charge of the station. At that time he was appointed postmaster, the first to hold the position, and has continued in it since. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, and of the Free and Accepted Masons. In politics he is a Republican, and has held local offices, among them being school director. He married, in 1886, Lily Bordner. Children: Nevin, Mabel M., Ruth.

GILBERT GRIFFIN, of Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is one of the modern and popular Bonifaces of his section. He is of Irish and English descent, and possesses all the geniality and wit of his race. His progenitors, for many generations, have been sons of the Emerald Isle, and a large number of the name and family still reside there.

(I) Thomas Griffin, grandfather of Gilbert Griffin, was born, reared and educated in Ireland. He was a miller, a Roman Catholic in faith, and an honest man. Desiring to better his condition and that of his children, he emigrated to the United States, landing in Baltimore. With him came his

wife and six children. Among the children of Thomas Griffin was Gilbert, of whom further.

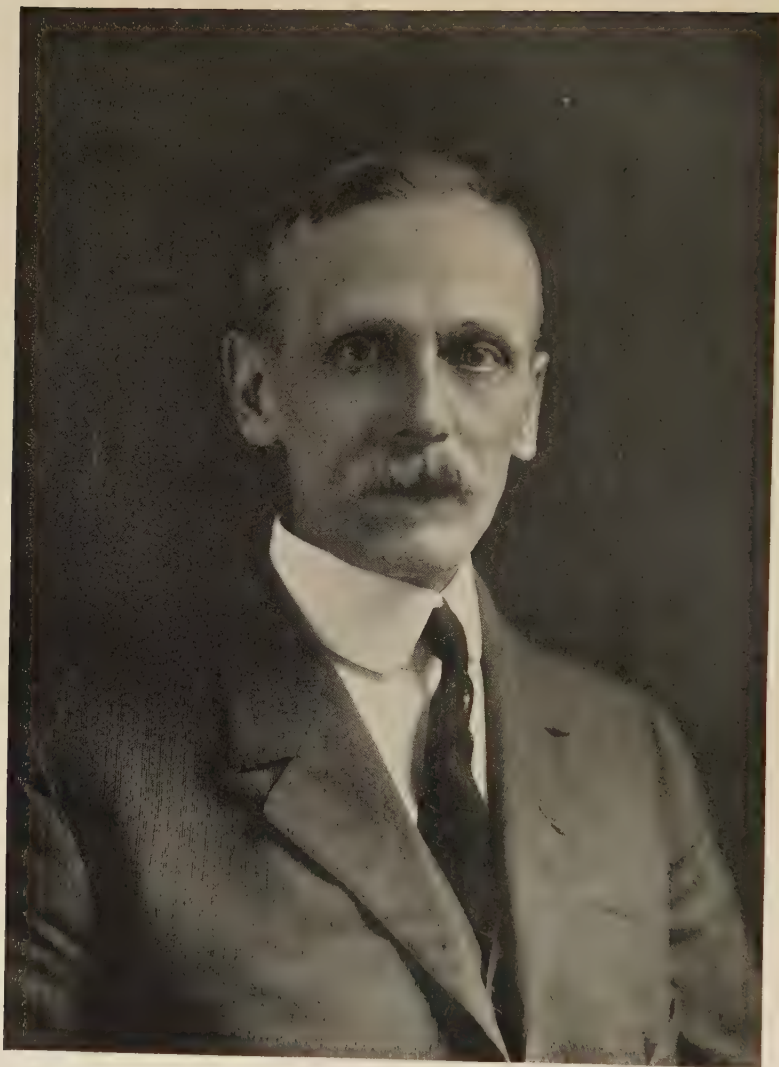
(II) Gilbert Griffin, son of Thomas Griffin, was born March 20, 1849, in Ireland, and died in Essington, Pennsylvania, April 10, 1907. He came with his parents when he was thirteen years old to Baltimore, Maryland, where his father entered the hotel business. He was educated in Baltimore, and on reaching his majority entered the hotel business as assistant to his father. From Baltimore he went to Philadelphia, where he was proprietor of the Girard House for years. In 1891 he moved to Essington, where he eventually died. He built the Rosedale Inn, a commodious, handsome structure, and was licensed in 1893. Besides the inn he owned ninety acres in Essington, and did a real estate business. He was a Republican and exerted a large influence in Delaware for that party, and he held several offices in the town. He, like his forbears, was a Roman Catholic, but his wife was a devout member of the Presbyterian church. He married Emma L. Powell, September, 1879. One child, Gilbert Jr., of whom further.

(III) Gilbert Griffin Jr., son of Gilbert and Emma L. (Powell) Griffin, was born July 27, 1887, in Philadelphia. After receiving his education in the public schools of his native city he graduated from Bank's Business College in 1902. For three years he worked as electrical machinist in the Baldwin Locomotive Works in Chester, Pennsylvania. Leaving this position he assisted his father in his hotel business, and also in the real estate. Being the only child he inherited his father's estate, with it the Rosedale Inn, in Essington. Since that time he has devoted his entire time and attention to running it successfully, making it one of the oases in the life of the commercial traveler who has to spend Sunday on the road and away from home. As a money making proposition the Rosedale Inn may be accorded the palm. It is modern, run on up-to-date lines, and the cuisine is unexcelled. Mr. Griffin is an Episcopalian, a Republican, and a highly esteemed resident of Essington, and enjoys a wide reputation as mine host par excellence. He married, January 20, 1909, Clara Harrison, daughter of Frank Harrison, a druggist, of Philadelphia and Ridley Park, Pennsylvania; treasurer for one year of Delaware county, and an upholder of the Republican platform. She is a Protestant. Child, Gilbert Francis, born February 23, 1910, in Essington, Pennsylvania.

Rev. John Laverton Foreman, pastor of the Baptist church
FOREMAN at Brandywine Summit, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, represents the first generation of his immediate family in the United States, the paternal home being in London, England. He is a descendant on the paternal side of an Italian ancestry, and on the maternal side of a Scotch ancestry.

John Laverton Foreman, grandfather of Rev. John L. Foreman, was born in Bristol, Gloucester county, England. He was a blacksmith by occupation, a Protestant in religion, and a Liberal in politics. He married, in 1857, Catharine Montgomery, who bore him two children: Emily Amelia and George Laverton.

George Laverton Foreman, father of Rev. John L. Foreman, was born in London, England, March 10, 1862. He is a certificated elementary school teacher by profession, a Protestant in religion, and an Independent in politics. He married, September 4, 1881, at St. Mary's Church, Old Kent Road, London, England, Elizabeth Knight, born in London, England, September 11, 1852, daughter of George and Elizabeth Ann Davey (Bennetts) Knight, who were married in St. Mary's Church, Truro, Cornwall, England, in 1851, and were



Wm. H. Fickler

the parents of four children: Elizabeth; George, drowned while ship was in harbour along Portugese coast; Edward; James John. George Knight, who was born in Padstow, Cornwall, England, was a shipwright by occupation, a Protestant in religion, and an Independent in politics. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Foreman: George John, born November, 1882, died same month; Elizabeth Emily Catharine, November 14, 1884; John Laverton, of whom further; David James, May 6, 1889; Sophia Ethel, June 14, 1892; Edith Rose, February 1, 1895, died August 1, 1895.

Rev. John L. Foreman was born in Deptford, London, England, May 1, 1886. He spent his early life in Deptford, Rotherhithe, Bermondsey, Upton Park and Forest Gate, all outlying districts of the city of London. He was a pupil in the Board School, East Ham, until about twelve years of age, when he entered Carpenters Company's Technical Institute, Straatford, East London, and pursued his studies there for three years. He began business life as general clerk in the great diary house of D. J. & J. Smith, Newgate street, London, with whom he remained two years, then entered the employ of the Gresham Publishing Company, Southampton street, Strand, London, serving in the capacity of ledger clerk and assistant cashier, remaining between five and six years. Then, acting under the inspiration of a call to China, he entered Harley College (Missionary Training Institute), Bow, East London, where he began study in divinity. He was ordained to the ministry on July 13, 1910, at Woodgrange Baptist Church, Forest Gate, East London, John H. French, pastor. In July, 1910, he came to the United States to assume charge of the Pequea Baptist Church, in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and in July, 1912, he accepted a call to the pastorate of the Baptist church at Brandywine Summit, where he is now located.

Rev. John L. Foreman is a zealous and successful minister of the Gospel, and his sermons are characterized by eloquence and directness of speech, his one aim being to lead his people in the right path. He possesses a warm heart and a genial nature, and the culture he has acquired makes him a safe counselor, an earnest friend, a pleasant companion, and an interesting and instructive preacher.

William H. Tricker, son of William and Margaret (Moor)

TRICKER Tricker, was born near London, England, January 18, 1858, and came to the United States with his parents in the 70's and settled in Middletown, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. His father was a landscape gardener of note and his skill was displayed in many of the important homes and estates in eastern Pennsylvania. Both he and his wife were members of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Media, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Tricker early in life became associated with his father in his landscape gardening operations, continuing until his twenty-fourth year, then entered the employ of Joseph Chadwick, editor and publisher of the "Delaware County Record" as outside business man. He gained in these years a valuable experience and formed an extensive acquaintance with men of affairs in all parts of the county. In 1882 he entered the employ of Edward A. Price, Esquire, a prominent lawyer of Delaware county, and secretary and treasurer of the Delaware County Mutual Insurance Company, as a book-keeper, continuing in that capacity until the decease of his employer in 1905, succeeding him as secretary and treasurer of the company, the position he has since held. He also conducts as a private business the only stationery store in Media. In 1883 he was appointed a notary public; is secretary and treasurer of several corporations and director and trustee in others.

Mr. Tricker is a Republican in politics and has always taken an active interest in the party; was elected town clerk of the borough of Media in the year 1884, and held the office continuously for twenty-three years. When a boy he became a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Media, and its work has appealed to him as of the highest importance, and he has always taken an active interest in all its affairs. He was elected trustee when twenty-one years of age and has held the office continuously since; was also superintendent of the Sunday school for a great many years. This brief record of the activity of Mr. Tricker, in behalf of his adopted town, shows strikingly the earnest, forceful public spirit of the man, but cannot give the high estimation in which he is held by his townsmen. That is shown not in words, but in the expression of their confidence by his continuance in positions of trust, bestowed by them.

Mr. Tricker married, September 20, 1881, Sarah A., daughter of Stephen O. and Caroline Malin, of an old Delaware county family. Children: Adele Price, married Elmer S. Lukens of Media; Harry Ray, associated in business with his father. The family home is in Media at No. 311 East Front street.

PHILLIPS The forbears of Jasper R. Phillips of Marcus Hook, were copper miners of Cornwall, England, living at Stonehenge, where his great-grandfather lived and died leaving three sons — William, James, and one, who died in India. His widow, Thamazyne, came to the United States, where she died at Frankford, Pennsylvania. The family were all members of the Church of England.

James, son of the Cornwall miner, was born at Stonehenge, Cornwall, England, 1806, there grew to manhood and obtained his education in the church schools. When a young man he came to the United States, entering the employ of the United States government, as an expert stonemason. He worked on the construction of the stone forts of that period and later aided in the erection of public buildings, notably the bureau of printing. He settled at Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, prior to 1840, where he died in February, 1905, aged ninety-nine years. He was a Democrat in politics and in 1840 served as councilman. He was a member of the Baptist church; his wife a Methodist. He married Eliza Lamplugh, born in Delaware county in 1800, died 1872, daughter of Josiah Lamplugh, a farmer of Boothwyn and his wife, Eliza (Martin) Lamplugh, born in Chichester; children of James Phillips: John, died in infancy; Mary, married Edward Casey, an electrician; Eliza, married Richard Pearson, now deceased; Thamazyne, married William H. H. Gibson; William L., see forward.

William L., son of James and Eliza (Lamplugh) Phillips, was born at Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, July 24, 1843. He spent his early life at Marcus Hook and Washington, D. C., obtaining his education in the public schools. Later he was regularly bound and apprenticed to the United States government to learn the machinist's trade, the only government machinist now living, who learned his trade under such conditions. He has resided in Marcus Hook for many years and has followed his trade in various shops of the locality.

WALBER The Walbers came to Pennsylvania from Germany where the family have long been seated.

Christian Walber, father of Charles Walber, was born in Munzenheim, Germany, in 1851, died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1896. He came to Philadelphia prior to his marriage, but after he had served his re-

quired years in the Germany army. He continued in Philadelphia until his death. He married Josephine, daughter of Anthony Schonweitz, born in Germany in 1837, came to the United States before his marriage, settling in New York state. He served all through the civil war; was captured at the battle of Cedar Mountain, and for a time confined in Libby Prison. He was for many years in the employ of the state of New York as head electrician at the Soldiers' Home in Bath, New York, now lives retired at his home in Maple Shade, New Jersey. He married a Miss Arnd of New York City, who died in Philadelphia in 1904; children: Charles, a plumber and tinsmith of Convoys, Ohio, and an ex-mayor of his town; Josephine, married Christian Walber, of previous mention; Amelia, resides in Philadelphia, unmarried; Frederick, now a hardware merchant of Bath, New York. Children of Christian Walber: A son and daughter, both died unmarried; Charles, see forward.

Charles, son of Christian and Josephine (Schonweitz) Walber, was born in Philadelphia, March 13, 1882. He attended the public school at Twelfth and Locust streets, advancing to the eleventh grade before beginning business life. In 1896 he was employed by Bailey, Banks & Biddle, jewelry manufacturers, and a year later began his apprenticeship at plumbing and tinsmithing. He began with the Laughrey's on Eleventh street, Philadelphia, continued with Mr. Wall at Narberth, Pennsylvania, and for a time was with the Supplee Hardware Company. He was next employed by Mr. Shea, a plumber of Morton, Pennsylvania, then became manager for Charles A. Arnd, an uncle of his mother. In 1903 he established in business for himself at No. 3256 Sansom street, Philadelphia, later moving to No. 3423 Chestnut street, where he conducted a successful business in plumbing, steam heating, ventilating, tin roofing and kindred lines. He also established a similar business in Essington, Delaware county, continuing with his stores until 1907, when he purchased the Riverside Hotel in Essington, from Mr. Miller, who had been its proprietor for thirty-three years. This hotel was established over a century ago, and has long been famous for its planked shad, reed bird and game dinners; each in their season attracting parties from Philadelphia and surrounding towns, where the fame of the house is well known.

Mr. Walber was formerly a Democrat, but later became a Republican; has served as president of the Republican Club at Essington. He is a member of the following fraternal societies and clubs: Lodge No. 9, Free and Accepted Masons; Philadelphia Corinthian Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Philadelphia; Green Hill Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Philadelphia; Loyal Order of Moose, Chester; Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Chester; the Essington Fire Company, Essington; West End Boat Club, Chester; West Philadelphia Fidelity Manoeuvring Club; Riverside Gun Club (manager); Chester Gun Club; Riverside Yacht Club (commodore); Clearview Gun Club; Edgewater Club, Essington; Media Republican Club; Artisans' Order of Mutual Protection; Owls, of Philadelphia; Delaware County Automobile Association.

Mr. Walber married, March 7, 1906, at the Baptist church, Thirty-sixth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, Mabel Lillian Seiberling, born in Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 23, 1882, daughter of Charles and Sarah Seiberling, the former a farmer and coal dealer of Essington.

Born in the oil district of Pennsylvania, Ross Lynn Elliott has ELLIOTT passed through every form of the oil business and perhaps no other man can be found so familiar with its every phase, from the drilling of the well to the finished product of the refinery.

Ross Lynn Elliott is a son of James Marshall Elliott, and a grandson of John Elliott; the latter born in Ireland in 1818, coming to the United States when young and settling in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. He was a farmer there for many years, then moved to Rockland, Ohio, where both he and his wife died, both members of the Presbyterian church. Her maiden name was Miller, and she bore her husband ten children.

James Marshall Elliott was born in Kittanning, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1844, son of John Elliott, the emigrant. He attended the public schools, worked on the farm and when oil was discovered, engaged in oil production for many years. He is a Republican in politics and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he has served as trustee and in other official capacities. His wife is also a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Mary N. McNanny, born in Shippensburg, Clarion county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Henry McNanny, a farmer of Clarion county, deceased. She has brothers and sisters now living: Henry, of Venango county, Pennsylvania; Joseph, of Cambridge Springs, Pennsylvania; John, of Butler, Pennsylvania; Sophia, married Andrew Schidemantle; Susanna, married George W. Shaw; Margaret, married Henry McGinley, of Wichita, Kansas. Children of James Marshall Elliott: Bertha, born in October, 1871, unmarried; Ross Lynn, of whom further; James Park, born December 16, 1875, married in February, 1906, Hazel Hyle.

Ross Lynn, eldest son of James Marshall and Mary N. (McNanny) Elliott, was born at Parkers Landing, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, April 17, 1873. He obtained a good education in the public schools, finishing his studies at high school at Parkers Landing. He early entered the oil fields and continued his operations as producer in the fields of Butler, Armstrong and Allegheny counties of Pennsylvania. He has not only mastered every detail of oil production, but of refining in all its branches and for many years has been in the employ of the Pure Oil Company, of Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania. In politics Mr. Elliott is a Republican; for the past nine years has been a member of the borough council of Marcus Hook and for four years has been president of that body. He is a member of the Masonic order; the Woodmen of the World, and both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. An excellent business man and good citizen, Mr. Elliott has won the high regard of all who know him.

He married, October 1, 1901, Anna McMurray, of Oakdale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, born May 3, 1873, daughter of Joseph McMurray, also born in Oakdale, May 1, 1844, a farmer by occupation. He married Margaret Rowley, born at Bridgeville, Allegheny county, in February, 1842, died March, 1901, in her fifty-ninth year. Children: Emma, born April 28, 1866, married, October 1, 1897, Albert Sturgeon; Walter, born June 27, 1868; John, November 2, 1870; Anna, May 1, 1873; Bertie, November 1, 1875, married Lewis A. Maire. Children of Ross Lynn and Anna Elliott: James Marshall (2), born February 16, 1905; Joseph Harold, May 7, 1907; Margaret Anna, October 8, 1909, deceased; Park, January 13, 1911; Ross Lynn (2), July 5, 1912, deceased.

DONOHUE John H. Donohue, of Sharon Hill, is a man much respected in his community, and one who by strict morality and integrity of purpose furnishes an excellent example to others. He is one of the representative business men of Sharon Hill. He was born in West Philadelphia, December 22, 1863, son of Michael and Rose (Sullivan) Donohue, natives of Ireland, from which country they came to the United States about the year 1855, locating in West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where her death occurred. After settling in this country Michael Donohue followed the occupations of drover and butcher, and he spent his last days in Sharon Hill. He and his wife were the parents of six children, all of whom are living at the present time (1913).

John H. Donohue attended the public schools of West Philadelphia until twelve years of age, and then assisted his father in the butcher business, becoming thoroughly familiar with that occupation, which he followed for a number of years. In 1887 he engaged in the meat business on his own account, locating at the corner of Seventy-second street and Woodland avenue, and continued the same until 1895, meeting with a fair degree of success. In the latter named year he removed to Sharon Hill, and for the following ten years was employed in the meat business, working for various parties, and in 1905 established a meat and grocery store in Sharon Hill, of which he is the proprietor at the present time. He is moderate in his charges, keeps nothing but the best of goods, and being a man of keen business acumen, success has crowned his efforts. He is a communicant of the Holy Spirit Church, a member of the Catholic Benevolent League, and a Democrat in politics.

Mr. Donohue married, in 1890, Anna A. Bears. Children: Frank J., Joseph A., Elizabeth, Joseph, Helen, Hilda and Harriette, twins, James, Walter, Edward, Anna, Paul. Mr. Donohue is a man of progressive ideas, and he is giving his children the best possible educational advantages in order that they may be fitted for the duties of life.

FLAHERTY Among the leading business men of Glen Olden, who are achieving success as the result of industry, perseverance and integrity, must be mentioned Daniel M. Flaherty, whose standing is high among the citizens of Glen Olden, and who is deservedly respected by those whom he favors with his friendship.

He was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, December 13, 1866, son of James T. and Rebecca R. (Murphy) Flaherty, and grandson of James Flaherty and Daniel M. Murphy, the former named a native of Ireland, from whence he came to this country about the time of the Mexican war, engaging in the same with General Scott, and after the cessation of hostilities returned to Philadelphia, where he followed the occupation of tailor, and the latter named was reared in Philadelphia, learned the trade of tinsmith with a Mr. Williams, with whom he was employed until his death. James T. Flaherty (father) was a druggist during his early manhood, and later in life a restorer of pictures, which proved a highly successful vocation. He died in March, 1904, survived by his wife, who is a resident of Glen Olden, where she has a wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

Daniel M. Flaherty was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia and the Mount Vernon Grammar School, this course qualifying him for an active career. He learned the trade of printing with Burk McFetridge and with John A. Bencannon, following this line of work for some time. He then engaged in the magazine business, after which he worked for a contractor, then became a contractor, performing all kinds of work, and in 1897 established

a business at Glen Olden, dealing in coal, feed, lime, sand, etc., which has proven successful, he being thoroughly practical and progressive in his methods, and reliable in all his transactions. The industry and resolute purpose which lead to honorable success are his and have brought him a comfortable income. He believes firmly in the principles of Republicanism, and has taken an active interest in local politics. In 1893 he was elected supervisor of Darby township, in 1904 treasurer of the borough of Glen Olden, and has also served in several minor offices, in all of which he performed his duties to his own credit and to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. He is a member of Prospect Lodge, No. 578, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Flaherty married, September 28, 1898, Clara Maass, of Glen Olden, born July 19, 1875, daughter of Charles and Caroline Maass. Mrs. Flaherty is a member of the Lutheran church, a devoted wife and loving mother. Children: Marie R. and D. Thorp; they are members of the Congregational church. Mr. Flaherty has a wide acquaintance by reason of his business interests and his social qualities, and is popular with his many friends.

VERLENDEN Enos Verlenden, deceased, was a member of a family of important manufacturers of the state of Pennsylvania. By their business and industrial activities they have, both as a family and as individuals, contributed to the wealth and growth of Pennsylvania.

(I) John Verlenden was born and reared in Avondale, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Receiving his education in the public schools of his native county, he early decided upon an industrial career, established a business, and in time became known as one of the largest cloth manufacturers of Pennsylvania. His record as a business man still remains with his immediate family, and he accumulated wealth through his acumen in matters which others overlooked, or failed to seize the opportunity when presented. Possessing money and influence, he was one of the foremost men of his day. He was a Whig until the organization of the Republican party, when he gave it his adherence. He held local offices, such as school director, but never cared for others, as his time was engrossed with his business affairs. He married (first) Edith Lane, daughter of Edward Lane, a carriage manufacturer; married (second) Rebecca Boyd. Children of Edward and ——— (Dixey) Lane: Joel, Edward, David, John, Edith, married John Verlenden. Children of John and Edith (Lane) Verlenden: 1. William Lane, married Mary W. Serrill. 2. Enos, of whom further. 3. Elizabeth, unmarried. 4. Sarah, married Charles Lloyd. Children by second marriage: 5. Charles, married Sarah Smith. 6. Harry, married Jessie ———. 7. Edith, unmarried. 8. Child, died in infancy. 9. Child, died in infancy.

(II) Enos Verlenden, son of John and Edith (Lane) Verlenden, was born March 21, 1849, in Avondale, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; died May 14, 1905, in Darby, Delaware county. He passed his early years in Avondale, attended public school in Darby, and graduated with distinction from the Westchester Academy. On reaching his majority he entered the world of commerce and industry, and in partnership with his brother, engaged in the manufacture of cloth, specializing in jeans. The firm of Verlenden Brothers at once established a name for itself and ere long was doing an extensive business, not only in Pennsylvania, but throughout the United States. As the years passed more and modern machinery was added thus enabling the firm to keep pace with the demand for its class of goods. It brought that part of Pennsylvania into repute as a manufacturing center. Than Mr. Verlenden

there was no more influential, highly respected and substantial citizen in Delaware county. He was a Republican, taking an active interest in all political questions of the day, and was a delegate to the National Republican Convention that nominated James G. Blaine for the presidency of the United States. He was justice of peace one year, and despite the protests of his constituency he declined to accept another term, as his large and ever growing industrial interests demanded his entire time and attention. He was vice-president of the cotton mills, which place he satisfactorily filled. He was a member of the Masonic order and of the Manufacturers Club.

He married, August 31, 1881, Ellie S. Lewis, a daughter of Maris W. and Sidney (Seamans) Lewis. The father of Sidney (Seamans) Lewis was Thomas Seamans, who married Jane Smith. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Seamans: Margaret; Sidney, married Maris W. Lewis; Sarah, married Edward Crispin; Ellen, married Joseph Sager; Jane, married Phillip Sigler; William, married Elizabeth Jackson. Children of Maris W. and Sidney (Seamans) Lewis: Joseph, Margaret, Jane, William, Rebecca, Edward; one died unnamed; Ellie S. (see above); Rebecca B., Harry B. Children of Enos and Ellie S. (Lewis) Verlenden: 1. Helen L., married L. Hastings Alexander; two children: L. Hastings Jr., and Helen V.; they make their home in Philadelphia. 2. Rebecca, married Dr. H. L. H. Dick, of Darby; one child, Eleanor. 3. Elizabeth L., unmarried.

A generation after William Penn, the great and astute Quaker LEWIS founder of the colony of Pennsylvania, had transplanted from England to the congenial soil and surroundings of the sylvan dales of the New World, his friends and people of like faith, Thomas Lewis, gentleman farmer, joined them. In common with other Friends he at once entered upon the task of subduing the wilderness, conquering the savages by friendship and barter, if possible, if not, by more forcible means. He was allotted a tract of land by the governor of the province, and at once began his labors toward clearing it for farming purposes, and later erected thereon a house of logs, both comfortable and secure against Indian raids and assaults. With the Friends "an ounce of prevention was worth a pound of cure," and they early realized that they were at the mercy of a wily and dangerous foe; to-day friendly and placated, to-morrow vengeful enemies, so they constructed their rude log houses accordingly. From Thomas Lewis sprang many of the name in Pennsylvania, especially those who professed the faith of the Friends.

(I) James Lewis, a direct descendant of the immigrant, Thomas Lewis, was born about 1783, or perhaps earlier, in Newtown Square, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, there passed his early years and received his education in the district school of the place. He was a man of unusual prominence in his day, socially, politically and commercially. He established a large shoe manufactory in Philadelphia and conducted it successfully for years. The wearing qualities of the Lewis shoe became proverbial throughout the state, and until the day of his death, in Newtown Square, at an advanced age, his product retained its fame. He was an old line Whig in politics, but lived to vote the Republican ticket after the organization of that party. He and his family were Friends and contributed to the dignity and standing of the congregation they attended. He married Rebecca Worrell; to them were born three children: Maris W., of whom further; Elisha and Evan.

(II) Maris W. Lewis, son of James and Rebecca (Worrell) Lewis, was born in Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 16,

1813, died June 26, 1870, in Darby, Pennsylvania. He was reared and educated in Springfield township, and there remained until he was twenty-one. At that time he went to Darby and engaged in the manufacture of carriages, and here passed the remainder of his life, a highly prosperous, influential and public spirited citizen. He was interested in all matters pertaining to the public good, especially in and around Darby. He was a Whig until the organization of the Republican party in 1857, when he supported that party with his franchise, and continued to do so until his death. He married Sidney Seamans, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Smith) Seamans. Mr. Seamans was a carpenter in Darby. His children were: Margaret, married (first) Evan Foster, (second) William Newton; Sidney, married Maris W. Lewis; Sarah, married Edward Crispin; Ellen, married Joseph Sager; Jane, married Phillip Sigler; William, married Elizabeth Jackson. Children of Maris W. and Sidney (Seamans) Lewis: 1. Joseph, born in 1836, died in 1907, aged seventy-one. 2. Margaret, died in 1860. 3. Jane. 4. William, died in infancy. 5. Rebecca, died in infancy. 6. Edward, died aged three. 7. Child, died unnamed. 8. Ellie S., born September 22, 1850, in Darby, Pennsylvania; married, August 31, 1881, Enos Verlenden. 9. Rebecca B., unmarried; attended public school in Darby, then finished at a young ladies' school, West Philadelphia, where she made a record as a student. She is a highly accomplished woman, brainy and up-to-date. She makes her home at 5708 Thomas avenue, West Philadelphia, at the present time (1913), but hopes in the near future to return to the home of her childhood, for which she has the tenderest memories connected with her parents and brothers and sisters. 10. Harry B., married Martha E. Boyd. Children: Ida, married Harry Shaffer, children, Sidney and Charlie; Ellen, married Frank McLaughlin, one child, Henry B. Lewis; Thomas S.

From the time of the settlement in this country of William RUDOLPH Penn and his colony of Quakers, the influence of this sect has been felt in a quiet, but none the less powerful, manner in many directions, and invariably to the benefit of the matters with which they interest themselves. The Rudolph family, of Springfield township, and of Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a notable example of this kind. Tradition has it that they are of French descent; however, it is known as a positive fact that they have been Quakers for a number of generations.

(I) Thomas Rudolph was a farmer and drover, and became very prosperous, owning two farms in Springfield township. He married Hannah Powell and had children: Abraham, at first a farmer, then removed to Woodbury, New Jersey, where he engaged in the grocery business; Thomas, see forward; Hannah, married Joshua Longworth, and lived in Abington township; Mary, died young, unmarried; Sarah, married Joseph Longworth, a farmer.

(II) Thomas, son of Thomas and Hannah (Powell) Rudolph, was born in Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1824, and died February 18, 1887. During the greater part of his life he was engaged as a farmer, but in 1872 he was offered, and he accepted the position of superintendent of the Friends' Southwestern Cemetery, filling this office until his death. He was an Independent in political matters, and in religion an attendant of the Concord Quarterly Meeting. He married Sarah A. Fogg, born in Philadelphia, February 2, 1828, died October 29, 1894. She was the daughter of Samuel Allen and Elizabeth (Glover) Fogg; the former born February 20, 1805, died November 28, 1893; the latter born August 16, 1807, died May

3, 1893. Samuel Allen Fogg was born in Salem, New Jersey, and was a bricklayer by occupation. He was of English descent, and also a member of the Society of Friends. During the latter years of his life he was in the undertaking business. He and his wife raised a large family, of whom there are now living the following: Joseph, lives at Sixteenth and Race streets, Philadelphia; Rachel, married John E. Balderson; Elizabeth, married Harry Stiles. Thomas and Sarah A. (Fogg) Rudolph had children: Samuel F., see forward; Deborah F., born March 27, 1853, died April 27, 1876; Hannah, born July 24, 1856, died September 28, 1875; Elizabeth, born May 1, 1858, died March 15, 1910, married William P. Hall; John M., deceased.

(III) Samuel F., son of Thomas and Sarah A. (Fogg) Rudolph, was born in Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 25, 1848, in the same house in which his father had been born. He received a part of his education in the Friends' School in Chichester township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, later attending the public schools. His education was completed when he left school at the age of sixteen years, and he then assisted his father in the cultivation of the farm until his marriage. He rented farms successively at Beverly, New Jersey, and in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and upon the death of his father in 1887, was appointed to succeed him as superintendent of the cemetery. He is a member of the Society of Friends, attending the Western District Monthly Meeting. Mr. Rudolph is quiet, even-tempered and unassuming in his manner, yet with a perseverance and faithful attention to detail which render his services invaluable. He attends to his various duties in a most methodical manner, and the cemetery is kept in a model way.

Mr. Rudolph married, April 18, 1872, Mary S., born in Philadelphia, daughter of Edwin and Louisa Hansell, both now deceased. Mr. Hansell was a woodcarver by trade, and lived on Thirteenth street, Philadelphia. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph: Edwin, born September 7, 1873, died September 2, 1893; Thomas, born June 14, 1875, married Anna Hearst, and assists his father in the care of the cemetery; Laura, born February 7, 1884, died May 7, 1884.

The Kerlins were early settlers in Delaware county, where KERLIN they have ever been prominent. John Kerlin, of Chester, was the fourth president of the Bank of Delaware County, state senator, 1824-1832, and a well known lawyer. The present day representative, John H. Kerlin, of Lima, Pennsylvania, is a grandson of William Kerlin, for many years a prominent figure in Chester.

(I) William Kerlin located on a farm at Chester, Pennsylvania, a part of which is now known as the Deshong property. He was a wealthy landowner and a man well known and respected. At one time time he owned the Washington House in Chester, and the ground on which the old Delaware county courthouse stood was donated by him, with the provision that should the county seat ever be removed, the land should revert to him or to his heirs. This proviso, however, was never carried out. Mr. Kerlin was an active Whig during the Revolution, and after the evacuation of Philadelphia by the British army, named his hostelry, purchased April 1, 1772, the Washington House, the former name having been Pennsylvania Arms. General Washington, in passing to and from the seat of the government at New York and his home at Mount Vernon, often stopped at this hotel, and on those occasions a certain room, the best in the house, was assigned to his use. The ancient mahogany chairs which stood in the room occupied by the first presi-

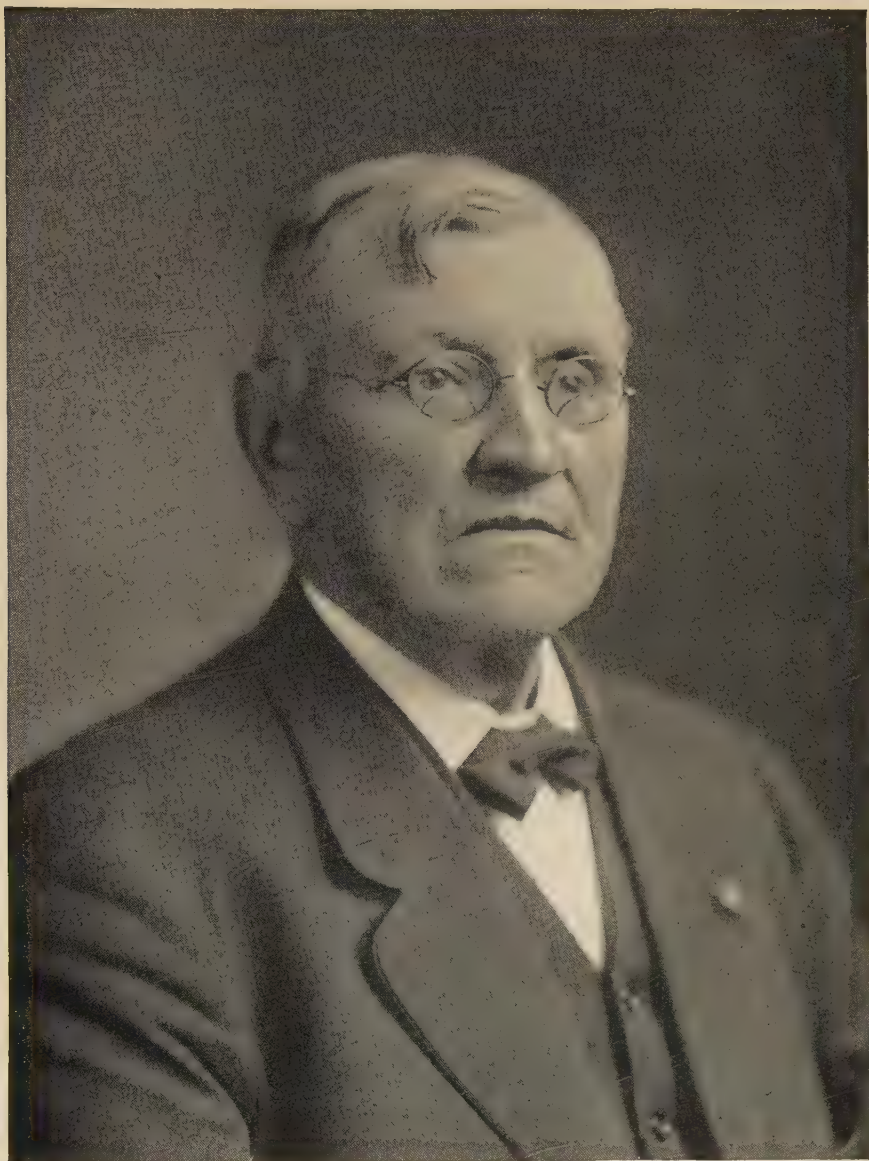
dent during these visits are still preserved among the descendants of William Kerlin. He took an active part in the discussion from 1780 to 1786 regarding the removal of the county seat to West Chester, and after the county seat had been moved from Chester he labored energetically to bring about the formation of the present county of Delaware. He did not remain "mine host" of the Washington House until his death, for by his will, proved April 29, 1805, he alluded in his devise to his daughter, Sarah Piper, to "the tavern house," being at that time under lease to Isaac Tucker. After the death of her father, Mrs. Sarah (Odenheimer) Piper inherited the Washington House, which was conducted under the management of her second husband, Major Joseph Piper, until his death, when his widow continued as its manager for several years, then leasing it to Evan S. Way. By her will, proved September 13, 1841, Sarah Piper directed that "the tavern house and thereto belonging, be sold within one year after my decease." This wish was carried out, not within a year, but on April 2, 1844, when her executors sold the property to Henry L. Powell, and all connection between the Kerlins and the famous old hostelry ceased.

William Kerlin married Hannah Byers. Children: 1. William B., of whom further. 2. Jane Maria, married Martin Rulon, an undertaker of Swedesboro, New Jersey, and Chester, Pennsylvania. 3. Elizabeth, died unmarried. 4. Henry, accidentally killed at Chester by a yoke of oxen, which threw him to the ground and then drew a loaded wagon over him. 5. Sarah, married (first) an Odenheimer, (second) Major Piper.

Hannah Byers was a daughter of Jacob Byers, a farmer of Lower Providence township and a large landowner. His wife was a Miss James. Children: Jacob, a farmer; Jesse, a carpenter, and Hannah.

(II) William B., eldest son of William and Hannah (Byers) Kerlin, was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, in 1790, died in 1856. He grew to manhood at the home farm and was educated in the schools of Chester and Philadelphia. He learned the trade of a harnessmaker and later established in that business in Chester, having a large and lucrative business. He also owned and managed a large farm near Chester. He was a Whig in politics and active in the political affairs of his day. He was a member of the Society of Friends, and a man held in high esteem. He married Martha Baynes Yates, born in England, who was brought to Claymont, Delaware, when a babe, by her mother, Mary (Baynes) Yates. They lived with a brother of Mrs. Yates, James Baynes, a wealthy wool grower and owner of two thousand acres of land. Mrs. Yates later made her home with her son-in-law, William B. Kerlin. She died in 1870. Children: 1. Hannah L., deceased; married Edward L. Gardner, of Chester. 2. John H., of whom further. 3. Mary, married Joshua Garsid, of Rockdale, Pennsylvania, whom she survives. 4. Martha Frances, died aged twenty-three years. 5. Elwood, died young.

(III) John H., eldest son of William B. and Martha Baynes (Yates) Kerlin, was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, May 12, 1842. He was educated in the public schools and Professor Gray's Academy, entering the drug business at an early age, taking a course at the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. When the war between the states broke out, he enlisted in the United States Navy in February, 1862, and for eight months served as surgeon's steward on board the warship "U. S. S. Sangamon—Monitor." He reënlisted at Chester in Company A, 197th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, under Captain James Barton and Colonel Hazlett. By a confusion of orders he was sent to Rock Island, Illinois, where he was assigned to guard duty over Confederate prisoners; later was on duty in Philadelphia, receiving honorable discharge at the close of the war in 1865. Returning to Chester he was



John H. Kerlee

engaged for one year as manager of the drug store of Jerry Flickner at No. 109 Third street. He then established his own drug store at the corner of Third and Penn streets, continuing there four years, after which he located his business at Marcus Hook, where he remained for several years. He was elected director of the poor of Delaware county in 1875, and served six years. He was then elected recorder of deeds for Delaware county, an office he creditably filled for six years. He then purchased a good farm of one hundred and twenty-four acres in Cecil county, Maryland, near Chesapeake City, overlooking the bay and river. He remained there for three years, then returned to Chester, where he was appointed chief of the bureau of delinquent taxes, serving two years. In 1906 he was appointed steward at the Delaware County Home at Lima, a position he now fills. Since 1858 Mr. Kerlin has been an active volunteer fireman, joining in that year the America Hose Company of Philadelphia, known derisively as the "Sarsaparilla" Hose Company, from the fact that the company was composed of business men and clerks. When the Franklin Fire Company of Chester was organized he became a member and rose to the position of chief engineer. He assisted in the organization of the Chester Fire Department, of which he is yet a member. He belongs to Wilde Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of Chester; and L. H. Scott Lodge, No. 352, Free and Accepted Masons. Mr. Kerlin is one of the best known men in Delaware county, and has a host of warm friends. He is an authority on Delaware county happenings of the past fifty years, and has a wealth of interesting reminiscences for the entertainment of his friends.

He married, July 3, 1865, in Chester, Mary E., daughter of James S. and Jane (McCluen) Bell. James S. Bell, a tanner by trade, was later a partner with Judge Hinkson, of the firm Hinkson & Bell, the leading tanners of the day. Children of John H. Kerlin: 1. Jane Bell, residing at home. 2. Mary Frances, married L. B. Walters, a salesman residing in Chester; children, Mary Kerlin and John Kerlin. 3. Martha, residing at home. 4. Malachi Harris, a salesman of Chester. 5. John H. (second), engaged with his brothers in the cigar business in Chester; married Lucretia Bentley; one child, Lucretia Bentley. 6. James, now with the Sun Oil Company of Chester, married Sarah A. Abrams.

WAY An adopted son of Delaware county, John Way has displayed all the interest and enthusiasm of one native born, in the matter of furthering the public good, since becoming a resident of Lansdowne, in 1897.

Mr. Way is a grandson of David and Elizabeth (Blackburn) Way, and a son of Samuel Way, of Bedford county, Pennsylvania, born in 1818, died in 1882, and his wife, Jane Wilson, born in Adams county, Pennsylvania, February 21, 1831, died in 1909.

John Way was born in Bedford county, Pennsylvania, October 21, 1871, and obtained his early preparatory education in the Bedford county schools. He then entered Friends Boarding School at Westtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania, leaving that institution to engage in business. His first position was in a store in West Chester, Pennsylvania, remaining there until 1893, when he entered the employ of the Provident Life and Trust Company of Philadelphia, taking a clerical position. He won his way upward, filling positions of a greater trust with each promotion, until in 1910 he was elected assistant treasurer of the company, which responsible post he most acceptably fills at the present time.

An Independent in politics, Mr. Way has been active in all reform movements in Delaware county, since becoming a resident of Lansdowne, in 1897. He is a birthright member of the Society of Friends, and from an early age has been actively identified with the activities of the Society. He is also treasurer of the Pennsylvania Prison Society, organized in 1787 as "Society for the Alleviation of the Miseries of Public Prisons," and said to be the oldest organization of its kind in the world.

Mr. Way married, May 18, 1897, Lydia Annette Greene, of Clarksville, Ohio, born February 7, 1872; child: Mary French, born December 18, 1905.

The Halkett family came originally to this country from
 HALKETT Scotland, and is now represented by William G. Halkett, whose abilities have been directed to the accomplishment of valuable results.

George Halkett, the father of William G. Halkett, was born in Scotland, in Perth, and came to America when a very young man. He was a ship-builder by trade. He went to Chicago, and there made his home, residing in that city until his death in 1899. In Chicago he met Christina Bruce, also born in Scotland, in Aberdeen, and they were married. Mrs. Halkett died in 1897. Children: Margaret; Isabel, deceased; William G.

William G. Halkett was born in Chicago, Illinois, February 1, 1857. The public schools of his native city provided him with an excellent training and on the completion of his education he entered upon his business career. For a period of eight years he held a number of positions in various lines. In 1873 he entered the employ of George B. Carpenter & Company, ship chandlers. Eighteen years were spent in the employ of this concern, during which time he had risen to the responsible position of manager. He resigned this office in order to go to New York City, where he was engaged in the manufacture of cotton duck for a period of four and a half years, with a large and thriving concern. In 1897 he went to Philadelphia and purchased the business in which he is still engaged, that of jobbing cotton duck, and other heavy cotton goods. The firm is the largest concern of its kind in Philadelphia and operates under the name of William G. Halkett Company. It has more than quintupled since 1897. Mr. Halkett is also one of the directors of the Ridge Avenue Bank of Philadelphia. In his political affiliations Mr. Halkett is Republican, has been a member of the Ridley Park borough council for many years, and served as its president, 1908-10. In religion both he and his wife are members of the Ridley Park Presbyterian Church, of which he is a trustee. He is also a member of the Art Club, the Ridley Golf Club, and the Spring Haven Country Club. Mr. Halkett has lived in Ridley Park since 1899, and in 1907 he erected a beautiful residence on the corner of Swarthmore and Sellers avenues. It is constructed of stone, with porches on three sides, and has a garage; the shape of the land is triangular, thus permitting the grounds to face on three beautiful thoroughfares.

Mr. Halkett married (first) in 1882, Margaret Ainslie, who died in 1907; he married (second) Elizabeth Miller. Children, all by the first marriage: 1. Adelaide Bruce, educated in Swarthmore and Wellesley Colleges, and a graduate from the latter institution; married William Freeman Kershaw. 2. Walter, educated at the University of Pennsylvania. 3. George William, deceased. 4. J. Spencer, educated at the Staunton Military Academy, Virginia. Both the sons are now associated in business with their father.

The name of Sanderson is one which has been connected with railway, shipping and kindred interests for many years, both in this country and in Europe. Richard P. C. Sanderson, at the present time in charge of the plant, at Eddystone, of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, is a worthy representative of the family name.

Richard P. C. Sanderson was born at Birkenhead, Cheshire, England, January 9, 1858. He received a very thorough education in mechanical engineering in schools in both England and Germany. For some years he worked printer's trade, which he followed all his life. In 1864, he enlisted in the United States in 1879. For a time he worked at his calling in the city of New York; then he joined the service of the Norfolk & Western railroad, up to 1900. Two years were then spent on the Santa Fe railroad, at Topeka, Kansas, as assistant superintendent of motive power. He next served as superintendent of motive power on the Seaboard Air Line railroad, and then for the Virginian railway at Norfolk, Virginia. On April 2, 1910, he came to Ridley Park, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, to act as superintendent for the Baldwin Locomotive Works, and he has been given charge of their plant at Eddystone, which employs approximately six thousand men.

Mr. Sanderson married, in October, 1882, Clare Otey, born in Lynchburg, Virginia, and they have one son: Richard, who is in business in the city of New York.

The immigrant ancestor of the Rodgers family, of Brandywine Summit, was James Rodgers, a landscape gardener of Ireland, who came to America in 1847, where he followed the same occupation until his death. He and his wife adhered to the Catholic faith. Children: John; James, died in 1864; Mary; Arthur; Thomas; Susan; Joseph, a member of Company D, 95th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, killed in the battle of the Wilderness; Alexander Augustine, of further mention.

(II) Alexander Augustine, youngest child of James Rodgers, was born in Ireland, in 1847, and died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, April 16, 1908. He grew to manhood in Philadelphia, where he attended first the public school and then a private institution on Pine street. Leaving school, he learned the printers trade, which he followed all his life. In 1864, he enlisted in the United States Marines, and on the night that President Lincoln was assassinated, he was on duty at Long Bridge, Washington, D. C. He was relieved from duty a half hour before the committal of the crime, and the marine who relieved him was arrested upon a charge, the nature of which was never revealed. In politics he was a Democrat, but never held public office. With his wife he was a member of the Catholic church. He married Margaret A. Hagerty, who died in Philadelphia, September 13, 1901, daughter of Robert James, a hotel proprietor of Philadelphia, who died there in 1900, and Catherine (Woods) Hagerty, of Armagh, Ireland. Children of Robert James and Catherine (Woods) Hagerty: Mary Ellen, married William T. Smith; William C., married Ellen Myers; John E., married Ella Kavanaugh; Elizabeth, married John Bolden; Robert J., married Susan Macauley; Catherine, married Michael Carmody; Margaret A., of previous mention, married Alexander Augustine Rodgers. Children of Alexander Augustine and Margaret A. (Hagerty) Rodgers: Joseph P., of further mention; Catherine M., married Edward F. Higgins; Margaret A.; Mary, died in infancy; Robert J.; Arthur A.; James, died in infancy; Elizabeth, died in infancy; Susan; Anna; Mary.

(III) Joseph P., eldest child of Alexander Augustine and Margaret A. (Hagerty) Rodgers, was born in Philadelphia, September 21, 1878. He obtained his early education in the parochial schools, later attending the Roman Catholic High School. His business interests are in the Kaolin and Feldspar Company of Brandywine Summit, the largest company of its kind in the United States, of which he is secretary and treasurer. In politics he is an Independent Republican, holding the office of school director in Brandywine Summit. He belongs to the Knights of Columbus, and is a past master of the Patrons of Husbandry. He married, October 21, 1907, Bessie Pusey Steele, born in Foughkenamon, Chester county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Amor M., born in Cecil county, Maryland, a miller of Unionsville, Chester county, and Sarah Elizabeth (McCoy) Steele, of Cecil county, Maryland. Children of Amor M. and Sarah Elizabeth (McCoy) Steele: Cecil; Harry; Mabel, married William Hipple; Anna, married John J. Garvine; Amos, married Hannah Collins; Bessie, of previous mention, married Joseph P. Rodgers; Raymond, married Elma Ireland. Child of Joseph P. and Bessie Pusey (Steele) Rodgers: Helen Elizabeth, born December 22, 1910.

TURNER The family of which Albert James Turner, member of the firm of Patton & Turner, of East Lansdowne, is an honored representative, is of English extraction, in which country the various members of the family were actively identified with the religious, commercial and social interests of the communities in which they resided.

(I) Thomas Turner, the earliest known ancestor of the family, was born, and lived and died in Derbyshire, England; and the active years of his life were spent as local minister in the Friends' church, he performing the sacred duties of that office faithfully and conscientiously, pointing out to the people of his congregation the right way of living and setting them an example which was well worthy of emulation. He was married twice and was the father of twenty-three children, all of whom he reared to manhood and womanhood; four of them came to this country, as follows: Richard, a tinsmith, resides in Germantown, Pennsylvania; Catherine, married William Brooks, resides in Germantown; Elizabeth, married Harry Charlesworth, resides in Germantown; James, of whom further. The father of these children died at the age of eighty-two years, honored and respected by all with whom he was brought in contact.

(II) James Turner, son of Thomas Turner by his first wife, was born in Derbyshire, England, February 25, 1861. During his youth he attended the public schools and worked as a coal miner. Upon attaining his majority he came to the United States, locating in Germantown, Pennsylvania, where he learned the trade of bricklayer, which he followed until twenty-seven years of age, when he became a contractor, and he has since devoted his attention to that work, contracting for all kinds of concrete, stone and brick work, and has achieved a fair degree of success in his undertaking, being a man of energy and perseverance. He is a Republican in politics, and in religion he and his wife are members of the Episcopal church. Mr. Turner married Maria Willis, born in Essex, England, April 20, 1862, daughter of Joshua Willis, who was superintendent of a large estate in Essex, and died at the age of seventy-nine years. The first wife of Joshua Willis died at the birth of her daughter, Maria, mentioned above, and the other children of this union were: Joseph, who left home and was never heard from again; Samuel, who resides in Essex, England, serving as superintendent of the estate his father served; Alice, married a Mr. Killenback, both of whom are deceased. By his second

wife Mr. Willis had no children. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Turner: Albert James, of whom further; Florence, Willis and Thomas, all of whom reside at home.

(III) Albert James Turner, eldest son of James and Maria (Willis) Turner, was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, August 6, 1883. He attended the public schools of Germantown, and later took a course of architectural drafting in Drexel Institute, Philadelphia. He then accepted a position as draftsman with the Conklin, Armstrong Terra Cotta Company, in whose employ he remained for seven years, and in 1908 accepted a similar position with William Grey & Sons, remaining with them for two years. At the expiration of this period of time he formed a partnership with Harry E. Patton, under the style of Patton & Turner, dealers in coal, feed and building materials, locating at the corner of Fifth street and Baltimore avenue, Fernwood, and during the three years of this connection their business has increased greatly in volume and importance, ranking now among the chiefest in that locality. Mr. Turner possesses the attributes of a successful merchant, energy, perseverance, determination and pluck. In religion he is a member of the Presbyterian church, a Republican in politics, and fraternally a member of the Royal Arcanum.

Mr. Turner married, September 2, 1909, Mabel Bardsley Barr, born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, December 27, 1885, daughter of Samuel and Florence Barr. Mr. Barr is in charge of the stock department of a woolen mill in Germantown, Pennsylvania. Children: Albert Edwin, born October 16, 1910; Mildred May, born June 24, 1912. In 1913 Mr. Turner erected his present house, which is attractive in appearance and modern in every respect, and here Mr. and Mrs. Turner, who are highly thought of in the neighborhood, offer hospitable welcome to all who come.

Ireland has furnished many men to this country, who have assisted in building up her prosperity and have aided nobly in maintaining her prestige; and this is most certainly the case with the members of the Bryan family, now of Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

(I) Patrick Bryan was born in Ireland, and after his marriage and the birth of three of his children, immigrated to the United States, and made his home at Little Falls, New York, where he was engaged in business as a manufacturer of shoes until his death. He employed a number of men to assist him in the industry of which he was the head, and was a man of considerable influence in the town in which he lived, although he was naturally of a quiet and retiring disposition. In religion he and his wife were both members of the Roman Catholic church. He married Bridget ———, also a native of Ireland, and their children were: Edwin R., a lumberman, who died in Philadelphia; Thomas, a liveryman, who died in New York state; Michael, the only son now living, was a farmer near Canajoharie, New York; Mary, who married Andrew Armstrong, now deceased, lives in Corning, New York; James Simpson, see forward; Rose, married John B. McBurney, and lives in Corning, New York; John, a wholesale liquor dealer, died in Utica, New York.

(II) James Simpson, son of Patrick and Bridget Bryan, was born at Little Falls, New York, December 25, 1856. He received an excellent education in the public schools of his section of the country, and this was supplemented by a complete course at the Elmira Seminary. For the long period of twenty-four years he was the manager of the "Philadelphia Times," after which he organized the Electric Horseshoe Company, of which he was elected president.

This corporation commenced its business operations on Walnut street, below Fifth street, Philadelphia, but before it had been long established, Mr. Bryan died, June 7, 1901. In political matters he was a staunch supporter of Republican principles. About 1898 he removed to Yeadon, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and it was there that his death occurred. In that town he served as a councilman for the period of one year, and also was influential in starting the electric light system in the town. He was naturally active and energetic, and to these traits he added a marvelous power of systematizing work, which enabled him to accomplish wonders. He displayed fine public spirit, and by his example many others were influenced to act for the benefit of the community. His widow and children removed to Lansdowne about 1905, and have lived there since that time.

Mr. Bryan married, July 1, 1882, Elizabeth E. Savage, who was born in Philadelphia. Her father, John Savage, was born in England, and immigrated to America; he was a tailor by trade, but in this country was mostly engaged as a salesman for Wanamaker & Brown; he died young. Mr. Savage married Ellen Jane Hagerty who, married (second) William Maloney. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan had children: Edwin Ridgeway, a chauffeur, who resides at Cape May, New Jersey; Eleanor Adele, died at the age of twelve years; James Vincent, lives in Lansdowne; Arthur Savage, resides with his mother.

For over two centuries the Stewart family has been established in Pennsylvania. The English emigrant, John Stewart, founded the American branch. He came from England about 1670, landed in New York, and from there made his way into Delaware. After the founding of the colony of Pennsylvania by William Penn in 1675, he drifted to Philadelphia with several boon companions. Eventually he located in the province, married and reared a large family. Among his descendants was John Stewart, of whom further.

(I) John Stewart was born in Port Penn, Newcastle county, Delaware, where his family had been established for generations. He was a farmer and owned five hundred acres of fertile farming and wood land, and here he lived and died before reaching the prime of life. In his day he was prominent, and was looked up to by his neighbors. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Rosana H. Cozens, like himself of a family who had long resided in Port Penn. They were the parents of five or six children, among whom was Homer C., of whom further.

(II) Homer C. Stewart, son of John and Rosana H. (Cozens) Stewart, was born January 24, 1840, in Port Penn, Newcastle county, Delaware, and died November 26, 1904, in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. When a boy of four or five his father died and his mother married a Mr. Smith; and after receiving a preparatory education in the common schools of Delaware, he went to work at the age of sixteen. He was in the employ of a general mercantile store in St. George's, Delaware, where he remained for many years. At the outbreak of hostilities between the North and South, Mr. Stewart enlisted in Company A, Ninety-first Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, for three years, being discharged after one year for disability, induced by a long and severe attack of typhoid fever from which he recuperated with difficulty. At the close of the war he moved to Philadelphia, where he was engaged as an expert bookkeeper for eight years. When he received the offer, he accepted the position of cashier on the Westchester and Media railroad, and then that of treasurer of the Baltimore Central Railroad Company, and these positions he held until the two roads with which he was connected, passed by purchase to

the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. On looking around for an opening to establish a business of his own, he found it in the real estate business, then in its infancy, in Lansdowne. Mr. Stewart was the first and chief pioneer in this line of endeavor in Lansdowne, and it is largely due to his judicious advertising and handling of real estate, that the place grew by leaps and bounds from a village to its present proportions. He laid out a large tract of land, known as Lansdowne Park, into streets and lots, and placed them on the market for building purposes. He continued in this business until a short while before his death. Mr. Stewart built many homes on Lansdowne, Baltimore, Windmere and Stewart avenues, the latter avenue being named for him. In politics he was a Republican, but he never held any office except that of town councilman on one occasion, his time and attention being too deeply engrossed with his interests to divide it with politics. In religion he was a member of the Presbyterian church, and his wife of the Society of Friends. He was one of the most public spirited and influential men that Lansdowne has had. Always he was in the forefront on all questions pertaining to the welfare of Lansdowne, and he was unfailing in his efforts to help towards material prosperity and a larger population. In his death the citizens of the place felt that they had suffered an almost irretrievable loss.

Mr. Stewart married, in 1868, Margaret L. Hibberd, born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, a daughter of Joseph and Emily Hibberd. Both were descended from old Quaker families, the progenitors of which came from England upon the invitation of William Penn in 1680, to Pennsylvania. Mr. Hibberd was a successful farmer and a large land owner. Children of Homer C. and Margaret L. (Hibberd) Stewart: 1. Helen, married Horace Haffleigh, and lives in Lansdowne; children, Homer and Horace. 2. Estelle C., married Henry W. Pratt.

ANDERSON The Anderson family herein recorded springs from James Anderson, an emigrant from Scotland, who married Elizabeth Jerman, daughter of a Quaker preacher and thrifty miller. They settled in the Pickering valley, their farm bordering on Pickering creek in what is now Schuylkill township, Chester county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Captain Patrick Anderson, son of James and Elizabeth (Jerman) Anderson, was born on the home farm on Pickering creek, July 24, 1719, died in 1793, and is buried in the yard of Valley Episcopal Church. When a babe he was occasionally left with a friendly Indian woman to be nursed while his mother visited her parents across the mountain. He was educated in Philadelphia, and in early life taught a private school in his father's house. He became prominent in public life, became the owner of the farm, and at an early date built the saw mill that later was owned by his great-grandson, Dr. M. J. Pennypacker. Long before the revolution he had made himself influential, and a letter is yet preserved, written by William Moore, of Hall, November 5, 1755, to William Allen, chief justice of the colony, recommending Patrick Anderson for a captaincy.

In the struggle that brought forth a nation, he bore a patriot's part. In 1774 he was a member of the Chester county committee, of which Anthony Wayne was chairman. In March, 1776, he was appointed by the assembly, senior captain of the Pennsylvania Battalion of Infantry, and though advanced in years accepted the honor and recruited a company. This battalion, under command of Colonel Samuel J. Atlee, fought with gallantry at the battle of Long Island, Captain Anderson's company losing heavily in killed and wounded. His friend and neighbor, Lieutenant-Colonel Caleb Parry, was

killed by his side, and Colonel Atlee, having been captured, the command of the shattered battalion developed upon Captain Anderson. A letter from him to Benjamin Franklin, dated September 22, 1776, detailing the condition of the battalion, may be found in the Pennsylvania archives. At the capture of Fort Washington, all or nearly all of the company were taken prisoners, and on January, 1777, he made application for a lieutenant colonelcy, but does not appear to have received it. The company was reorganized and consolidated with other troops, and Captain Anderson placed in command of the first company of the State Regiment of Foot, later commanded a company in the Thirteenth Pennsylvania Regiment of the Continental line. He was in the service in the fall of 1777, when the British passed through Chester county during the campaign for the possession of Chester. At his farm they wreaked special vengeance, destroying a great deal of furniture, also carrying off cattle and fowls to the value of three hundred and three pounds. A mirror, which had been part of the marriage portion of his dead wife, escaped and is still preserved in the Pennypacker family.

In October, 1778, he was elected a member of the assembly, and after a long contest obtained his seat in that body. He was reelected in 1779, 1780 and 1781, and as a member voted against all effort to abolish slavery in Chester county, being himself a slave owner. In April, 1779, he wrote to the Council of Safety in regard to election of militia officers in Chester county, as conducted by Colonel Levi Gronow, and that election was declared null and void. In 1781 he was appointed by the assembly one of the board of commissioners to provide for the navigation of the Schuylkill river.

Captain Anderson married (first) at Christ Church, Philadelphia, December 22, 1748, Hannah Martin, who bore him Rebecca and Harriet. He married (second) Elizabeth Morris, a granddaughter of John Bartholomew and sister of Colonels Edward and Benjamin Bartholomew. She bore him: Isaac, of whom further; James and Elizabeth. He married (third) Ann Beaton, a sister of Colonel John Beaton, who bore him seven children.

(III) Hon. Isaac Anderson, son of Captain Patrick and his second wife, Elizabeth Morris Anderson, was born November 23, 1760, died October 27, 1838. When a boy he was a great favorite with the Indians, who yet frequented the valley of the Pickering and often accompanied them on their fishing and hunting trips. Though but a boy when the Revolution commenced, he entered into it with all a boy's ardor and was one of the squad who visited and searched the house of William Moore, the Loyalist, looking for arms. In the fall of 1777, during the British invasion, he was lieutenant of a militia company that marched to Washington's assistance, and while the army lay at Valley Forge, he carried dispatches to and from the congress sitting at York. He was a Democrat, and after the war was appointed justice of the peace. From 1803 to 1807 he was representative in congress. In 1816 he was a presidential elector and at one time was prominently mentioned for governor. He was one of the earliest members of the Methodist Episcopal church in the state, he and his wife having been converted and admitted in 1780. He was very zealous in religious matters and was a local preacher. A history of Charlestown township written by him was published in "Potter's American Monthly" for January, 1875.

Isaac Anderson married Mary Lane, born in Providence township, now Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, May 22, 1762, daughter of Edward and Sarah (Richardson) Lane; granddaughter of Samuel Lane, of Providence, and great-granddaughter of Edward Lane, a son of William and Cecile (Love) Lane, of Bristol, England. The Lanes were early settlers of Plymouth township and founders of St. James' Episcopal Church. Mary Lane was a great-

great-granddaughter of Samuel Richardson, one of the earliest Philadelphia judges and provincial councilors; also a great-great-granddaughter of Barbara Aubrey, a first cousin of the William Aubrey who married Letitia Penn, whose ancestor, Sir Reginald Aubrey, was one of the Norman conquerors of Wales in the twelfth century. Isaac Anderson was six feet four inches in height, a man of great muscular strength and equal firmness of character. Among his eleven children was Dr. James Anderson, who had three sons, also physicians, in fact Chester county has never since been without its Dr. Anderson.

(IV) Dr. Isaac (2) Anderson, son of Hon. Isaac and Mary (Lane) Anderson, was born in Schuylkill township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, died in Norristown, Pennsylvania, aged over seventy years. He was a practicing physician, eminent in his profession and a man of high standing in his community. He married Mary Smith, born in Haverford township, Chester county, daughter of Benjamin and Margaret (Dunn) Smith. Benjamin Smith, a farmer, was of a prominent early Chester county family. Children of Dr. Isaac (2) Anderson: Benjamin Smith, of whom further; Elizabeth, now residing in Westchester, married (first) Washington Baldwin, (second) William Fisher, also deceased; Charlotte, died unmarried; Samuel Lane, died in Bryn Mawr in 1907.

(V) Dr. Benjamin Smith Anderson, eldest son of Dr. Isaac (2) and Mary (Smith) Anderson, was born on the farm now a part of West Philadelphia, in 1821, died in Marple township, Delaware county, in 1894. He was an eminent physician of Delaware county, practicing in Upper Darby, Haverford and Marple townships until his death. He married Julia, daughter of Lane Scofield, of Chester county, at one time commissioner of Philadelphia. Mrs. Anderson survives her husband and resides with her children, who all reside in Delaware, Daughin and Chester counties; Children: 1. Elizabeth H., resides in West Chester. 2. Edward Lane, M. D., born in 1857, died in December, 1887. 3. Julia, married Jacob Stauffer, for the past twenty years a resident of Harrisburg, where he holds a state position. 4. Mary F., married George R. North, a farmer of Lyndell, Chester county. 5. B. Hayes S., now a real estate agent of Philadelphia, but a resident of Haverford township, Delaware county. He was the owner of the old mill property in Haverford that had been in the family since 1682, but had been sold and out of the family for many years, until purchased by Mr. Anderson, who later sold it to the Springfield Water Company, but retained part of the original acres. 6. Virginia D., resides in West Chester. 7. S. Lane, M. D., a practicing physician of Nottingham, Chester county, was born October 12, 1864, and in his youth attended the public school of Marple township and Hillcroft Academy. After a year in Nebraska he returned to Delaware county and began the study of medicine at the Medico Chirurgical Hospital, whence he was graduated M. D. in 1892. After an association with that hospital and St. Clement's in Philadelphia, he located at Chadds Ford, where he was in successful practice for several years, later moving to his present location. He married, October 6, 1898, Julia, daughter of William T. and Sophia (Simmons) Porter, of Wilmington, Delaware. Children: S. Lane (2d), born December 1, 1902; Sophia Simmons, born May 18, 1904. 8. Nathan Garrett, of whom further. 9. Josephine W., married Dr. R. Knip, of Norristown.

(VI) Nathan Garrett, son of Dr. Benjamin Smith and Julia (Scofield) Anderson, was born in Haverford township, Delaware county, October 24, 1866. He attended the public schools in Upper Darby until fourteen years of age, then began farming, working at that occupation until 1891. Since that date he has been successfully engaged in the lumber business, residing since

1895 at Ridley Park. He is a Republican in politics and has served as auditor of Ridley township.

Mr. Anderson married, March 21, 1888, in Media, Pennsylvania, Annie Harrison Hill, born in Marple township, Delaware county, daughter of Peter and Elizabeth (Davis) Hill, both deceased. Peter Hill was a farmer and mill owner of Ridley township. Children: Esther Garrett, born in Upper Darby township, February 16, 1889, a graduate of Ridley High School; Beulah Bartleson, born in Springfield township, November 14, 1893.

Benjamin Hayes Smith Anderson, son of Dr. Benjamin S. ANDERSON (q. v.) and Julia (Scofield) Anderson, was born in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, August 20, 1861. For a period of three years he was a pupil in the public schools of Marple township, then completed his education in a private school conducted in Broomall township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, by the Misses Hotchkins, and known as Mann's Seminary. He was graduated from this institution in 1892, and from that time was engaged in the milling business in Haverford township until 1904. In that year he established himself in the real estate business in the city of Philadelphia, and has been successfully identified with it since that time. He has, however, continued to reside in his beautiful home at Llanerch, Haverford township.

Mr. Anderson married, in 1887, Mary W., daughter of Maris W. and Elvira (Clark) Leedom, of Haverford township, where the former is engaged in milling. Children: Edward Lane, who holds a clerkship with the Real Estate Trust Company of Philadelphia; Benjamin Hayes Smith Jr., engaged in farming in Texas; Elvira L., at home; Elizabeth P., also at home; Mary W., a pupil at the high school. Mr. Anderson is a strong Republican, and until very recent years was an active worker in the interests of that party. His fraternal affiliations consist of membership in the Cassia Lodge, No. 273, Free and Accepted Masons, of Ardmore, Pennsylvania.

Although a son of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, John MIL-
LUTZ ton Lutz has since early youth been a resident of Delaware county, where he has achieved prominence in business and political life.

Mr. Lutz is a grandson of Adams Lutz, born in Pennsylvania, who married a Miss Bisbing and had children: Hiram, George Mahlon, Albert, Mary and Hannah. George Mahlon, the second son, married Mary Martha, a daughter of Clement and Lavina Collom, and a few years later settled in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, where he was engaged in the butchering business until 1882. In that year he moved to Philadelphia, surrendering his business to his son. Children of George Mahlon and Mary M. Lutz: John Milton, of further mention; Charles Hiram, who married Hettie Dermond and has a daughter, Myrtle; Philip Melancthon.

John Milton, eldest son of George Mahlon and Mary M. (Collom) Lutz, was born in Three Tuns, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, October 18, 1857. He was educated in the public schools of West Philadelphia and Hestonville, and during his youth assisted his father in his meat market. After leaving school he continued in his father's employ, becoming familiar with every detail, and so well qualified was he that in 1882, on the removal of his father to Philadelphia, John M. became his business successor. From 1882 until January 1, 1899, he was successfully engaged in the meat business in Upper Darby township. On the latter date he sold out. Later he became one of the organ-

izers of what is now the Clifton Heights National Bank, being named in the charter with other leading men of the county, and he is now its president, the successor of Mr. Henry T. Kent, its first president. He is also president of the West Philadelphia Bank, No. 36 South Fifty-second street.

Mr. Lutz is a Republican in politics, and has given much of his time to the public service. For thirty years he served on the school board of Upper Darby township; was seven years its treasurer, and thirteen years secretary of the board. In 1905 he was elected director of the poor for Delaware county, serving two years. In 1907 he was elected to the State Legislature, serving with credit one term. He has been for seven years chairman of the executive committee of Delaware county. Mr. Lutz is a member of the Baptist church, and of several of the fraternal societies of the county, among them being the Masonic order, belonging to lodge, chapter, commandery of Knights Templar, and to the Mystic Shrine, and the Odd Fellows order.

Mr. Lutz married, April 25, 1883, Mary Jane, daughter of Patrick and Esther (Chambers) Dermond; children: Lavina M., Howard M., and Mary M. The family resides on the Westchester road, between Llanerch and the Sixty-ninth street terminal, the old homestead.

BOWERS On the north side of the Baltimore Pike, between Morton and Swarthmore, is situated the beautiful old home of the late Mrs.

P. Pemberton Morris, who purchased it from Mrs. Henry Ogden in 1893. It contains about ten acres, is one of the best known places in Delaware county and is remarkable for its fine old trees. It is now owned by Mrs. Morris' daughter, Miss Virginia Roberts Bowers, whose city residence is at No. 1818 Pine street, Philadelphia.

BOND Among the well known and enterprising dairymen and fruit growers of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is Lewis H. Bond, whose family has been active in this field for a number of generations. Harmon B. Bond, his grandfather, was born in Frazer, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1800, and died there at the age of eighty-one years. His business activities were of a threefold nature, as he was occupied as a miller, a farmer and a dairyman. He was a strong supporter of the Republican party, and an earnest member of the Episcopal church. He married Martha J. Gray, and had children: Benjamin J. (see forward); Harmon B., and Sarah J., who married William Rogers.

Benjamin J., son of Harmon B. and Martha J. (Gray) Bond, was born in Frazer, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1830, and died in June, 1913. He was the owner of one hundred and ten acres of land in Chester county, which he cultivated for general farming and dairy purposes. In political matters he was a Republican, and in religious, an Episcopalian. He married Margaret, daughter of Charles and Margret Jane Coulter, and had children, all now living, as follows: Harmon, Darlington; Lewis H. (see forward); Winfield, Harvey, Martha, William.

Lewis H., son of Benjamin J. and Margaret (Coulter) Bond, was born in Frazer, Chester county, Pennsylvania, May 21, 1859. He attended the public schools of his native township, receiving what was then considered a sound, practical education. Even while he attended school his spare time was devoted to assisting his father in the labors of the farm, and upon the completion of his education all of his time was devoted to such occupations. He became thoroughly familiar with all the details of farm and dairy work, and at

the age of twenty-one years, established himself independently. Then for a period of twenty-eight years he conducted a dairy successfully at Philadelphia. In June, 1910, he purchased fifty-eight acres of land at Newtown Square, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, this property having been known as the Pratt farm since the days of William Penn. The house still standing on it was erected in 1735. Mr. Bond has become greatly interested in fruit culture, and has set out several hundred young peach trees; he will undoubtedly have one of the finest peach orchards, in the course of time, in this region.

Mr. Bond married, in 1888, Emma J., daughter of Joseph Frame, of West Chester, Pennsylvania. They have one child: Harvey, born in February, 1889. He received a fine education in the Philadelphia schools, and is now a motorcycle mechanic.

Edward Nathan Grimm Davis, one of the younger generation of DAVIS business men who have done so much to increase the prosperity of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a worthy representative of the Davis family, which has been noted for some generations for the business acumen displayed by its members.

Edward Davis, his grandfather, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and was active in the agricultural circles of that section of the country. He married Drucilla Gardner, and had children: William Thomas (see forward); Susanna R., deceased; Henry G., deceased; Kezia G.; George L., deceased; Edith A., Hannah T., deceased.

William Thomas, son of Edward and Drucilla (Gardner) Davis, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, August 13, 1830. His early education was acquired in his native township in the public schools, and this was supplemented by a course in the boarding school of Jonathan Gause, at Greenwood, Chester county. He then returned to the farm of his father and assisted in its management until the death of his father, which occurred in 1854. He continued farming for about eighteen months, then engaged in the cattle droving business. In 1856 he rented the Grubb farm, consisting of about two hundred acres in Chester county, and managed this very successfully until 1866, when he disposed of his interest. He removed to Newtown Square, where he carried on his business as a drover for the period of one year, then bought a hotel, which he conducted personally until 1897, and of which he is still the proprietor, although it is under other management. Another line of business with which he was successfully identified was that of auctioneering, and he still carried on his business as a drover. He is indeed a man of many sided business ability. He retired from active business pursuits in 1897 and erected the handsome residence in which he now lives, this being equipped with every modern convenience. In addition he is the owner of thirty-seven acres of land in Newtown township. In politics Mr. Davis is a Republican, and has very ably filled the office of supervisor, and has also acted for one term as auditor. Mr. Davis married, in 1879, Sarah J., a daughter of John and Hannah (Thomas) Kirk. They have had one son.

Edward Nathan Grimm, son of William Thomas and Sarah J. (Kirk) Davis, was born in Newtown Square, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 20, 1880. He was the recipient of a very comprehensive education, this consisting of attendance first at the public schools of Newtown Square, then at West Chester, next the St. Luke's School at Bustleton, and lastly two years were spent at Swarthmore College. For about seven years Mr. Davis was engaged in the lumber and coal business. Having become interested in the real estate business, he established himself as a real estate broker, with the usual

side lines, and is now successfully identified with that. Like his father, he supports the Republican party, and for the past eight years he has been a member of the order of Free and Accepted Masons. He and his wife attend services at the Episcopal church.

Mr. Davis married, in 1906, Amelia, a daughter of Horatio Lavender. They have two children: Elizabeth L., born in 1908, and William Thomas, born in 1911.

The Barker family, of which Henry S. Barker, of Lansdowne, BARKER Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a representative, came to this country originally in the early Colonial days, from England. Owing to loss of records from various causes, it is not possible to trace the family in the mother country, but in America the ancestral line is as follows, after their settlement in Massachusetts:

(I) Richard Barker, the immigrant ancestor.

(II) Stephen, son of Richard Barker.

(III) Ebenezer, son of Stephen Barker.

(IV) Asa, son of Ebenezer Barker, married a daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth Pierce, whose brother, Governor Benjamin Pierce, of New Hampshire, was the father of Franklin Pierce, president of the United States.

(V) Asa, son of Asa and ——— (Pierce) Barker, was a stonecutter and blacksmith. He lived in Chelmsford, Massachusetts, until about 1812, at which time he removed to Tyngsboro, Massachusetts. He married (first) Sarah Foster, (second) Anna Jones.

(VI) Charles, son of Asa and Anna (Jones) Barker, removed to Philadelphia about 1856 in order to look after the interests of the granite quarries which he, as a member of the firm of H. Barker & Brothers, was operating at Quincy, Massachusetts. This firm supplied the granite for many noted structures in Philadelphia, among them being the Masonic Temple and the Ridgway Library. Mr. Barker died in the fall of 1888 in Philadelphia, and the following year his widow removed to Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where she died in 1907 at the age of eighty-seven years. Mr. Barker married Christiana Hallstram, who was born in Massachusetts. She was the daughter of a Swedish sea captain, Jonas Hallstram, who was wrecked on the coast of Massachusetts. Children: Helen Maria, widow of Gideon A. Rider, lives in Ardmore, Pennsylvania; Charles Augustus, in Ardmore; William Henry, see forward; Albert, in Moylan, Pennsylvania.

(VII) William Henry, son of Charles and Christiana (Hallstram) Barker, was born in Quincy, Massachusetts, November 13, 1847, and was a young lad when his parents removed to Philadelphia. He was educated in the schools of that city, and when he entered upon his business career it was with William Sellers & Co., whom he left in order to form a connection with the old firm of McNichols, contractors. Subsequently he became associated with his father in the granite business, and has been identified with this since that time. Many of the most beautiful mausoleums and monuments have been erected under his personal supervision, and his ideas have been highly commended by those best competent to judge of such matters. Since 1889 he has resided in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where, in 1896, he erected the Barker building, one of the largest in the town. He is prominent in the public affairs of the community, giving his political allegiance to the Democratic party. He served as the first burgess of Lansdowne in 1893, was reelected at the expiration of his term of office and, in 1911, was appointed a member of the council to fill an unexpired term. Mr. Barker married Emily

Shurtleff, born in Philadelphia, October 29, 1847 (see Shurtleff). Children: Emily Shurtleff, married William J. Muth and lives in Lansdowne; William Shurtleff, lives in East Orange, New Jersey, where he is connected with the Public Service Corporation; Henry S., see forward.

(VIII) Henry S., son of William Henry and Emily (Shurtleff) Barker, was born in Philadelphia, January 28, 1880. His education, which was an excellent and thorough one, was received in the Friends' school in Philadelphia, and upon its completion in 1896 he established himself in business in Lansdowne as a general job printer and continued this successfully until 1902, in which year he transferred his business to Philadelphia and carried it on in that city for the next ten years. He then abandoned printing interests for the most part, and returned to Lansdowne, where he engaged in the real estate business with which he has since been identified. Since 1900 he has published the city directories for Lansdowne. In political matters Mr. Barker is an Independent, having the courage of his convictions, and preferring to do his own thinking, and he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Barker married, 1901, Anna Pearson, born in Philadelphia, a daughter of Abram G. and Sarah (Williamson) Powell, and they have had children: Henry Shurtleff Jr., born October 4, 1902, and Margaret Powell, born November 12, 1904.

(The Shurtleff Line).

(I) William Shurtleff was born in England, May 16, 1624, and came to New England at a very tender age. He is known to have been bound out as an apprentice to a carpenter, commencing May 16, 1634. He grew to maturity in the Plymouth colony and his name appears in many early records as among the officers of the colony. He is thought to have removed to Marshfield about 1660, where he resided until his death, June 23, 1666, at which time he was possessed of much real estate. He married Elizabeth Lettice and had children: William; Thomas; and Abiel, see forward.

(II) Abiel, posthumous child of William Shurtleff, was born in Marshfield, Massachusetts, in June, 1666, and died October 28, 1732. He was a "housewright" by trade, well known in his profession, and built many churches. The greater part of his life was spent at Plymouth, where he was a useful citizen, and where he held a number of public offices. Late in life he removed to Plympton, Massachusetts, and his wife died six years after they had taken up their residence there. Mr. Shurtleff was a paralytic for many years and, at about the age of fifty years was stricken with palsy, which confined him to his bed for the greater part of the time. He was the father of children: James; Elizabeth; Lydia; David; Hannah; John; Benjamin; William, see forward; Joseph; Abiel, Jr.

(III) William, son of Abiel Shurtleff, was born in Plymouth, Massachusetts, September 8, 1713, and died in Carver, Massachusetts, December 15, 1802. He married, in Plympton, Massachusetts, Deborah Ransom, and had children: Lydia; Ebenezer, see forward; Peter; Sarah; William; Anna; John; Isaac; Robert; Deborah; Priscilla.

(IV) Ebenezer, son of William and Deborah (Ransom) Shurtleff, was born in Plympton, Massachusetts, June 5, 1736, and died in Plymouth, April 25, 1776. In 1756 he served as a private under Lieutenant Nathaniel Cook, Major Moses Deshon's company, Colonel Joseph Thatcher's regiment, raised for the intended expedition against Crown Point under John Winslow, commander-in-chief. In 1759 he was a private in Captain Sylvester Richmond's company, Third Regiment of Massachusetts Provincials. He died of small-pox at his own home. He married, in Plympton, Mary Pratt and had chil-

dren: Joseph; Asaph, see forward; Mary; Sarah; William; Ebenezer; Isaac.

(V) Asaph, or Asa, son of Ebenezer and Mary (Pratt) Shurtleff, was born in Plympton (now Carver), Massachusetts, June 30, 1763, and died in Philadelphia, January 14, 1806. He served in Captain Calvin Partridge's company, Colonel Josiah Quincy's regiment, marching July 30, 1778, and being discharged September 13, 1778. He also served as a private in Captain Edwin Sparrow's company, Colonel Nathan Taylor's regiment, having enlisted July 11, 1779, for a term of six months. He married in Philadelphia, May 10, 1787, Elizabeth Foster. Children: William, see forward, and John.

(VI) William, son of Asaph and Elizabeth (Foster) Shurtleff, was born in Philadelphia, November 23, 1789, and died at sea, April 5, 1824. He was the captain of the brig "Commodore Porter," and died on a return voyage from Liverpool. He married in Philadelphia, June 26, 1812, Margaret Connelly, and had children: Elizabeth; John; William Foster; Henry Connelly, see forward; Asa Foster.

(VII) Henry Connelly, son of William and Margaret (Connelly) Shurtleff, was born in Philadelphia, August 21, 1820, and died July 21, 1895. At the time of his death he was the oldest funeral director in West Philadelphia, having been established in this business since 1842. He was a school director for a number of years, and he and his wife were members of the Asbury Methodist Episcopal Church. He married, April 4, 1844, Caroline Garnett, who was always a social leader in West Philadelphia, and who died June 20, 1897. Children: Mary Ella, died unmarried; Margaret, now deceased, married George Barton; Emily, married W. H. Barker; Henry, Harriet and William, now deceased; Charles, who resides in Lansdowne, married Hannah S. Wolfenden; Leslie and Walter, deceased; Henry Connelly, secretary and treasurer of the St. Petersburg Transportation Company, and a director in the Boca Ceiga Boat Company, St. Petersburg Electric Light and Power Company, and several others. He lives in West Philadelphia.

In 1682 a number of Palatine families left their homes in Germany for America. After William Penn had, in 1676, obtained a grant of territory from the Crown of England, now forming the state of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of making it into a refuge for his persecuted co-religionists in England, he invited all peoples suffering for their religious and political beliefs to make their home in the province of which he was feud proprietor, made so by an act of parliament, in lieu of paying him sixteen thousand pounds due him by the government on his father's estate. Almost immediately after the charter was granted him he shipped across the Atlantic many families of Quakers. Finding that they were happy in their isolation and readily became accustomed to the wilderness and its ways, he issued broadcast over Europe invitations to join the Quakers and help them build it up. The invitation was eagerly accepted by people of many religions, or of diverse faiths, and a tide of immigration set in from Germany. Among the men who emigrated was Henry Eagle, and he landed in Pennsylvania about 1682. He had been a farmer in Germany, and at once set about clearing land whereon to sow grain and plant Indian corn, until that time an unknown product to him. It is thought that he brought his wife, and, perhaps, children with him. He erected a stout log house, for in common with all arriving Europeans, he distrusted the Indians. However, in 1683, William Penn had an interview with the real owners of the soil, despite his royal charter from James II., at Shakumaxon, and concluded a treaty of lasting friendship with them, by which the colony in its infancy escaped the raids and mas-

sacres which befell other colonies. The farm that Henry Eagle first cleared, and on which he lived and died, was located in what is known as Cone-wago, now in Adams county, Pennsylvania. Later he replaced the rude log house with a more commodious one, which was burned in 1734, and with it many of the early and valuable records of the family. The family lived on the site, in another and handsomer house, for generations. Among the sons of Henry Eagle was Henry, of whom further.

(II) Henry (2) Eagle, son of Henry (1) Eagle, the Palatine emigrant, was born in the family homestead. He was a product of his time. Soon after his birth the Indians woke up to what they were pleased to call a sense of their wrongs from the white men, and during his childhood and boyhood he was daily endangered by the wily red men. He became an expert scout and Indian fighter, and joined the forces of Sir Jeffrey Amherst when he was opposing the French. He moved later in life to Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and there died. Among his children was Dominick, of whom further.

(III) Dominick Eagle, son of Henry Eagle, was born in Lancaster county. Like his forbears he was a farmer and a member of the Lutheran church; later he became a Catholic. He moved to Donegal Springs, finally retired, and died at Maytown, Pennsylvania, May 18, 1829, aged ninety-eight. He was a valiant soldier in the war of the revolution, and was buried at Elizabethtown, Pennsylvania, with military honors. He was internal revenue collector, making a splendid officer, and was probably a Federal. His wife was Mrs. Anna Poorman; she died April 7, 1840, aged eighty years. Among his sons was Henry, of whom further.

(IV) Henry (3) Eagle, son of Dominick Eagle, was born on his father's farm in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in 1784; buried at Elizabethtown, Pennsylvania, aged seventy-six. He was a farmer and a large land owner, a prominent and influential man. He and his wife were Roman Catholics, and he was quite a sportsman, being particularly devoted to fine horses. He married Anna Mary Felix, the daughter of a descendant of the Palatines; she died December 17, 1864, aged seventy-seven; her mother, Mary M. Felix, died February 2, 1819, aged eighty. Among their children was Jerome, of whom further.

(V) Jerome Eagle, son of Henry (3) and Anna Mary (Felix) Eagle, was born November 20, 1818, in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and died in 1900, in Philadelphia, and with his wife is buried in the Cathedral cemetery. He was reared on the Eagle homestead; in 1837 he went to Philadelphia and engaged as a salesman with a mercantile house. He, by close attention to his duties, however humble and exacting, finally was made partner in the firm of Robert Ewing and Company, and later in Eagle, Elliott and Company, located on Front and Chestnut streets. He continued there until 1862, when he retired. He and his wife were members of the St. James Roman Catholic Church. He married Mary Ann T. Quinn, born November 18, 1818, in Philadelphia, and died there in 1900. She was the daughter of Barnard and Catherine (Gibbons) Quinn. Barnard Quinn was the son of Edward Quinn, born in New Orleans, April 6, 1734, many years before the Louisiana Purchase, and who died in New Orleans in 1807, aged sixty-three. His wife, Jane, died August 16, 1824, aged seventy-three. Barnard moved north about 1813, after having taken part in the battle of New Orleans. He located in Philadelphia, and here married Catherine Gibbons, born in Virginia, a distant relative, or connection, of Martha Custis Washington, wife of the first president of the United States. Catherine Ann Gibbons was the daughter of ——— and Catherine (Custis) Gibbons. Mr. Quinn had been a merchant in New Orleans and continued in the same line in Philadelphia,

at Second and Spruce streets. He retired from business and died in 1860, aged seventy-five. He was originally a Presbyterian in faith, but in 1844 he accepted that of the Roman Catholic church; his wife, however, remained a Protestant, and died before his conversion. She died February 24, 1836, aged forty-three. Children of Jerome and Mary A. T. (Quinn) Eagle: 1. Cecelia, died young. 2. Edward, died aged twelve years. 3. Louis J., of whom further. 4. Jerome B., a jeweler of Knoxville, Tennessee, where he died in 1900, aged fifty-one. 5. Charles, died in 1901, aged forty-eight, in Philadelphia, an officer in the United States navy for twenty-seven years, in paymaster's department. 6. Kate, died aged fifteen. 7. Gertrude, married Henry W. Town, died November 5, 1898, aged forty-seven years, in Philadelphia. 8. Died unnamed. 9. Died unnamed.

(VI) Louis J. Eagle, son of Jerome and Mary A. T. (Quinn) Eagle, was born July 27, 1849, in Philadelphia. He received his preparatory education in the public schools, and then attended the St. Francis College, from which he graduated in 1866. Immediately before the close of the civil war he joined the national guard at Philadelphia, and is still a member of the Second Pennsylvania National Guard; served as first lieutenant until 1878, and is now on the retired list. After leaving college he studied telegraphy, and on gaining a practical knowledge was employed by the Reading railroad. While he was still telegrapher he applied himself to learning the florists' business. In 1869 he opened a place for himself at Belmont, West Philadelphia, and erected four green houses. He continued to enlarge his business to meet the demand made upon him by an appreciative public, until he finally had ten, all of the most modern design. He remained in this work for many years, at the same location, or until 1886, at times employing six or eight men in both the wholesale and retail departments. In 1887 he retired to accept the position as receiving teller in the United States treasury in Philadelphia, which he held for four years. This he resigned to accept the managership of the National Automatic Machine Company of New York, and has since retired from this. In 1898 he moved to Lansdowne, purchased a home on Rigby avenue, and now resides on Elberon avenue. In 1903 he was elected fire marshal, of Lansdowne, which place he still holds, and is now assistant state fire marshal, having been appointed to the place in 1912. Among Mr. Eagle's most cherished possessions is a Bible, a family heirloom, descending to him through the Quinn family. It is two and a half by one and a half feet, and is six inches thick, and has been in the family for over two centuries. Than Mr. Eagle there is no more highly esteemed man in Lansdowne. His intellectual attainments, education, culture and varied experiences make him delightful to meet. He is a staunch Republican; he is and his wife was a Roman Catholic. He married, in 1883, Ella C. McConnell, born in Philadelphia, a daughter of Alexander McConnell, a prominent and wealthy soap manufacturer, she died June 21, 1910. Children: 1. Mary, married H. L. Van Wyck, of New York City. 2. Agnes, at home. 3. Gertrude. 4. Louis J. Jr., a carpenter. 5. Helen. 6. Josephine. 7. Aloysius. 8. Francis. 9. Beatrice.

From the mountains of Wales came Daniel Hibberd about 1682,

HIBBERD settling in the Province of Pennsylvania, where he first obtained a tract of fifty acres of land suitable for farming purposes. He came in the capacity of a servant, thus securing the fifty acres offered by Penn to all those who came in the services of others. In 8 mo., 1697, he married Rachel Bonsall, daughter of Richard and Mary Bonsall of Darby, and took up his residence in that locality. Children: 1. Mary, born 5 mo. 22, 1698, mar-

ried John David, of Radnor, in 1718. 2. Aaron, born 2 mo. 1, 1700, married Elizabeth ——. 3. Moses, born 2 mo. 14, 1702, died 1762; married Sarah Bradshaw in 1732. 4. Phoebe, born 12 mo. 28, 1703. 5. Hannah, married in 1729, Thomas Hall, of Philadelphia. 6. Martha, married Joseph Lees, of Darby, license dated March 19, 1730. 7. Rachel, married John Pearson, of Darby, license dated July 30, 1735.

(I) Josiah Hibberd, believed to have been a brother to Daniel Hibberd, held residence in Darby in 1692. His marriage to Ann Bonsall, the ceremony being performed on 9 mo. 9, 1698, by John Blunston, Esquire, was the culmination of a courtship vigorously opposed by Richard Bonsall, father of the wife of Daniel Hibberd. Because of the old Friends' ruling, which would not permit marriages to be solemnized in meeting without the consent of the parents of the contracting parties, the union was accomplished by an official dignitary. Josiah Hibberd's name appears frequently upon the records of the day, once when on 10 mo. 7, 1692, he purchased one hundred acres of land near Fernwood from Anthony Morgan, conveying the same to Josiah Fearne, on 3 mo. 1, 1711; again as the purchaser of two hundred and fifty acres of land west of Kellyville on June 30, 1710; and once more when he bought five hundred acres in Willistown from Martha Barker, of London, by deeds of lease and release, dated May 16 and 17, 1722. He died intestate 6 mo. 16, 1744, conveying most of his lands to his sons, John and Benjamin. Children: 1. John, born 11 mo. 18, 1699, died 9 mo. 25, 1766; married (first) Deborah Lewis, (second) Mary Mendenhall and (third) Margaret Havard. 2. Joseph (of further mention). 3. Josiah, born 7 mo. 28, 1702, died 11 mo. 13, 1727-1728, unmarried. 4. Abraham, born 9 mo. 28, 1703, died unmarried. 5. Mary, born 6 mo. 29, 1705, died 12 mo. 1782, married Benjamin Lobb. 6. Benjamin, born 2 mo. 27, 1707, died 1783, married Phoebe Sharpless. 7. Elizabeth, born 12 mo. 11, 1708-1709, died 3 mo. 19, 1739, unmarried. 8. Sarah, born 3 mo. 19, 1711, died 2 mo. 24, 1795, married Samuel Garrett. 9. Isaac, born 1 mo. 16, 1712-1713, died about 1797, married Mary Lownes. 10. Ann, born 3 mo. 12, 1715, married John Ash of Darby in 1744. 11. Jacob, born 2 mo. 21, 1718, died 1750, married Jane Garrett. Child: Esther, married her cousin, Isaac Lobb, in 1762.

(II) Joseph, son of Josiah and Ann (Bonsall) Hibberd, was born 11 mo. 20, 1700, died 6 mo. 11, 1737. He married (first) 8 mo. 16, 1723, at Darby Meeting, Elizabeth, daughter of Josiah and Sarah Fearne, who died at the birth of a daughter, 1 mo. 11, 1725-1726; (second) 11 mo. 26, 1731, Elizabeth, daughter of William and Mary Garrett, of Darby, who married again in 1756, her second husband being Stephen Hoopes, of Westtown. Child of Joseph and Elizabeth (Fearne) Hibberd: Elizabeth, born 12 mo. 20, 1725, married Benjamin Bonsall. Children of Joseph and Elizabeth (Garrett) Hibberd: Hezekiah (of further mention) and Mary, died 5 mo. 18, 1742.

(III) Hezekiah, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Garrett) Hibberd, was born in Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 7 mo. 28, 1735, buried in Darby Meeting churchyard, 4 mo. 1, 1806. He married Mary Holloway, born in Newton township, now Camden county, New Jersey, December 16, 1733, died in Darby 1 mo. 8, 1795, daughter of Tobias and Mary (Griscom) Holloway, the former coming from Bristol, England, in 1714, and being married in New Jersey in 1732. For several years Hezekiah Hibberd and his wife were residents of Philadelphia, but in 1778 moved to Darby. Children: 1. Hezekiah, born 1761, died aged four years. 2. John, born 10 mo. 14, 1763, died 6 mo. 1, 1790, married Rebecca Davis. 3. Joseph (of further mention). 4. Elizabeth, born 1 mo. 26, 1773, believed to have died unmarried.

(IV) Joseph, son of Hezekiah and Mary (Holloway) Hibberd, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 5 mo. 12, 1765. He was a large land owner, a

successful farmer and a life-long resident of Darby; his wife, Hannah, born 3 mo. 13, 1771, daughter of Abraham and Mary (Hinde) Bonsall, whom he married at Darby Meeting, 12 mo. 9, 1790, likewise being a native of that place. Children: 1. John (of further mention). 2. Joseph, married Emily, daughter of Samuel Levis, of Upper Darby; children: Samuel Levis, William and Margaret. Samuel Levis Hibberd was born in Upper Darby on 4 mo. 13, 1835, and lived on the old homestead until he attained man's estate, obtaining his education in the public schools. Until 1880 he was a farmer, abandoning agricultural pursuits in that year and taking up residence in Lansdowne. He married in Chicago, Illinois, 6 mo. 1, 1862, Novella R., daughter of Dr. A. E. and Martha M. (Sloan) Small. Children: Talbot L., born 5 mo. 5, 1864, married Elizabeth Webb and has children: Harriet, Novella and Levis; Sloan E., born 2 mo. 2, 1867; Emily L., born 7 mo. 11, 1877; Samuel L. (2), born 2 mo. 14, 1880. 3. Elizabeth, married 12 mo. 7, 1820, Abram Powell, of Upper Darby. 4. Hannah, married Charles Garrett, 3 mo. 14, 1811. 5. Rebecca, married Thomas Powell.

(V) John, son of Joseph and Hannah (Bonsall) Hibberd, was born at the Hibberd homestead in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, 3 mo. 22, 1796, died in Philadelphia, on Fortieth street, near Market, 1 mo. 23, 1866. He became a prosperous farmer, owning considerable land, his home being on the Baltimore pike at what is known as the Charles Kelly homestead. He continued his agricultural activities until about 1853, when he sold his farm property and moved to Philadelphia, where both he and his wife died. They were both members of the Society of Friends. He married, 11 mo. 17, 1825, at Springfield Meeting, Henrietta, born in Springfield, 5 mo. 15, 1805, died 5 mo. 21, 1885, daughter of John, born 3 mo. 19, 1767, died 5 mo. 11, 1839, and Mary Levis, born 6 mo. 20, 1778, died 8 mo. 28, 1827. Children of John and Henrietta Hibberd: 1. John L., born 12 mo. 14, 1827, died 6 mo. 25, 1867, married, 9 mo. 8, 1855, Elizabeth Parry; a veteran of the civil war. He had one child Hannah. 2. Joseph H., born 7 mo. 11, 1829, died 2 mo. 15, 1879, a veteran of the civil war, died unmarried. 3. Abraham B., born 7 mo. 13, 1831, died in Philadelphia, 3 mo., 1891, retired; married Mary, daughter of John Entriken. 4. Samuel Hezekiah (of whom further). 5. Hannah B., born 8 mo. 22, 1835, married Thomas Reed and died in Marple township, Delaware county, December 24, 1909. 6. Thomas Henry, born 10 mo. 4, 1837, died in Philadelphia, at his mother's home, unmarried, 12 mo. 15, 1875; a veteran of the civil war.

(VI) Samuel Hezekiah, son of John and Henrietta (Levis) Hibberd, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 7 mo. 3 da., 1833. He was educated in the schools of Haverford township and spent his early life at the home farm. After his marriage he moved to a farm of seventy acres owned by his father-in-law and also managed an adjoining farm, making a tract of two hundred acres under his immediate charge. At the death of his father-in-law, Mr. Hibberd purchased the property from the heirs and there continued a successful farmer until 1897, when he retired from active life. He sold his farm to John P. Lathrop, a contractor and builder, reserving, however, five acres on which he built a good stone residence, which is yet his home. The stone and sand used in the construction of his home came from his own land, a stone quarry and sand bank being among the valuable features of the property. From youth Mr. Hibberd has been active in the Hicksite Society of Friends, is now treasurer of Merion Preparative Meeting and an elder of both Haverford and Merion Meetings. In politics he was for many years a Republican, but has shaken off party allegiance and is independent in his political action.

He married, in Philadelphia, 12 mo. 19, 1860, Margaret Jones Cooper, born 8 mo. 19, 1837, died 12 mo. 21, 1902, daughter of Townsend, a farmer and carpenter, and Mary R. (Lukens) Cooper. Townsend Cooper was a son of Joseph and Sarah (Townsend) Cooper; Mary R. Lukens, a daughter of Levi and Mary Lukens, of Haverford. Children: 1. Mary Lukens, born 1 mo. 26, 1864; she married George C. Dickinson. He died May 22, 1911. 2. John Henry, born 6 mo. 17, 1867. He married Sarah L. Hagey.

It is given to few men to live as long and useful a life as has McEWEN been vouchsafed by Providence to William McEwen, the highly interesting nonagenarian resident of Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Within eight years of rounding out his century on this earth, he is to-day (1913) a hearty, healthy man, enjoying full possession of his mental faculties and physical strength, is able to converse on any topic of general interest, and to pursue his vocation if it so pleases him. He descends from an ancient and long lived family of Londonderry, Ireland, the members of which have for centuries been law-abiding, God-fearing subjects of the English Crown. The McEwen family has been established in that stronghold of Protestantism, Londonderry, for many generations; the members thereof have upheld the faith of their fathers in strain and stress, have given their allegiance to the King of England, and have contributed by their moral, physical and financial support to the growth of their country, their birth place and their church. They have become an integral part of the body politic and economic.

(1) Andrew Crawford McEwen was born in Londonderry, Ireland, about 1770, and died in 1851, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, at the age of eighty, soon after he joined his son, William McEwen, in this country. Both he and his wife are buried at Fourth and Race streets, Philadelphia. He was educated in the schools of his native place, being studious and eager for knowledge, he readily assimilated all information that was offered him, either in school or by independent reading. He was an omnivorous reader, in consequence of which, by comparison, he was able to outline the future trend of events, which made him regarded as a kind of prophet by his fellow townsmen. Always active, energetic, generous and kind there was not a man in Londonderry, of whatever station in life, who received a greater respect from the public than he. He was a clear thinker; a member of the Protestant Episcopal church when it was dangerous to admit it. Being an expert shoemaker his shop was much visited by the quality in search of foot wear that coincided to their ideas of the fashion. In this way he came in contact with men, and women, who were above his station in life, but none refused him their respect, and many heeded his words of wisdom, to their great benefit. Naturally he was an Orangeman, and led that party to more than one victory. He was an authority on the Bible, making it, during the latter years of his life, his one study. At the age of eighty he gave up his business and emigrated to the United States, to join his children, who had preceded him. He was enabled to appreciate all that had been accomplished by them in the new country, before his death, and great was his pleasure in contemplating it. He married, in Londonderry, Susanna Laughlin, the daughter of a neighbor. Like her husband she came of Protestant stock, and was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church until the day of her death, which occurred a few years after her husband's, at the home of her son, William McEwen. She is interred beside her husband. Children: 1. Ann, born in Londonderry, Ireland, married. ——— Steele, died at Carakeel, Pennsylvania. 2. James, born in London-

derry, died in New York city. 3. Andrew, born in Londonderry, died in Philadelphia, a shoemaker. 4. Mary Jane, born in Londonderry, married William Clemens, died in Philadelphia. 5. William, of whom further.

(II) William McEwen, son of Andrew Crawford and Susanna (Laughlin) McEwen, was born March 8, 1821, in Londonderry, Ireland, in the family home, and is at this time (1913) ninety-two years old. He received his education in his native place, and being of a quick mind easily absorbed all that was taught him and demanded more. Like his father, he was studious and anxious for knowledge and he learned a great deal missed by the average youth in the time allotted for study. On leaving school he at once began to learn the painter's trade, and by applying himself with the same assiduous care with which he attended school, he soon mastered it thoroughly. He worked at it until 1848, when, at the age of twenty-seven, wishing to better his condition and advance more rapidly than was possible under the existing conditions in Londonderry, he decided to emigrate to the United States. He accordingly sailed from London that year, landed in Philadelphia, and there located. Looking over the field, he decided to specialize along one line of painting, and his choice fell on that of graining, in which he was artistically expert, as the most lucrative branch of the business. He established a shop and had a phenomenal success from the beginning. He continued in this line of endeavor for about fifty-five years, retiring ten years ago from active participation in the affairs of life. Even to-day, when he is ninety-two years old, he is frequently called upon to do work that requires a deft touch, an experienced eye and a keen appreciation of the beauty of the wood that is to be faithfully imitated. He invariably accepts the commission to prove that his hand has not lost its cunning, his eye its clear sight, and that his artistic sense is still predominant. He is known far and wide as one of the best, if not the best, grainers in Southwestern Pennsylvania. When the Pennsylvania state fair was held in Pittsburgh in 1856, he received a medal for the beauty of his work. So great is the respect of the trade for him that he was presented with a memorial by the Grainers Association of Philadelphia for the work he had accomplished for that organization while its president in the seventies. In 1893 he moved from Philadelphia to Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he erected a comfortable house at 29 East Stratford avenue, and has since made his home. When he was past eighty years old the desire seized him to visit the place of his birth and the scenes of his childhood, youth and young manhood, and he made the journey to Londonderry, Ireland. He stood in the old shop where he had learned his trade, just fifty years and one month after leaving it for a foreign country. Memories, pleasant and unpleasant, crowded upon him, and at last he turned away, contented that he had so chosen. He is a remarkable man, not only for his wise old age, but for his superior intelligence, his store of learning and varied experience, his having lived through a history making epoch in the land of his adoption, and his knowledge gained through long years of diligent reading. He is an interesting and edifying conversationalist, and has a vast fund of anecdote and historical data that was gained first hand. He is abreast of the times on all political, religious, economic and social questions, and with his past experiences and observations he is able to deduce correct conclusions with an almost prophetic insight. Like the seer in Lochiel's Warning: " 'Tis the sunset of life gives me mystical lore; and coming events cast their shadows before." His is an ideal old age. After the fever and heat of the strife in Life's battle, he now rests in his own home, surrounded by his children, friends and a host of admiring acquaintances. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, as are the other members of his family. He married, in 1848, Elizabeth Evans, a native of Londonderry, daughter of William

Evans, of that place. She and three sisters came to the United States in 1847. Mr. and Mrs. McEwen are the parents of eight children, four of whom are living: 1. Susan, married Horatio T. Lavender, resides in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania. 2. Fannie, unmarried, lives with father. 3. William A., employee of U. G. I., married Miss Swayne. 4. Martha, married Edwin Hetherington, resides in Lansdowne. The dead: 5. William Laughlin. 6. Martha, died young. 7. Mary Ann. 8. Died unnamed.

Of the first American born generation of his family, Dr. HARRIGAN John W. Harrigan, of Darby and Collingdale, has in both professional and business life, achieved a success both satisfying and permanent. He is a grandson of John Harrigan, of County Tipperary, Ireland, who there lived and died, the head of a family.

(II) Rev. John F. Harrigan, son of John Harrigan, was born in county Tipperary, Ireland, died in Kensington, Philadelphia, aged sixty-five years. He was educated in private schools and at the University of Dublin, taking holy orders and becoming a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal church. He continued in the ministry in Ireland until 1864, when he came to the United State, locating in Philadelphia. He was rector of the Frankford Episcopal Church for about eight years, when failing health compelled his retirement, his death occurring not long afterward. He was a cultured, earnest useful minister of the Gospel, and served well the cause of the church he loved. He married Margaret Welsh, who was born in Tipperary, died in Kensington, Pennsylvania. Children: Cornelius, deceased; Michael; Edward, deceased; John William, of whom further; Margaret, deceased; Julia, deceased; Isabella; Jennie, deceased; Rebecca and Lilly.

(III) Dr. John William Harrigan, son of Rev. John F. and Margaret (Welsh) Harrigan, was born in Groveville, New Jersey, July 4, 1866. He was educated in the public schools, graduating from Hunter Grammar School, Kensington, class of 1882. He entered Philadelphia College of Pharmacy in 1886, later entering the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, whence he was graduated Doctor of Medicine, class of 1890. He then embarked in the retail drug business, establishing stores at different times at the following locations: Twentieth street, South Philadelphia; Twenty-sixth and Federal streets, Twenty-second and Wharton streets, Thirty-fourth and Wharton streets, Twenty-fifth and Christian streets, Fifty-sixth and Haverford streets, Philadelphia; and Wildwood, New Jersey. These stores he operated until an advantageous sale could be made, disposing of the last about 1908. His Wildwood store was built on an expensive corner lot, a square from both railroad stations, the building being a marvel of builder's perfection, with equipment and furnishings of modern expensive style.

In 1908, Dr. Harrigan promoted a large brick manufacturing plant at Glen Olden, Delaware county, that was incorporated under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania in 1909 as the Mink Company. The plant, valued at sixty thousand dollars, covers an area of sixteen acres. In 1911 he established his present business, Harrigan Darby Theatre, on Chester avenue, Darby, Pennsylvania, where he also conducts a prosperous modern drug store. Dr. Harrigan is a member of Keystone Lodge, No. 271, Free and Accepted Masons; University Chapter, No. 256, Royal Arch Masons; Corinthian Commandery, Knights Templar; Columbia Post, Order of Foresters; Shawnee Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, and Knights of the Mystic Chain, all of Philadelphia. In religious faith he is an Episcopalian, and in politics a Republican.

He married, May 17, 1887, Margaret Young, daughter of Thomas Young, a contractor of Philadelphia, now deceased, and his wife, Bess McBrine, born in county Antrim, Ireland, who died in Philadelphia, aged sixty-four years; children: Margaret, wife of Dr. Harrigan; Rebecca; John, a soldier of the Spanish-American war, now deceased, and Sarah. Children of Dr. J. W. and Margaret Harrigan: Bess, married Karl Muller, and resides in Darby; Myrtle, died in infancy; John William (2), died in infancy. The family home is in Collingdale, Delaware county.

A lifelong resident of Delaware county, Mr. Levi Malin has been MALIN a worker since eleven years of age, when he began the accumulation of a fund that later amounted to a sum nearly sufficient to purchase his present farm of eighty-nine acres located at Broomall, in Marple township, Delaware county. From the poor boy with no assets but courage, energy and ambition, he has developed a character strong in its integrity and in worldly goods has acquired a competency.

Levi Malin is a grandson of Benedict Malin, and a son of Levi (1) Malin, the latter born in Delaware county, in 1811, died near the Rose Tree, in the same county, in 1856. He was a carpenter by trade and in politics a Whig. He married Elizabeth Pascall, born in Media, Pennsylvania, died in Springfield township, Delaware county, in 1862, daughter of Abraham Pascall, a farmer; children of Levi Malin: Phoebe, resides with her brother, Levi Malin; Hannah, married Elwood Jayness; Charlotta, twin with Hannah, died young; Levi (2), of whom further. Levi Malin and wife were members of the Society of Friends.

Levi (2), son of Levi (1) and Elizabeth (Pascall) Malin, was born near the Rose Tree, Upper Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, February 18, 1845. He attended public school and remained with his parents until eleven years of age, then began his career as a bread winner. He at first and for several years worked for a farmer at Edgmont, on the West Chester road—William Taylor. From there he went to a farm in Philadelphia county, remaining four years, then returning to Edgmont, where he spent two years. He then located in Springfield township on a farm rented from his uncle which he cultivated until 1889. He then rented the Thomas Powell farm in Springfield township for one year; then removed to Isaac Briggs' farm in Marple township, remaining two years. He had been prudent and economical in his business affairs, and after leaving the Briggs farm purchased his present farm, paying therefor from his savings the entire purchase price in cash, except the small balance of \$300. He has not confined his operations to the raising of crops, but has for the past five years dealt extensively in cattle, buying and selling, until he has reached a position where he farms not more for profit than for the pleasure of compelling the land to produce at his will. He is modern in his methods, uses the best of chemical fertilizers, and has his property in the finest of condition. He affiliated with the Republican party until 1912, but in the campaign of that year supported Theodore Roosevelt for the presidency. His standing in his community is high, and those who know him best and have watched his career from boyhood, respect him the more and rejoice in his success.

Mr. Malin married, March 25, 1889, Carrie Hurd Castle, born in Media, died at the farm in Marple, in 1904, daughter of John H. Castle, a carpenter. Mr. Malin has no children, and on his beautiful well kept farm is rounding out a life of honor and usefulness, his home being presided over by his maiden sister, Miss Phoebe Malin.

A prominent citizen of Broomall, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is William P. Hipple, who in addition to his extensive business interests here is an active participant in public affairs. He has served as clerk of the board of commissioners of Delaware county, has long been school director and at the present time is supervisor of Marple township.

His grandfather, Henry Hipple, was a native of Germany, and immigrated thence in company with his brothers, George and John, to America, settling in Pennsylvania. He was engaged in farming operations in Chester county until his demise, at the age of eighty-six years. He married Jane Garrett, a representative of an old Pennsylvania family, and to them were born the following children: Henry, George, Elijah, Jesse, Lawrence, Elizabeth, Margaret, Garrett and Sarah.

Henry Hipple, father of William P. Hipple, was born in Goshen, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in the year 1816, and passed to the life eternal on his farm in Marple township, Delaware county, this state, in December, 1878. He lived in Chester county until the age of twenty-two years, and then came to Marple township and purchased a farm in the vicinity of Cedar Grove, the same comprising 160 acres. He worked and improved his estate until it came to be one of the finest in this locality. Mr. Hipple was a Republican in his political faith, and the only office he ever held was that of school director. His wife was a devout member of the Society of Friends. His wife, Rachel Roberts in her girlhood, was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, in 1816, and passed away in 1908, aged ninety-two years. She was a daughter of Amos and Mary (Ellis) Roberts, the former of whom was a farmer by occupation. The Roberts family consisted of the following children: William, Isaac, Joseph, Rachel, Lydia, Mary, Sarah and Jane, all of whom are now deceased. Issue of Henry and Rachel (Roberts) Hipple: Mary J. and Margaret, both deceased; Elizabeth, a resident of Media, this county; A. Retta, likewise a resident of Media; Harry L., resides on the old homestead farm in Marple township; and William P., of this sketch.

William P. Hipple, son of Henry and Rachel (Roberts) Hipple, was born on his father's farm in Marple township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 3, 1856. After completing the curriculum of the district schools of his native place, he was a student in the West Chester State Normal School for several terms. He initiated his independent career as a farmer, but in 1912 abandoned that line of work and located in Broomall, where he has since been local representative of the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia. In recent years he has become interested in other fire insurance companies and has money invested in a number of local business enterprises. His political allegiance is given without stint to the Republican party, in the local councils of which he is an important factor. For several years he gave efficient service as clerk of the board of commissioners of Delaware county and was elected in 1896 and served two terms as county commissioner, and he is now the popular incumbent of the office of supervisor of Marple township. He has been a member of the township school board, and in every respect is a loyal and public-spirited citizen, doing much to advance the prosperity of this section of the county. He is a valued and appreciative member of Newtown Square Grange, No. 1279, of which he was at one time overseer, and his wife is a member of the Friends Meeting at Newtown.

Mr. Hipple married, December 9, 1896, Miss Hanna M. Bartram, a native of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where her birth occurred in the year 1865. She is a daughter of William Bartram, born in Marple township, this county, March 21, 1830. Her grandfather, Samuel Bartram, was born in

Delaware county in 1800. He was a farmer during his lifetime, and settled on what is still known as the old Bartram homestead, which was recently disposed of in a private sale. In 1826 was celebrated his marriage to Massey Pratt, who was born in Marple township, in 1800, and who was a daughter of Thomas and Hanna Pratt. The Bartram and Pratt estates adjoined and the latter was owned by members of the Pratt family for over two hundred years. Mr. and Mrs. Hipple are the parents of two sons: William Bartram, born February 19, 1899; and Henry, born May 1, 1901.

The Oglesby family of Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is of recent Irish origin. Since settling in the United States the members have demonstrated their adaptability to a Republican form of government, and their appreciation of the same.

(I) ~~Robert~~ Oglesby, the founder of the American branch of the family, was born in Central Ireland in 1813, and emigrated to the United States in 1846, with his wife and two children. He located first in Philadelphia, and later moved to Leeperville, Pennsylvania, and became an employe in the James Campbell mill. He remained in this position for many years, but eventually retired and moved to Chester, Pennsylvania, where he died October 13, 1900, at the advanced age of eighty-seven years. He was a consistent member of the Episcopal church; was highly esteemed by those who knew him and was a fine example of a patriotic American. He married, in Ireland, Ann J. Laffan, also of Ireland. She is still living (1913) and makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Mary Finnegan, of Chester. Children of Robert and Ann J. Oglesby: 1. Theresa, widow of Amos Knight, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 2. William J., of whom further. 3. Samuel, wholesale and retail baker, of Chester, Pennsylvania; lives at 206 Ninth street; married Mary Ella Rownsly; he is a civil war veteran and saw much service during his enlistment. 4. James, a baker by trade; resides at 713 West Second street, Chester; married Margaret Jenkins. 5. Phillip Powell, a marble cutter; resides at the corner of Eighteenth street and Edgemont avenue, Chester; married Elizabeth Morrow. 6. George R., musician and piano maker; resides at 1307 Edgemont avenue, Chester; married Irene Pyle. 7. Harry, musician and teacher of piano in the Chester Conservatory of Music; resides at 1119 Edgemont avenue, Chester; married Annie Warren. 8. Mary, widow of Harry Finnegan; lives at 318 East Ninth street, Chester.

(II) William J. Oglesby, son of Robert and Ann J. (Laffan) Oglesby, was born in Central Ireland, February 28, 1844, and came with his parents from Ireland in 1846. He was educated in the common schools, and as a young man worked for T. Reany Sons and Archebold for three years, during which time he began to study music. While he was learning shipbuilding with the above mentioned firm he was one of many who assisted in building the "Sangamon Monitor," and was sent with the ship to Newport News, Virginia, and up the James river, where he remained until the vessel was finished. At the outbreak of hostilities between the North and the South he enlisted, July 1, 1862, as a private in Company K, Tenth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, W. B. Thatcher, captain; Richard M. Frame, colonel. He was discharged September 10, 1862, and re-enlisted July 1, 1863, in Company A, Thirty-seventh Regiment Volunteer Infantry; was discharged August 2, 1863, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. During his second enlistment he was under Captain W. Frick and Colonel John Trout. After 1863 he was engaged in work in the Chester shipyards. In 1868, with his brother, Samuel, he established a bakery at 214 East Ninth street, in Chester, and later enlarged the building to meet the increased

volume of business. In 1874 he was located in the bakery business at Seventh and Upland streets, Chester, where he remained for eighteen months, after which he removed to West Third street, where he bought and operated a retail and wholesale bakery and confectionery for nine and a half years, selling it September 29, 1885, to David Saylor. Mr. Oglesby retired for a time from business, but in 1890 he again entered the commercial world, and established a bakery at 313 Market street. He is an accomplished musician, and in 1874 he organized the Oglesby Band, which he taught and led. Since its organization it has been called upon to furnish music on many important occasions throughout the country. He is a staunch Republican, has served for fourteen years as common and select councilman and six years as city controller, and also takes an active part in politics, aiding his party in every way in his power. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, being a member of Blue Lodge, No. 236, and Chapter No. 252. He is a member of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, and was married in that church by Rev. Henry Brown. He married, October 19, 1874, Jane Kenworthy, born in 1854, in Chester, Pennsylvania, daughter of Mathew and Elizabeth (Clark) Kenworthy, who were married in Chester, Pennsylvania, August, 1853, where he pursued the occupation of millwright. In 1854 he returned to England for a short visit and there died, leaving his young widow and infant daughter, Jane, in Chester. As a child of six years, Elizabeth (Clark) Kenworthy was among the wee flower girls who, on a bright June day in 1838, strewed flowers in the pathway of Victoria, the young queen of England, as she went to Westminster to be crowned. After the death of her husband, Mrs. Kenworthy married (second) James Gardner, March 3, 1868. He came from Ireland and was of Scotch-Irish descent; died December 31, 1903, his wife dying in 1892, at the age of sixty years. Children of Mrs. Oglesby's mother by second marriage: Mary, widow of J. Morris Chamberlain, of Chester, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, died in infancy. Children of William J. and Jane (Kenworthy) Oglesby: 1. Robert, born July 23, 1875; graduated from Chester High School in 1894; from Princeton in 1900; attended the law department in University of Pennsylvania one year, read law with Judge William B. Brownall in Chester for one year, and with A. B. Roney in Philadelphia, a year, after which he located in Chester, and also has an office in Philadelphia. Like his father, he is a gifted musician. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Chester Blue Lodge, No. 236, Chapter No. 252, and Commandery No. 26; also is a member of the Princeton Club of Philadelphia, the Springhaven Golf Club of Delaware county, the Alpha Boat Club of Chester, and the Musicians' Club. He has always taken a great interest in baseball and football and rowing. Rowed on U. P. crew year of 1901 varsity. 2. Samuel, born February 11, 1878; was educated in Chester public schools, attended the University of Pennsylvania for four years, and one year in the Philadelphia Dental College, from whence he graduated in 1902; he located in Chester and also has offices in Philadelphia. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, Blue Lodge, No. 236; the Alpha Boat Club of Chester, and the Musicians' Club; he also played foot ball, base ball and rowed while at the University of Pennsylvania. 3. Charles, born August 6, 1880, died aged two years, seven months and five days. 4. Mary Elizabeth, born March 11, 1886, died July 17, 1887.

The immigrant progenitor of Owen J. Wood, of Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, came from England during the latter half of the eighteenth century, and before this country had gained its independence from the mother country. He located in Massachusetts, where he reared his family and eventually died. He was a son of

an English farmer and followed his father's occupation in the new world. The Massachusetts records give the names of many Woods who were soldiers from that colony in the revolutionary war, and it is supposed that Mr. Wood participated, with others of the name, in that glorious struggle for liberty. Among his children was Elisha, of whom further.

(II) Elisha, son of the English immigrant, was born in Massachusetts, and followed the family vocation, that of farming. He is known to have been in Keene, New Hampshire, and later he settled in Vermont, dying after he had passed the eightieth milestone of his life, in Taftsville, Vermont. Both he and his wife were members of the Adventist Church, and were actively interested in its welfare and the propagation of the faith. He married Mary Nay, probably of Vermont, who died in Chester, Vermont. Children, all of whom died in Vermont, were: 1. Elisha. 2. Russell. 3. James N., of whom further. 4. Lorenzo. 5. Julia. 6. Caroline. 7. Susan. 8. Elizabeth.

(III) James N., son of Elisha and Mary (Nay) Wood, was born in 1819, in Keene, New Hampshire. He was reared in Bridgewater, Vermont, and received his education in the common schools. Reaching his majority he began farming, but soon added to this occupation that of grist and saw milling. He was exceedingly successful, especially in the latter enterprise, as early in life he had learned the carpenter's trade, which particularly fitted him for the management of a saw mill to an advantage. He was a prominent man in his community, and was active in politics, being a Democrat, and worked for that party. He and his wife were members of the Free Methodist church. He died at Plymouth, Vermont, aged eighty-four. He married Emeline Backus, born in Bridgewater, Vermont, where she died. She was a daughter of Gideon Backus, a famous local Adventist minister, who was also a successful farmer of the section around Bridgewater; he died at Brandon, Vermont, when past eighty. Besides Mrs. Wood his children were: Phoebe, Harriet, Ann, Angelina, Gideon, Quimby, Martha, Clark, Joseph, all of whom are dead. Children of James N. and Emeline (Backus) Wood: 1. Newell, born in 1841, died in 1909, a farmer and civil war veteran; he was a member of the Eleventh Vermont Regiment and served three years, seeing much service and participating in many of the greatest battles. 2. Owen J., of whom further. 3. Oscar L., born in 1851, died at Brandon, Vermont, in 1910; first a carpenter and later became a farmer.

(IV) Owen J., son of James N. and Emeline (Backus) Wood, was born December 23, 1849, in Bridgewater, Vermont. He passed his early years in Bridgewater and Brandon, Vermont, and received his education in the common schools. Leaving school he was taught carpentering by his uncle, Clark Backus, remaining with Mr. Backus three years. He was then engaged by the Howe Scales Company, at Brandon, Vermont, for three years; after which he was with A. C. Carr, contractor, for one year. In 1872 he moved to Pennsylvania, and was engaged by his cousin, Albert Wood, of Ridley Park, and remained with him one year, after which he did jobbing for a short time. He was offered and accepted a position with the Eddystone Manufacturing Company, July 5, 1874, with which company he still remains (1913), having been promoted to the responsible position of foreman, which was given him because of merit, intelligence and close attention to the interests of the company. In 1883 he moved to Chester, Pennsylvania, and now lives in his own home, a large and handsome double house at 426 East Fourth street. He has made many improvements in the residence since purchasing it, and it is now one of the model homes in Chester. He is actively interested in politics and give his franchise to the Republican party. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Chester; and both he and his wife are

members of the First Baptist Church of Chester, of which he was committeeman for eight years, and was the popular Sunday school superintendent for several years, during which time he interested the youth of the congregation in the work and added materially to the attendance. Mr. Wood has had deserved success in his business undertakings on account of his honest and straightforward dealings with his fellowmen. He and his wife are affable, courteous, kindhearted people whom it is a pleasure to meet and know, and are highly esteemed and greatly respected by their large circle of friends and acquaintances.

He married, April 26, 1868, in Bridgewater, Vermont, Abbie B. Kendall, daughter of Allen C. and Diantha (Newton) Kendall. He was a farmer at Bridgewater, Vermont, and was born in 1815, died in 1908, aged eighty-three. Mrs. Kendall was born in 1818, died December, 1862. Their children: Monroe Newton, Albert Allen, Abbie B., Mary and Martha, twins, Minnie A., Sarah L., Jennette C., Frank Leslie. Children of Owen J. and Abbie B. (Kendall) Wood: 1. Etta Mabel, born July 12, 1870, in Brandon, Vermont; married A. B. Eaton, an attorney of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, at Penn Square; children: Bertram Kendall and Abram Wood. 2. Allen Owen, born November 22, 1878, in Delaware county, Pennsylvania; a carpenter at Eddystone, Pennsylvania; married Ethel Excelby; children: Emma Kendall and Abbie D.

The first Carter of record in this branch to settle in Pennsylvania, was John Carter, born in England. He came to the United States with his two brothers, settling in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where John became a large land owner, his holdings including the site of the present village of Darlington. He resided in Middletown township and there died leaving a son, Amos, of whom further, and a daughter, Mary, who married Joshua Clemmens, resided in Chester county, later moving west, where both died.

(II) Amos, only son of John Carter, was born near Rose Tree, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, about 1820, died in Concordville, Pennsylvania. He attended the public schools of the district, and in early life was apprenticed to John Bennett, who taught him the stone-mason's trade. He later became a well known contractor, erecting many dwellings and barns of his section, building bridges and other structures of stone or brick. He was a Republican in politics, served as constable and was a man highly respected for his industry and worth. He married Ann Mershon, daughter of Henry Mershon, a hatter of Thornton, Delaware county, and Theodosia (Dillworth) Mershon. Henry Mershon died at the age of eighty-six years. Children of Henry Mershon: Caleb, James, Mary, Joab, Theodosia, Ann and Rachel, all deceased except Rachel, a widow now living in Astoria, Illinois. Children of Amos and Ann Carter: Dillworth, now of Astoria, Illinois; Emma, married Eli Smith; Phoebe, married J. Ally; Mary, married Samuel Pyle; John W., married Lydia Cloud; Joshua Clemmens, of whom further; Isabelle, married Frank Malin; Ruth Anna, died in Illinois, was residing with her brother, Dillworth; Anna, married Richard May; Demaris, married Andrew Mathews; Sarah, married William Press; Amos C., married Elizabeth Rust; Ann D.; William Penn; Pennell; Theodosia; Henry; Cora, married Willard Dixon; and four who died in infancy.

(III) Joshua Clemmens, son of Amos and Ann (Mershon) Carter, was born in Thornton, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 1, 1849. He attended the public schools of Thornton until he was thirteen years of age, but

in 1862, the family moved to a farm in Concord township. He learned the stone-mason's trade with his father and followed that occupation for several years. In 1876 he married and soon afterward moved to his present farm in Middletown township, then known as the "Quinby Farm." He has thirty-five acres of well tilled, productive land with all improvements and is prosperous. He is a Republican in politics and both he and his wife are members of Middletown Presbyterian Church. He is a man of industry and integrity, well known and respected.

He married, January 20, 1876, Mary J. Stoffel, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Patrick Stoffel, born in Ireland, and his wife, Bridget Murray, born near Dublin, Ireland, who died January 16, 1910, aged ninety-one years. Mrs. Carter is the last survivor of the three children of Patrick and Bridget Stoffel. Children of Joshua C. and Mary J. Carter: 1. Ella, married Aaron B. Hunter, was a farmer of Bethel township, Delaware county, now living in Chichester, Pennsylvania. 2. Amos, residing at home. 3. Walter Crawford, a farmer of Fort Dodge, Iowa, married Florence M. Habbersett. 4. Mary A., residing at home. 5. Joshua Clemmens Jr., residing at home.

Lemuel L. Moore, of Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, has behind him a long line of colonial and revolutionary ancestry. Among the first immigrants to land in Massachusetts in 1624 was one, Lemuel Moore. He located first at Salem, afterward going farther south where he established himself. His sons, of whom he had many, eventually wandering into New York and Pennsylvania. The records of Pennsylvania show many Moores who took part in the Indian, French and Revolutionary wars. They have also contributed their quota toward the commercial growth of the state. The immediate forbear of Mr. Moore was Benjamin Elliott Moore, of whom further.

(I) Benjamin Elliott Moore was born in Pennsylvania, probably in Darby township, Delaware county, where he lived a useful life as a farmer, and where he died and is buried. He and his wife were devout members of the Presbyterian church and reared their children in that faith, to be God-fearing and law-abiding men and women. He married Theodosia ———, who after his death moved to Philadelphia and there died. Children: 1. Benjamin Elliott Jr., a farmer of Ridley township, Delaware county; married Mary Carr, both deceased; they were the parents of eight children. 2. Emma, died in the fall of 1912; married George Fisher, deceased, of Shamokin, Pennsylvania; seven children. 3. Charles Wesley, of whom further. 4. Harriet, married William Skarrett, of Philadelphia, both deceased; had seven children. 5. Mary, married Warren Lawrence, of Springfield township, Delaware county; both deceased. 6. Theodosia, married Morris Larkins, of Philadelphia; he is dead; she makes her home in Philadelphia. 7. Thomas, a farmer of Wallingford, Pennsylvania; married Margaret Moore. 8. Sadie, married George Thompson, of Philadelphia.

(II) Charles Wesley, son of Benjamin Elliott and Theodosia Moore, was born in Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, July 23, 1832, died September 26, 1904. He was reared on the farm and attended the common schools of the township, going later to an advanced school in Philadelphia. During the lifetime of his father he remained with him on the homestead. When he was yet a boy of twelve he began attending the markets in Philadelphia, where he disposed of the products of the farm, and this he continued for sixty years. After his marriage he located in Ridley township, Delaware county, and there farmed for eighteen or twenty years. He then purchased

the old Seal place on Middletown road, Middletown township, which contained seventy-five acres. He improved the farm greatly and there lived until his death. He was an industrious, energetic man, and enjoyed a handsome competence from his farming, in which he made a specialty of potatoes. He also did dairying, keeping as many as thirty graded milch cows, besides hogs, horses and cattle. He took an active interest in politics and worked for the Republican party, also voting with it. He was highly respected by his large circle of friends and acquaintances, and in dying bequeathed to his descendants an unstained record for probity, honor and fair dealing with his fellowmen. He married, in Darby township, in 1871, Anna Elizabeth Lindsay, born in Delaware county, a daughter of Lemuel L. Lindsay. Mrs. Moore was a devout member of the Episcopal church. Children: 1. Lemuel L., of whom further. 2. Charles Wesley, born October 5, 1876; an electrician; in 1909, accompanied by his mother, he moved to Lindsay, California, where he bought an orange grove, and made other investments. 3. Johnson Larkin F., born January, 1878; an orange grower in Lindsay, California; married Martha Durforaw. 4. Mae. 5. Jennie.

(III) Lemuel L., son of Charles Wesley and Anna Elizabeth (Lindsay) Moore, was born April 18, 1874, in Ridley township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the high school of Media, Pennsylvania, and on graduating he returned to the homestead where he succeeded to the management of the farm. During his father's life he remained with him in the home, and at his death purchased the interests of the other heirs and now makes his home in the place where he was born. He has brought the seventy-five acres to a high state of cultivation, and besides doing general farming he has a dairy, which is supplied by twenty-four cows, has six horses and other cattle. He furnishes Chester with milk, and raises for the market Rhode Island chickens. He is accounted one of the most progressive and up-to-date farmers of his section. He has always taken an active interest in politics, has served on the election board of his township and votes the Republican ticket. His wife is a member of the Mount Hope Methodist Episcopal Church. He married, at Mount Hope, June 11, 1903, Anna Twaddell, born in Boothwyn, Delaware county, a daughter of William and Mary (Webster) Twaddell. Mr. Twaddell is retired, living at Chelsea, Pennsylvania. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Moore: 1. Mary Anna, born December 28, 1904; died in infancy. 2. Lemuel L. Jr., born July 14, 1906. 3. Charles Wesley, born December 10, 1908. 4. William Twaddell, born May 21, 1913.

(The Lindsay Line).

Among the first settlers of Pennsylvania was John Lindsay and his wife, Charity. They came from England on the invitation of William Penn, and enjoyed his friendship during his lifetime. They were the parents of a number of sons, from whom descended the Lindsay families of Pennsylvania. Among their posterity was Lemuel L., of whom further.

Lemuel L. Lindsay was born in Darby, Pennsylvania, and there farmed. He was one of the successful planters of that region, and was well known and respected. He married the daughter of a neighboring farmer. Children: 1. William Lindsay, a carpenter in Philadelphia. 2. George, died unmarried at home on the farm. 3. Abbie, deceased; married U. Purvis, a merchant in Philadelphia, deceased. 4. Harriet, widow of William Rigley, of Philadelphia. 5. Anna Elizabeth, married Charles Wesley Moore (see Moore II).

SMEDLEY About the year 1682, George Smedley arrived in Pennsylvania from England and found a temporary home in Upper Providence township, Chester, now Delaware county. While here he purchased one hundred and fifty acres of unlocated land from William Penn, that was surveyed to him in the adjoining township of Middletown by virtue of a warrant issued to George Smedley under date of 4th mo. 9th, 1684, signed by William Penn. In 1687, he married and settled in Middletown township, later moving to Willistown township, Chester county, where he died 3rd mo., 1723.

He married at Friend's Meeting, Philadelphia, 1687, Sarah, widow of John Goodwin and believed to have been a daughter of Thomas Kitchin of Dublin township, Philadelphia county. She died in Willistown, 3 mo. 16, 1709; children: Thomas, born 2 mo., 15, 1688, died 3 mo. 9, 1758, married Sarah Baker; Mary, born 2 mo. 3, 1690, died about 1772, married (first) John Edge, (second) John Warnall; George, of whom further; Sarah, born 8 mo. 12, 1694, died 5 mo. 29, 1789, married John Williamson; Alice, born 3 mo. 2, 1696, died prior to 1743, married (first) John Allen, (second) Edward Woodward. The years of birth of the first two children are not known to be absolutely correct, owing to a confusion of dates in the records.

(II) George (2), son of George (1) and Sarah (Goodwin) Smedley, was born 1 mo. 2, 1692-93, died 11 mo. 20, 1766. He owned the homestead farm in Middletown township of two hundred and ninety-five acres, less thirty acres previously sold. He also purchased two hundred and fifty acres from his brother, Thomas, and seventy-five acres from Richard Barry. He was an overseer of the Chester Monthly Meeting of Friends, and a minister of the Society.

He married (first) at Chester Meeting, 3 mo. 2, 1717, Jane Sharpless, born in Ridley township, 12 mo. 24, 1695-96, died at Middletown, 6 mo. 30, 1725, daughter of John and Hannah (Pennell) Sharpless of Ridley (now Nether Providence) (see Sharpless family in this work). He married (second) at Middletown Meeting, Mary Hammans, born 1 mo. 28, 1710, died 2 mo. 18, 1774, daughter of William and Margaret (Staples) Hammans, of Upper Providence. She was a granddaughter of Henry Hammans of the Parish of Nimpfield, Gloucestershire, England. Margaret Staples was a daughter of William Staples of Minchinghampton, of the same county. Children by first wife: George, married Hannah (Norbury) Matson; Caleb, died young; Joshua, died unmarried. Children of second marriage: William, born 9 mo. 19, 1728, died 3 mo. 6, 1766, married Elizabeth Taylor; Joseph, died aged sixteen years; Caleb, born 9 mo. 20, 1732, died 1806, married (first) Elizabeth Blue, (second) Mary Newberry (?); Jane, born 12 mo. 6, 1734-35, died 1782, married (first) William Larkin, (second) Thomas Wilson; Sarah, born 11 mo. 18, 1737-38, died 3 mo. 11, 1810, married (first) Samuel Hampton, (second) Joseph Moore; Samuel, died aged twenty-two years, unmarried; Thomas, born 1 mo. 21, 1742-43, died 1 mo. 22, 1791, married Elizabeth Rhoads; Ambrose, of whom further; Joseph, born 7 mo. 13, 1748, died aged twelve years; James, born 2 mo. 20, 1752, died aged twenty years.

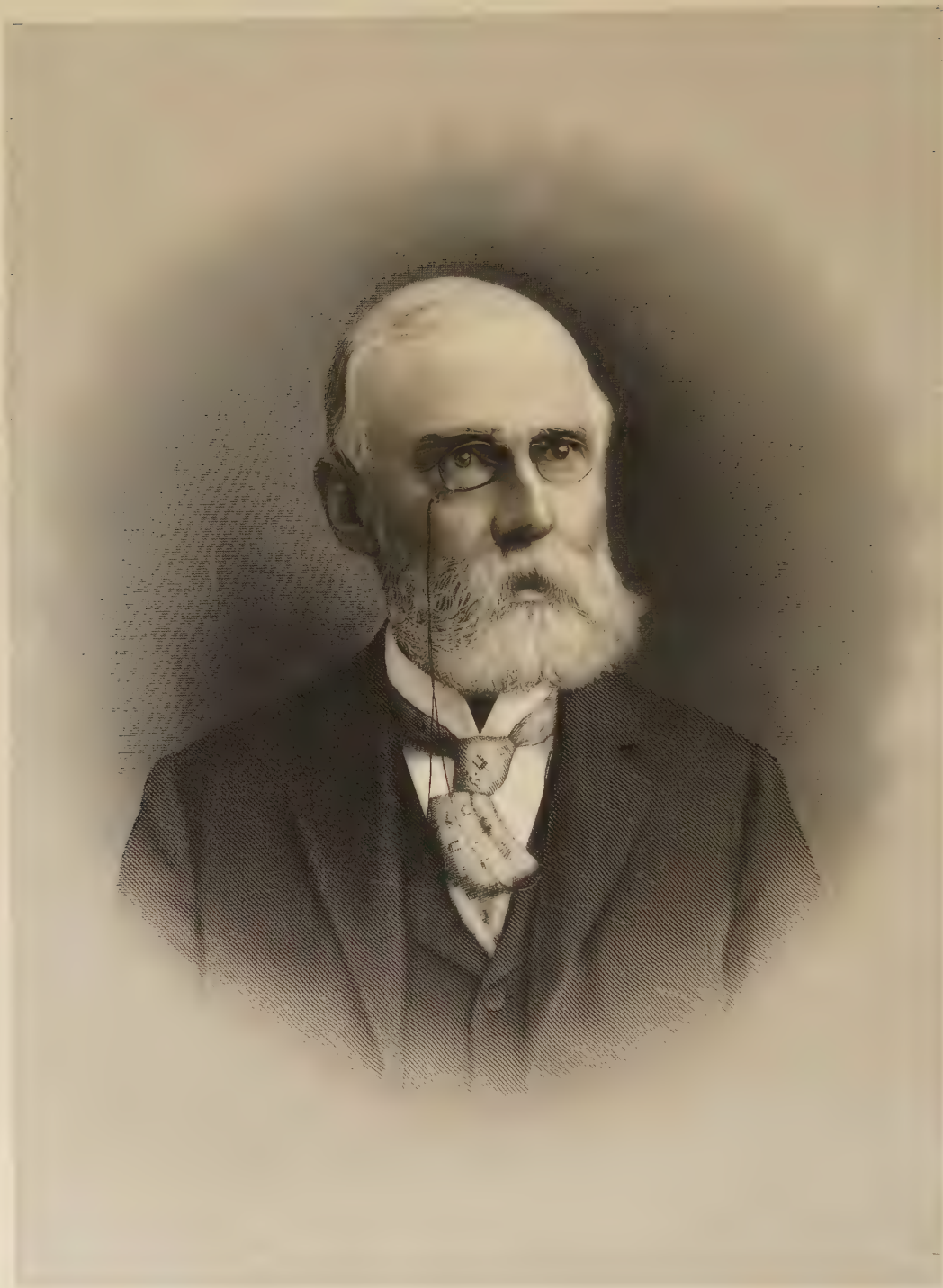
(III) Ambrose, son of George (2) and his second wife, Mary (Hammans) Smedley, was born in Middletown township, 11 mo. 19, 1745, died there 1 mo. 7, 1820. He inherited, under the will of his father, the homestead in Middletown with one hundred and ninety acres of land, subject to his mother's maintenance. He built the stone house later owned by his granddaughter, Ahinoam Smedley, which bears his initials and date:—S. A. M. 1784. He married (first) at Providence Meeting, 6 mo. 23, 1768, Mary Taylor, born 7 mo. 5, 1749, died 2 mo. 23, 1788, and was buried with her infant child on the

25th following. She was the daughter of Peter and Elizabeth (Hall) Taylor of Upper Providence. He married (second) at Willistown Meeting, 12 mo. 24, 1789, Elizabeth Yarnall, born 8 mo. 6, 1751, died 1 mo. 14, 1830, daughter of Daniel and Ann (James) Yarnall, of Willistown. Daniel Yarnall was a son of Amos and Mary (Ashbride) Yarnall, and grandson of Francis and Hannah (Baker) Yarnall. Mary Ashbride was a daughter of George and Mary (Malin) Ashbride, of Goshen. All were members of the Society of Friends. Children of Ambrose Smedley by his first wife: Elizabeth, married Enos R. Kellog; James, died in infancy; Sarah, married William Griffith; Mary, born 1776; George, died in childhood; Phoebe, died unmarried; Ambrose, married Jane Hinkson; Joshua, married Sarah Bishop. Children by second marriage: Samuel, of whom further; Ahinoam, born 8 mo. 29, 1795, died 8 mo. 22, 1857, married John Yarnall.

(IV) Samuel, only son of Ambrose and his second wife, Elizabeth (Yarnall) Smedley, was born in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 6 mo. 12, 1791, died there 2 mo. 9, 1876. By his father's will he inherited the homestead with one hundred acres of land including the place of original settlement in Middletown. This he bequeathed to his daughters, Elizabeth Ann and Ahinoam Smedley, subject to the payment of legacies. He married at Middletown Meeting, 12 mo. 30, 1819, Elizabeth Malin, born 6 mo. 8, 1799, daughter of George and Rebecca (Ogden) Malin of Edgmont. George was a son of William and Elizabeth (Crossley) Malin, grandson of Jacob and Susanna (Jones) Malin and great-grandson of Randall Malin of Great Barrow, county of Chester, England, who was a purchaser of two hundred and fifty acres of land in Pennsylvania by deeds of lease and release dated 6th and 7th of March, 1681. He was a grand juror at a court held in Chester, 10 mo., 1684, and a settler in Upper Providence township. He was recommended as a minister of Friends, 10 mo. 27, 1725, and in 1727 moved within the limits of Goshen Meeting. Samuel and Elizabeth Smedley are buried in Cumberland cemetery, adjoining the graveyard of the Middletown Meeting. Children: An infant, died unnamed; Elizabeth Ann, born 11, 26, 1822, died 1, 20, 1888, unmarried; Esther Ogden, born 1, 25, 1825, died 9, 25, 1848, unmarried; Samuel, died in infancy; Ahinoam, born 8, 6, 1827, owned the old homestead, where she lived unmarried until her death, 2 mo. 14, 1910; Rebecca, died in infancy; George Malin, of whom further.

(V) George Malin, youngest child of Samuel and Elizabeth (Malin) Smedley, was born at the old homestead in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 3 mo. 12, 1832, died in Philadelphia, 1 mo. 31, 1910. He was a farmer of the homestead until after the death of his wife, when he retired, living at No. 3214 York street, Philadelphia, until his death. His children were cared for after their mother's death at the homestead by their aunts, Elizabeth Ann and Ahinoam Smedley. George Malin Smedley married (first) Sarah, daughter of Frazer Worrall, 7 mo. 4, 1861; she died in October, 1893. Children: 1. Samuel, of whom further. 2. Edgar Miller, born in Middletown, 9 mo. 17, 1863, graduate of Swarthmore College, class of 1886, now a farmer of Nether Providence township; he married in Edgmont, 11 mo. 4, 1896. Emma B. Howard, born in Newtown, 1 mo. 13, 1868, daughter of Passmore and Deborah A. (Bishop) Howard of Edgmont; children: Edgar Howard born 12 mo. 13, 1898; Edith and Helen. 3. Elizabeth Ann, born 9 mo. 12, 1865, now residing in Media. He married (second) Ella Cosart, of Philadelphia, who survived him a few weeks.

(VI) Samuel (2), eldest son of George Malin and Sarah (Worrall) Smedley, was born at the old Smedley homestead in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 6 mo. 6, 1862. He grew to manhood at the



Edw. H. Little

farm. His early education was obtained in the private schools, later entering Swarthmore College, whence he was graduated class of 1886. He worked at the homestead for his Aunt Ahinoam for several years, and continued to reside there after his marriage. He now owns one hundred and thirty-five acres of the old farm and there successfully conducts a general farming and dairying business. He has made many improvements but the old stone house built by his great-grandfather in 1782, previously mentioned, is still a well preserved residence. Mr. Smedley is a member of the Society of Friends, and in political faith is a Republican. He married in Concordville, October 29, 1891, Fannie Cornog, born there November 14, 1863, daughter of Isaac and Matilda (Sharpless) Cornog. Isaac Cornog, a carriage builder of Concordville, died in July, 1882, aged sixty-six years, his wife died in 1910, aged eighty-two years; children: Albert A., a carriage builder of Concordville, married Emma Hanthorne; Samuel Sharpless, died in 1910, unmarried; Isaac (2) a merchant of Concordville, married Lilian Patten; Margaret, married John Wilson, a stationary engineer of Concordville; Fannie, married Samuel Smedley, of previous mention; Ulysses S., a farmer of Concordville, married Sarah Pyle; Bertha L., married Horace Darlington of Darling, Middletown township. Children of Samuel and Fannie (Cornog) Smedley, both born at the old homestead in Middletown: Samuel, born January 9, 1893, graduate of Media High School, now a student at Swarthmore College; Paul, born March 25, 1895, graduate of Media High School, 1914.

While the original American home of Little was in the state of Delaware, Philadelphia soon became the family seat. The late James Henry Little, an eminent lawyer, was the first of his family to choose Delaware county, Pennsylvania, as a place of residence. The settlement in the state of Delaware was made by three brothers of Scotch-Irish descent. Henry Little, a son of one of these brothers, came from Ireland with his parents, he being but a lad at that time. He embraced the profession of architecture, and located at Philadelphia, where he became a well-known and leading architect. His wife, Margaret (Wood) Little, was also born in Ireland and of Scotch-Irish blood, and was the daughter of a Belfast linen manufacturer. Her father later came to Philadelphia and established on the banks of the Wissahickon the first cotton mill in the United States. Henry Little and his wife were both members of the Episcopal church. After a life of great usefulness, Henry Little died in Philadelphia, leaving as a monument of his life work several churches and buildings in Philadelphia. His children were: James Henry, of whom further; Amanda, who died in Philadelphia in the year 1865, aged twenty-five years.

James Henry Little, only son of Henry and Margaret (Wood) Little, was born in Baltimore, Maryland, December 1, 1835, died at his home in Wallingford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1906. At the time of the birth of James Henry Little the family home was in Philadelphia, but Henry Little having planned a church to be erected at Baltimore, and having supervision of the erection of the same, made that city his temporary residence until the completion of the church, and then returned to Philadelphia. James Henry Little grew to manhood in Philadelphia and received his education in the public schools. He graduated from the high school with honors. He chose law as his profession and prepared therefor under the preceptorship of the late Charles E. Lex, of Philadelphia. Mr. Little was a member of the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States and of the bars of Philadelphia and of Delaware counties. He was learned in his profession and able

in its practice, honorable and upright. He held the confidence of a large and influential clientele, and was highly regarded by his fellow members of the bar. He pursued his course through life, both private, professional and public, with lofty purpose and high ideals. He was progressive and public-spirited, and contributed to the full extent of his ability to the upbuilding of the community in which he had cast his lot. He is remembered as a man of strong character and of noble life—"a gentleman of the old school." He volunteered for service during General Lee's invasion. He enlisted in Company A, a Philadelphia regiment of artillery, recruited among the lawyers and judges of that city. The regiment was ordered to the front at the field of Gettysburg, the colonel of the regiment having asked his brother-in-law, Major-General Reynolds, for an honorable position in the coming fight. However, owing to a delay at the front, caused by some of the other volunteer regiments refusing to go forward, the regiment was so late in arriving at Gettysburg, that when it arrived the battle was virtually over. In politics Mr. Little was a Republican. He was a churchman and a member of Grace Church, Philadelphia, the same church of which his father was the architect and builder, and of which parish his father was a member. For many years Mr. Little made Wallingford his home and was a resident of Wallingford at his death.

On June 9, 1864, he married Louise Bucknell. Mrs. Little was born in Philadelphia, March 6, 1840, and still resides at Wallingford. She is the oldest daughter of the late William and Harriet Burr (Ashton) Bucknell, of Philadelphia. Her father died in Philadelphia, aged seventy-nine years, a successful man of business, philanthropic and generous, and of high character and purpose. Her mother was a daughter of the Rev. William Easterly and Harriet Maria (Burr) Ashton, of Philadelphia. The children of James Henry and Louise (Bucknell) Little are: 1. Margaret, who married Thomas H. C. Reed, of Maryland; Mrs. Reed is a member of the Colonial Dames and resides in Philadelphia. 2. Henry Ashton, a graduate of the college department and of the law department of the University of Pennsylvania, and a member of the Philadelphia and Delaware county bars. Mr. Little occupies the law offices formerly occupied by his honored father at No. 424 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and is engaged in the practice of law and a real estate operator; his residence and farm is at Glen Olden, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Mr. Little married Mary Downing Hatch, of the city of New York, and their children are: James Henry 2nd, Mary Sanford, Anna Downing, Henry Ashton 2nd, and Nathaniel Hatch, the latter, however, having died in infancy. 3. Amanda Louise, resides with her mother, Mrs. Louise Little, at Wallingford. 4. William Bucknell, died in infancy. 5. Laura, who married Walter Godley, of Philadelphia, and whose children are: Laurence, Henry, Ashton, Frederick and Louise, the latter, however, having died in infancy.

The home of Mrs. James H. Little at Wallingford is one of the most attractive of the many handsome Delaware county estates. The mansion is of gray stone, massive in its proportions and beautiful in its surroundings, the natural charms of the location enhancing its beauty. The house is located on an elevation that affords a fine view of the gracefully rolling country that is typical of this most beautiful portion of rural Delaware county. The entire estate bespeaks the pride and pleasure taken in its possession by the owner.



Lyttercole
Home of Mrs. James H. Little, Wallingford, Pa.

HITCHENS Dr. A. Parker Hitchens, of Sharon Hill, is at present director of the Biological Laboratories of the H. K. Mulford Company, manufacturing and biological chemists.

Dr. Hitchens was born in Delmar, Delaware, September 14, 1877, son of William S. and Fannie (Parker) Hitchens, both natives of the vicinity, the family having located in Sussex county about the year 1780. William S. Hitchens was reared and educated in Delaware, was a successful merchant there for many years, continuing in that line until 1888, when he removed to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and is still engaged in mercantile business. He and his wife are the parents of three children.

Dr. Hitchens' early education was acquired in the public schools of Delmar and Philadelphia. Later after a preparatory course in Temple University he matriculated at the Medico-Chirurgical College, from which he graduated in 1898 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. During the year after his graduation he was resident physician at the Samaritan Hospital, Philadelphia. Following this he did graduate work in bacteriology at the University of Pennsylvania. He was for two years assistant in the department of Pathology and Bacteriology in the Medico-Chirurgical College. In 1907 he did special work in the Immunization Department of St. Mary's Hospital, in London, under Sir Almroth Wright. In 1900 he had given up the general practice of medicine in order to devote his entire time to laboratory work, in that year entering the Biological Laboratories of the H. K. Mulford Company, and six years later he became director of these laboratories, in which capacity he is serving at the present time (1914).

Dr. Hitchens resided at Glen Olden from 1908 to 1909, and since then in Sharon Hill. He married, June 20, 1906, Ethel Bennett, born in Philadelphia, in 1880, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Bennett. She is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church.

Dr. Hitchens is a Fellow of the Philadelphia College of Physicians and of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He is secretary and treasurer of the Society of American Bacteriologists, chairman of the Council of the American Association of Immunologists, and an ex-president of the Philadelphia Clinical Association. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Delaware County Medical Society, the Philadelphia Pathological Society, the Philadelphia Medical Club, the American Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, the American Public Health Association and others. He is author of the Section on "Bacterial Vaccines" in "Sajous's Cyclopedia of Practical Medicine," seventh edition, Davis, Philadelphia. Among his numerous contributions to medical science, published in American and foreign journals may be mentioned, "The Preventive Dose of Tetanus Antitoxin for the Horse," "The Bacteriology of Common Colds," "The Treatment of Simple Catarrh of the Respiratory Passages with Bacterial Vaccines," "Serums and Vaccines in the Prevention and Treatment of Undulant Fever," "An Improved Syringe for the Injection of Precise Amounts," "A Chamber in which Dried Tubercle Bacilli may be Handled without Danger," "Refrigeration in its Relations to the Biological Materia Medica," and "Current Developments and Problems in Vaccine Therapy." Fraternally he is a member of the chapter and commandery of the Free and Accepted Masons.

This branch of the Pierce family came to Pennsylvania from PIERCE Brandywine Hundred, Delaware, a locality in which the Pierces had long been located. The first of the family to settle in Delaware county was Albin, father of F. Newton Pierce, of further mention.

(I) Albin Pierce was born in Brandywine Hundred, Delaware, in 1821, died in Bethel township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 4, 1888. He grew to manhood in Delaware, learning the stone-mason's trade and working at farming, moving after his marriage to a farm in Bethel township, near Booths Corners, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, on which he resided until his death. He was a Democrat in politics and held the offices of tax collector and school director of Bethel township. Both he and his wife were members of the Siloam church. He married Mary J. Hance, of Concord township, Delaware county, who died in 1882. Children: 1. Margaret E., deceased. 2. Samuel H., a hardware merchant of Downingtown, Pennsylvania, married Anna Moore. Children, Laura E., Wesley, and Anna. 3. A. Atwood, now connected with the Eddystone Print Works, married Ella Painter. Children: Emily, Carrie, Ella, Lawrence and Warren. 4. Sarah J., married Isaac Pennington, a blacksmith and present supervisor of Middletown township. Children: Florence, Bella, Clarence, Edgar, and Norman. 5. Harriet T., deceased, married (first) George Grawl, (second) Charles Schlacter. Children, Mary, Bertha, and Alice. 6. Adam, died in infancy. 7. F. Newton, of further mention. 8. Albin, a carpenter of Linwood, Pennsylvania, married Margaret Barlow. Children: Elmer and Herman.

(II) F. Newton, son of Albin and Mary J. (Hance) Pierce, was born in Bethel township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 8, 1865. He was educated in the public school at Booths Corners and began business life as a clerk in the general store there, remaining four years. He then spent three years on a farm in Concord township, then moved to Brandywine Hundred, Delaware, for three years, returning to Delaware county in 1895, locating in Middletown township, where he purchased the Malin farm of sixty-five acres, where he yet resides. He has made many improvements to the farm and there carries on a successful farming and teaming business. He is a member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, and in political faith is a Republican.

He married in March, 1889, Elfie W. Weer, of Brandywine Hundred, Delaware, daughter of William C. and Mary J. (Barlow) Weer. Mary J. Barlow is a sister of E. L. Barlow, of Chester township, Delaware county, whose family sketch appears in this work. Children of William C. and Mary J. Weer: 1 and 2. Elizabeth and Ella, deceased. 3. Edward Tatnall, a farmer and large land owner of Newport, Delaware. He married Elizabeth Hannum and has children: George Clyde, Earl, Anna, Josephine. 4. Laura A., married Thomas Watts Zelle, of Booths Corners, Delaware county. Children: Mary, married R. Harry Hannum, of Concord, Delaware county; Edward, married Bessie McLaughlin, of Booths Corners; Clarence, married ——— and resides at Booths Corners; Lewis; Thomas, deceased. 5. Leila Lorain, married John Trimble. Children: Clara, married William Hunter; Paul, Rupert, Fred, Ellen Cora, Marshall. 6. Elfie W., of previous mention, married F. Newton Pierce. 7. Fred, married Fannie Scott, of Kennett Square, Pennsylvania, and has a son, Winfield. 8. Wilmer, a farmer of Upland, Delaware county, married Lottie Pierce. Children: Ethel, Albert, Fred, Lillian, Margaret, Walter and Mary J., deceased. The only child of F. Newton and Elfie W. Pierce, Mildred, is a graduate nurse, educated in the public schools and at Northfield, Massachusetts, now a nurse in Media Hospital.

THOMAS In 1657, Isaac Thomas, a farmer of Devonshire, England, sailed from London for the New World, where he hoped to make his fortune, and which accomplished he expected to return to his native land and spend the remainder of his days. After a long and stormy voyage he debarked at New York, where he remained several months, and then made his way up the Hudson river. He became enthused over the prospects of the country, its resources, the fertility of the land, and decided that he would make his permanent home in one of the colonies. He wrote for his wife and their young family to join him in the new land, which they did; and together they canoed up the beautiful Hudson and located on the west shore. Here he took up wild land, cleared and erected a log house on it, and cultivated the fields. Isaac Thomas died on his homestead that he had so heroically rescued from the wilderness, and his sons, of whom there were many, wandered away to other colonies, and thus was the present numerous Thomas family founded in America. One of the sons went to Pennsylvania, and is thought to be the forbear of the Thomas families in Lancaster and Chester counties.

Isaac Thomas, a descendant of the English immigrant, was born in Pennsylvania, and spent the greater part of his life in Lancaster county, where he farmed successfully. In his declining years he moved to Chester county, Pennsylvania, and died in 1875, at an advanced age. He married Mary L. Smith, daughter of a neighboring farmer in Lancaster county, who died in Chester county, also at an advanced age. Children: Abraham, of whom further; William, who went to sea and is supposed to have drowned, as he was never heard from after sailing.

Abraham, son of Isaac and Mary L. (Smith) Thomas, was born in 1834, in Lancaster county. He was partially reared in Lancaster county, and was educated in the common schools of the day. After his marriage he went to Wilmington, Delaware, for a time, about 1875. From there he moved to Chester county, Pennsylvania, becoming a successful farmer, and lives at the present time (1913) in Chester county. He has been locally prominent in politics in whatever community that he has lived in, though he has never accepted any public office. He is a member of the Baptist church, supporting it liberally. He married Lydia Hammond, like himself of straight English descent, who was born in Chester county, and died there in 1881. She was a devout member of the Baptist church, and was greatly beloved by all who knew her. She was the daughter of John E. and Mary E. (Down) Hammond, oldtime residents of Chester county, where they held the esteem of their neighbors. He was a farmer of the county and died at Coatesville, Pennsylvania, when well along in years; his wife was also a native of the county. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Hammond: Sallie, married Stephen R. Smedley; Mary L., dead; Lewis, dead; Lydia, wife of Mr. Thomas. Children of Abraham and Lydia (Hammond) Thomas: John E., of whom further; Mary L., dead; George, dead; Lydia, dead; Ida May, married J. Calvin Shinne, of Montana; Frank C., married Mabel Sharpless, resides in Chester county.

John E., son of Abraham and Lydia (Hammond) Thomas, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1866. He was educated in the public schools in the various places in which he lived with his parents. When nine years old he accompanied them to Wilmington, Delaware, and later returned with them to Chester county. He remained at home until he reached the age of sixteen, when he decided that he would enter the business world for himself. He was in the employ of various farmers in Chester county for four years, during which time he established a reputation for industry and integrity. At the expiration of that time he moved to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and located in Upper Providence township, where he rented farms,

and became known as one of the thrifty, successful farmers and dairymen of that section. He remained there for seventeen years, and in 1910 he purchased the Miller farm, comprising eighteen fertile acres, situated near Rose-tree, Pennsylvania, two and a half miles from Media, where he has built and equipped a modern and model dairy. It is one of the up-to-date plants of Delaware county, and commands the admiration of every one who sees it. The stables are new and perfectly sanitary; all of the stalls and interior are white-washed and disinfected. The dairy is supplied by twenty high grade milch cows, their average yield per day being about two hundred quarts of rich milk, which is disposed of to customers in Media. The fresh milk from the cows is placed in disinfected cans in a separate department of the dairy, great care being taken to avoid anything that will impregnate the milk with any odor. The cans are then placed in the spring house, which was built at a cost of over \$400, and with the view of keeping it fresh and sweet in a wholesome and sanitary manner. The milk is placed in bottles that have been subjected to a high degree of heat and then cooled in a vat of clear, pure spring water, after which they are sealed and are ready for a quick delivery. This sterilized milk is greatly sought after in Media and the surrounding country. Mr. Thomas takes great and justifiable pride in his fine plant as well as his blooded stock, and has won his customers by the purity of their product and his manner of handling the same. He has a thorough knowledge, practical and theoretical, of the dairy business, and keeps abreast of the times through reading periodicals of the newest methods and patents that are calculated to assist him in its development. He ranks as one of the most progressive dairymen in the state, and justly so. He is a public spirited citizen, and holds the esteem of his fellow men. He is independent in politics, voting for the man who will best fill the position; and has served as register and assessor of the township. He is a member of the Grange, and of the Baptist church.

He married, March 22, 1887, Tillie Yarnall, born in Thornburg, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Edward and Abbie (Sharp) Yarnall. Her father was a blacksmith and farmer in Chester county, and died in 1881; his wife was also born in Chester county, and died at the age of seventy-nine. Besides Mrs. Thomas, the children of Mr. and Mrs. Yarnall are: Annie, married Robert Johnson, of Media; Isaac, married Katie Worrell; Maggie, married Henry White; Mary, married Thomas N. Rodgers; Thomas, married (first) Tillie Moris, (second) Ruth Broomall; Susannah, married Lewis Ridenbaugh; Minto, married Sallie Mullen; Joseph, married Sallie Mullen; John, married Annie Worrell; William, married Fannie Lear; Samuel, married Mary Williams. The children of John E. and Tillie (Yarnall) Thomas: 1. Lena J., born July 8, 1888; married John M. Chrystal; resides at Nether Providence, Pennsylvania. 2. Clifford A., born April 26, 1893; married Edna Gallagher; one child, Clifford Jr., born in 1913.

From an ancient and honorable Welsh ancestry sprang Thomas THOMAS Thomas, a tailor of Upper Darby township, Delaware county, where he died aged about fifty years. His wife, Hannah Palmer, died aged about forty-five years; both were members of the Society of Friends. Children: John, Nehemiah, Thomas, Palmer, Mary and William.

William, son of Thomas and Hannah (Palmer) Thomas, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, February 16, 1817, died at his farm in Marple township in 1892. He grew to manhood in Upper Darby, obtaining there a public school education. He made several changes and moved

around considerably until about 1850, when he purchased the farm in Marple township upon which he lived until death, and which is now the home of his son, Leonard S. During the years prior to 1850 he learned the miller's trade, working in different localities, then became a butcher, then for two years rented and worked a farm in Chester county. The farm in Marple township consisted of forty acres, lying along the Springfield road, and was purchased by William Thomas from Philip Welling. At the time of purchase the land had had little cultivation, the improvements being a small stone house and a log barn. Mr. Thomas added a log addition to the house, which was later replaced by a modern frame addition to the old stone house. He brought the land under a good state of cultivation and prospered. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Society of Friends; his wife was a Presbyterian. He married Naomi Snyder, born in Upper Darby, died aged seventy-eight years, daughter of Leonard Snyder, a farmer and tanner, who died in 1864. His wife, Sarah Powell, was born in Upper Darby; children of Leonard Snyder: Naomi; George; Joseph; John; Hannah; Mary; Sarah and Andrew, all deceased. Children of William Thomas: Sarah, died unmarried; Mary, now residing at the home farm; Leonard S., of whom further; Ella, died young.

Leonard S., only son of William and Naomi (Snyder) Thomas, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October, 1850. He was educated in the public school of Marple township, and in Philadelphia. He began business life as a butcher, but later became a farmer, succeeding to the farm in Marple township purchased by his father about 1850. To the old stone building he added a modern dwelling and has otherwise improved the farm. He maintains a small dairy in addition to his general farming, and by a judicious use of bone fertilizer produces abundant crops. He has added seven acres lying across the Springfield road, a piece of land well improved and occupied by his son, Howard. Mr. Thomas is a Republican in politics, has served his township as assessor, collector of taxes and supervisor, and now (1913) is a member of the school board of his district.

He married, February 6, 1878, Joanna Pugh, born in Marple township, in 1857, daughter of Davis F. Pugh, born in Radnor, Delaware county, in 1824, died in Marple township, 1909. His wife, Elizabeth E. Barr, born in Haverford township, died February 19, 1904. Children: 1. Howard C., died in October, 1912, married Emma Lyon. 2. Joanna, married Leonard S. Thomas (of previous mention); children—Bertha, married Seth E. Duey, and resides in Marple township, children: Grace and Anna; Howard W., a farmer, married Jennie Riegner, children—James and Elizabeth M.; Elizabeth P., resides with her parents.

This branch of the Hipple family in Pennsylvania descends from
 HIPPLE Henry Hipple, who came from Germany to Pennsylvania, accompanied by his brothers, George, John and James. Henry Hipple settled in Chester county, where he engaged in farming until his death at the age of eighty-six years. He married Jane Garrett, of an old Pennsylvania family, and had issue: Henry (2) of whom further; George, Elijah, Jessie, Lawrence, Elizabeth, Margaret, Garrett and Sarah.

Henry (2), son of Henry (1) and Jane (Garrett) Hipple, was born in Goshen, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1816, died at his farm in Marple township, Delaware county, in December, 1878. He was educated in the public school and became a farmer. About 1838 he purchased a farm in Marple township, near Cedar Grove school house, containing one hundred

and sixty acres, now the home of his son, Harry L. Hipple. Here he lived in prosperity the remainder of his sixty-two years. He was a Republican in politics and held the office of school director, and both he and his wife were members of the Society of Friends. He married Rachel Roberts, born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, in 1816, died at the Marple township farm aged ninety-two years. She was the daughter of Amos and Mary (Ellis) Roberts. he a farmer of Montgomery county until his death, leaving issue: William, Isaac, Joseph, Rachel, Lydia, Mary, Sarah and Jane, all deceased. Children of Henry (2) and Rachel (Roberts) Hipple: Mary J., deceased; Margaret, deceased; Jesse, of Springfield township, a farmer; Elizabeth, residing in Media; A. Retta, residing in Media; Harry L., of whom further; William P., married Hannah Bartram.

Harry L. Hipple, son of Henry (2) and Rachel (Roberts) Hipple, was born on the Marple township homestead, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 14, 1852. Here his youth was passed, his years of active labor, and here in his declining years he still resides. He attended the public schools and Swarthmore College, early becoming his father's assistant, and on the death of the latter succeeded to the ownership of the estate, one of the most fertile and well cultivated in the township. In addition to general farming Mr. Hipple maintains a dairy of thirty cows, producing three hundred quarts of milk daily, that is disposed of to the retail dealers of the district. He is of the modern type of farmer; asks not more of his land than it can give, and returns to it each year, in bone fertilizer, the elements extracted by the preceding crop.

Mr. Hipple is a Republican in politics, has served as school director eighteen years, and for six years was a commissioner of Delaware county, filling these offices with a zeal and an integrity that is a pleasure to contemplate. He is a birth-right member of the Society of Friends and attends their meeting. He is a member of the Rose Tree Hunt, and is a lover of the out-door sports indulged in by the members of that club. His life spent amid the beautiful surroundings of his home has been an open one, and there is no man held in higher esteem by those who know him.

He married, April 6, 1909, Harriet A. Castle, born at Upland, Delaware county, May 20, 1855, daughter of Augur Castle, born in Yorkshire, England, died in Delaware county in 1904, a manager of woolen and cotton mills; he married Elizabeth Harrison, born in England; children: Harriet A., wife of Harry L. Hipple; Mary J., unmarried; Hannah, unmarried; Sarah, unmarried; Elizabeth, married Herbert G. Coe; Robert, an overseer for Crozer; and Lincoln, a druggist of Chester, Pennsylvania; both married.

OLD LAMB TAVERN

Consideration for the welfare of travelers and a desire to regulate the sale of liquors seemed to the early colonists to be important reasons and to justify the licensing of taverns. Yet they were not opened wholly for the convenience of travelers, they were for the comfort of the community—for the interchange of news and opinions—the sale of liquor under restrictions and the incidental sociability. In fact the importance of the tavern locally was far greater in the early day to its local neighbors, than to the traveler. The history of Pennsylvania shows that its taverns were many in number and good in quality. Philadelphia had a great number and many were needed, for many strangers visited the city, and a strong current of immigration poured into that port. So in Chester and Delaware counties there were many taverns and of one of these this article treats.



For one hundred and seventy-five years the Old Lamb Tavern has stood with welcoming doors for the traveler or transient dropper-in, and around its hospitable board many of the famous men of six generations have gathered. Landlord after landlord has passed in succession, but the popularity of the house has not diminished and it is to-day as much sought for as a resort for the automobilist, as it was for the coaching party, farmer or traveler of the long ago.

The old landmark stands in what is now Marple, Springfield township, Delaware county, and was probably built in 1739, as on August 26, 1740, Benjamin Maddock petitioned the court for license, stating in his application that he had: "Recently built on the Cross Roads that leads from Darby to the Back inhabitants where Palantines has of late much frequented with wagons, likewise the greate road that leads from Chester to the Schuylkill." Although his petition was signed by thirty-five persons, including Abraham Lincoln, the court declined to grant his petition. In 1748 Benjamin Maddock again presented his petition for a license, receiving this time a favorable ruling of the court.

In 1761 Isaac Glease was granted a license for the tavern, and in 1762 and 1763, Richard Mall was also licensed. In 1764 and 1765 John Wayton was landlord, followed in 1766 by John Gibbon Jr. From the granting of Gibbon's license in 1766 until 1835, the court continued the tavern as a licensed house of entertainment, when it was discontinued. During this period of nearly a full century the house had become one of the well known historic taverns of the county. On the night after the battle of Brandywine its doors stood wide open for the fleeing Americans, and at 10 o'clock a wagon load of wounded men arrived with a detachment of troops. The best the house contained was freely placed at their order; their wounds were dressed and every convenience of the house brought into service to insure their comfort, and in the morning they were breakfasted and sent on their way, they being in danger of capture by the British had they remained.

In 1808 Emmor Eachus, who had had difficulties at the Blue Ball Tavern, moved to a house a short distance from the Springfield Meeting House, and obtaining a license from the court gave to the new inn the name of "The Three Tuns." It was at this house that Captain Morgan's company of drafted men assembled in 1814, previous to beginning their march to Marcus Hook. The license for this house was continued to Emmor Eachus until 1820, when he was succeeded as landlord by John Jones. Five years later John Fawkes became landlord for a short time and was succeeded by his widow, Susan Fawkes, who continued as proprietress until 1829, when she married Wayne Litzenberg, who was the next petitioner for a license. In 1830 John Black followed as proprietor, succeeded by Isaac Johnson in 1835. The Old Lamb Tavern kept by Joseph Gibbons Jr., having ceased to be a licensed house, Landlord Johnson discontinued the name under which his house, "The Three Tuns," had been known since 1808, and continued business under the name of the older house, calling it "The Lamb."

In 1837 John Ford was the proprietor, continuing until 1848, when Forrester Hoopes applied for license for "The Lamb," his being the first application under the first local option law, he was granted leave by the court to keep a temperance house, a privilege he was not at all pleased with. But after the law interdicting the sale of liquor in the township had been declared by the Supreme Court unconstitutional, he received full license, continuing as landlord until 1853, when the owner of the property, George Worrall, became also proprietor. In 1858 Worrall was succeeded by Joseph H. Black, who after a year was succeeded by the owner and former proprietor, George Wor-

rall. In 1863 Peter H. Hill obtained a license which he afterward transferred to Worrall. In 1864 William F. Woodward was proprietor, followed in 1868 by Malachi W. Sloan who in 1869 surrendered the tavern to Benjamin Rodgers. In 1873 Mr. Sloan again became proprietor, and Leedom Kirk in 1875 and James A. Stevenson in 1878. In the meantime Malachi W. Sloan had become owner of the property. He died August 16, 1881, and in his will directed: "It is my will and desire that the Lamb Tavern property in said will named, shall after the expiration of the present lease, be no longer used for the purpose of a hotel." Under this provision the "Lamb Tavern" ceased to be a licensed house. The historic old inn was closed as a house of entertainment for about fourteen years, when the property was purchased by B. Worrall who restored it; obtained a license and later sold to Luton B. Severance, who sold to Charles H. Miller. Dr. William B. Werntz, a veterinary surgeon, next kept the tavern, then Charles McGovern rented it eighteen months. In 1910 Charles G. Hause purchased the property and, expending a large sum in renovation and improvements to interior and exterior, has brought back to the old inn its former popularity, and made it a favored stopping place for the Philadelphia automobilist.

VAN LEER John George and Mary Von Lohr, who were the ancestors of the Van Leer family in Pennsylvania, emigrated from Germany to Pennsylvania with their family in 1697. Upon their arrival they settled in Marple township (now Delaware county), first on the farm later owned by Felix Velotte, but later on that owned by the heirs of Garrett Williamson. John George Von Lohr died in 1748, leaving a second wife, Rebecca.

(II) Dr. Bernhard or Bernhardus Van Leer, son of John George Von Lohr, the emigrant, was born at Isenberg, in the Electorate of Hesse, Germany, in 1686, died in Marple, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 26, 1790, aged one hundred and four years. He was a lad of eleven years when his parents came to Pennsylvania, where he remained a few years, then returned to Germany for the purpose of studying medicine in his native land. He remained in Germany seven years, and not only studied medicine but the classics and French. Some time after his return to Pennsylvania, but shortly after commencing the practice of his profession, he married Mary Branson, daughter of a wealthy Philadelphia merchant. He took up his residence at the Velotte farm, which was his home during the remainder of his long life. He practiced medicine there until his death, doing chiefly an office practice. He had a peculiar manner of diagnosis, and his remedies were usually from the vegetable kingdom, and generally of the mildest nature. He was a man of great physical strength and vigor. When in his one hundredth year he rode on horseback from Marple to his Chester Valley farm, a distance of thirty miles, in one day. In his one hundred and second year he was cruelly beaten by burglars, who entered his house, because he refused to disclose his hidden treasures. The injury then received no doubt hastened his death two years later. After the death of his first wife, who bore him five children, he married a wife much younger than himself, who bore him nine children, including a son, Bernhard (2), a physician, and a son, Branson, also a physician of Delaware county.

(III) Dr. Bernhard (2) Van Leer, son of Dr. Bernhardus Van Leer by his second wife, lived on the old homestead in Marple township, where he practiced medicine until his death in February, 1814. He married and left a son, Bernhard.

(IV) Dr. Bernhard (3) Van Leer was the third of the direct line to practice medicine in Marple township. He married and had a son, John Franklin.

(V) John Franklin Van Leer was a farmer of Marple township, where most of his life was spent, although his latter years were passed in Chester where he died.

(VI) William Grover Van Leer, son of John Franklin Van Leer, was born in Aston township, Delaware county, where he was educated in the public schools. He located in the butcher business in Village Green, where his after life was spent. He was a successful man, an elder of the Presbyterian church, his wife also being a member of that denomination. He married Amy Anna Mullen, born in Middletown township, daughter of Philip Mullen, a farmer and auctioneer. Mrs. Van Leer survives her husband and continues her residence at Village Green. Her brothers, Philip and Emmor, and sister, Alice, who married Daniel Yeager, are deceased, leaving her the sole survivor of her family. Children of William G. and Amy A. Van Leer: Frank, married Lillian King; Philip, married Mary ———; William Grover (2), married Rebecca Jester, deceased; Clarence H., of whom further; Albert, died aged two years; Alberta, married J. Engle Halsey.

(VII) Clarence Harvey Van Leer, fourth son of William Grover and Amy Anna (Mullen) Van Leer, was born in Chester township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 12, 1876. He was educated in the schools of Village Green and at Prof. George Gilbert's Academy in Chester. In the intervals occurring in his school life he learned the type setter's art in the office of the "Delaware County American" at Media, having a five years' connection with that paper. He began his mercantile career as clerk in the grocery of John B. Rhodes at Aston Mills, remaining with Mr. Rhodes six years. For the next six years he was manager of the Columbia Tea Company, in Media, then in 1907 engaged in the business for himself at Rockdale. At the end of two and a half years he sold out to his brother-in-law, Charles P. Griffith, and in 1910 located in Media where in partnership with a Mr. Jones he opened a grocery, trading under the firm name of Van Leer & Jones, a very successful and responsible firm, well established in public favor. Mr. Van Leer is a Republican, and both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church.

He married, June 22, 1899, Cecelia A. Griffith, born at West Branch, Aston township, March 26, 1882, daughter of Hayes W. Griffith, loom boss, now residing in Rockdale, and his wife, Cecelia Costello. Children of Hayes W. Griffith: Frank, married Mary Curry; Charles, married Annie Cullen; Cecelia A., married Clarence Harvey Van Leer; Nellie, married Isaac Habbersett; Hayes (2), married Kate O'Brien; Margaret, unmarried.

Children of Clarence H. and Cecelia A. (Griffith) Van Leer; Cecelia M., born July 22, 1900; Amy A., March 22, 1902; Clarence Harvey (2), June 5, 1904; William J., June 22, 1906; Hayes W., October 3, 1908; Jessie M., September 23, 1910.

The Fords have been for several generations residents of Delaware county, the earlier members being usually tillers of the soil, well-to-do and prominent.

John Wesley Ford was a farmer of Middletown township, where he died December 2, 1905, aged eighty-five years. He married and left issue. William Henry, see forward; Hampford; Andrew, married Ella Lodge; James; all now living (1913) but parents both deceased.

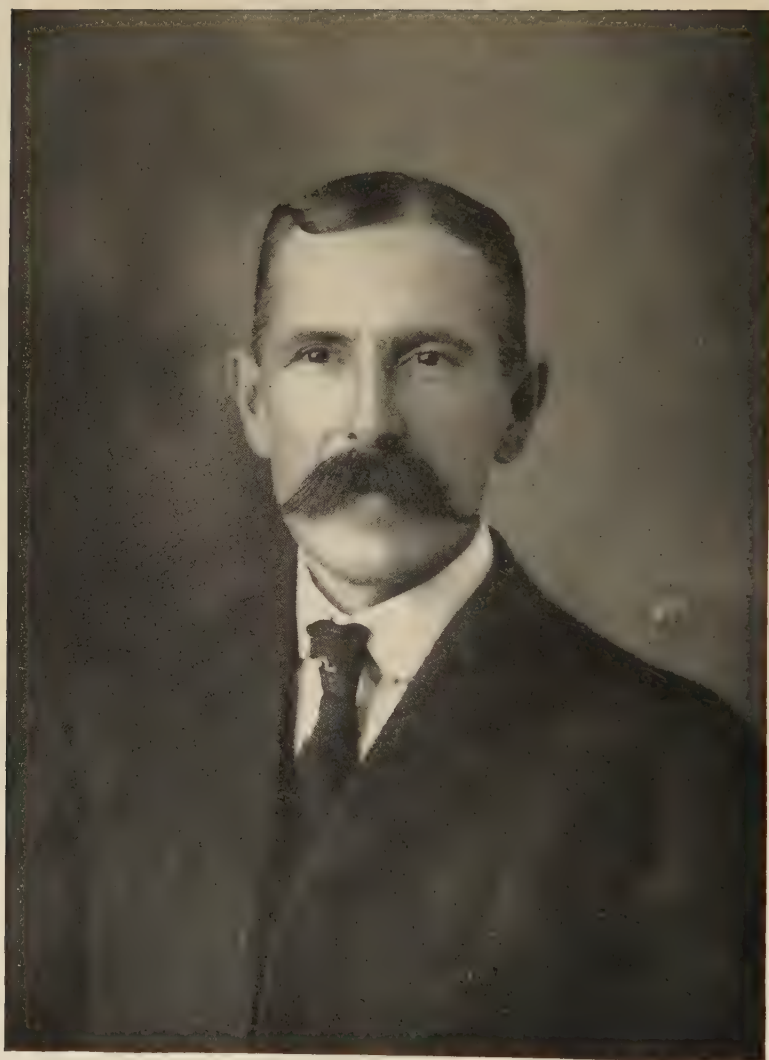
William Henry, son of John Wesley Ford, was born in Middletown township, November 18, 1849. He was educated in the public schools and Maplewood Institute, and grew to manhood in his native township, spending his early life on the farm. Later he learned the carpenter's trade, and is now a successful contractor and builder of Media. He is a Republican in politics, served eight years as school director and is a loyal party man. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

William Henry Ford is a member of the following lodges: Junior Order American Mechanics of Media, Patriotic Order Sons of America of Chester, Knights of Malta of Chester, Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Chester, Lucius H. Scott Lodge of Masons of Chester. He married Anna Mary Taylor, born in Darby, Pennsylvania, daughter of Robert Taylor, a landscape gardener, now deceased, whose children were: Edward; Anna Mary, wife of William Henry Ford; Joseph; Harry, and a daughter, who died in infancy—all others living. Children of William Henry and Anna M. Ford; William, died in infancy; Eva May, married William Roser and lives in Chester; Lawrence Crawford, married Irene Terry and resides in Media; John Wesley (2) married Marian Williams and resides in Media; Wilbur Ulysses, married Mary Harrington and resides in Media; Norman Malcolm Layton, of whom further; William Summers, unmarried.

Norman Malcolm Layton, son of William Henry and Anna Mary (Taylor) Ford, was born at Knowlton, Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 29, 1887. His early years were spent in South Media and Nether Providence township, his education acquired in the public schools of Wallingford, finishing in the high school. He learned the painter's trade and until 1909 always worked with his father. In that year he established as a painting contractor for himself and is now considered one of the most successful contracting painters in this section of Delaware county. He is a Republican in politics; a member of Kossuth Lodge, No. 393, Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Media, and of Morton Lodge, No. 364, Patriotic Order Sons of America of Morton, and in both he holds an official position. In religious preference he is a Methodist.

Mr. Ford married, July 23, 1910, Mary Ann Vollmer, born in Darby, January 19, 1892, daughter of John Frederick and Minnie (Huber) Vollmer, the former a fruit gardener near Rutledge, the family home. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Vollmer: Minnie, married Edward Shillingford, now of Cleveland, Ohio; Mary Ann, wife of Norman Malcolm Layton Ford; Florence and Frances.

The first members of the Vernon family in Pennsylvania were VERNON three brothers—Thomas, Randal and Robert. Thomas came from Stanthorne, county of Chester, England, about the same time as William Penn in 1682. While not excessively annoyed he had not entirely escaped religious persecution in England, because of his membership in the Society of Friends. With his brother, Randal, he settled in Nether Providence, Delaware county, on contiguous tracts, for some time occupying only one dwelling, at which the meetings of the Society of Friends were held. His name is on the list of jurors for the first court ever held for the county of Chester. He died in 1698. Randal Vernon was likewise an active and influential member of the Society of Friends and frequently had charge of the public business of that sect. In 1687 he served as a member of the Provincial Assembly. He died in 1725, aged eighty-five years, having survived his wife, Sarah, six years. Robert Vernon came from Stoaks, Cheshire, Eng-



Albert H. Vernon

land. He was a member of the Society of Friends, but took no such active part in its affairs as did his brothers. A member of the family, prominent in the war of independence, was Captain Job Vernon, born in Lower Providence, 1750, died in Concord township, 1810. He served in the Army of the North, and participated in all its engagements up to the storming of Stony Point.

From this early Vernon family sprang Samuel Vernon, a miller at Dutton's, Delaware county, born November 15, 1755, died in Aston township, Delaware county, in 1812, aged sixty-two years. He and his wife were members of the Society of Friends. He married Ann Hall, who died near Bridge-water, on Chester creek, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, leaving issue.

(II) Abner, son of Samuel and Ann (Hall) Vernon, was born in Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, April 1, 1791. His early life was spent in Aston township, where he obtained an education in a private school. Leaving school he learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed all his life. Toward the end of the war of 1812-14, he was drafted for service, but the end of the conflict came soon after and he saw little active service. Politically he was a Whig, and served two terms as supervisor of Lower Chichester. With his wife he was a member of the Episcopal church, in which he was a vestryman and warden. He married Esther Bullock, of Concord township, Delaware county, died in Claymont, Delaware, aged seventy-four years, daughter of John and Sarah (Hampton) Bullock. Children: 1. Lavina, born October 14, 1816; married Benjamin Larkins. 2. Sarah Ann, born November 17, 1818; married James Price. 3. John B., married, June 8, 1821, Margaret Brooke. 4. Samuel (of further mention). 5. Abner, born April 26, 1826. 6. Mary G., born August 27, 1828; married John Brooke. 7. Frank S., born May 19, 1830, married Elizabeth Otty. 8. George W., born October 6, 1833; married Mary Kim.

(III) Samuel, son of Abner and Esther (Bullock) Vernon, was born in Aston township, Delaware county, September 7, 1823. His early years were spent in Aston and Concord townships, where he followed the occupation of his father—the carpenter's. In politics he is a Republican, and was the first burgess of Marcus Hook. He is very prominent in fraternal circles, being one of the oldest living members of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, to which he has belonged for sixty-four years. He has held all the grades of offices in this fraternity, as he has in the Improved Order of Red Men, of which he has been a member for forty-one years. He is a communicant of the Episcopal church. He married, April 14, 1853, Caroline Moore, born in Pedricktown, Salem county, New Jersey, daughter of John, a farmer, died aged seventy-four years, and Priscilla (Kate) Moore. Children of John and Priscilla Moore: George, married Mary Handy, of Brandywine Hundred, Delaware; Susie, married Samuel Butler, of Wilmington, Delaware; Caroline (of previous mention). Children of Samuel and Caroline (Moore) Vernon: 1. John M., born June 22, 1854; married (first) April 25, 1886, Catherine Carter, (second) February 12, 1897, Mary Fogarty. 2. Esther, born September 11, 1856; married, September 11, 1879, Elwood B. Worrihow. 3. Samuel C., born March 25, 1859; married, September 1, 1886, Ada Lantz. 4. Albert H. (of further mention). 5. Abner, born March 4, 1863; married, October 17, 1894, Lorna Downes. 6. George M., born November 14, 1864; married Ruth Lewis. 7. Eva C., born October 24, 1866. 8. Lillie May, born April 30, 1874; married, November 19, 1895, John W. Gosch.

(IV) Albert H., third son and fourth child of Samuel and Caroline (Moore) Vernon, was born in Claymont, Delaware, April 1, 1861. He obtained his education in the public schools of Upper Chichester, and later gradu-

ated from the mechanical draughtsmanship course, class of 1898, of the International Correspondence School at Scranton, Pennsylvania. His first employment was as a carpenter, at which he worked until he was twenty years of age, abandoning this to accept a position with the Jackson & Sharp Company of Wilmington, Delaware, with whom he remained for two and a half years. On March 1, 1884, he entered the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad as a station agent and telegraph operator, in which capacity he now serves. For seven years he was in Washington, D. C. In politics he is a Republican, and has been town clerk and road commissioner of Lower Chichester. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Farmers and Mechanics Lodge, No. 85, of Linwood, Delaware county, and to Freeman Encampment, of the same town. He passed all chairs in the subordinate lodge, and in September, 1894, was elected a representative to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, and has been reelected for each succeeding year up to the present (1913). In March, 1909, he was elected district deputy grand master for Delaware county, an office he held for one year, according to the rule of the country districts. He also belongs to Lucius H. Scott Lodge, No. 352, Free and Accepted Masons, of Chester, Pennsylvania; Florence E. Joslyn Lodge, No. 287, Daughters of Rebekah, Linwood, Pennsylvania, and the Veteran Odd Fellows Association of Pennsylvania.

He married, April 27, 1887, at Linwood, Delaware county, Mary P. McCafferty, born at Wilmington, Delaware, July 12, 1865, daughter of William G. and Anna M. (Price) McCafferty; children: Mary P. (of previous mention) married Albert H. Vernon; Edward J.; Laura E.; Anna E.; William G.; George R.; Frank H. and Edith M. Children of Albert H. and Mary P. (McCafferty) Vernon: 1. A. Willard, born February 1, 1888. 2. Anna R., born December 30, 1894. 3. S. Howard, born May 8, 1896.

A native of the neighboring state of New Jersey, Mr. Harry Gommoll first came to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in the year 1900, and although a newcomer, began business in the oldest smithy in Delaware county, the old shop at Hinkson's Corner, where from the early days of the county, a flaming forge has gleamed.

Harry Gommoll was born in Essex county, New Jersey, April 13, 1875, a son of a well known landscape gardener, Frederick Gommoll, and his wife, Wilhelmena. Harry Gommoll attended public school until twelve years of age, when he began working in a blacksmith shop, where he served an apprenticeship of four years. In 1893 he came to Pennsylvania, and followed his trade for eight years as a journeyman smith, working in Philadelphia, Norristown, Collegeville, Reading and other Pennsylvania cities, and becoming an expert horseshoer and general iron worker. In the year 1900 he settled permanently in Delaware county, starting in business for himself on Labor Day of that year, as successor of Ezekiel R. Norman, the oldest smith in Delaware county, in the shop at Hinkson's Corner. Here he prospered for two and a half years; then he moved his business location to Media, locating in the Broadhead shop, April 1, 1903. He continued at that location until April 1, 1909, when he moved to his present place of business on Baker street. He has established himself firmly in the good opinion of his numerous patrons, and is one of the successful prosperous men of the borough.

Mr. Gommoll is a member of Garfield Lodge, No. 94, Knights of Pythias; treasurer of Kossuth Lodge, No. 393, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and of Morning Star Encampment of the same fraternal order. In religious faith

Mr. Gommoll, with his family, is a member of the Baptist church, while in political preference he is an Independent.

On April 9, 1902, Mr. Gommoll married in Norristown, Pennsylvania, Clara Bechtel, daughter of Henry L. and Annie E. Bechtel. Mrs. Gommoll has brothers and sisters: William H., married Carrie Dellar; Walter I., married Katie Rex; George W., married Ella Davis; Mary E.; Laura G.; Samuel L., and Howard L. Children of Harry and Clara (Bechtel) Gommoll: Anna G., born January 27, 1903; Robert L., July 24, 1904; Norman L., September 20, 1906; Edna M., October 19, 1910.

McKNIGHT The first members of this branch of the McKnight family came to this country about the commencement of the nineteenth century, and they have been conspicuously identified with important business interests since their arrival here, and have been intensely patriotic citizens.

(I) William McKnight, the emigrant ancestor, was born in Ireland, and after his coming to this country, made his home in Philadelphia, where he died at the age of fifty-six years. He married Gylac Hagerty, who died in 1833 in Philadelphia. Children: Robert, deceased; John; David, see forward; and Annie, deceased.

(II) David, son of William and Gylac (Hagerty) McKnight, was born in Ireland, March 4, 1831, and is now living in Philadelphia. He was very young when he arrived in that city with his parents, and attended the public schools of that city. It is an interesting fact to note, that he was a member of the ninth class of the Central High School of Philadelphia; his son, William, was a member of the sixty-ninth class; Paul was a member of the seventy-ninth class, and David Jr., was a member of the eighty-ninth class. David McKnight was a schoolmate of Prof. Daniel Howard in the school house which stood on the present site of Wanamaker's store. For many years he held the position of live stock agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, but is now living in retirement. He formerly belonged to the Whig party, but upon the organization of the Republican party, joined the ranks of that body, and later joined the Progressive party. During the civil war he was a member of Company K, Gray Reserves, but was not called into active service. He married Mary A. MacPherson, born in Anne Arundel county, Maryland. She was a daughter of William and Eliza (Doherty) MacPherson, the former for many years foreman for Brooke & Pugh, flour merchants in Philadelphia, and who died, leaving two children: Mary A., mentioned above, and William John, who was a member of Company D, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania Regiment. Mr. and Mrs. McKnight have had children: William; Albert, died in infancy; Paul, see forward; Jessie, died April 27, 1903, at the age of thirty-seven years; Mary; David Jr.; and Elisabeth.

(III) Paul, son of David and Mary A. (MacPherson) McKnight, was born in Philadelphia, November 26, 1863. His early years were spent in Philadelphia, where he attended the public schools and, upon the completion of his education, he was engaged in business for some time. He then entered the Young Men's Christian Association Training School in Springfield, Massachusetts, and filled various positions in Young Men's Christian Associations. May 13, 1891, he formed a connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which is still in force. He has risen from one position to another, until at the present time he occupies the position of freight agent at the West

Philadelphia stock yard station. In political matters he is an Independent Republican.

Mr. McKnight married, October 10, 1894, Anna Howell, born in Philadelphia, a daughter of Abram B. and Maria (Elwell) Thomas, the latter born in Pennsylvania; the former, who was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, was a worker in leather goods, and is now living in Philadelphia, being over seventy years of age. They had six children: Harvey B., deceased; George, died young; Anna Howell, mentioned above; Sara; Mary J.; William Bon-sall. Mr. McKnight has no children. He is a member of George W. Bar-tram Lodge, No. 298, Free and Accepted Masons; Media Chapter, No. 234, Royal Arch Masons; Kossuth Lodge, No. 393, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Media Fire and Hook and Ladder Company, No. 1, of Media. He and his wife are Presbyterians. When he came to Media in 1894, he at once affiliated with the church, and since then has officiated as an elder and a trustee; he was the secretary of trustees for seventeen years, and has been treasurer of that body three years. He takes a great interest in the young people's church work, and does everything in his power to further it.

On the fifth day of May, 1675, a company from England, principally members of the Society of Friends, landed from the ship "Griffith," which had brought them from England to find a home in West Jersey. The leading spirit of the enterprise and the owner of the lands now included in what are now known as Salem and Cumberland counties, New Jersey, was John Fenwick, from which the colony received its name. The landing place of the Fenwick colony appearing to Fenwick as a good location for a town he called it New Salem.

Among these Fenwick colonists was Joseph Ware, of Monmouthshire, Wales. Thomas Shourds, in his "History of Salem County," says that Joseph Ware came as a "servant" to Edward Wade. But as Smith, in his "History of New Jersey" says—Fenwick's daughters, Anne and Elizabeth, married two of his "servants," it would seem that the meaning of servants then was one who worked for wages and not one of inferior social position. But that is of little moment. Joseph Ware soon became a man of importance in the colony, his name appearing several times as a member of and sometimes as a foreman of the grand jury. He bought within a few years five hundred acres of land on Lower Alloways Creek, part of which is yet owned by descendants. He died March 30, 1711, leaving a will in which he divided his property among his children, after providing for his widow Mary. He made no mention of his son, John, who early in life became a follower of George Keith, known as the Quaker Baptist, which fact probably estranged him from his father. Joseph Ware married (first) May 30, 1683, Martha, daughter of John Becket, of Essex, near Kingston-on-the-Thames, England; four children. He married (second) Mary, who is mentioned in his will, who bore him a daughter, Patience.

John Ware, second son of Joseph Ware by his first wife, Martha (Becket) Ware, was born in New Jersey about 1688; his will, probated June 20, 1734, was made May 1, preceding, when he declares himself "sick and weak in body, but of sound mind and perfect memory." He was styled "yeoman" and declares in his will that he is a resident of Cohansie, Salem county, Province of New Jersey. He left to his "loving wife, Bathsheba" all his "plantation lands buildings with the appurtenances situate and being in Cohansie" until his first born son John, born 1722, "shall arrive at the age of twenty-one years." After that she was to have one-third of all he possessed so long as she remained a widow.

Elnathan Ware, second son and fourth of the six children of John and Bathsheba Ware, has had no mention of his early life preserved beyond mention in his father's will in which he was given twenty-five acres and ten pounds in gold. There is no record of him until 1760, when he gave bond to the state when he obtained "License of Marriage" to "Mercy Moore." He was then resident of Greenwich, Cumberland county, New Jersey, his wife, Mercy, a daughter of Enoch Moore of the same town. Elnathan and Mercy (Moore) Ware were the parents of nine children of which Joseph was the sixth child and the fifth son.

Joseph Ware, fifth son of Elnathan and Mercy (Moore) Ware, born August 27, 1771, in Greenwich, Salem county, New Jersey, removed to Cape May, New Jersey, where he died. He married (first) Deborah Whillden, (second) Harriet Whillden, supposed to have been sisters. Children: 1. Samuel Fithian, born October 16, 1800, died 1876; married (first) Esther Teal, (second) Lydia Thomas. 2. Deborah Whillden, born May 4, 1804, died 1866; married Thomas Eldredge. 3. James Whillden, born January 12, 1806, died 1890; married Deborah Hampton. 4. Joseph, born May 16, 1809; married (first) Ann Hughes, (second) Lydia Leaming. 5. Daniel Crowell, born November 1, 1810, died 1891; married (first) Rachel ———, (second) Louisa Ford. 6. Welmon W., see forward. 7. Maskell, born 1822; married (first) Leah Mathias, (second) Mary J. Warrick. 8. John G. W., born 1825.

Welmon W. Ware, fifth son of Joseph Ware and his second wife, Harriet (Whillden) Ware, was born in Cape May, New Jersey, 1818, died in July, 1886. He was educated in the public schools, and became one of the prominent men of Cape May county. He was a Republican in politics; member of the State Senate eight years and for sixteen years was superintendent of the United States Life Saving Station at Cape May; mayor of Cape May several terms, also serving in the city council several terms. In the years following the civil war he was proprietor of the Willard Hotel in Washington, D. C., later returning to Cape May. He was a man of public spirit and used his influence always for the betterment of public conditions in his city. He married (first) Mary B. Schellinger, (second) Lydia C. Schellinger, (third) Bell West.

Preston W. Ware, son of Welmon W. Ware and his second wife, Lydia C. (Schellinger) Ware, was born in Cape May, New Jersey, June 1, 1866. He was educated in the public schools of Cape May, which was his home in youth, save for the few years spent in Washington, D. C., while his father was proprietor of the Willard Hotel, the family making their home there during that period. After leaving school he became a plumber's apprentice and became thorough master of all branches of that business. He followed his trade as a journeyman in Cape May and other New Jersey and Pennsylvania towns until his marriage in 1889, when he located in Media. He there established in business for himself in plumbing and steam heating in all its branches. He has gained an enviable reputation as an expert workman and a reliable contractor. His business covers the territory surrounding Media and for a time included the contracting of buildings as well as their fitting out with plumbing and steam fitting. He is a member of the Order of Artisans, and he and his wife and family are active members of the Presbyterian church; workers in both church and Sunday school. In politics he is a Republican, but although interested in all that pertains to the public good has never sought or accepted public office.

Mr. Ware married, October 11, 1889, Matilda J., daughter of John and Catherine Schowerer, of Media. Children: Elsie, married Freeman B. Chesley, of Marlton, West Virginia; Louise, now attending West Chester Normal School; Walter, now a student in Media. The family residence is at No. 4 West State street, Media.

The English family came to Media from Ohio, but earlier generations were of Pennsylvanian birth. The settlement in Ohio was made in 1835, by Daniel S. English, who settled on a farm in Stark county, not far from Canton. He married Elizabeth Severn, who bore him thirteen children. Both he and his wife died on the farm in Stark county.

Joseph Edward, son of Daniel S. and Elizabeth (Severn) English, was born near Canton, Stark county, Ohio, March 30, 1855. He attended the district public schools and spent his boyhood at the home farm. At the age of fourteen years he began learning the trade of marble cutter, working in the marble yard during the summer months, and in the coal mines of Columbiana county, Ohio, in the winter. He continued this method of work until 1876, when he came east to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, settling in Media, February 2, 1882. From 1876 until 1882 he worked at marble cutting in Philadelphia and nearby towns as a journeyman, but after coming to Media engaged in business for himself in a small way in the line of monuments and grave-stones. He had little capital, and all work in the beginning, from the rough stone to the finished monument, was done by his own skilled hands. Mr. English has prospered through thrift and industry, and now has a shop, well equipped with machinery for cutting and polishing, in fact a complete modern stone working plant. While his principal line is monuments, he also maintains a department for building purposes, furnishing marble and granite work of every kind at the builder's order. He is himself a finished workman, and he demands the same excellence of workmanship from his employed cutters, giving close attention to detail of design and plan. This thoroughness has brought the deserved reward, and has extended his business all over Delaware county and into the states of New Jersey and Delaware, although he employs no solicitors or traveling salesmen. His business comes entirely from his well known superior workmanship and strict business integrity, every patron bringing him others.

In politics, Mr. English has been a life-long Republican, active and deeply interested in the welfare of his town, but always refusing offers of political office for himself. He belongs to the Junior Order of American Mechanics; his three sons are also members. He is a member of the official board of the Methodist Episcopal church, and his wife and children are also members of that church.

Mr. English married, June 26, 1879, Lydia, daughter of John and Charlotte (Kitson) Broadbelt, of Delaware county. His two sons, Lewis E. and Franks, are associated with him in business; his third son, Frederick E., is a bookkeeper in the Delaware County Trust Company. The family home and marble works are situated on the corner of East Washington and Vernon streets, Media.

The McCauleys, of Scotch ancestry, settled in county Armagh, Ireland, whence came Hugh McCauley who married, soon after his arrival in Philadelphia, Margaret Means.

John, son of Hugh McCauley, was born in Concord, Delaware county, July 29, 1804, grew up a farmer, and lived in Chester county until 1843. In that year he moved to Harrisburg where he was manager of iron mines in Dauphin and Luzerne counties. In politics he was a Democrat, later a Republican, and in religion belonged to the Methodist Episcopal church. He was also a member of the Masonic order. He married, in 1834, Lydia Gheen, who

bore him ten children. Mr. McCauley died in West Chester, September 11, 1889; his wife died April 4, 1850, leaving a large family.

William, son of John and Lydia (Gheen) McCauley, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, May 6, 1839, and died there June 3, 1902. He was a contracting painter and lived in the same community for over fifty years of his life. He was a man of personality, held decided opinions, and was remarked for his general uprightness of character. In religion he was a strong Presbyterian, and in political faith a Democrat. Mr. McCauley married Sarah Johnson and left issue.

James Jasper, son of William and Sarah (Johnson) McCauley, was born in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, December 16, 1862. He attended the public schools of his neighborhood, and at a suitable age began learning the painting and paper hanging business with his father. After becoming master of his trade, he went to Philadelphia, where for two years he was in the employ of Webber & Howe, big contractors of railroad painting, operating over a large extent of country. After his marriage in 1888, he returned to Media, where he worked with his father for about one year. He then entered the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad, working at his trade with that company for thirteen years. In August, 1898, he began his residence in Media, and in November, 1905, he began business as a painting contractor. He has built up a large business in Media and surrounding boroughs, his contracts even extending to the city of Philadelphia. He is an expert workman in all kinds of plain and decorative work, and has won fairly a reputation as a leader in his business.

Mr. McCauley is a Republican in politics, but while interested in all that pertains to the public welfare, has never accepted office. He belongs to the fraternal orders, Knights of Pythias, Knights of the Golden Eagle and Improved Order of Red Men. Both he and his wife are active workers in the church and Sunday school of the United Presbyterian Church of Media. The family home is at No. 18 West Second street, Media. Mr. McCauley married, in 1888, Sarah Elizabeth Work, daughter of Robert and Letitia D. (Robinson) Work, of Russellville, Chester county, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. McCauley have no children.

The Seal family, of Media, descends from William Seal, born in SEAL England, who at an early day settled in Birmingham, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He married there, October 3, 1718, Hannah Gilpin, daughter of Joseph and Hannah Gilpin, of Birmingham township. Children: Rachel; Joseph; Hannah, married John Bennett; William; Joshua; and Caleb. From William Seal descend all of the Seal name in Delaware county. The family is a large one, and in past generations has been represented by farmers of large industry, with good business and substance. The descent in this branch is from William (2) Seal, son of William (1) Seal, the emigrant. William (1) Seal died in 1742, and his wife in 1746. William (2) was a distiller, and a member of the Society of Friends. When that body announced its opposition to their members engaging in harmful occupation, Mr. Seal converted his distillery into a mill for the manufacture of castor oil. He owned six hundred acres of farm land in Birmingham township. He married Mary Hunt, of Birmingham township, brought up a large family, and died in 1821.

William A. Seal, a descendant of William, the emigrant, was born in Delaware county, and lived there, settling in Media after his marriage, where he made his home until his death. He was a plasterer by trade. He was an honor-

able, upright man and a good citizen, quiet and unobtrusive, and a member in high standing of the Hicksite branch of the Society of Friends. During the war between the States he was a soldier of the Union, doing thereby violence to his natural feelings, and incurring the displeasure of his church. He married Mary Ann Cline, also born in Delaware county.

Joseph C. Seal, son of William A. and Mary Ann (Cline) Seal, was born in Media, Pennsylvania, August 2, 1864. He attended the public schools, and began business life as a clerk in a Media store, acting in that capacity several years. He then attended Shortlidge Academy in Media for one year, and then apprenticed himself to Charles Walter, of Media, to learn the carpenter's trade. Until 1885 he worked as apprentice and journeyman carpenter, when he began business for himself. He has continued in the building business ever since, and has won fairly his reputation as one of the leading contracting builders of Media. He has erected many of the best residences in Media and the surrounding country. Mr. Seal is himself an expert workman, and in his business dealings adheres strictly to principles of highest integrity. He is both capable and reliable, these qualities having brought him deserved success. In politics he is a Republican; he has always been active in public affairs, and for six years, has served in the borough council.

Mr. Seal married, March 31, 1889, Wilhemina Cosgrove, daughter of Adam Cosgrove, of Media; and both are members of the Hicksite Society of Friends. Their only son, Jesse B. Seal, is connected with his father in business; their only daughter, Edna C., is a successful music teacher. The family resides at No. 322 North Orange street.

In far away Germany, that land of thrift and industry, was born
HOLL Sebastian Holl and Maria Wappler, both natives of Würtemberg. They came to the United States, and while still young met and were married in Philadelphia, where Sebastian Holl became a successful manufacturer of fine furniture, retiring from business in 1900. He died January 10, 1910. Maria, his wife, died March 13, 1888. Of their four sons: one died in infancy; Albert, now resides in Philadelphia; Emil, resides in Media; and Julius, died in 1911 in Philadelphia.

Emil, son of Sebastian and Maria (Wappler) Holl, was born in Philadelphia, October 14, 1853. He was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia and after finishing his education became a watchmaker's apprentice, serving the full term of years required, and becoming an expert jeweler and watchmaker. He worked at the bench until 1877, when he embarked in business for himself, opening a jewelry store in Media, where he has since been in continuous, successful operation for a period of thirty-six years. A business extending over so long a space of years, necessarily has its reverses as well as its successes, but in Mr. Holl's case, the latter have greatly predominated, and is now located at the northeast corner of State and Orange streets in a fine store well stocked with a modern line of jewelry store goods, and possessing an adequate repair department. His reputation for the "square deal" has brought him generous patronage, well deserved prosperity and the high regard of his townsmen. He is vice-president and director of the Media Title and Trust Company, president and a director of the Second Building and Loan Association, and actively interested in other Media enterprises.

Mr. Holl has always taken an active and prominent part in the business and public affairs of the borough of Media. He is a Democrat in politics and has played a leading role in party affairs. He has served as chairman of the Democratic County Committee, and in 1894 he was appointed postmaster



Terrence Reilly

of Media by President Cleveland, for a term of four years. He has also been the Democratic nominee for presidential elector, for assemblyman and for state senator, but the district in which he lives is so strongly Republican that a Democrat is rarely elected to any state or district office, no matter how high the standing or popularity of the candidate. In religion Mr. Holl and his family are members of the Roman Catholic church; he is a Knight of Columbus and a member of other church organizations.

He married, January 10, 1878, Anna F., daughter of Theodore Kampen, of Philadelphia. Children: Cyrilla M., Albert E., Julia C., S. Herman, Frances, Frederick T. and Helen.

Among the native sons of Ireland, who came to Delaware county MAJOR in the long ago, was John Major, who came when quite young, and settled in Media where he became prominent as a contractor and a man of public affairs. He was a member of the Presbyterian church in religious faith, and a Democrat in politics with all of his countrymen's love of public office. He was active in party affairs and held various local offices. His wife, Margaret Callahan, whom he married here, also came from Ireland when young. Both are now deceased.

George Major, son of John and Margaret (Callahan) Major, was born in Media, June 1, 1867, where has always lived. He was educated in the public schools, and began business life as his father's assistant in his contracting operations. However, early in life he became a plumber's apprentice, finishing his trade and working as a journeyman until 1893, when he established himself in the plumbing business, opening a shop in Media. He has greatly extended his business in the years intervening, and is one of the successful, substantial men of his town, upright in character and held in high esteem. In politics he is an Independent, and interested in public affairs, although he has never sought or accepted office. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, which he serves as trustee, and of the Sons of Veterans, by virtue of his father's service during the civil war, as a private in Company F, 126th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry.

Mr. Major married, in November, 1893, Letitia A. McIlrath, daughter of Thomas and Sarah McIlrath, natives of Ireland, who emigrated to New York City, and later returned to the North of Ireland. Children: George Adams, born August 6, 1894; Sarah, February 27, 1896; Lillian and Ethel May, November 17, 1897; all are students in the Media schools. The family home is at No. 33 West State street, where Mr. Major's place of business is also located.

The Green Isle of the Sea never gave to America a bigger- REILLY hearted man, a truer patriot, or better citizen than Terrence Reilly, a resident of Pennsylvania sixty-one years, and of Media thirty-nine years.

Terrence Reilly was born in Ireland in 1821, died in Media, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1896. He was brought to the United States in 1825, and his home was in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, until 1857. He obtained a common school education and developed an unusual aptitude for business. He worked and clerked for several years, finally accumulating sufficient capital to start a store. He continued in prosperous merchandising in Philadelphia until 1857, when he moved to Media. He there established a tannery and from the first prospered. He enlarged his business and was a most prosperous leather manufacturer until his death thirty-nine years after his first coming to Media. His life

of seventy-five years covered the period of wars waged by the United States in both of which Terrence Reilly bore a part under the flag that was his, only by adoption. He was a private in the Mexican War and in the war between the States won the rank of first lieutenant. He had all of an Irishman's love of battle, yet was especially noted in Media for his kindness of heart and liberality to those in distress. He gave large sums in charity each year and no man ever appealed to him in vain, if in need. He was an industrious, energetic man himself, scorning the idler, but ever ready to advance the interests of the worthy. He was a Democrat in politics with all the love for public life and political power that seems inherent in his race. He served in the Media borough council for several terms and was twice elected chief burgess, serving the borough well and faithfully. He took a deep interest in the Media Fire Company, assisted in its organization, was its first president and but one week prior to his death was re-elected. His life was a busy, useful, successful one, begun in a faraway land, from which he was so early transplanted that to him America was more his own than an adopted home. While he never married, he had adopted as his son a nephew, Peter H. Reilly, on whom he lavished all a father's love and interest. A feature of his character was his strong sense of duty and his courage in maintaining his opinions when satisfied he was right. He was absolutely fearless in his advocacy of public measures and never lost sight of the interests of his community. A member of the Roman Catholic church and faithful to his religious obligations he was broadminded and liberal, holding every man's creed sacred and when he passed from their midst every man regardless of religious creed or political faith, had a kind word for Terrence Reilly.

Peter H. Reilly, adopted son of Terrence Reilly, was born in Media, Pennsylvania, April 12, 1866, and there has always lived. He was educated in the public schools, La Salle College and Pierce's Business College of Philadelphia. He was taught the tanning business by his adopted father and with him was associated until the death of the latter in 1896. During their long connection he grew to thoroughly appreciate the excellence of character of Terrence Reilly and unconsciously perhaps absorbed many of his most striking characteristics, becoming very much like him in many respects. He formed the same energetic business habits, is broad-minded and liberal in his charities, has the deep interests in public affairs and the same regard and devotion to the interests of Media. He belongs to the same political party, the Democratic, and has served with the same fidelity that distinguished Terrence Reilly in his public life.

Peter H. Reilly was appointed by Judge Isaac Johnson in 1904 to fill out an unexpired term of a member of the board of county auditors, and in the following year was regularly elected to membership on the same board for a term of three years. In religious faith he is a Roman Catholic; member and chairman of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul; member of the Knights of Columbus and prominent in both organizations. He has a private library of several hundred well selected books, which show evidence of daily use and indicate their owner's love of good literature. Fond himself of out-of-door sports, he gives hearty support and assistance to all helpful athletics and is a firm friend of young men. The business founded by Terrence Reilly has been wisely continued by the adopted son and its old time prosperity in no way diminished. Faithful alike to the upright principles of the founder and his own high ideals, he has carried out the unspoken wishes of his benefactor and holds in the affections of the people the place first won by the warm-hearted Terrence Reilly.

Peter H. Reilly married, June 9, 1907, Anna, daughter of Abram and Anna Cohen, of New York. The family home is an attractive residence at No. 114 North Edgmont street, Media.

DOAK In point of interesting and profitable reading, biography certainly yields to no other subject. Moreover, it is especially noteworthy to mark the progress made in the varied fields of industry by those who have come to these shores from another country, and to observe the eagerness displayed in acquiring the methods and customs in vogue here, and the facility with which they adapt themselves to circumstances in their new surroundings. In the majority of cases the best traits of the ancestors are retained, and mingled to the best advantage with the progressive ideas to be found in our manner of conducting business transactions. A case in point is that of James L. Doak, of Media, Pennsylvania, who is of Scotch-Irish descent.

Joseph Doak, father of James L. Doak, was a native of Scotland, and came to the United States when he was a very young lad. He was engaged in farming throughout the active years of his life, and died in April, 1908. He married Mary M. Wiggin, who had been born in Ireland, and had come to this country when a child with her parents. Both the Doak and the Wiggin family settled in Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

James L., son of Joseph and Mary M. (Wiggin) Doak, was born at Wallingford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 21, 1876. His early life was as uneventful as the usual one of a farmer's son. He acquired a good, practical education at the district school, during the intervals when he was not engaged in assisting his father in the cultivation of the homestead farm. When he attained young manhood, he determined to branch out for himself, as his ambitious and energetic nature was not satisfied with the humdrum existence he had hitherto led. He accordingly removed to Media, where he engaged in business as a contract teamster, and in several other enterprises, of which he made a financial success. By these means he amassed considerable capital, and in 1908 opened a livery and boarding stable business in connection with his contract teaming and heavy hauling, and these numerous activities engage his attention at the present time. They have become very extended in the course of events, and they are enterprises which are still steadily and consistently growing. Mr. Doak wields a considerable influence in the political affairs of the county, and is a member of the Republican county committee. He also holds the office of assistant fire chief, and he has filled other public offices of trust and responsibility. In 1913 he was the Republican candidate for county comptroller of Delaware county. Fraternally he is a member of Media Lodge, No. 139, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Doak married, September 1, 1906, Anna, daughter of Michael and Jennie (Snappe) Burnley, whose children are: Anna, George, Elsie and Clarence. The Burnley family has been resident in Garrettford, Pennsylvania, for many years. Mr. Doak keeps well abreast of the times in all public movements, and is ever ready to give his personal service as well as his means, to further any project for the general benefit of the community.

WAGNER This branch of the Wagner family came to Media from Trenton, New Jersey, where Nicholas Wagner and Anna Von Lochems were married. Both were born in Germany and came to the United States when young and both members of good substantial German families. Nicholas Wagner engaged in the iron manufacturing business, with which he was connected successfully, until his retirement in 1887. His business life was spent in Trenton, but after his retirement he moved to Philadelphia, where he yet resides. Anna, his wife, died in 1887.

Nicholas H. Wagner, son of Nicholas and Anna Wagner, was born in

Trenton, New Jersey (as were all his brothers and sisters), May 3, 1862. He was educated in the public schools and Trenton Business College, beginning business life as a bookkeeper for the Mercer Pottery Company, remaining five years. For the next eight years he was traveling salesman for different Trenton pottery companies, his territory covering almost the entire country. He then spent three years prospecting in Arizona, New and Old Mexico, but did not permanently locate, returning at the end of this period to his home in the East. Soon afterward he became actively engaged in iron manufacture, and until 1900 was secretary or treasurer for twenty-three different corporations in the United States, engaged in different branches of iron manufacture. In 1900 he retired and purchased the Colonial Hotel in Media, a well-equipped summer hotel, accommodating one hundred and fifty guests. This house, built in 1854, until coming under Mr. Wagner's ownership, was conducted only as a summer hotel, but he has made it an "all the year" home for traveling and permanent guests. Always a favorite resort for Philadelphians and others, the house has increased in popularity under his management and is one of the best patronized houses in rural Pennsylvania. Every modern convenience has been installed and every provision made for the entertainment of guests during the "out of doors" season. The Spring Haven Country Club golf links are but ten minutes walk distant, while in a spacious hall, forty by sixty feet, semi-weekly dances are given. The hotel, situated in the midst of a magnificent natural grove of chestnut trees, is near the Pennsylvania railroad depot and within two blocks of three trolley lines, connecting with Philadelphia, Chester and all surrounding country. Mr. Wagner succeeded in ownership Mrs. Herman Hoeckley, who conducted the house for more than forty years. The Colonial opens as a summer hotel, May 1, of each year, but a welcome and the best of treatment awaits the guest any day of the year. Mr. Wagner has proved as popular as a landlord as he was successful as a business man and is known to the traveling public as a most genial, generous and obliging "mine host," and the Colonial Hotel, situated among surroundings of historic interest and natural beauty, has a nation-wide reputation as a delightful, hospitable and enjoyable summer home. Mr. Wagner is a Republican in politics and interested in all that pertains to the welfare and prosperity of his town.

He married, November 16, 1892, Sophia A., daughter of James W. and Helen (Albertson) Moyer, of Philadelphia, the former dead, his wife yet living. Children: Frances Chandler, born March 4, 1895; Nicholas H. (2), May 4, 1896; Helen Moyer, March 8, 1898.

ANDERSON The Andersons came to Chester, Pennsylvania, from the adjoining state of Delaware, where they were residents of Newark for several generations. John Anderson, grandfather of Arthur B. Anderson, was a finished wood worker, learned his trade in the day when a carpenter was expected to be able to make anything pertaining to a house, including stairs, sash and even furniture. He had a chest of tools that included everything known to the trade, and was expert in the use of all. He was born in Scotland, coming to this country a young man. He married a Miss McVey and left issue: John B., (see forward); Samuel K., now a cabinet maker of Wilmington, Delaware; Emma, died in North East, Maryland, when young, in 1878.

John B. Anderson, son of John Anderson, was born in Newark, Delaware, in 1844. He is now a grocer of Wilmington, Delaware, having first begun business forty years ago in North East, Maryland, thence coming to Wilmington. He served as a justice of the peace in North East; is a member of the

Methodist Episcopal church and of Knights of Pythias. He married Ella Benjamin, born in North East, Maryland, in 1852, died in Chester in May, 1898, daughter of I. N. Benjamin, deceased, and his wife, Adeline. Children, all born in North East, Maryland: Emma, born in 1877, married Clarence H. Kirven, of Tennessee, now a title searcher for the Delaware County Trust Company, residing in Chester; Arthur Benjamin (of whom further); Samuel, died in North East, aged sixteen years; John, born in 1886, telegraph operator by profession, now a clerk in the store of his brother, Arthur B., he married Lena Turner, of Upland, Pennsylvania; David, born 1890, now a draughtsman with the Duplex Metal Works of Chester.

Arthur Benjamin Anderson, son of John B. and Ella (Benjamin) Anderson, was born in North East, Maryland, October 17, 1879. He was educated in the public schools, also for a time attended a private school. He left school at the age of fifteen, beginning business life as a grocer's clerk in Chester, continuing five years. From 1899 until 1903 he was in the employ of M. B. Fahey, then with the Pennsylvania railroad for a year, then again a grocery clerk until 1908. In that year he decided to use for his own advantage his knowledge of business gained during these years. He opened a light lunch cafe at the corner of Seventh street and Edgmont, Chester, where he has built up a large and profitable business—probably the largest of its kind in the city. He gives it his personal management and in every detail has proved his ability to organize and conduct the business of a caterer to the public appetite. In politics he is a Democrat, and in religious faith a Methodist.

He married, November 22, 1910, in Chester, Anna Hyland, born in Upland, Delaware county, daughter of James W. and Edith Hyland, who reside on their farm near Upland; child: Iola Edith, born in Chester, December 23, 1911.

The Lobbs of Pennsylvania trace their descent paternally from LOBB Welsh, and maternally from English forbears. The grandfather of E. Oscar Lobb, of this narrative, was William Lobb, who for many years was a teacher of botany in the Philadelphia high schools. Retiring from the pedagogical profession, in which he had earned distinction, he purchased a small farm in Chester county, where he devoted his latter years to stock raising. Many of his horses were bred from fine stock, and nothing gave him more genuine pleasure than the exhibition of a well-formed, strong, handsome, blooded horse. He and his wife were members of the Society of Friends, and both are buried in the churchyard of the Darby Friends Meeting-house. He was the father of thirteen children, of whom the following are living: Ethelbert, a builder of Berwyn, Chester county; Clayton A., a lumber dealer of Devon; Henry, lives retired at Broomall, Delaware county; Maria, married Edward Dutton and lives in West Chester, Pennsylvania; Mary, married William Clegg (deceased); Margaret, married Thomas Taylor (deceased); Louis D., of whom further.

(II) Louis D., son of William Lobb, was born near Berwyn, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1856. After receiving a public school education he learned the trades of cabinetmaking and undertaking under the direction of his father-in-law. For four years he continued in those pursuits, then began building operations in Berwyn under the firm name of L. D. Lobb & Sons. In 1909 he moved to Oakmont, Delaware county, where his son, E. Oscar, was engaged in a contracting and building business, and entered his employ. He is a Republican in politics, and with his wife is a member of the Baptist church.

He married Mary E. Otty, born at White Horse, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1857, daughter of Enoch and Anna E. (Mercer) Otty, from near Media, Delaware county. Enoch Otty, died 1911, was a cabinetmaker of wide reputation, many of his pieces of work being held at great value by the owners. Because of the extreme care taken in its manufacture, the finely fitting joints and smooth finish, there is little, if any, of his work upon the market. Every secret of the cabinetmakers' art was his and his smallest article is a masterpiece of neatness and beauty. His earliest occupation was as the driver of a tram car up and down the mountains in search of closely-knitted, straight-grained lumber for use in the manufacture of various articles of furniture. Besides the work he did in this line he was frequently called upon to act as undertaker, a business he had learned when a young man. Although he was a member of the Society of Friends he nevertheless forsook the doctrines of the "peaceful sect" at the outbreak of the civil war, and took up arms in defence of what he believed to be a greater principal than universal peace, universal freedom. He was a Democrat in political belief. He married Anna E. Mercer and had children: George, a carpenter of West Chester, Pennsylvania; Anna E., married Harry Lewis and lives in Malvern, Pennsylvania; Mary E., married Louis D. Lobb, of previous mention; and six others, all deceased. Children of Louis D. and Mary E. (Otty) Lobb; E. Oscar, of whom further; Clyde, a contracting painter, married Gertrude Griffith, and lives in Conshohocken, Pennsylvania; Victor, married Rosamond Mousman, and lives at Conshohocken, Pennsylvania; Edith, Marion, and Russell, all living at home.

(III) E. Oscar, eldest son and child of Louis D. and Mary E. (Otty) Lobb, was born near Berwyn, Chester county, Pennsylvania, August 6, 1880. He obtained a public school education at Berwyn, Pennsylvania, and later attended Drexel Institute at Philadelphia, there taking a business course of one year's duration. This he followed with a three years' correspondence course in architecture, a profession in which he progressed rapidly because of certain innate ability and talent. His first position was with his father in the firm of L. D. Lobb & Sons, with whom he remained until 1908, when he determined to enter business independently and came to Llanerch, establishing as E. Oscar Lobb, builder. Being the designer of all of his own houses, he soon gained a reputation for original taste and individuality which created a great demand for his services in the erection of houses in the vicinity. Since starting in business in Llanerch he has built eighty-six houses, also dealing in real estate in a small way. Mr. Lobb is a valuable member of the Llanerch community and one from whom much may be expected in the future, as he is an indefatigable worker, well-liked, and public-spirited, all qualities and attributes which make for success. He is deeply interested in all political questions and is an ardent supporter of the Progressive party. His church affiliations are Baptist, while his wife is an adherent of the Presbyterian faith. Fraternally he is connected with the Masonic order, belonging to lodge, chapter, commandery, and shrine also to the Improved Order of Red Men and the Independent Americans. He is a member of the Shrine Club and the Delaware County Auto Club.

He married, in February, 1902, Rae H. Huntly, born near Berwyn, Chester county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Robert, an engine inspector of the Pennsylvania railroad, now retired, and Mary Huntly (deceased). Children: Ellen, born July 5, 1904; Ethel, born May 5, 1906.

Frederick A. Scheck, a retired carpet and rug manufacturer of Llanerch, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a descendant of an honored German family, and has attained an enviable place in industrial and financial circles by reason of his indefatigable energy, close application and great care in the management of the business interests with which he has been connected.

His father, Herman Scheck, was born in Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, and died in the United States in 1907. He was the recipient of a fine education in his native country and was for a number of years successfully engaged as a teacher. At the age of twenty-eight years he came to America, and immediately crossed the continent, making his home in Sacramento, California, where he was a wholesale and retail provision merchant. After a time, acceding to the request of a favorite sister, he came east and opened a provision shop in Philadelphia, at Frankfort avenue and Adams street, where he was located for a period of nineteen years. He then removed to a nearby location where he engaged in the wholesale business solely, and after having conducted this for seven years, retired permanently from business responsibilities. This was eighteen years prior to his death, and after he had amassed a considerable fortune. He was active locally in the interests of the Democratic party, and served three terms as a school director on the Thirty-first Sectional Board. He was a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Improved Order of Red Men. A devoted husband and father, he was of very domestic tastes and found his chief pleasures in the home circle. He and his wife were members of the Lutheran church. Mr. Scheck married Pauline Sonneborn, born in Philadelphia, died in 1910, a daughter of ——— Sonneborn, a German by birth, and a well known carpet manufacturer of Kensington. They had children: Herman, died young; George, died young; Frederick A., whose name heads this sketch; Etta, married Dr. Randel C. Rosenberger, and resides at No. 2330 North Thirteenth street, Philadelphia; Clara M., unmarried, lives with her sister, Etta; Marie M., married Charles Quigley, and lives at No. 6157 Chestnut street, Philadelphia; Mathilde, married Harry Stephens, and lives at No. 5106 North Tenth street, Philadelphia.

Frederick A. Scheck was born in the Kensington district, Philadelphia, May 27, 1873. Having acquired an excellent and practical education in the public, grammar and high schools of his native city, he was for the next thirteen years, engaged in learning the manufacture of carpets and rugs of all varieties, and mastered this art in every detail. He then established himself in this line of manufacture, opening one factory at Howard and Palmer streets, and another at Nos. 1710-12-14 North Front street, operated these very successfully for eleven years and then retired from business. He was also the president of the Palruba Manufacturing Company, whose offices were in New York and Philadelphia, but he has sold out these interests. For many years he has been active in political affairs on behalf of the Republican party, and has done exceptionally fine work along educational lines. He served two terms as a school director in the Twenty-eighth Sectional Board in Philadelphia.

Mr. Scheck married, June 3, 1896, Laura Mae Moyer, of Reading, Pennsylvania. They are both members of the Lutheran church. Since October, 1908, Mr. Scheck has lived in Llanerch, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, at No. 321 Davis road, where he has a beautiful home. Mr. Scheck is held in the highest esteem as a public spirited citizen. While he was still at the head of his well paying industry, he not only won prosperity in his trade transactions, but he also gained the confidence of those with whom he had dealings, by reason of his strict conformance to the ethics of commercial life.

A fine example of what may be accomplished by means of well BERNER directed effort and original and methodical business ideas is furnished by John Berner Jr., of Llanerch, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. The courage and ambition which sustained his father during the trying times of the civil war have been inherited by him in rich measure, and he has been one of the representative men of the county.

John Berner Sr. was born in Wittenberg, Germany, July 30, 1836, and came to the United States in 1863. He at once became a citizen, and enlisted in Company F, Third Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry, and served a nine months' term. For some time he was a member of the bodyguard of General Meade, and was an active participant on the last day of the battle of Gettysburg. After the close of the war he made his home in Philadelphia, where he lived for many years. He had learned the baker's and miller's trades in his native land, and, when he located in Philadelphia, he opened a bakery at Tenth and Sargent streets. At the end of three years he removed to Fourth and Pine streets, where he was in business for a period of thirty-five years. He then retired from active business and removed to Clifton Heights, where he and his wife are still living. He is a man of robust health, having survived the loss of one leg, and is familiarly and affectionately known as "Old Hickory." In political affairs he was formerly a Democrat, but of late years has affiliated with the Republican party. Both he and his wife are consistent members of the Lutheran church. Mr. Berner married, in 1865, Barbara Geckler, born in Wittenberg, Germany, July 7, 1843, who came to the United States with her parents prior to the civil war, and they have had children: Frederick, a confectioner in business in Philadelphia; Elizabeth, married George Chestnut, and lives in Philadelphia; Katherine, unmarried, lives with her parents; John Jr., who is the subject of this sketch; Charles, lives with his parents and is in the employ of the Philadelphia and Western Traction Company.

John (2), son of John (1) and Barbara (Geckler) Berner, was born in Philadelphia, August 27, 1871. He attended the public schools of the fifth ward in Philadelphia, and at a suitable age was apprenticed to learn the baker's and confectioner's trade. After he had acquired this knowledge he went to the West and held a position as a "cow puncher" in Wyoming for a period of three years. This was during the time of the "Rustling" troubles. Upon his return to the East he worked for his father for a time, and then entered the employ of A. M. Taylor as a night watchman at Germantown, holding this position nine months, and leaving it in order to accept a position for the same man at North Thirty-second street and Mantua avenue. During the Spanish-American war he was employed by the Midvale Steel Company, then returning to A. M. Taylor, he had charge of Castle Rock Park for five seasons, then conducted this place for himself for one season. During the next four years he had charge of the waiting room at Sixty-third and Market streets, and then established himself in the junk business. At the expiration of two years he abandoned this in favor of the huckstering business, with which he was also occupied two years, and was then an ice dealer for one year. He then took up huckstering again with which he is identified at the present time, having a well paying route in the suburbs of the city. For many years he has been an active worker in the interests of the Republican party, and served one year as township clerk for the borough of Llanerch. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, and his fraternal affiliations are with Fernwood Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and University Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. He has lived in Llanerch about thirteen years, and has built a beautiful house at No. 300 Coopertown Road.

Mr. Berner married, August 10, 1905, Bertha May, born in Delaware

county, Pennsylvania, daughter of William and Ida McLaughlin. They have been blessed with children as follows: A. M. Taylor, Emily Barbara and Elizabeth. Mr. Berner is a self-made man, and the accumulations of an enterprising business career have come as the result of his able, persevering efforts. His life has been an honorable and industrious one, and he has the respect and esteem of all who know him.

SHIMER Henry P. Shimer, a well known resident of Newtown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged in manufacturing and agricultural pursuits for many years, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1854.

Frederick Shimer, his great-grandfather, came to this country from Germany in 1749, and spent the greater part of his life in the vicinity of Philadelphia. He was accompanied to this country by his wife, Mary Magdalena, and they had children: Conrad, Daniel, Bartholomew, Michael, Frederick, John, Peter, Elizabeth, Catherine, Mary, Barbara.

Frederick (2), son of Frederick (1) and Mary Magdalena Shimer, had children: John, Mary, Elizabeth.

John, son of Frederick (2) Shimer, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania. His business was that of farming and manufacturing cotton batting. He owns fifty-five acres of land, is a member of the Republican party, and of the Baptist church. He married Emily Duseaux, and had children: John N. M., Henry P., Samuel M., Margaret, Susan, Harriet.

Henry P. Shimer was educated in the public schools of Edgemont township, and the schools of Thornbury, Chester county, Pennsylvania. He was a bright and ambitious young lad, and was not content to serve others many years. At the age of twenty years he established himself in business. He manufactured cotton batting, and engaged in farming at the same time. In 1889 he went west to the Indian Territory, where he purchased one hundred and sixty acres of land, and at the present time he still owns some land there which holds out good oil prospects. In 1899 he returned to his home in the East, where he has since remained, his fine residence being on Shimer avenue. He casts his vote for the Republican party, and is a member of the Baptist church. Mr. Shimer married, in 1884, Phoebe A. Levero, born in 1859. Children: 1. Edward P., born in 1885, a molder and lives at Coraopolis; married Catherine Smyth, has one son, born in November, 1913, Edward Paul Shimer. 2. Lucy E., born 1890; married Isaac A. Hain, December 26, 1913; lives in Cleveland.

TAYLOR For many generations the Taylor family has been established in Maryland, where the original immigrant ancestor landed on reaching this country from England. He was a tobacco planter, and his sons, and sons' sons followed that lucrative occupation. Then as the numbers increased and the original estate was found to be too small to support them all, many found other occupations in different parts of the state and other states.

(I) William D. Taylor was born in Maryland, there was reared, lived and died. For many years he was a farmer, after which, owing to the needs of the community, he established a blacksmith and millwright shop in his neighborhood. In this he did remarkably well, and succeeded in accumulating a handsome competence. He married Fannie Parsons, daughter of a neighboring planter. Among their children was William S., of whom further.

(II) William S., son of William D. and Fannie (Parsons) Taylor, was

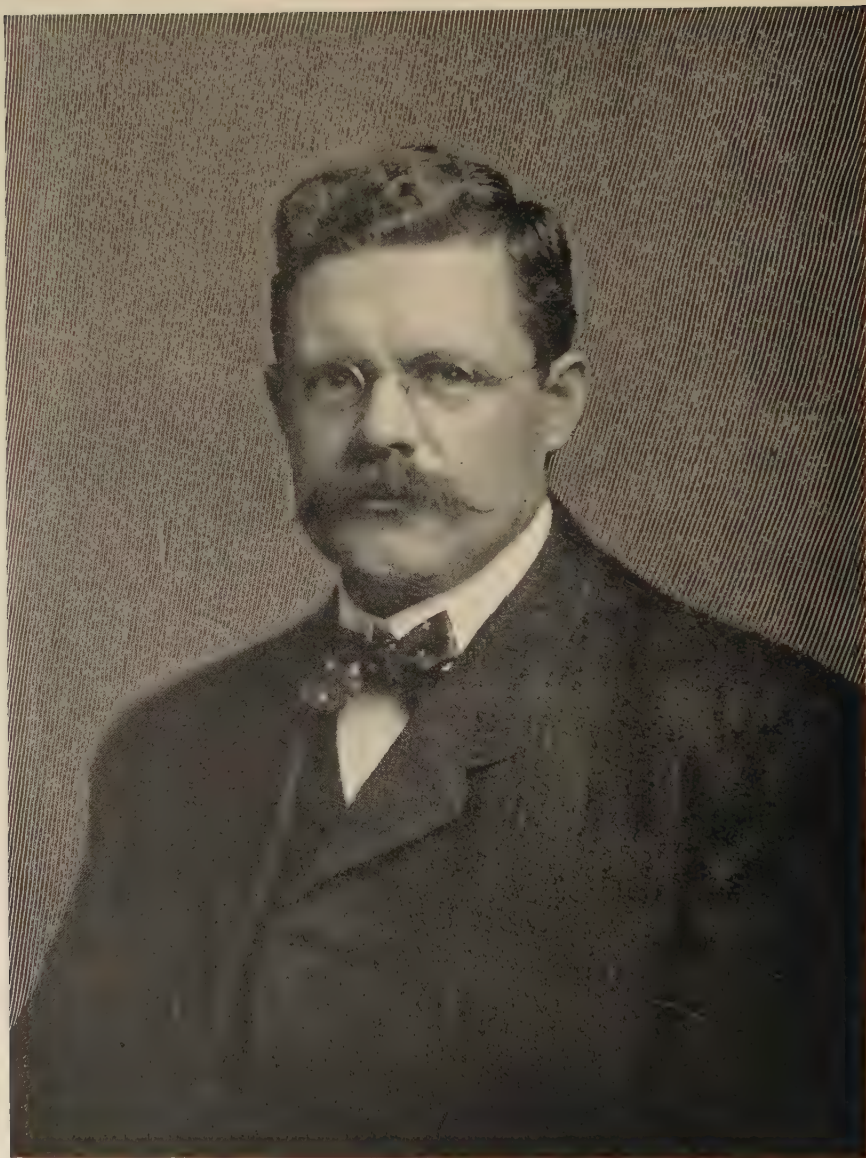
born in Maryland, near Churchill. He was educated in private schools and at Washington College. In 1893 he moved to Eddystone, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and there established one of the best grocery stores that the town had up to that time. It was located on the corner of Second and Lexington streets, and there he did business until his death, August 14, 1909. Mr. Taylor was one of the most substantial citizens in Eddystone, and his death was greatly regretted by the community. He was a Republican, voted with and worked for the party. He married, in 1891, Mary Stewart, born in Eddystone. One child, William Davis, of whom further.

(III) William Davis, son of William S. and Mary (Stewart) Taylor, was born in Eddystone, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1892. He received a thorough education in the Eddystone Grammar School and the Chester High School. As he was the only child of his parents he inherited the estate at his father's death, and immediately took charge of the business. One year later he erected a handsome brick structure, corner of Eleventh street and Saville avenue, and here continues the grocery and market business. Beginning under such favorable auspices there is little wonder that the dual business has grown to such proportions as it has. Mr. Taylor has added much to its growth by his uniformly courteous treatment of his patrons. He stands high in his town, both as a business man and as a citizen. He is a member of the Eddystone Methodist Episcopal Church, supporting it generously on all occasions, and is also a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Upland Lodge, and the Eddystone Fire Company. He is a director of the Delaware County Business Men's Association, which is doing such valiant work for that section of the state. He votes the Republican ticket, and has served as school director. He married, September, 1911, Myrtle V. Hewlings.

BAXTER This branch of the Baxter family dates in this country to the year 1849, but in England trace to Richard Baxter, an English Non-conformist divine, born 1615, died 1691. He is said to have preached more sermons, engaged in more controversies and written more books than any other Non-conformist of his age. He is perhaps best known through his work, "Saints Rest and Call to the Unconverted," although his autobiographical narrative is of great historical value, and the review of his religious opinions is spoken of by Coleridge as one of the most remarkable pieces of writing in religious literature.

Robert Baxter, of Yorkshire, England, married and had children: John; Robert, died in 1853, and Ann.

John Baxter, son of Robert Baxter, was born in Thistleboro, Yorkshire, England, near Settle, in 1784; died in Grassington, Yorkshire, March 20, 1845. He was self-educated, but so profound was his learning that he was known as the best educated man in his village. He was manager of a quarry and later engaged in milling, making money plentifully, but spending so freely that he never accumulated. He married Mary Pollard, born in Craco, near Skipton, Yorkshire, March 26, 1794, died in Philadelphia, July 20, 1868, daughter of John and Mary Pollard, and sister of William Pollard, who died in Yorkshire. Children, all born in Yorkshire: 1. Mary Ann, born July 2, 1819, died November 26, 1856, married Duncan Campbell. 2. John, born November 29, 1821, died July 20, 1888, in Camden, New Jersey, a partner in business with his brother, Albert. 3. William, born February 11, 1824. After the death of his first wife he came to Philadelphia with his second, engaged in the wool business and became wealthy. Later he moved to Richmond, Indiana, where



Henry V. Baxter

he helped to organize and was vice-president of the Wayne County Agriculture Works. He was elected to the state senate of Indiana and is the author of the Baxter Temperance Law. He was an Orthodox Friend and died in Richmond, September 26, 1866. 4. Alfred, born September 22, 1825. He was principal of schools at Stratford-on-Avon, England, later came to the United States and settled in Colorado, where he followed his profession. He was a noted linguist, teaching Greek and Hebrew from the original. He was also a regularly ordained minister of the gospel. He was also one of the pioneer farmers of Colorado and a surveyor in the early days. He later moved to San Diego, California, where he died November 7, 1903. 5. Ellen, born June 8, 1827, married Donald MacGregor and lived in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; she died September 29, 1905. 6. Maria, born February 23, 1829, married Thomas Hodgson, both died in Yorkshire, she August 5, 1855. 7. Robert, born December 5, 1831, died at Philadelphia, August 5, 1849. 8. Jane, born June 16, 1833, died in Yorkshire, April 8, 1848. 9. Richard, born March 12, 1855, died in Yorkshire, January 8, 1848. 10. Albert (of whom further).

Albert Baxter, son of John and Mary (Pollard) Baxter, was born in Bradford, Yorkshire, England, January 25, 1837, now living retired in Chester, Pennsylvania. He came to the United States when a lad of twelve years of age, locating in Philadelphia, where he joined his brother, William, for whom he worked as a wool sorter and in other capacities. Later he located in Camden, New Jersey, where he established a hide and tallow business, which he afterward sold to his brother, John, and returned to Philadelphia. He there engaged in the wool business, but owing to the money stringency in 1877, he went into voluntary liquidation, and in 1878 settled in Chester, Pennsylvania, where he established a plant for the manufacture of tallow, grease, oils and fertilizer, also dealing in hides. This he continued until 1897, when he sold out to his son, Henry V. Baxter, and retired. He was a successful business man, honorable and upright in all his dealings. While in Camden he was a member of the vigilance committee, formed to cope with the epidemic of arson and burglary that swept that city until the heroic measures taken by the committee made it too dangerous for the criminals to continue. He is an active member of the First Baptist Church, and for ten years was leader of the choir. In political faith he is a Republican.

Albert Baxter married December 3, 1866, Annie E. Brace, born in Philadelphia, October 4, 1842, died in Chester, March 7, 1879, daughter of John Brace, born in Oldham, England, October 16, 1819, and his wife, Elizabeth Beideman, born September 14, 1821, both deceased. Children: Henry Vincent (of whom further); Edward Everett, died in youth; Nellie, died young; Howard Brace, born November 8, 1874, a carpenter of Chester for many years in the employ of his brother. He married Isabelle Lawrence, of Martins Corners, Chester county, Pennsylvania.

Henry Vincent Baxter, eldest son of Albert and Annie E. (Brace) Baxter, was born in Camden, New Jersey, March 8, 1868. He attended the public school there until he was ten years of age, then his parents moved to Chester, Pennsylvania, where he attended Gilbert's Academy until he was sixteen years of age. He then began working for his father at the grease, tallow, oil and fertilizer plant, located in the outskirts of Chester, continuing until 1897, when he purchased the business which he yet continues. In 1908 he purchased a similar business from a competitor, Otto Walther, and now operates the only plant of this nature in his locality. Mr. Baxter is an accomplished performer on the pipe organ; is a graduate of Philadelphia Musical Academy, 1887, where he was under the instruction of Prof. Richard Zeckwer. For twenty-three years he was organist of the First Baptist Church of Chester, for

the same length of time has been a member of the board of trustees, for sixteen years has been treasurer, and for thirty years has been a member of that church. He is a Republican in politics and has always been a supporter of all reform movements within his party, never, however, seeking or accepting public office for himself. He belongs to the United Order of Independent Mechanics, Council No. 36, Chester; is a charter member of Chester Camp, Modern Woodmen of America; the Grand Fraternity, Philadelphia, and the Business Men's Science Club of Philadelphia. His tastes are varied in their nature and his works show that in business, church, fraternity and town, he is active, earnest and helpful.

Mr. Baxter married, April 11, 1889, in Chester, Mary Elizabeth Miller, born in Bridgeport, Pennsylvania, February 10, 1867, daughter of James Miller, a veteran, who died of injuries received in the civil war, and his wife, Jane Day, born in Oxfordshire, England, August 23, 1846, daughter of Daniel and Mary (Gardner) Day and granddaughter of John Day. James Miller was the son of Andrew and Mary (Crocker) Miller. Mrs. Mary E. (Miller) Baxter was educated in the Soldiers Orphans' Home at Chester Springs, and has resided in Chester ever since, the family home of the Baxters now being at No. 1016 Kerlin street in that city. Children: Ella Miller, born March 28, 1892, graduate of Friends Select School of Philadelphia, now a teacher of music, also a student; Anna Jane, born May 25, 1904.

PASCHALL Isaac Paschall, of Newtown Square, Delaware county, Penn-
sylvania, a prominent Grand Army man and honored citizen,
descends from an ancient English family of Derbyshire, Eng-
land.

There were many notable members of the family, some of whom were made famous through being martyrs because they would not recant or give up their Protestant religion during the reign of Bloody Mary, Queen of England. It is not definitely known when the emigrant member of the family came to America, but it is thought to be about the time of William Penn, as the latter is known to have had among his intimates and friends one Jeremiah Paschall. Among the descendants of the immigrant Paschall was Abraham J. Paschall, of whom further.

Abraham J. Paschall, father of Isaac Paschall, was born in Pennsylvania, at the Paschall homestead, and died in Chester, Pennsylvania, aged sixty-eight. He married Ann Linculm, born near Darby, Pennsylvania, died near Eagle, Pennsylvania. They were members of the Quakers or Friends, and were devout in their observances of their religion. They were the parents of ten children, all of whom are dead except Isaac, of whom further.

Isaac Paschall, son of Abraham J. and Ann (Linculm) Paschall, was born in Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1836. His parents died when he was quite young and he was reared away from the family, and near Media. He attended the common schools in Newtown township, and the schools in Media. He worked on various farms until he purchased land, when he improved it, but at the call of the bugle "to boots and saddles" in 1861, he enlisted in Company C, 97th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, commanded by Colonel Henry R. Guss, of West Chester. The regiment was attached to the Army of the South, and saw much active service. It was in numberless engagements, but its specialty was siege work, and among those in which the regiment took part were Fort Sumter and Fort Wagner. Mr. Paschall enlisted for three years, but arduous duty in the field brought about a decline in his health and he was honorably discharged in 1863. He returned to Newtown township where he took up the broken threads of life and began to farm. This vocation he followed

successfully until he retired in 1893. He lives at the present time (1913) a quiet retired life at Newtown Square. Through his probity and high sense of duty he holds an influential position in the regard of his fellow men, and commands their respect and esteem. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, of West Chester, Pennsylvania, and of the Friends' congregation.

He married, in 1888, Amelia Acker, born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, died, January 8, 1910, a daughter of Conrad Acker, a farmer of the county. Mrs. Paschall was a member of the Presbyterian church. Mr. and Mrs. Paschall had no children.

The Schofield family has been resident in the State of Pennsylvania for a number of generations, and has taken an active interest in the business affairs of the sections in which the various members have resided. They have been especially identified with agricultural interests for many years.

(I) John Schofield was born near Manchester, England, in 1774, and he came to America in 1827.

(II) James, son of John Schofield, was born in Lancashire, England, in 1800, came to America, and resided in Aston township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and later removed to Middletown township. He was a farmer and settled on a tract of land which is the present site of Williamson Trades School. His death occurred in 1865. His children were: Hiram, see forward; Mary Ann, married John Smith; John, married Mary Evanson; all were members of the Episcopal church.

(III) Hiram, eldest child of James Schofield, was born in Lancashire, England, and was seven years of age when his parents came to this country with their family. He grew up in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he acquired only a limited education in the district schools, as he was obliged to assist at a very early age in the cultivation of the home farm. In fact his entire life was spent in agricultural pursuits, and he was a regular attendant contributor to the Philadelphia markets. He was an active worker in the interests of the Democratic party, and served as school director and in several other public offices. His death occurred in 1906, at the age of eighty-six years. He and his family were members of the Episcopal church. He married Esther Burk, of Avondale, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, who died in 1902 at the age of eighty years. She was the daughter of William Burk, a cooper of Avondale, who was seventy-two years old at the time of his death. Mr. Burk married Martha, a daughter of Matthias Cooper, an Englishman, who was a soldier in the Continental army during the revolutionary war. They had children: John, Thomas, Samuel, Matthew, William; Esther, who married Hiram Schofield; Jane, Mary, Elizabeth and Margaret. Hiram and Esther (Burk) Schofield had children: 1. James M., an inspector for the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory; married Mary Pierson. 2. Mary E., deceased. 3. Mattie J., has always lived on the old homestead. 4. Winfield Scott, deceased. 5. Nellie, deceased. 6. Thomas, see forward. 7. Harry, inspector for the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory; lives on a part of the old homestead; married Ella Hudson. 8. Orion, deceased. 9. Hiram A., civil engineer; lives in Germantown, Pennsylvania; is manager of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, and has an office in the Crozier Building, Philadelphia; he married Maude Crout. 10. Frank, deceased. 11. Emma S., married D. Wilmot Gordon, a Doctor of Dental Surgery, of No. 1021 Edgemont avenue, Chester, Pennsylvania, with a summer home in Middletown township.

(IV) Thomas, son of Hiram and Esther (Burk) Schofield, was born in

Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 19, 1854. He and his sister, Mattie J., have always resided on the old family homestead. Mr. Schofield has always been identified with farming interests, and in addition has conducted a dairy farm in a model manner. He is a Democrat in political matters, but has never aspired to holding any public office, preferring to content himself with casting his vote as a good citizen should. Both he and his sister are regular attendants at the church, and are known and esteemed throughout the section of the country, for the open-handed manner in which they support all charitable and philanthropic projects. They are social and hospitable, and have a large circle of friends.

IRVING—HEACOCK

The Irvings originally came to Liverpool, England, from Scotland, where Joseph Irving was born, but spent the greater portion of his life in Liverpool, where he died. His wife was a Miss Luxmor, and was the mother of his six children. Both were members of the Church of England; he was a Tory in politics. She died in Liverpool in 1861. Children: Joseph, Agnes, Sarah, Isabella and Molyneaux, all deceased; and Harry L., mentioned below.

Harry Luxmor Irving was born in Liverpool, England, August 26, 1829. He grew to manhood in Liverpool, was educated in the church schools, and learned the trade of sailmaker. He died at New Orleans, Louisiana, aged forty-four and is buried on Gilliepie's Island. He married Mary Elizabeth Musson, whose father, a seafaring man, died and is buried at Calcutta, India. His wife was Harriet Cox, now deceased. Children of Harry Luxmor Irving, all born in Liverpool, England: Eliza (see forward); William Henry, born June 23, 1859, married Emma Booth; Margaret, born in July, 1861, died in infancy; John, born June 18, 1863, unmarried. The mother of these children is still living, and all are members of the Church of England.

Eliza, eldest child of Harry Luxmor and Mary Elizabeth (Musson) Irving, was born in Liverpool, England, October 30, 1856. She was educated in the Church of England schools, and lived in Liverpool until sixteen years of age, then came to the United States. She married, October 14, 1875, Samuel F. Heacock, born August 23, 1842. Mrs. Heacock resides at Linwood Station, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where she is postmistress, having been appointed in July, 1904. She is a member of the Daughters of Rebekah, and a communicant of St. Martin's Protestant Episcopal Church at Marcus Hook. Children: 1. Mary Leiper, born October 30, 1876; married George Sheing, a machinist. 2. Bessie Irving, born March 4, 1878; married John S. McCafferty, a farmer. 3. Henry Luxmor, born May 28, 1880; married Mabel Bell. 4. Isaac, born December 25, 1882; married Marion Elliott. 5. Emma Booth, born May 1, 1885; married C. K. Ryan, a clerk. 6. Harriet Musson, born January 6, 1892; unmarried.

GALLOWAY

John L. Galloway, of Moores, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, was born in 1849, in county Antrim, Ireland. His parents, Charles and Jane (Leslie) Galloway, were natives of county Antrim, there lived and died. The former was a grocer, owning his green grocer's shop, and serving his customers the best the market afforded. They were Protestants, attending the Presbyterian church faithfully. Among their eleven children was John L.

Mr. Galloway received a fair education in the public schools of Antrim, and was reared by God-fearing, law abiding parents. At the age of twenty, in

1869, he decided that he would cross the Atlantic to the United States and there try his fortune, as so many of his friends, young and old, were doing. After arriving in this country he located in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, sought and found employment with the Lucas Brothers, in the grocery business in that city. He remained with them three years, giving the utmost satisfaction. Being ambitious and desiring to rise faster in the world, he decided to adventure into the business arena on his own account. Looking over the field for an opportunity whereby he might accomplish his desire for financial advancement, he selected that of contracting and building. He entered this line of endeavor when about twenty-three, with little money, no experience, and has succeeded beyond his most sanguine expectation. He at once solicited and received orders, and it is said that from the day he began to contract and build until he relinquished it, he erected from five to six hundred houses in the twenty-sixth ward alone, and over fifty houses in Prospect Park. In 1881 he built and moved into his present residence; in the meantime he had taken up his abode in Norwood, on Chester Pike, leaving there for Moores. When he came to the latter place there were only about twelve dwellings, and he has since that time seen it grow by leaps and bounds to its present not inconsiderable population. He is one of its most substantial citizens, and his keen Irish wit and genial manner make him one of its most popular inhabitants. He was the first burgess of Prospect Park, and for eleven years he has served the public wisely and well as justice of the peace. Mr. Galloway is still in the contracting business, but it is along the line of laying sidewalks and putting in sewers. He votes the Republican ticket, is a member of the Presbyterian church, the Sons of Temperance and Cadets of Temperance.

In 1872 he married Catherine Love, of Philadelphia. Children: Charles Boyd, J. Leslie, Edward R., Lillian May, Harry F. K., Catherine.

MEANEY The department of biography is crowded with the lives of men distinguished in politics, science, literature and the professions. All the embellishments of rhetoric and the imagination have been employed to captivate, stimulate and direct in these "upper walks of life" the youthful mind and ambition of the country. The result of this system is manifest, and by no means fortunate. The ranks of the professions are filled to overflowing. To instill in the minds and hearts of the young respect for great attainments, reverence for great virtues, and to excite to general emulation by holding up, as examples for admiration and imitation, the lives of the wise, the great and the good, is commendable and right. But the field of example should be extended; the lessons of industry, energy, usefulness, virtue, honor, the true aims of life and the true sources of happiness, should be gathered and enforced from all the various provinces of labor. The path of labor and usefulness should be indicated as the highway of honor. One who has walked in this path and achieved distinction in the business world, and who has merited an unusual share of commendation by his conduct in defence of his country, is to be found in the person of James Meaney Sr., of Ardmore, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He has inherited in full measure the admirable traits of his Irish ancestry, and has added to them the modern ideas and progressive methods which prevail in this country, where he has made his mark.

His father, also James Meaney, was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, in 1790, and died in this country in 1862. He was one of four children, his brother, Patrick, dying in Philadelphia, and his sister, Catherine, married John McKenna, and also lived in Philadelphia; there was another brother,

whose name is not on record. James Meaney grew to manhood in his native land, where he was a farmer and learned the trade of weaving gingham on a hand loom. After his marriage to Mary Meaney, who was born in Ireland in 1791, died in America in 1853, he emigrated to America, and for a time lived in New Brunswick, New Jersey, from whence he removed to Philadelphia, where he followed his trade of weaving. He and his entire family were members of the Catholic church. Children: John, deceased, who was also a weaver in Philadelphia; Mary, who died while the civil war was in progress, married John Neill, of Philadelphia; Margaret, married John Myers, and is now living at New Lisbon, New Jersey; Catherine, married Thomas Thatcher; James, see forward.

James Meaney was born July 11, 1844, in Northern Liberties, Philadelphia, at a time when that city was laid out in districts. His schooling, which was a very meager one, consisted of three months' attendance at St. Paul's Parochial School, Philadelphia, but he has bravely and creditably overcome this handicap by earnest study in later life when he had more time at his disposal, and the finest education ever received could not have improved the character of the service he rendered as a soldier during the civil war. He was but nine years of age at the time of the death of his mother, and he was at once obliged to begin to work for his own support. Naturally he was obliged to choose an occupation in which scholarship was not a requisite, and he found a position as a driver of a wagon for a woman who was a huckster. Later he obtained employment with a family by the name of Erickson, Mr. Erickson being a truck farmer and fisherman. Early during the progress of the civil war he enlisted in the regular army, and was in active service until he was honorably discharged for disability, March 23, 1863. He became a private in Troop H, Sixth United States Cavalry, July 12, 1861; was with McClellan in the Peninsular campaign; was the last picket to leave Harrison's Landing when that place was evacuated; was the first man to enter Gainesville, upon the capture of that city. For meritorious service he was advanced to the rank of sergeant, but declined this rank as he considered his lack of education too great a detriment. After leaving the army Mr. Meaney rested for a time in Philadelphia in order to restore his strength, and when he again engaged in business he was at first a huckster in West Philadelphia, and lived at the corner of Fifth and Christian streets. In 1877 he removed to Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, locating in Lower Merion township, and established himself in the dairy business in which he was engaged from 1879 to 1890. In 1885 he purchased upward of seven acres of land on Wynnewood road, in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and on this erected a good house. From 1890 until 1900 he was engaged in farming on Clevenger's farm, and the next six years were spent on the Hermitage farm. His political affiliations are with the Democratic party, and he is a member and liberal supporter of St. Denis' Catholic Church.

Mr. Meaney married, in St. Philip's Church, Philadelphia, January 3, 1866, Anna Isabella, born in Philadelphia, daughter of James and Eliza Morrison. Children: Anna, deceased; James Jr., is in the dairy business at the corner of Lippincott and Spring avenues, Ardmore; John, is an Augustinian priest, at Schaghticoke, Rensselaer county, New York; Joseph, deceased; Mary Alice; Francis; David, married Anna McCuen, and lives at Atlantic City, New Jersey; Charles, deceased. Mr. Meaney is of a bright, optimistic disposition, and this habit of making the best of everything in most adverse circumstances has helped him over the difficulties of life, and given him opportunities, which he has not been slow to embrace, of assisting others along the road. He is well read on the general topics of the day, having acquired this absolutely

through his own efforts, and his naturally acute mind enables him to form excellent opinions on all matters of current interest.

COVERDILL The Coverdill family, of Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, has not been in this country many generations, but it has, nevertheless, left its impress upon the business and other interests of the communities in which it has dwelt. They came originally from England, where the grandfather of William Coverdill, of Darby, Pennsylvania, was a brewer in the city of York, where his entire life was spent.

(II) John Coverdill, his son, was born in York, England, and died in Darby, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the national schools in his native city, and later in life engaged in the manufacture of shoes. He married Sarah, daughter of John Crabtree, of Lancashire, England, where he died, and sister of Edward, who died in Darby; George, who died in Massachusetts, and John, who died in England. Mr. and Mrs. Coverdill had a number of children, of whom several died young; those who attained maturity were: William, see forward; Mary Ann, now deceased, married James Wilde; Leah, now deceased, married John Wolfenden; Edward, unmarried; Hannah, married William Compton. The mother of these children died in Darby. They were Presbyterians.

(III) William, son of John and Sarah (Crabtree) Coverdill, was born in Lancashire, England, June 27, 1833. At the age of seven years he came to this country with his parents, and while he obtained a fairly good education, he acquired it for the greater part at the evening schools, as he was early obliged to assist in the support of the family. At the age of sixteen he was apprenticed to learn the machinist's trade in Worcester, Massachusetts, and then traveled about considerably. He finally settled at Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he established himself in the machine jobbing business under the firm name of Jagers & Coverdill, and continued there for almost four years. He then removed to Darby where he engaged in the grocery business, abandoning this in order to go to Philadelphia, where he conducted a hardware and pump business for a time, meeting with more or less success. He finally returned to Darby, where he is now living in retirement, in magnificent health for a man of his years. He takes a lively interest in whatever concerns the welfare of his country, especially the political situation, and calls himself a "Red Hot Republican." For the past sixty years he has been a member of Chester Lodge, No. 263, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Coverdill married (first) Ruth Ann Scott, born in Rockdale, Pennsylvania. She was a daughter of ——— Scott, who was a carder, and whose entire life was spent in England; his children were: John; James; Ruth Ann, mentioned above; William. Mr. Coverdill married (second) August 27, 1890, Mary Ridsdale, born in Yorkshire, England, February 22, 1843. She is a daughter of Thomas Ridsdale, born in Rochdale, England, where he died; he was a blanket manufacturer, and married Anna Stapleton, born in Yorkshire, England, died in England, and they had children: James, Benjamin, Ann, Mary, mentioned above; and a child which died in infancy. Mr. Coverdill had no children by either marriage. He and his wife are devout members of the Presbyterian church.

Everit S. Boice, M. D., of Moores, Delaware county, Pennsylvania,
BOICE son of Andrew and Mary J. (Montgomery) Boice, born in Washington county, New York, July 25, 1872, is one of the highly esteemed and honorable citizens of Moores.

(I) Andrew Boice was born in Scotland. When he was four years old his family moved to Ireland, remaining there until he was thirteen. He received a portion of his education in the Irish National School and in the Brooks Academy. He married Mary J. Montgomery in Scotland, who was a native of the land of heather. After their marriage they came to the United States, spent one year in Omaha, Nebraska, and then came to Philadelphia, where he now lives a retired life. He was the parent of ten children.

(II) Dr. Everit S. Boice received his education in the public schools wherever his parents chanced to be living. He early determined to enter the ministry of the Presbyterian church, and to accomplish this end he learned paperhanging and artistic painting, and continued in it for six years, in business for himself the greater part of the time. During this time he was receiving private instruction from professors, doing full college work. In 1894 he entered college and graduated in 1898. Between 1896 and 1897 he took a special course in Hebrew, fitting himself to read the Bible in that language. In 1898 he received the degree of B. O. at the Neff's College of Oratory. In October, 1898, he received an invitation and accepted it to become pastor of a Presbyterian church in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and remained its pastor four years and six months. In 1902 he moved to Moores and after that time was pastor of the Olivet Presbyterian Church. He had previous to that time entered the medical department of the Pennsylvania University, in 1902, and graduated therefrom in June, 1906. The following year he took a special course in the ear, nose and throat department, and practiced for a time in Philadelphia, and then later in Moores. He is regarded as one of the best specialists in his line in the medical profession in his section, and commands a large patronage, which grows with each succeeding year. He is a popular citizen of Moores, and his opinion on any subject carries weight. He is a member of Prospect Park Lodge No. 573, Free and Accepted Masons; Prospect Park Assembly; Orators Order; the Delaware County, State and National Medical associations; Medical Alumnus Society of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a Republican, actively working for the party; has served on town council for the past eight years, chief of fire company, was chief of police, and now is assistant fire marshal of his district; chairman of high ways committee and council. In fact he is one of the most valuable men in the town of Moores, and is always in the forefront of progress and all that pertains to the well being of the town, county, state or country.

He married, April 3, 1897, Mary E. Story. Children: Mary, Everit, Samuel Story, deceased; Esther Marjorie, Robert Andrew.

Archibald Gray, a resident of Morton, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is of Irish descent, and has a record for bravery in the civil war, which is one of which any man might well feel proud.

(I) Archibald Gray, grandfather of his namesake mentioned above, came to America from Ireland at an early age. He settled in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, with the affairs of which the family has been identified since that time. He was a farmer by occupation, and was actively engaged in this calling until his death. He married Jane ———, and had sons: John and Archibald.

(II) Archibald (2) Gray, son of Archibald (1) and Jane Gray, was

reared in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and received his education in the public schools of that section. He died in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1847, at the age of forty-six years. He married Julia Ann, daughter of Henry Epright, a farmer, and sister of Samuel, Catherine, Rudolph, Charles and two others. Mr. and Mrs. Gray had children: 1. James, born October 3, 1824; married Jessie Smedley, deceased. 2. Fanny, born June 7, 1826, died young. 3. Catherine, born December 1, 1827; married Joshua Thompson. 4. Henry, born December 1, 1829. 5. Elizabeth, born November 4, 1831; married Abraham Powell. 6. James, born December 24, 1833, died young. 7. John L., born May 25, 1836. 8. Archibald, of whom further. 9. Julia Ann, born December, 1840; married Edward Haskins. All of these deceased with the exception of Archibald. They were Presbyterians.

(III) Archibald (3) Gray, son of Archibald (2) and Julia Ann (Epright) Gray, was born in Marple township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 10, 1838. His early years were spent under the parental roof, and he was educated in the public schools of his native county. Upon the completion of his education he went to Chester county, Pennsylvania, where he spent four years in an apprenticeship to learn the blacksmith's trade, after which he removed to the state of Maryland and located near Washington, District of Columbia. At the end of three years, during which he had been engaged doing blacksmith work for the water works company, he returned to Pennsylvania, making his home in Springfield township, now Morton borough, and has been successfully identified with his calling there since that time. He is a staunch Republican in political opinion, and has served his community as a member of the borough council, as school director and as assessor of Springfield township.

Mr. Gray married, February 22, 1868, Margaret Anna Reese, born in Nether Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 14, 1847. She is the daughter of Eli Reese, a farmer, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 1, 1800, died in Marple township in 1864. He married Elizabeth Tucker, born in Marple township, in 1814, and they had children: 1. John, born November 3, 1838, died December 21, 1905; he married (first) Susanna Worrell, deceased; (second) Clara Breckney. 2. William Henry, born November 4, 1840, died in October, 1911; he married Emma Craig, who died in 1912. 3. Rebecca, born in 1842, died in 1885; married Thomas Sutton, deceased. 4. Jonathan, born June 28, 1845; resides in Concord township, Delaware county; married Hannah Trainer. 5. Margaret Anna, married Archibald Gray, as mentioned above. 6. Elizabeth, born in 1850; married Robert Orr. 7. Eli, twin of Elizabeth, married Mary Epwright. Archibald and Margaret Anna (Reese) Gray had children: 1. Ruth Anna, died in infancy. 2. Catherine, married William H. Dovett, and has had children: William, Ruth Anna, Mabel E. and Catherine G. 3. Margaret, married James Pilson, and has one child, Marguerite. Mr. Gray and his wife attend the Methodist church at Morton, and he is a member of the following fraternal orders: Past commander of Bradbury Post, No. 149, Grand Army of the Republic, of Media, Pennsylvania; Knights of Pythias, No. 280, of Morton, Pennsylvania; Washington Camp, No. 634, Patriotic Order Sons of America; Arrasapha Tribe, No. 161, Improved Order of Red Men.

The military record of Mr. Gray is as follows:

The first enlistment of Mr. Gray was at Finlaytown, District of Columbia, January, 1861, in the Union District Rifles. The above company was an independent one, organized for the defense of the city of Washington, and it was the body guard of President Lincoln at his inauguration, March 4, 1861. It then disbanded, and Mr. Gray returned to his home in Marple township,

remaining there until September 4, 1862, when he enlisted in Company A, Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, for three years or until the conclusion of the war. His company going into camp at Torresdale, Pennsylvania, later moving to Pittsburgh, where they joined the Fourteenth Regiment. There Mr. Gray, who had enlisted as a private, was promoted to the rank of sergeant, and the regiment moved to the south where it commenced its active service. Following is a list of the engagements of all kinds in which Mr. Gray was actively engaged: Beverly, West Virginia, July 3, 1863; Huttonville, West Virginia, July 4, 1863; Hedgesville, July 19, 1863; Warm Springs, July 24, 1863; Rocky Gap, August 26, 1863; Droop Mountain, November 6, 1863; Averill's Salem raid, from December 8 to December 31, 1863; Newmarket, Virginia, May 5, 1864; Wythesville, Virginia, May 10, 1864; Piedmont, June 5, 1864; Bunkers Hill, Virginia, June 26, 1864; Darksville, July 2, 1864; Martinsburg, Virginia, July 24, and August 31, 1864; Luloloman's Gap, July 6, 1864; Brownsville, Virginia, July 7, 1864; Crampton Gap, Maryland, July 8, 1864; Monocacy Junction, July 10, 1864; Urbana, Maryland, July 11, 1864; Point of Rocks, Maryland, July 16, 1864; Snickers Gap, Virginia, July 18, 1864; Bunkers Hill, Virginia, July 19, 1864, and September 5, 1864; Newtown, Virginia, July 22, 1864; Kernstown, Virginia, July 24, 1864; Clearspring, Maryland, July 29, 1864; Hancock, Maryland, July 31, 1864; Shepherdstown, Virginia, August 3, 1864; Antietam, Maryland, August 4, 1864; Moorsfield, Virginia, August 7, 1864; Winchester, Virginia, August 11, 1864; White Post, Virginia, August 12, 1864; Darksville, September 3, and September 10, 1864; Stone Bridge, Virginia, September 18, 1864; Opequon, Virginia, September 19, 1864; Fishers Hill, Virginia, September 21 and 22, 1864; Forestville, Virginia, September 24, 1864; Mount Crawford, Virginia, September 25, 1864; Weirs Cave, Virginia, September 26 and 27, 1864; Middletown, Maryland, October 19, 1864; Milford, Luray Valley, Virginia, October 25, 1864; Millwood, Virginia, December 17, 1864. On December 27, 1864, Mr. Gray was captured by the enemy, and was a prisoner for two months at Libby prison and Pemberton castle, Richmond, Virginia. He was discharged from service with his company, May 27, 1865, at Washington, District of Columbia. The following incident (extract from the history of Company A, Fourteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers) is worthy of a place in this work: On July 3, 1863, while the battle of Gettysburg was going on, a detachment of the Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, under Major Foley, was sent out from Frederick City, Maryland, to destroy the pontoon bridge at Falling Waters. Sergeant Archibald Gray was in charge of the advance guard, and seeing a large wagon train moving towards Boonesborough, Maryland, Sergeant Gray and twenty-five men were ordered to find out what it was. It proved to be General Meade's provision and ammunition train being decoyed into the rebel lines by a rebel spy, who represented himself to be a lieutenant on General Meade's staff. Sergeant Gray, holding a different opinion, put him under arrest and turned the train back, sending it to Frederick City, taking the spy to General French's headquarters, and from there to General Buford's headquarters, where he was executed as a spy.

The late James Wellington Baker and his wife, Dr. Frances N. BAKER Baker, M. D., who survives him, hold an honored and exalted place in the affections and esteem of the residents of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, for the good they have accomplished in their respective professions, he as an educator, a vocation which requires ability of a peculiar order, which he possessed in large degree, whose active career was devoted to

the cause of education in Delaware county, and she as a physician, one of the noblest of all professions, who during her many years of active practice has proven her ability to successfully cope with disease and master its intricate problems, and whose skill has gained for her a position of due relative precedence among the medical fraternity in this section of the state.

James Wellington Baker, scholar and educator, was born in Edgmont, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 6, 1831, died there, September 6, 1902. His father and his father's people were farmers, and his mother was a daughter of James Hall, an Orthodox Friend, member of Fourth Street Meeting, Philadelphia. Both the paternal and maternal lines were of English stock, and the race characteristics, directed and refined by the Quaker insight and spirituality of his grandfather, were no doubt the source of his unusual moral endowment. His early education was acquired in the common schools of the neighborhood, and from the first he exhibited a taste for study and a distaste for the harsher duties of farm work. Books and thought were his delight, and so marked was his bent for learning that in 1848 he was sent to the Academy at Unionville, then under the care of Milton Durnall, a man of fine scholarship, high morality, and marked earnestness in the cause of education. Here his superior intellectual ability was recognized, he found himself in a congenial atmosphere and passed a few happy fruitful months when he was offered a position as teacher in a public school in Unionville; thus he entered without effort the profession of which he held himself a member during the remainder of his life. He began teaching before he was seventeen, and for thirty years was uninterruptedly engaged in educational work. His first examination was under James Agnew Futhy, first superintendent of schools of Chester county. Little did the earnest, timid lad realize the terror and the joy which he would inspire in many hearts when he should hold the same office in his native county.

The story of the following ten years is that of the earnest student who must gain an education through his own efforts; alternately teaching a term of five months and then attending his well beloved academy for a like term. Here he was always assured of sympathy and encouragement, and found as teachers men of superior ability and scholarship. One of these, Thomas Baker, of Lancaster county, was remembered as a man of especial mental vigor, and was probably one of the obscure great men "who exist to produce greater men." It is pleasant that his name is remembered and can be set down in the record of this pupil who, no doubt, filled a more conspicuous place in the world through the influence of his stimulating personality. In the academy at Unionville he received most of his scholastic education, although he never ceased to be a student.

In 1849 he went to Bethel township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, to teach, and remained about two years; then to Upper Providence for one year. Later he went to Birmingham, Chester county, where he taught five years in what was then called Shady Grove School. From this school, in the spring of 1858, he was called to the position of associate principal of Unionville Academy. During this associate principalship, which continued four years, he pursued an extended course in mathematics, and began the study of Latin. In this language he afterwards attained a rare degree of proficiency, reading it as fluently as he read English. He read not only the most familiar, but many of the less known Latin authors. He read Virgil fifteen times, and Horace quite as often. He loved Latin as did some of the old Scotch divines, and although there is no discoverable Scotch ancestry he possessed traits ascribed to such rugged men as Dr. Chalmers and Thomas Carlyle. Later he accepted the Chair of Mathematics at the Unionville Academy, where he had been a pupil, this being one of the principal institutions of that section, and there taught all

the higher branches in the regular collegiate course. In the spring of 1862 Mr. Baker went to the State Normal School at Millersville, Pennsylvania, for training in pedagogy, and remained there until the school was broken up by the rebel raid into the state. He returned to Delaware county, taught for a time in Thornbury, and in 1866 took charge of a grammar school in Upper Providence.

In 1868 James W. McCracken, superintendent of schools of Delaware county, resigned and recommended James W. Baker as his successor. He was appointed by State Superintendent James P. Wickersham to finish the unexpired term. After this he was elected superintendent of schools for three terms in succession, his last term ending in 1878. He then entered business with his brother-in-law, Philip Wunderle, in Philadelphia, with whom he was associated until his death. Of his work as superintendent, a contemporary writes as follows:

When Mr. Baker accepted the appointment of superintendent of Delaware county educational matters were in a comfortable state of inactivity. No one was caring over-much about free schools. He gave his first thought to raising the standards of the teachers; the method he adopted was to make the examinations more searching, thus eliminating the dead wood. He took no pleasure in displacing the inefficient; indeed, it often caused him deep distress; but go they must, unless there were energy and enough scholastic attainment to insure better equipment in the near future. After a few years of laborious work he had better school houses, more and better appliances for teaching, and a fine body of teachers of whom he was justly proud. Meantime he had arrived at the conclusion that the only way to further progress was to establish high schools at convenient places in the county, and thus give impetus to the lower schools. At no time did he have the desire or thought to force the establishment of such schools upon an unwilling people. While the high school, as he planned it, has not yet come, many fine high schools exist in the county. Teachers' Institute, as a dignified, scholarly body was unknown in Delaware county before his time. He employed the best talent to be had, and frequently there was no hall in Media large enough to accommodate comfortably the audiences that came from far and near to hear the evening lectures. The surplus funds thus earned enabled him to secure for the day sessions the best instructors that the country afforded. Directors' Day was also inaugurated under his superintendency.

In the office of superintendent of schools, Mr. Baker was in "the province of his best usefulness" and of his dearest interest. For the duties of this office he was admirably equipped in scholarship and in character. He had "executive ability of the highest type in the management of school affairs." He possessed the power of initiative in an exceptional degree, his ideals sprang from his brain fully formed, to conceive was to execute if expedient. His energy in the fulfillment of a purpose was tireless. He sympathized with men as man, and lifted burdens with tenderness and helpfulness correspondingly large, leaving the recipient of his wise sympathy cheered and strengthened. He remained "ever an example and an inspiration" to his teachers, always easily the leader and the master, equal to every demand. In taking "affectionate leave of the work," he modestly said: "I retire from the superintendency with clean hands and a clear conscience, humbly praying that my labors may not have been in vain." Happily he lived to realize that the fulfillment of his prayer had begun before its utterance.

James W. Baker was pre-eminently a teacher. In order to be a successful teacher one must not only have knowledge, but he must be able to impart this clearly and concisely to others; he must have a deep and thorough interest in his work, and must be able to maintain discipline. In all of these requirements Mr. Baker was well qualified, and although progressive was not radical. It was his "delight to assist and encourage," not alone the many school children of the county in their efforts at learning, but all young people with whom he came into friendly relation, and every endeavor was made looking towards making

"each generation of men better, wiser, and more learned than the preceding one." His interest in education is perpetuated through the establishment of two scholarships in the University of Pennsylvania for the benefit of the graduates of the Media High School. For many years he was a member of the Board of School Directors of Media, and filled successively the positions of treasurer and president. His last public duty was the presentation of diplomas to the graduates of the high school, June 28, 1902.

During the years he was in business he devoted much of his leisure time to the study of physical sciences. Being an independent and original thinker he frequently gave scant credence to many scientific theories, finding them inadequate to his demands. He read, not to accept, but to test, and in working out his own conclusions, unconsciously placed himself among the great thinkers of his time. He also read wisely in general literature, and was critical not of matter only, but of manner, being sensitive to the structure and rhythm of sentences, and exacting in the close use of words. He was a lover of language, and wrote fluently when the occasion demanded.

He was a man of strong character, abstemious in his habits, never using tobacco or liquor in any form, and his broad, scholarly attainments made him a prominent factor in the best circles. As a citizen he was public-spirited, and quietly and generously encouraged every effort to promote the general good of his town and county. In religion he accepted the Orthodox belief of his church, the Disciples of Christ, and in politics he was always a Republican, standing unswervingly for the principles of the party while abhorring many of its practices.

Mr. Baker married, in 1865, Frances Naomi Smith, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Andrew Smith, of Scotch-Irish parentage, born in county Clare, Ireland, educated for the Presbyterian ministry, but was forced to abandon this calling on account of ill health. He came to the United States in early manhood, locating in Chester county, Pennsylvania, where for a short period of time he followed the profession of teaching, and subsequently became the owner of considerable property in the same county. He married Matilda Schreiver, a native of Adams county, Pennsylvania, of German descent, a descendant on the maternal side of Hermann, the great German patriot. Mr. Smith died at a comparatively early age.

Mr. and Mrs. Baker took up their residence in Media, Pennsylvania. In 1873 she entered the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, in Philadelphia, taking up the study of medicine. She was among the first to take the long course, when the studies were divided, she pursuing the four year instead of the two year course, graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877. After spending some time in hospital and post-graduate work, thus gaining valuable experience, she opened an office in Media, Pennsylvania, and has since engaged in a general practice, meeting with a marked degree of success, her practice extending throughout a large portion of Delaware county. That she has been a practitioner in the same locality for so many years proves conclusively her high standing in the profession, this indicating a good business for it is only the capable and devoted physician that can command and retain the public patronage. Dr. Baker is one of the managers of the Woman's College Hospital of Philadelphia, having been connected with it for many years, and is chairman of the Public Health Educational Committee of the American Medical Association for Delaware county. She keeps in touch with the advanced thought along the line of her profession by membership in the American Medical Association; the Delaware County Medical Society, of which she was president in 1911, and she is also identified with the Alumni Association of the Woman's Medical College, and one of the early members of the society to aid in

the prevention of tuberculosis; also a member of the Society for the Prevention of the Social Disease. She is a member of the New Century Club of Philadelphia and the Woman's Club of Media, and is in sympathy with the suffrage movement.

Mr. Baker and his wife spent considerable time in travel, both in this country and abroad, crossing the ocean five times, using this as a means of study and recreation, from which they derived great pleasure, and since the death of her husband, Dr. Baker has made three trips abroad. During the summer of 1913 she visited Labrador, and during her stay inspected the Mission Hospitals located there.

BARTOW The Bartows came to Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, from Westchester county, New York, where William Bartow was born, in the town of Bartow, named in honor of the family, who early settled there. William Bartow later came to Marcus Hook, where he died leaving a widow and six children, all deceased: Sarah, married John Chance; Eliphas, married Benjamin Smith; William, George, John (of whom further), and Henry.

John, son of William Bartow, was born at Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, November 16, 1822, and died there. He attended the public schools, and when a young man became a Delaware river fisherman, an occupation he followed throughout his active life. He married Jane Valentine, born in Wilmington, Delaware, only daughter of Jefferson Valentine, who also had an only son, William, a railroad contractor of Wilmington. Children of John Bartow: John H., married Bertha Clayton; Eliphas; Alfred; Elizabeth, married K. T. W. Pechmann; Martha, died unmarried; Florencio, of whom further.

Florencio, son of John and Jane (Valentine) Bartow, was born in Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, January 10, 1870. He was educated in the public school, graduating in 1887 under the instruction of A. G. Smith, then superintendent of public schools after which he began business life. In 1906 he was appointed postmaster of Marcus Hook, was reappointed in 1910, and still holds that office. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Knights of Pythias. Mr. Bartow is unmarried.

DUKE Ideas backed with indefatigable energy,—the desire and power to accomplish big things,—these qualities make of success not an accident but a logical result. The man of initiative is he who combines with a capacity for hard work an indomitable will. Such a man recognizes no such thing as failure and his final success is on a parity with his well directed efforts. Henry Duke, builder and real estate operator at Norwood, Pennsylvania, is strictly a self-made man and as such his success in life is the more gratifying to contemplate.

A native of Ridley Park, Pennsylvania, Henry Duke was born September 27, 1865, a son of Hardy and Sarah (Morgan) Duke, the former of English descent and the latter of Swedish origin. Mr. and Mrs. Duke were married in Nansemond county, Virginia, whence they removed to Ridley Park, Pennsylvania, in 1864. The father was a laborer by occupation and he died at Moores, Pennsylvania, in 1887. He was a Democrat in politics and a Baptist in his religious faith. He and his wife were the parents of thirteen children, of whom the subject of this review was the sixth in order of birth.

Henry Duke was educated at Moores, Pennsylvania, and for a time he attended the Norwood public school. As a young man he worked in the dairy business for a time at Chester, and then he entered upon an apprenticeship to

learn the trade of carpenter. He has long been active as a builder, many homes in Norwood having been erected by him. He is likewise interested in the real estate business at Norwood, and in that line of enterprise is achieving marked success. He has a beautiful residence in Norwood, and the same was built in 1909. Mr. Duke is a Democrat in all matters affecting the welfare of the nation, but in local politics he maintains an independent attitude, preferring to give his support to men and measures meeting with the approval of his judgment, rather than to vote along strictly partisan lines. He has been a member of the borough council at Norwood, and has held all the offices in the local fire department, being still connected with the latter as a member. He and his family are Methodist Episcopal in their religious faith, and in a fraternal way he is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

August 26, 1892, Mr. Duke married Miss May Bower, and they are the parents of the following children: Mary, Harry, Frank, Horace, Charles and Ruth, all of whom are living except Mary, who died in 1891.

Man's greatest prize on earth is physical health and vigor; DOOLING nothing deteriorates mental activity so quickly as prolonged sickness, hence the broad field for human helpfulness afforded in the medical profession. The truly successful doctor requires more than merely a technical training,—he must be sympathetic, kindhearted and congenial, capable of inspiring hope and faith in the heart of his patient. These qualities are possessed in good measure by Dr. Henry C. Dooling, who has been engaged in the active practice of medicine and surgery at Norwood since 1909.

Dr. Dooling was born at Clayton, New Jersey, June 23, 1885, a son of John W. and Sylvia (Cheeseman) Dooling, both natives of New Jersey and residents of Clayton, that state, in 1913. John W. Dooling is a glass blower by trade, and he is now serving his fourth term as postmaster at Clayton, where is recognized as a man of sterling character. The Dooling ancestry is of Scotch origin, the founder of the family in America having been an early settler in the state of New York.

Dr. Henry C. Dooling passed his boyhood and youth in Clayton, New Jersey, where he attended the public schools, being graduated in high school as a member of the class of 1901. For two terms thereafter he was a student in Temple College, at Philadelphia, and in 1904 he entered the Medico-Chirurgical Medical College, at Philadelphia from which excellent institution he was graduated in 1908, as honor-man of his class, receiving a gold medal and the Spencer-Morris cash prize of \$500 for highest general average, duly receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine. He was resident physician at the Presbyterian Hospital for one year immediately succeeding his graduation, and in 1909 he established his professional headquarters at Norwood, in Delaware county, where he now controls a most lucrative practice, and where he is rapidly gaining distinctive prestige as an unusually successful physician and surgeon. In connection with his work he is a valued and appreciative member of the Delaware County Medical Society and of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. Fraternally, he is connected with the Junior Order of American Mechanics, and with Forest Grove Lodge, No. 91, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. In politics he is a Republican, and he is serving as vice-president of the school board at Norwood.

June 1, 1909, Dr. Dooling was united in marriage to Miss Nellie M. Essler, a native of New Jersey. To this union have been born two children: Frances Jean, whose nativity occurred May 14, 1910; and George Halvor,

born April 17, 1912. Dr. and Mrs. Dooling are popular in connection with the best social activities at Norwood, where they are held in high esteem by all with whom they have come in contact.

Civilization will hail riches, prowess, honors, popularity, but BARTLETT it will bow humbly to sincerity in its fellows. The exponent of known sincerity, of singleness of honest purpose, has its exemplification in all bodies of men; he is found in every association and to him defer its honors. Such an exemplar whose daily life and whose life work have been dominated as their most conspicuous characteristic by sincerity, is Arthur T. Bartlett, passenger engineer on the Maryland & Delaware division of the Pennsylvania railroad, his runs being between Philadelphia and Washington. Mr. Bartlett resides at Norwood, in Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

In the city of Baltimore, Maryland, December 22, 1861, occurred the birth of Arthur T. Bartlett, who is a son of Thomas and Mary A. (Lovell) Bartlett, the former a native of Maryland, and the latter of New Castle, Delaware. The father was a blacksmith by occupation, devoting his attention to that line of business for a period of fifty-two years, during the greater part of which time he was in the employ of the P. W. & B. Railroad Company, his headquarters being at Baltimore. He and his wife became the parents of four sons and one daughter, of whom three sons are living, in 1913. Mr. Bartlett passed to the great beyond in 1901 and his wife died in 1881.

To the public schools of Baltimore, Maryland, Arthur T. Bartlett, of this notice, is indebted for his preliminary educational training. At the age of eighteen years he began to work, and in his nineteenth year he turned his attention to railroading. His first position was with the P. W. & B. Railroad Company, and he worked in their shops at Baltimore for eighteen months, at the expiration of which he began firing on an engine. He was fireman for seven years and eight months, and at the expiration of that period he became a full-fledged engineer. This was in 1889, and for the past twenty-four years he has been running freight and passenger trains without any serious mishaps. Since 1905 he has been running express trains on the Pennsylvania railroad between Philadelphia and Washington. His present position as engineer on this run is one of infinite responsibility. Mr. Bartlett is familiar with every department of railroading, having worked in the shops, in the yards, switching freights and passengers, and as fireman, and finally, as passenger engineer. He entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in 1880, and he has a fine record for being careful in all his work. He resided in Baltimore until 1893, when he established the family home in Philadelphia, whence he removed to Norwood in 1907. In politics he is an unswerving supporter of Republican principles and in a fraternal way he is affiliated with the Royal Arcanum, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Pennsylvania Railroad Volunteer Relief Association and the Veteran Employees of the Maryland & Delaware Division. Formerly he was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and he is a charter member of the Protective Order, Sons of America. Religiously he is a fervent member of the Norwood Methodist Episcopal Church. He is a strong advocate of the no license movement in Delaware county.

October 31, 1883, Mr. Bartlett married Miss Marion L. Caleb, a native of Baltimore. Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett have two daughters,—Bessie, who is the wife of R. P. Collins, of Philadelphia; and Clara, wife of J. H. Wells, of Philadelphia.

John C. Wahl is a man highly respected in the business circles of Fernwood, and one who by strict morality and integrity of purpose furnishes an excellent example to others. He was born in Brooklyn, New York, December 23, 1853, son of John C. and Mary (Strucher) Wahl, and a descendant on both the paternal and maternal side of a German ancestry.

John C. Wahl Sr. was born in the town of Uln, Saxony, Germany, 1830, died in Atlantic City, New Jersey, 1901. He was the only son of his parents, who were born, lived and died in Germany, their other children being daughters, all of whom remained in their native land. During his young manhood John C. Wahl emigrated to the United States, the trip being made in a sailing vessel, which got off its course, and was nine months in reaching this side of the Atlantic. There is a law in Germany that on marriage the husband shall put up a certain sum of money, which shall be refunded upon the birth of the first child, and with the equivalent of this sum in his pocket Mr. Wahl left his native land. During his early life he learned the trade of shoemaker, and this occupation he followed in the United States, first in Brooklyn, New York, where he married Mary Strucher, who was born in Berne, Switzerland, 1832, died 1903, whose parents lived and died in Germany. She came to this country with her intended husband and an older lady, but upon arriving here they became separated and never saw each other again, and later she became the wife of Mr. Wahl. After the birth of his oldest child, John C., of whom further, Mr. Wahl went to Boston, Massachusetts, leaving his wife and child in Brooklyn, and all the capital he could spare, \$33.00. The landlord of the house she resided in swindled her out of her money, intercepted the letters sent her by her husband, thinking that they would contain money, but by strategy she succeeded in getting from the postman the seventh letter sent her by her husband, and by threatening to expose the landlord she secured from him sufficient money to defray her expenses to Boston, where she joined her husband. They remained in that city for six years, and then the failing health of Mrs. Wahl compelled them to seek a different climate, and Mr. Wahl purchased, on the installment plan, a small farm in the German settlement at Egg Harbor City, New Jersey, where they resided for six years, after which they moved to Atlantic City, New Jersey, where Mr. Wahl was the proprietor of a shoe store and in addition to the management of this followed his trade of shoemaker. Mr. and Mrs. Wahl were the parents of two other sons, namely: William F., a resident of Atlantic City, where he has amassed considerable capital as the result of speculation in real estate, and Charles F., proprietor of a shoe store in Atlantic City, from which he derives a comfortable livelihood.

John C. Wahl Jr. obtained the greater part of his education in the public schools of Egg Harbor City, the mornings being devoted to the study of German and the afternoons to the study of English. He learned the trade of shoemaker under the personal supervision of his father, becoming thoroughly expert in all branches, and in early life he worked for his father and in various other shoe shops in Atlantic City, acquiring an experience which has proven valuable to him in late years, and for a period of time he assumed full charge of his father's shoe store. In 1884 he removed to Fernwood, Pennsylvania, and for one year was in the employ of John Fryger, and then established a business of his own, which he has conducted ever since, his patronage steadily increasing every year. In 1889 he erected a frame building, with a store for his own use, in which he displays all kinds of foot wear, and in the rear of the store has a shop where shoes are manufactured. He has the largest trade of any store of its kind in that section of Fernwood, and is recognized as one of the substantial business men of the place. He is a Methodist

in religion, a Republican in politics, and is affiliated with the Improved Order of Red Men and the United Order of American Mechanics.

Mr. Wahl married, 1880, Rebecca Sperber. Children: 1. Carl J., born November 25, 1891; a telegraph operator; married Winifred Bailey; resides at Freehold, New Jersey. 2. Harry B., born August 4, 1893; a railroad line-man; unmarried.

The Green family is well represented throughout the United GREEN States, and a large number of them are to be found in the state of Pennsylvania, where they have made their mark in various directions.

The grandfather of Sidwell Green, late of Gradyville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, was the father of three sons and two daughters, among these being Sidwell, born in Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, whose occupation was that of a laborer; Abel G., a well known Methodist minister.

Sidwell Green Jr. was born in Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1836, and died at Gradyville, Delaware county, in 1904. He was educated in the schools of his native township, and then apprenticed to learn the wheelwright's trade. With this and farming he was identified until his death. The greater part of his life was spent on his farm in Delaware county, which he cultivated very successfully. He was an active worker in the interests of the Democratic party, and served as a county commissioner for a considerable period of time. His religious affiliations were with the Methodist church.

Mr. Green married, in 1870, Annie Mary, born in 1851, daughter of Gilpon and Annie (Speakman) Thompson, the former born in 1835, died in 1890. They have had children: Sylvester G.; Daniel W.; Abel; Anna M., born in 1868, married, March 27, 1901, Harry Carr, and has children: Hannah Mary, born in 1903, Elsie S., born in 1907, and Francis; Sidwell, the third of the name; Grover, deceased; Francis, twin of Grover; Horace P. Mrs. Green, who is possessed of an unusual amount of executive ability, now manages the farm very capably, being assisted in this enterprise by her son and son-in-law, Harry Carr.

The Wittig family is of direct German extraction. For many WITTIG generations it has lived in Germany, contributing by its industry to the general wealth and prosperity of the Fatherland. One of the principal occupations of the family has been that of piano making, in which trade they are among the most expert in their country. They know it from the least to the greatest and most important detail, and the factories for which they work invariably become famous, not only for the beauty and finish of their instruments but also for the exquisite quality of tone.

Conrad Wittig, the first of the family to emigrate from Germany to this country, was born in Germany, 1822, emigrated to the United States in 1848, and died in 1900, in Lester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, his wife having died four years previous. He was a piano maker in Germany, and on coming to this country he at once engaged in the same line of business, the making of pianos at that time being comparatively in its infancy. He located in Philadelphia and was employed by the Shoemaker Piano Company, with whom he continued for many years, or until one year after the Lester Piano Manufacturing Company was organized and incorporated, and moved from Philadelphia to Lester, Pennsylvania, where the firm erected a large and complete plant. Mr. Wittig was a Republican in politics, giving his allegiance to that party after its organization in 1867, and he and all of his family were members of the Ger-

man Lutheran church. Before leaving Germany he had served his time in the army, and was for that reason martial in his bearing. Mr. and Mrs. Wittig were the parents of six children, four of whom survive, and among these is Herman, of whom further.

Herman Wittig, son of Conrad Wittig, the German emigrant, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1862. He attended the neighborhood public schools, and at the age of twelve years entered the employ of the Shoemaker Piano Company, and for thirty-nine years has followed this vocation. In 1886 he engaged with the F. A. North Piano Company, which later became the Lester Piano Manufacturing Company, and still later it was moved to Lester, where it established a large and perfectly equipped plant. Mr. Wittig has remained with this company to the present time (1913). He worked from bench to bench, with each removal being promoted to a higher place that required skill and experience in advance of the last, until now he is assistant superintendent of the plant. This was accomplished through merit, for which Mr. Wittig deserves the greatest credit, as no outside influence was brought to bear upon the heads of the various departments through which he passed, until he attained his present responsible position. He is a member of the German Lutheran church, and in 1903 assisted in organizing a church in Lester, and later in raising funds for the purpose of building an edifice in which the members of that faith might worship. When the church was organized it worshipped in a part of the Lester piano factory, and the present structure is a credit to both the congregation and the town. In politics Mr. Wittig is a Republican; he served as school director for seventeen years, only retiring recently because the demands of his position required all of his time and attention.

Mr. Wittig married, on Thanksgiving Day, 1882, in Philadelphia, Caroline Baker, of that city. Children, the first five born in Philadelphia and the remainder in Lester, all of whom are living at the present time: Herman Jr., born December 6, 1883; Caroline, August 20, 1885; Albert, April 10, 1887; Nellie, June 12, 1889; Gertrude, February 27, 1891; Clara, September 20, 1892; Charles, February 18, 1894; Anna, February 20, 1896; John, April 5, 1898; Margaret, February 21, 1904; Violet, May 3, 1907.

One of the leading general and dairy farmers of Delaware county, JONES Pennsylvania, as well as a breeder of fine cattle, is to be found in the person of Marshall L. Jones, of Llanerch. The Jones family is of Swedish origin and settled in New Jersey in 1642. Drifting into Pennsylvania during the time of William Penn, they became members of the Society of Friends. The Swedish family name was a long one, and difficult of pronunciation for the English speaking Friends, and so the newcomers were called Jones, and the name was adopted.

William Jones, son of Robert E. and Ann (Garrett) Jones, married Martha Lloyd, and had children: William, a farmer, who had the courtesy title of "Doctor;" Richard Lloyd, see forward; Robert E., a farmer, and a horse dealer in Philadelphia; Annie, deceased; Mary L.; Elizabeth G.; Marshall L., who was a sergeant in the civil war; Martha W., deceased.

Richard Lloyd, son of William and Martha (Lloyd) Jones, was born in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 28, 1820, and died December 31, 1907. His education was acquired in the public and private schools of Darby and Upper Darby, and he was identified with farming interests all of his life. He assisted his father on the home farm until he had attained his majority, then, in association with his brother, William, went to Montgomery

and commenced to farm independently. At the end of one year they took charge of another farm and continued their partnership for another four years. The partnership was then dissolved by mutual consent, and in 1847, Richard L. took charge of the old Jones homestead and utilized it for general farming purposes until 1886, at which time he turned it over to his son, Richard L. Jr., and he settled on a smaller farm at Springton, and made a specialty of dairying farming. During the civil war Mr. Jones enlisted in the Sixteenth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, serving under Colonel Wilcox, and in Captain Amos Bonsall's company. During the six weeks that this company was out it took an active part in the battle of Antietam. He married Mary Fryburg, born near Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 9, 1826, died April 24, 1900, daughter of John and Eliza (Phillips) Fryburg. Children: Martha L., married Van Leer E. Bond, and lives at Upper Darby Station; William H., unmarried; Richard Lloyd Jr., married Sophia Owen and is a farmer in Upper Darby township; Eliza F., unmarried, resides with her brother, Marshall L.; J. Walter, married Agnes McLeod, and is in the feed business at Clifton, Pennsylvania; Howard Erwin, married Georgiana A. Muth, and is a farmer in Chester county, Pennsylvania; Mary A., died at the age of two years; Marshall L.

Marshall L., son of Richard Lloyd and Mary (Fryburg) Jones, was born on the old Jones homestead in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1864. His education, which was considered a very liberal one at that time, was acquired in the public schools of Upper Darby township, and this was supplemented by a course at the Friends' School in Philadelphia. After completing his education he worked for his father for some years, then rented the Fairview farm on the State road, owned by V. E. Bond and William H. Jones, and worked this for a period of seventeen years. In 1909 he purchased the Pratt property in Chester county, Pennsylvania, this consisting of three hundred and fifty acres, laid out in two farms. Four years later he sold this property and purchased a farm of two hundred and sixty acres in Westtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania. In the year 1913 he removed to Llanerch, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he now resides, but expects to remove to his Westtown farm. He has imported some of the finest pure blood Holstein cattle into the county, and has been engaged in retailing milk in the city of Philadelphia for the greater part of a quarter of a century. His farm is a model of its kind and size in every respect, and he keeps well abreast of the time in all matters. He has taken no active part in the political affairs of his county, but takes a deep interest in whatever concerns the welfare of the community, and casts his vote for the Republican party. He attends and his wife is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and he is a member of the local Grange, Patrons of Husbandry.

Mr. Jones married, November 8, 1905, Laura R. Black. Children: Mary Elizabeth, born April 26, 1907, died May 31, of the same year; Marshall L. Jr., born January 29, 1909; Russell Black, born October 20, 1911. Mrs. Jones is a daughter of Lorenzo D. and Elizabeth L. (Dyson) Black, both deceased, the former July 18, 1910, the latter March 3, 1908. They had one other child: Mary, who married G. Melvin Young. Lorenzo D. Black was a farmer and milk dealer in Philadelphia, and during the civil war enlisted in Company B, First Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry, and served throughout that momentous struggle. In business affairs Mr. Jones has ever been straightforward and reliable in his dealings, and he is valued among the sterling members of the community in which so many years of his life have been spent. His has been a useful, busy and upright career, commending him to the confidence and regard of all with whom he has come in contact.

WARD This is an honored name in Delaware county and has been borne right worthily for two generations in the city of Chester by William Ward, father and son, the former an eminent lawyer and congressman, the latter the present chief executive of the city. The descent is from John Ward, who, shortly after his emigration from Ireland, died in Philadelphia. His wife, Margaret Donnegan, came with him and died in Philadelphia, in 1846, leaving a son, William (1), then aged nine years.

William (1) Ward was born in Philadelphia, in 1837, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, in February, 1895. When he was left an orphan in 1846, he was taken in charge by the management of Girard College, Pennsylvania, being one of the first one hundred and fifty boys that became beneficiaries of that magnificent institution. He remained at the college until 1852, when he was indentured to Y. S. Walter, a printer in Chester, which city was ever afterward his home. He remained with Mr. Walter for two years, and during that time made some influential friends who felt that he was not pursuing the best plans in shaping his life, and decided to assist him to a legal education. Judge John M. Broomall, who had taken unusual interest in the lad, secured the transfer of his bond to himself and then gave him a place in his law office as a student. Squire Samuel M. Ulrich (later his father-in-law) agreed to provide him shelter and clothing during his years of study with the judge. Both men kept their promise to the young man, and he was thus enabled to complete a full course of legal study and in 1857 was admitted to the Delaware County Bar. He at once began practice in Chester and was soon recognized as one of the leaders among the younger lawyers. He gained in strength and reputation and was of such sterling worth that his early benefactor, Judge Broomall, still further honored him by admitting him to a partnership under the firm name Broomall & Ward. This became one of the strong legal firms of the county, and perhaps transacted a larger business than any other. Later when Judge Broomall was elected to congress the entire burden of the business fell upon Mr. Ward. He was well qualified for the responsibility, and continued the working head of the firm for several years. He won high standing as a lawyer and as a man of sterling character. After the return of Judge Broomall from congress he settled in Media and retired from the firm, his place being taken by his son, William B. Broomall (now also a judge of Delaware county). The firm so continued until 1877 when Mr. Ward was elected to congress from the sixth congressional district of Pennsylvania. He carried the wisdom of a trained lawyer to his congressional duties, and to this was added a deep patriotism and a sincere desire to legislate for the good of his countrymen. He served on important committees during his six years service and became one of the strong men of the House, a credit to the Republican party and to the state that gave him birth. His last term expiring in 1883, he retired to private life, and from then until his death he was in active legal practice in Chester. He was the trusted legal adviser of many of the large corporations of Chester, including the Roach Shipbuilding Company, the Pennsylvania railroad and the large steel companies. For five years, 1868-1873, he was a member of the banking firm of Ward & Baker; was for many years city solicitor; secretary and treasurer of the Chester Improvement Company; director of the First National Bank; treasurer of the South Ward Water Board, and secretary of the Chester Creek and Delaware River Railroad Companies. He was president of the city council for many years; was head of the Water Works Company and in all matters of public interest in Chester was a leader. He was faithful not only to his clients, but to all the obligations of good citizenship, and left behind him a name honored in his profession both in his adopted city and in the state. He was a loyal churchman, both he and his wife belonging to St. Paul's Episcopal

Church, at Chester. Both of the men who were the benefactors of his youth, were closely connected with Mr. Ward all through their lives and reaped a rich reward of satisfaction over the success that attended him. While Judge Broomall was for years his law partner, Squire Ulrich bore the closer relation of father-in-law, the marriage of his daughter, Clara Ecker Ulrich, and William (1) Ward occurring February 2, 1862. Mrs. Ward survives her husband, a resident of East Fourteenth street, Chester. Children: Samuel Ulrich, an attorney of Chester; Dr. John M. Broomall, Pennsylvania State Quarantine physician, accidentally killed January 21, 1903; William (2), see forward; Catherine; Clara; Margaret, and George E., all residents of Chester.

William (2) Ward, third son of William (1) and Clara Ecker (Ulrich) Ward, was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, July 7, 1865. He was educated in the public schools and was graduated from Chester High School, class of 1883. He studied law with his father and was associated with him until 1885, when he abandoned the law and entered business life. He established a real estate and insurance office in Chester and has continued in that business until the present time, having a very large business and handling a great deal of real estate of every kind in Chester, and in Pennsylvania and adjoining states. He is a Republican in politics and has devoted a great deal of time to the public service. He was elected city controller in 1902, and in 1905 was re-elected. In November, 1908, he was elected to the Pennsylvania House of Representatives from the First Delaware County Legislative District, and in 1910 was re-elected. He served on the following committees: Appropriations, fisheries, insurance, judiciary local, manufacturers and public roads, rendering efficient service. In 1911 he resigned his seat in the house, having been elected mayor of Chester, which office he now most capably fills. He is a supporter of Republican principles and is a true party man, but in his political career has received warm support from the independent voters, and has also a personal following in the ranks of the opposing party. His present term as mayor expires in 1915.

Mayor Ward is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Chester Lodge, No. 236, Free and Accepted Masons; Chester Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Chester Commandery, Knights Templar, and Lulu Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Philadelphia. He is also a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He is an attendant of St. Paul's Episcopal Church and interested in all that tends to the upbuilding of his city.

He married Rosa M. Mackinson, born in Delta, York county, Pennsylvania, but at the time of her marriage was residing in Bel Air, Maryland, daughter of William A. and Hannah (Booth) Mackinson, the latter still living. Mrs. Ward is a member of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, and is deeply interested in the social, charitable and religious organizations of her city.

The Harvey family, represented in the present generation by HARVEY Bartram R. Harvey, a successful and progressive agriculturist of Concordville, has long been seated in the state of Pennsylvania, his father, grandfather and great-grandfather having been residents of Delaware county, contributing their full share to its development and progress.

The first of the name of whom we have knowledge was Alban and Elizabeth Harvey, residents of Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where they led lives of activity and usefulness, and reared their chil-



William W. Sandys

dren in the way they should go. Their son, Evans, born in Birmingham township, December 11, 1813, died October 8, 1871. He was a farmer on an extensive scale, deriving therefrom not only a substantial livelihood by hard and incessant work, but a competence for his declining years. He married, April 5, 1837, Hannah G. Marsh, born December 14, 1816, died June 26, 1889, daughter of Dr. Rolph C. and Deborah (Hill) Marsh, of Concord township, and granddaughter of Christopher and Ann Marsh and of John and Mary (Gibbons) Hill. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey: Elizabeth, became the wife of Edward R. Gilpin; Alban, married Mary P. Marshall; John M., married Mary Hannum; Rolph M., father of Bartram R. Harvey. Rolph M. Harvey was born in Birmingham township, March 12, 1843. He operated a well cultivated farm of two hundred and fifteen acres, the estate of Ellis P. Marshall, deceased, and was the owner of a fine dairy, from which he derived a handsome competence. He is a member of the Society of Friends, as are also the members of his family, and an independent Republican in politics. He married, March 12, 1868, Anna P. Marshall, daughter of Ellis P. and Anna B. (Bartram) Marshall. Children: Dr. Ellis M., born February 5, 1869, a graduate of Swarthmore College and the Pennsylvania University, married Phoebe Scarlett; Charles E., born July 24, 1871, unmarried; Bartram R., of whom further.

Bartram R. Harvey was born at Concordville, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1885. He attended the Media Friends' School, Swarthmore Preparatory School, Cornell College and Pierce Business College. Since attaining his manhood he has made a study of agriculture, thus following in the footsteps of his forefathers, and has made a decided success of his undertaking, being the owner of some of the finest blooded cattle in Delaware county, and his handsome residence is beautifully located on top of a hill which commands a fine view of the surrounding country for many miles. His religious affiliations are with the Society of Friends, his political adherence is given to the Republican party, and he holds membership in Concord Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, the local Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and the Auto Club of Delaware county.

Mr. Harvey married, April 5, 1911, Elsie M. Piersol, born in Easttown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, April 25, 1888, daughter of Charles T. and Laura (Gravelle) Piersol, and granddaughter of Peter and Harriet (Piersol) Piersol. Child, Bartram Marshall, born April 23, 1912.

Cyrus Baker, the first of this family to settle in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, was a farmer by occupation, and the owner of a large tract of land. In addition to farming he was a cooper by trade, and he and his wife were members of the Friends Meeting. He married Hannah Evanson, and they had children: 1. Joshua, who was also a farmer and cooper, and lived in Aston township, in the same county. 2. Sarah Ann, married Daniel Brownell, of Thornbury, Pennsylvania. 3. Jason, see forward. 4. Eli, a farmer of Thornbury, died in Middletown township, Delaware county; married Rebecca Rigdon. 5. George, a farmer and stone mason of Middletown township; married Phoebe ———. 6. and 7. Elizabeth and Ann, twins. Elizabeth married David Kruger and lives in Philadelphia; Ann married Edward Ruth and lives in Middletown township.

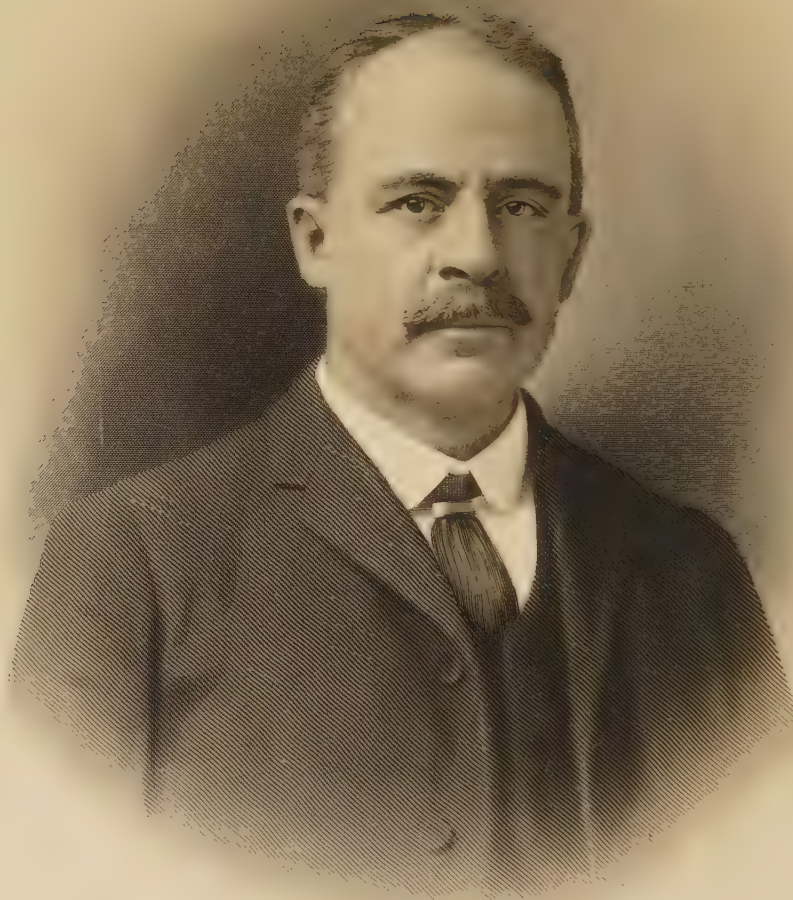
Jason Baker, son of Cyrus and Hannah (Evanson) Baker, was born in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 1811, died March 17, 1876. His education was the usual limited one of a farmer's son in those

days, at the district schools, and during the summer months, even while he was attending school, he was obliged to assist in the farm labors. He also learned the coopering trade under the supervision of his father, and was engaged in this calling for many years. After his marriage he located on the old Baker homestead in Middletown township, and spent the remainder of his life there. He was a staunch Republican in political matters, but never entertained any desire to hold public office. He gave his religious allegiance to the Friends Meeting, while his wife was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Rebecca Pinkerton, born in Middletown township, November 19, 1812, died October 11, 1900. They had children: 1. Mark W., who died in 1905 at the age of fifty-eight years, was a cooper and contractor living in Middletown township. He married (first) Hannah Freeborn, who died in 1877; (second) Isabella, a sister of his first wife. He had one child by his first marriage: Clarence, now living in Middletown township, also a contractor and builder, who married Hannah Johnson, and has two children: Florence and Mark W. J. Children of the second marriage: Laura and Elizabeth. 2. William Penn, see forward. 3. Lydia Emma, always lived on the old homestead with her brother, William Penn, and together they took care of their parents in the old age of the latter. 4. Sarah Ann, died at the age of five years.

William Penn Baker, son of Jason and Rebecca (Pinkerton) Baker, was born on the Baker homestead in Middletown, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 29, 1850, and almost his entire life has been spent on those grounds. He was educated in the common schools of the county and from 1867 until 1876 was in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, as brakeman, flagman and baggagemaster between Philadelphia and Harrisburg, during which time he made his home in Philadelphia. With the exception of these few years he has been engaged in carrying on a general farming business. He is a Republican in political adherence. His sister is a member of the Goshen Baptist Church. They are well known and highly esteemed in the entire section.

The son of Michael and Anna Mary (Riley) Barrow, Philip BARROW M. Barrow, is a lifelong resident of Delaware county. He was born in what was then Kellyville, now Clifton, June 11, 1890, and until thirteen years of age attended the public schools. After working for a time in a brickyard at Lansdowne, he became a worker in the Wolverton Mills at Cordington, thence to a silk mill for a term of six months. He then began learning the trade of stonecutter, continuing eighteen months at that employment in Philadelphia, but his health failing he was obliged to seek a less laborious occupation. He then spent three years working at the roofing trade, and on January 29, 1911, began business for himself in that line, establishing his place of business in Swarthmore, where he has succeeded beyond his expectations; honorable, industrious and capable, a successful business life is just opening before him. In political faith he is a Democrat, and in religious connection a member of the Roman Catholic church. He belongs to the Knights of Columbus; the Total Abstinence Beneficial Society and is actively connected with the Swarthmore Fire Company.

Mr. Barrow married, July 5, 1911, Anna Agnes, daughter of Hugh and Anna (Dillon) Quinn. Child: Philip M. (2), born August 4, 1912. Mr. Barrow's father is yet living; his mother, Anna M. (Riley) Barrow, died January 25, 1895.



Sydney G. Fisher

Born in England, Mr. Beniston has been a resident of Philadelphia and Delaware counties since March 11, 1880. When a lad of fifteen years he landed at Christian street wharf, Philadelphia, from the steamship "Indiana," after a very rough voyage that nearly ended in shipwreck.

William Beniston, father of Harry Beniston, was born in Kimberly, Nottinghamshire, England, in 1828, died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 25, 1885. He was a contractor and sinker of shafts in the coal mines of Kimberly, continuing there until 1880, when he came to the United States, settling in Philadelphia, where he lived retired until his death five years after. Both he and his wife were members of the Church of England. He married Ann Watson, born in Tewksbury, Gloucestershire, England, in 1828; she survived her husband until 1895, when she died in England, while there on a visit. Children: Theresa, now living in Nottingham, England; Eunice, also living in Nottingham, England; Matthew G., died December 25, 1911, in Oakland, New Jersey, a merchant; William, now residing in Brooklyn, New York, a lacemaker; Harry (see forward).

Harry Beniston, youngest son of William and Ann (Watson) Beniston, was born in Kimberly, Nottingham, England, July 8, 1865. He attended school until eleven years of age, then began working at the coal mines at Annesley, near Newstead Abbey, continuing until he was fourteen. On February 25, 1880, he sailed with his parents for the United States, arriving after a perilous voyage at Philadelphia, March 11 following. He was apprenticed to a plumber at No. 33 North Ninth street, thoroughly mastered that trade and worked in Philadelphia until 1890, then came to Delaware county, working for five years for William Calhoun at Norwood. In 1895 he began business for his own account at Norwood, continuing there until 1901, doing a good business. In 1901 he established in the old Lazaretto place at Essington, a marine plumbing business, but continued his residence at Norwood until 1901. He then moved to Moore's, Prospect Park, Delaware county, taking up residence there on March 27. He retained his business of marine plumber at Essington to which he has added a ship chandlery department, supplying the needs of the hundreds of yachtsmen and boatmen that make Essington an outfitting point. He is a man of fine business ability, an expert mechanic and of upright, honorable life.

In political faith he is an Independent, and in religious faith a member of the Protestant Episcopal church. He was president of the Norwood Board of Health for several years; belonged to Prospect Lodge, No. 578, Free and Accepted Masons, and to Norwood Assembly, Order of Artisans.

Mr. Beniston married in Philadelphia, in 1886, Kate May, born in Nottingham, England, daughter of Joseph May, who died when she was an infant. Five sons of Harry and Kate M. Beniston died young; four daughters all living are: Minnie M., married John R. Rodgers, a moulder of Philadelphia, now living in Norwood; Eunice H., Edith M. and Marian T., all living with their parents.

A study of the life work of Sydney George Fisher—far from completed—reveals a man of most interesting personality and versatile talent. Educated in the law, and of considerable experience in that profession, an historian of nation-wide fame, a student of political and social science, and a biographer, it is doubtful if his honors won in these fields give him one-half the satisfaction derived from canoeing, sailing, or training his pointer dogs.

FISHER

He is a many-side man, and while the intellectual interests of his nature are developed, the human side is very much in evidence. With this kept in mind, the work of Mr. Fisher in law and literature becomes of double interest. His historical works are full of human interest and show originality of treatment, rather startling boldness in the use of modern historical methods, but portraying men and occurrences in a manner that one can feel and understand is truth and not fancy. His men are real men and not the lay figures that Washington and others of our Revolutionary fathers are represented to be by most of our historians. He goes to the original sources of information among the letters, diaries, documents and old pamphlets of the time.

Sydney George Fisher was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, September 11, 1856, son of Sidney George and Elizabeth (Ingersoll) Fisher. Sidney George Fisher Sr., was born in Philadelphia, March 2, 1809, and died on his farm, Forest Hill, north of the city, July 25, 1871. He was a graduate of Dickinson College, class of 1827, studied law, and in his early life practiced his profession in Philadelphia. He acquired a national reputation as a political writer, under the *nom de plume* of Cecil and also Kent, writing mostly on the civil war problems of slavery and secession. He was a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, and an ardent supporter with pen and speech of the administration and character of President Lincoln.

Sydney George Fisher Jr. was brought up on his father's farm, which had old forest trees, and two streams running through it; and it was there he probably acquired his strong liking for animals, nature, and country life. When he was sixteen, both his parents were dead, and he went to boarding school at St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire; entered Trinity College, Hartford, Connecticut, whence he was graduated in the class of 1879, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He has since then received the degree of Litt.D. from the Western University of Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh, the degree of LL.D. from his *alma mater*, and the degree of LL.D. from the University of Pennsylvania.

He returned to Philadelphia, read law, entered Harvard Law School, and in 1883 was admitted to the Philadelphia bar. He continued in practice for some years and was admitted to all state and federal courts of the district, attaining rank as a young lawyer of industry and integrity. He wrote a number of articles for legal periodicals—"Are the Departments of Government independent of each other?" in the "American Law Review;" "The Suspension of the Writ of Habeas Corpus in the War of the Rebellion," in the "Political Science Quarterly;" "The Railroad Leases to Control the Anthracite Coal Trade," in the "American Law Register;" "The Administration of Equity Through Common Law Forms in Pennsylvania," in the "London Law Quarterly Review," afterwards republished in the second volume of "Select Essays in Anglo-American Legal History," compiled and edited by the Association of American Law Schools.

The law could not confine him, however, and to the public at large he is known less as the lawyer than as the political economist and the historian. While yet a student he commenced his work as a political essayist, attacked with vigor in the columns of the "New York Nation," under the signature of F. G. S., the spoils system as then practiced, and suggested the formation of the civil service reform associations, which were almost immediately organized and have accomplished such excellent results in obtaining legislation against the spoils system and in favor of merit as a tenure of public office. This sort of work in the field of political science, begun and long prosecuted by the father, has been continued by the son—first, perhaps, as a sacred inheritance, but later from a genuine love of his brother and a desire to help

all reform measures that tend to the public good. Some of his best articles are: "Alien Degradation of American Character," published in the "Forum;" "Has Immigration Dried Up Our Literature?" also in the "Forum;" and "Has Immigration Increased Population?" in the "Popular Science Monthly." These proved an important incentive to the formation of the Immigrant Restriction League. Other articles appeared in rapid succession, including "The Causes of the Increase of Divorce," afterwards rewritten and amplified; also a pamphlet of very wide circulation called "The American Revolution and the Boer War."

He is the author of a number of books: "The Making of Pennsylvania;" "Pennsylvania Colony and Commonwealth;" "The Evolution of the Constitution;" "Men, Women and Manners of Colonial Times;" "The True Benjamin Franklin;" "The True William Penn;" "The Life of Daniel Webster." Among his more recent books attracting wide attention and circulation, are "The True History of The American Revolution" and "The Struggle for American Independence." These last two books brush the scales from one's eyes and give us the story of men, not demi-gods. The latter book, which is in two volumes, is a fine piece of book making on the part of publisher as well as author, and a most complete history of the American Revolution from the point of view of scientific and impartial investigation of the original evidence by modern historical methods. Mr. Fisher's recent pamphlet, "The Legendary and Myth-Making Process in Histories of the American Revolution," read before the American Philosophical Society in 1912, points out some of the misleading methods by which the history of that period has been written, and leads to the hope that many more histories of men of that period will appear from the pen of Mr. Fisher.

His interest in his *alma mater* has not diminished with the years since leaving her halls. He is a trustee of Trinity, and her warm friend. He is also interested in schools for the blind, and serves on the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind. As one of the managers of the Old Philadelphia Library, on Locust street, which was founded by Benjamin Franklin, he has amply proven the worth of his services.

Active, busy and useful as he is, Mr. Fisher believes in recreation and sport. His pleasures extend from fine old engravings to golf and farming. He has always been fond of using tools, particularly in boat building, and in his leisure hours has constructed a number of boats in his well-equipped and interesting amateur shop at Essington, his home. He is an active member of the Corinthian Yacht Club at that place, and can usually be found there on Saturdays and Sundays. He is very fond of reading about natural history, biological science and geology. He has always taken a leading part in urging the importance of game preservation and has written a number of articles on that subject. He is a most enthusiastic conservationist, and believes that the time has come for the enforcing of very strenuous measures to protect our forests, birds and all natural resources. The wild parts of Florida have had a strong attraction for Mr. Fisher for many years, and he has cruised in the Gulf of Mexico and made numerous explorations in the interior of Florida for sport and nature study, usually in company with his cousin, Mr. William M. Meigs, and has traveled extensively through nearly all the southern states, particularly the regions where quail shooting can be enjoyed. His articles upon the negro problem, and upon scenes and episodes of southern life have been widely read. He has also written articles for "Forest and Stream," as for example "Two Weeks with the Louisiana French;" and a notable article in "The American Field," entitled, "Have Field Trials Im-

proved the Setter?" and another in "The London Field," called "Practical Tests for Shotguns."

Besides the Corinthian Yacht Club, Mr. Fisher belongs to the University Club and the Franklin Inn Club of Philadelphia, and to the Spring Haven Country Club in Delaware county. He frequently spends part of the summer at the old Broadwater Club on the coast of Virginia, and is very familiar with the sailing, fishing and other sporting facilities of those channels and islands. He is very fond of Delaware county and says that he never felt at home until he came there to live, about twenty years ago. He likes to take walks in all parts of the county, visiting dairy and grain farms and talking to the farmers. The fox hunting, the numerous packs of hounds, some of them kept by the old fashioned farmers, and the pretty scenes when the hounds and the mounted keepers are out exercising as well as hunting, give a character and interest which it would be hard to equal, he says, in any other part of America. His favorite district is along the valley of Ridley creek, which he considers on the whole the choice of the county's four beautiful streams, Darby, Crum, Ridley and Chester. The Delaware river, on which he has lived so long, is to him also a very important part of the county. He has always found it very difficult to keep away from water and boats. He went to live on the Delaware at Essington many years ago, because he found himself so strongly attracted by the boats, yachting and Scandinavian sailors that he was visiting it, every Saturday afternoon, Sundays and holidays. It was more convenient to live at the place one was perfectly willing to stay in on Sundays holidays. Returning to it from his city work every evening, he found a more restful and wholesome change than he could find in any other of Philadelphia's suburbs. Continual city life does not at all suit him. Most of his congenial acquaintances and friends belong to the Corinthian Yacht Club, at Essington, and he is at his best among these companions. He has explored the Delaware, studied its tides, shoals, islands and geology, and wrote a long article on it in the "Philadelphia Sunday Ledger" of October 20, 1912, afterwards enlarged and reprinted. He has been connected with several of the controversies of riparian owners against the interests that narrow the river and shoal small harbors. He advocates deepening the Delaware by dredging rather than by dikes that act as partial dams to the flood tide.

The varied richness, vegetation and bird life along the shoals and islands of the Delaware, and in the meadows and marshes that spread out like lakes at high tide with their vast crops of graceful reeds and red and yellow flowers are, he often says, far more attractive to the naturalist and real nature lover than panoramic tourist rivers like the Hudson. Equally fascinating are the remains and records of the Delaware's long geologic history in the days of glaciers, ice floes and mighty floods, when they rolled down to the ocean the sand and mud that went to build New Jersey and Delaware.

In religious faith Mr. Fisher is an Episcopalian, but is inclined to regard such subjects in the rationalistic way of the Quaker stock, from which he is descended on his father's side. On his mother's side he is descended from Connecticut forbears. But in all things he is the genuine, sincere man, loved most by those who know him best.

Among the early converts to the faith and principles of the BUNTING Society of Friends were Anthony and Ellen Bunting, whose long but uneventful lives were spent in the little village of Matlack in the heart of Derbyshire, England, where both died in the year 1700, both, according to the quaint and meagre record of the Society of

Friends, having rounded out one hundred years of life. Three of their four sons, John, Samuel and Job came to America in 1678, settling in Burlington county, New Jersey, Job later moving to Bucks county, Pennsylvania; William, the second son remained in England, his son, Samuel, born 1692 came to Pennsylvania in 1722, married and left numerous descendants, as have his three uncles.

Alfred Bunting descends from the Philadelphia branch of the family; his grandfather, Charles S. Bunting, having been born in that city. He was a strong patriot during the revolution, although but little more than a boy at its commencement. He was a manufacturer and miller at Elk river and Octoraro, Maryland, but practically lived his entire life in Philadelphia, and there died. He married (first) Fannie Price, (second) Ann Grant, both wives being buried in Christ Church burying ground, Fourth and Arch streets, Philadelphia. All were members of the Society of Friends. Children by first wife: Charles Price (of whom further); Christiana, married Hugh De Haven; Hannah, died unmarried.

Charles Price Bunting, only son of Charles S. Bunting and his first wife, Fannie Price, was born in Elkton, Maryland, February 14, 1793, died in Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania. He was educated in private schools and grew to manhood in Elkton and Philadelphia. He learned the trade of carriage builder, later learned coopering, but most his life he was a merchant. He was a Whig, but lived to see the Republican party formed and was a strong supporter of that party until his death. He was a member and trustee of the Methodist Episcopal church for many years, his wife also being a member. He married Sarah Longaker, of Ridley township, Delaware county. Children of Charles Price Bunting: James C., born January, 1833, died December 18, 1910; Alfred (of whom further); Hannah S., born September 25, 1840.

Alfred Bunting, second son of Charles Price and Sarah (Longaker) Bunting was born in Tammany street, Philadelphia, September 5, 1834. His early life was spent in Marcus Hook and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; his education being obtained in private schools. He became a civil engineer, and for the past forty years has been connected with the United States Engineering department, as surveyor and conveyancer. He is a resident of Marcus Hook, and has served as justice of the peace and school director. His life has been an active, busy one, full of incident, but lived with a steady purpose, and is a life that covering, as it does, more than the scriptural allotment of years, has not been devoid of usefulness to his fellowmen.

Mr. Bunting is a Prohibitionist in politics; a member of the Masonic order, and although the early Buntings were members of the Society of Friends, both Albert and his father departed from that faith and joined the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Bunting married Frances M., daughter of Benjamin F. Johnson, a farmer and justice of the peace, who married Mary A. Entriken, born in Philadelphia.

This is one of the old families of the state of New Jersey, a branch of which settled in Monmouth county near the coast, where Thomas, grandfather of Charles Carl Cook of Essington, Pennsylvania, was born. He had a farm on Squan river, containing one hundred acres on which he had a large farmhouse, used in summer for the accommodation of guests. He was twice married and had a large family, most of his sons becoming sailors and rising to captaincies. One of these, Captain Lewis Cook, died of yellow fever in a Southern port; another Captain William Cook, sailed away

in 1864, bound for New Orleans, and was never heard from again. One of the daughters, Caroline Sanborn, was a noted artist of Brooklyn. Thomas Cook and his family were members of the Society of Friends, worshipping at the old Meeting House in Squan Village, perhaps the oldest church in this country.

Joseph H. Cook, son of Thomas Cook, was born at Point Pleasant, New Jersey, and died in New York City. He grew up at the homestead in Squan, and chose a mercantile life. He located in Philadelphia where he became a member of the wholesale and retail grocery firm of Williams & Cook, on Front street. He was an able business man and was successful in his undertakings. In religious faith he was a Friend and in politics, a Republican. He married Anna, daughter of Samuel Farrel and his wife, Phoebe Collins; children: Charles Carl (of whom further); Anna, married and resides in New Mexico; J. Horace, superintendent of buildings for the Board of Education of Philadelphia.

Charles Carl Cook, son of Joseph H. and Anna (Farrel) Cook, was born in Philadelphia, in 1852. He attended the Friends school in Philadelphia, and Westtown Boarding School, later spending four years at the School of Industrial Art. He pursued a full course of art study at the latter institution, receiving in 1881 the first diploma issued to a graduate of that school. After a varied and successful life Mr. Cook located at Essington, where he now resides. He is secretary of the Philadelphia Yacht Club, a position he first accepted fourteen years ago. He is a Republican in politics and a member of the Society of Friends. He is unmarried.

An enterprising citizen and one of the progressive and energetic business men of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is
 DEMPSTER Howard Henry Dempster, who has a good position in the purchasing department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, his headquarters being at Norwood. He has served his home community in various official capacities of important trust and responsibility, and is popular amongst his fellow citizens by reason of his congenial disposition and sterling integrity of character.

A native of the Keystone state, Mr. Dempster was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, June 23, 1866. He is a son of James and Christina (Thompson) Dempster, the former a native of Scotland and the latter also of Scotch descent. ——— and Sarah (Thompson) Dempster, paternal grandparents of the subject, were born and reared in Scotland, where was solemnized their marriage and where their two children were born. They immigrated to America where their deaths occurred. Mr. Dempster, the grandfather, was a farmer by occupation and was for many years a resident of Chester county, Pennsylvania. He and his wife were devout members of the Presbyterian church, in whose faith they reared their children.

James Dempster was young at the time of his parents' arrival in America. In his youth he learned the trade of carder, and for a number of years was employed in various woolen mills in that capacity. With the passage of time he accumulated some money and engaged in the manufacturing of woolen yarns, achieving marked success in that line of enterprise. He was a stalwart Republican in his political convictions and he and his family were members of the Presbyterian church. He married Christina Thompson, who bore him eight children, as follows: William, a carder by trade, resides at Chester, Pennsylvania, where he was councilman for several terms; Robert, a traveling salesman, now located in Alabama; James, engaged in the cement business in the city of Philadelphia; Howard H., mentioned below; Jennie,

the wife of George Nibel, a letter carrier at Chester; Arthur, in the insurance business; Mabel, married Lewis Barlow, a dairy man; George, engaged in the hotel business. The father of the above children died in 1886, and the mother passed to the great beyond in 1877.

Howard H. Dempster was educated in the public schools of Chester county, and as a youth he worked as hall boy in a hotel in Philadelphia for a time. He learned the carding business at Chester, but in 1886 abandoned that line of work to accept a position with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He has been in the employ of the latter concern during the long intervening years to the present time, in 1913, his position being an important one in the purchasing department. He is a stalwart supporter of the principles and policies for which the Republican party stands sponsor, and is ever on the alert and enthusiastically in sympathy with all measures projected for progress and improvement. He served as a member of the Norwood Board of Health for two terms, and for three terms was the able and popular incumbent of the office of borough auditor. Mr. Dempster is the owner of a beautiful home in Norwood, the same being the scene of many attractive social gatherings.

In the year 1891 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Dempster to Miss Ida Virginia Lee, a daughter of Robert and Mary Lee, of Philadelphia. The Lee family are members of the Lutheran church. Mr. and Mrs. Dempster are the parents of four children, as follows: Clara, born in 1892, was educated in the public schools of Norwood, being graduated in 1908, is at home with her parents; Warren, born in 1894, was educated in the common schools of Norwood and is now working for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; Harold, born in 1898, is attending school in Norwood, being a freshman in high school; Robert Lee, born in 1910. Mrs. Dempster is a devoted wife and mother, and she is held in high regard by all with whom she has come in contact.

PANCOAST The Pancoast family of Pennsylvania came to this country as early as the days of William Penn, and have been identified with the agricultural and other interests of the country since that time. The particular branch of which we are about to write can be traced, at the present time, only three generations.

(I) Seth Pancoast is first heard of in Marple township, where he was engaged in farming. Later he removed to Springfield township, where he died at the age of eighty-seven years. He and his family were members of the Society of Friends. He married Margaretta Levis, whose ancestors had also come to this country in the early colonial days, and who died in Springfield township, at the age of eighty-six years. They had children: Margaretta; Levis; William; Henry; Samuel F., see forward; Seth.

(II) Samuel F., son of Seth and Margaretta (Levis) Pancoast, was born in Springfield township, where he died in 1890. He was educated in the public schools of his district and, like his father, was engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was a stanch Republican throughout his life, and took an active interest in the public affairs of the community. He married (first) Elizabeth, a daughter of John Leach, who married Catherine Cokenspiger, and had other children: John, Isaac, Charles, William, George, Margaret, Catherine and Sarah. Mr. Leach was a blacksmith by occupation, and in later years was the proprietor of a hotel which he conducted very successfully. Mr. Pancoast married (second) Ellen B. Sloan. Children by the first marriage: Mary, who married Isaac Lewis; Ella, married William H. Swank; Seth, married Minnie R. Reynolds; Samuel L., married Elvira Leedom; John, deceased; Anna, also

deceased. Children by the second marriage: Elizabeth, unmarried; Malachi S., see forward; Mattie and Laura, deceased.

(III) Malachi Sloan, son of Samuel F. and Ellen B. (Sloan) Pancoast, was born in Springfield township, July 13, 1874. He was the recipient of an excellent education, being graduated from the public schools of his section and from the West Chester Normal School. He resided with his parents until he had attained the age of sixteen years, at which time his father died, and he then went to West Philadelphia to commence his business life there. His first position was in a grocery store, where he was employed for the period of one year at a salary of four dollars a week, and boarded himself. Returning to the old homestead at the expiration of one year, he attended to the cultivation of this farm for five years, after which he purchased his present residence, into which he moved at once, and has occupied it since that time. It is located near the Springfield road in Springfield township, and is kept up in a model manner. In addition to cultivating this piece of property, Mr. Pancoast is engaged in the meat business, and supplies a large list of customers with all the delicacies in this line in a most up to date manner. His business is in a most flourishing condition, and it is constantly increasing. In political matter he is a Republican, and has been of influence in his party in his section.

Mr. Pancoast married, October 7, 1903, Lula, born in Morton, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1879, a daughter of Frank B. and Katherine (Harvey) Worrall; granddaughter of Joseph Maris and Mary T. (Bishop) Worrall; and great-granddaughter of Randall and ——— (Mathews) Bishop. Frank Bishop and Katherine (Harvey) Worrall had other children: Willard; Randall B., married Mary Doyle; Mary, Walter and Deveir, unmarried. Frank B. Worrall, the father of Mrs. Pancoast, was born near Morton Springfield township, is a carpenter by trade, and is now living in Morton. Children of Joseph M. and Mary T. Bishop Worrall: Randall Bishop, deceased; David T., married Mary Ball; Frank B., married Katherine Harvey; Daniel Wilmer, died in early youth; Deveir, married Ella Roland; Walter, and Edgar Bishop. Mr. Pancoast and his wife have two children: Samuel F., born April 26, 1905; William S., December 30, 1908.

Enterprise, energy and honesty in business, patriotic devotion to country and fidelity to every duty of public and private life, these are the distinguishing characteristics of Gilbert Stubbs Faries, of Chester Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and they have guided and controlled his destiny and given him rank among the substantial and valued citizens of the county. The family he represents was originally founded in this country by three brothers who came from Belfast, Ireland, one of them going to the South, one to the West, and the third locating in the state of Delaware.

William Faries was born in Smyrna, Delaware, in the year 1800. He was a harness maker by trade, a Republican in his political allegiance, and a member of the Protestant church. He married, in 1820, Theresa Magdalena, of Basle, Switzerland, and they had children: Daniel D.; Joseph; William, died in infancy; Adeline, died in infancy; Alexander; Mary E.; Samuel; Sarah D.; Eliza R.; William, of further mention.

William (2) Faries, son of William (1) and Theresa (Magdalena) Faries, was born at Smyrna, Delaware, August 25, 1848. He was engaged in the mercantile business as a dealer in hardware. His political affiliations were with the Prohibition party, and he served for a time as town and county commissioner. He was a local preacher in the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr.



Gilbert Stubbs Faries

Faries married Mary Stubbs, born in Milford, England, November 5, 1849; she is a daughter of James and Harriet Stubbs, the former born in Derbyshire, England, April 13, 1813, the latter born in the same town, December 25, 1812. Mr. and Mrs. Faries had children: Gilbert Stubbs, whose name heads this sketch; Ethel Hall, born February 5, 1890.

Gilbert Stubbs Faries, son of William (2) and Mary (Stubbs) Faries, was born in Smyrna, Delaware, June 29, 1880. He acquired his education in the public schools of his native town and was graduated from the high school in the class of 1896; he then became a pupil at the Goldey Commercial College, from which he was graduated in 1898. His first business position was in the hardware store of his father, and he continued this association for a period of ten years. Removing to Concordville in 1908, he there conducted a fruit and poultry farm for three years, then abandoned this enterprise and purchased the lumber, coal and feed business of J. C. Rhodes & Company, at Chester Heights, in 1911. He has been successfully identified with this undertaking since that time, and it is in a most flourishing condition. He has always had the courage of his convictions in political matters and prefers to form his independent opinions. He is always allied with the Reform element in every manner, believing that constant progress is at the root of the prosperity of the entire country. He has never sought political preferment, but he has served as postmaster of Chester Heights, this being a civil service appointment. Fraternally he is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and has gone through all the chairs. He is a member of and a generous contributor to the Crozerville Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Faries married, at Smyrna, April 15, 1908, Bertha James Price, born in Smyrna, Delaware, December 17, 1881. She is a daughter of David James Price, a farmer, now deceased, who made a specialty of fruit growing, and whose wife was Anna Burton (Pepper) Price. They had one other child: Harry Wallace Price, deceased. The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Faries is: James Price, born January 31, 1912.

Education and financial assistance are very important factors in achieving success in the business world of to-day, where every faculty must be brought into play, but they are not the main elements. Persistency and determination figure much more prominently and a man possessed of these qualities is bound to win a fair amount of success. Julius Nelson, whose career forms the subject of this article, earned his own education and during the latter years of his life he has climbed to a high place on the ladder of achievement. He is a prominent citizen in Darby, where he has won considerable prestige as a builder and contractor.

Julius Nelson was born in Denmark, October 3, 1870. His great-grandfather was Christian Nelson, a native of Denmark, where his birth occurred in 1745. Nels Nelson Sr., son of Christian Nelson, was born in Denmark in 1797, and his son, Nels Nelson Jr., was born in Denmark, October 21, 1829. The latter was the father of the subject of this review. Nels Nelson Sr. was a tailor by trade and he spent the entire period of his life in his native land, where death called him in the year 1874. His wife, whose Christian name was Mary, passed to eternal rest in 1875. All their children are deceased. In religious faith they were staunch Lutherans. Nels Nelson Jr. was reared to adult age in his native land, where he completed a public school education and where he was graduated in the military college "Altona," as a member of the class of 1853, as a non-commissioned officer. He served as a non-commissioned officer in the Denmark army for three years but not during war time. He was a civil engineer by profession and for a period of six years served as

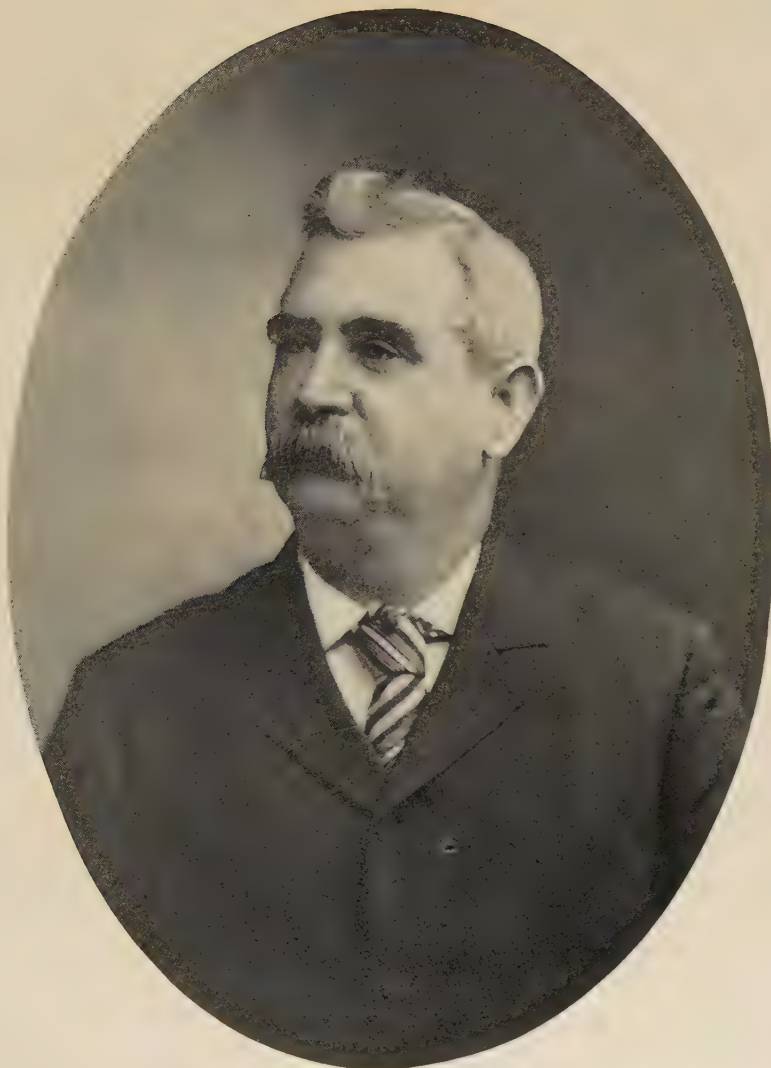
county commissioner in his home community. He died in Denmark in 1882, aged fifty-three years. He married Mary Hanson, a daughter of Knudsen Hanson, who was a blacksmith in Denmark, where he died in 1875. They were the parents of ten children, as follows: Mary, deceased; Mary, deceased; Anna, Mary, Dorothea and Fredericka, all living; Nels, deceased; Nels, living; Julius, deceased; and Julius, the immediate subject of this review. The mother of the above children died in Denmark in 18—.

To the public schools of Denmark, Julius Nelson is indebted for his preliminary educational training. At the age of fifteen years he immigrated to the United States, locating in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he subsequently attended the Young Men's Christian Association College, at the corner of Fifteenth and Chestnut streets, graduating therefrom in 1901. Immediately after he went across the continent to California, where he learned the trade of carpenter. He returned to Philadelphia in the following year and after a brief sojourn in that metropolis located permanently at Darby, where he has since won distinction as a house builder. He has erected at least one hundred houses in this locality and he has sold all of them except eleven. In 1913 he had six buildings in process of construction. In politics he is a Democrat, manifesting great interest in all matters projected for the good of the general welfare. As a business man he is reliable and honest and he has many loyal friends in Darby. Fraternally, he is affiliated with Lodge No. 131, Free and Accepted Masons, of Philadelphia, and with Green Hill Lodge, No. 154, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he has passed through all the official chairs.

September 24, 1902, occurred the marriage of Mr. Nelson to Miss Emma Hanson, who was born in Denmark, in 1875, a daughter of Frederick Hanson, a farmer in the old country, where he passed to the life eternal in 1908, at the venerable age of seventy-two years. The maiden name of Mrs. Nelson's mother was Mary Kofoed and she was born in Denmark in 1845. She is now living with her daughter and son-in-law at Darby. Following are the names of Mrs. Nelson's brothers and sister: Matilda (in Denmark), Christian (in Australia), Karl, Fred and John. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson have no children. They were reared in the faith of the Protestant Lutheran church and are prominent members of the church of that denomination in Darby.

The paternal ancestor of Hugh McCaffery, of Chester, Pennsylvania, was also Hugh McCaffery, born in county Cavan, Ireland, in 1808, died there in 1883, a farmer and road contractor. He married Emily Brady, born in county Cavan, in 1813, died there 1886. Children, all born in county Cavan: 1. Catherine, born 1838; married Thomas Rooney, who died in 1911; she now (1913) resides at No. 730 Norris street, Philadelphia. 2. John, born 1840, died in Queensland, Australia; a farmer, unmarried. 3. Philip, born 1842, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, March, 1908, unmarried. 4. Elizabeth, born 1843, died in Ireland, in 1905; married Bernard Fitzpatrick, a farmer. 5. Alice, born 1845, married Thomas Donahoe, a farmer, now residing in county Fermanagh, Ireland. 6. Patrick, born 1847, died in Philadelphia, 1899, a railroad contractor. 7. Hugh (2), see forward. 8. James, born 1851, died in Australia, a farmer. 9. Joseph, born 1853, died in Ireland, a grocer. 10. Michael, born 1855; married Miss McLaughlin and resides on the old homestead in county Cavan.

Hugh (2), seventh child of Hugh (1) and Emily (Brady) McCaffery, was born in county Cavan, province of Ulster, Ireland, July 18, 1849. He



Hugh McCaffery

attended the neighborhood school kept by Master Cusack until 1863, when he left home and came to the United States. He found a home on a dairy farm at Darby Hill, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, working there eight months, then going to Philadelphia and working for eighteen months as stable boy; after which he apprenticed himself to Theodore Apple, a cooper, with whom he worked four years and seven months, becoming an expert mechanic. He followed his trade as journeyman cooper from 1869 to 1878, at Baker's Sugar Refinery, in Chester. From 1878 to 1880 he was police officer at the Pennsylvania railroad depot in Chester. He then returned to his trade at the Chester Oil Works, continuing until May 14, 1885. He then engaged in the liquor business at Third and Kertin streets, Chester, until 1894, when he purchased of Samuel Power, the old American House, then standing on the site of the present elevated station of the Pennsylvania railroad. On April 5 he sold this property to the railroad company, and purchased the large building at No. 616 Edgemont avenue, which he rebuilt, converting it into a modern hotel, naming it the New American House, now one of the leading hotels of Chester. He also built a large garage on the same property, which ranks with the largest and best equipped in the state. He is director of the Consumers Ice Company, the Lanstraugh Cemetery Association, and the Delaware County Trust Company, all of Chester, and is a trustee of the Pennsylvania Catholic Benevolent Legion. He is a treasurer of Division No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians, an office he has held for the past twenty years. He also belongs to Chester Lodge, No. 488, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and is a member of the Church of the Resurrection (Roman Catholic) of Chester. In political faith he is a Democrat.

Mr. McCaffery married (first) Mary, born in county Donegal, Ireland, in 1849, died in Chester, June 14, 1903, daughter of John and Ellen McGolrick, both deceased, he in Ireland, she in Chester. He married (second) July 25, 1904, in Philadelphia, Marian Brady, born there February 22, 1883, daughter of Patrick and Catherine (Kernan) Brady, he a safe manufacturer. Children of second marriage: Hugh (3), born in Chester, May 31, 1905; Joseph, September 13, 1906.

MARSHALL The Marshall family, worthily represented in the present generation by C. H. Marshall, of Sharon Hill, actively and prominently identified with the varied interests of his community, is an old and honored one, tracing back many generations, members thereof coming over with William Penn, their history being linked with that of the state of Pennsylvania.

(I) John Marshall, the earliest known ancestor of the branch of the family here under consideration, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in which section his ancestors settled upon coming to this country. He followed the occupation of farming, bringing his land to a high state of cultivation, and therefore he derived from it a goodly crop. He married (first) Elizabeth Evens, of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and (second) Sarah Bonsall. Among his children was Charles, of whom further.

(II) Charles Marshall, son of John Marshall, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, was reared and educated there, spent his active career there, which was devoted to farming, and his death occurred there. He was a man of influence in the community, taking an active part in its development. He married Phoebe Swayne, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Knoblit) Swayne, both natives of Delaware county.

and early members of the Friends' Church. Among their children was John, of whom further.

(III) John Marshall, son of Charles and Phoebe (Swayne) Marshall, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 10, 1838, died in February, 1903. He obtained a practical education in the subscription schools of his native county. In early life he removed to Breslin, Philadelphia, becoming one of the pioneers of that section, and during his residence there witnessed many changes, the land rapidly being transformed from a wilderness to cultivated fields with farmhouses dotted here and there, and later still streets with stores and houses taking the place of the farms. Having been reared to the life of a farmer and inured to that toil, he devoted his attention to it upon assuming the responsibilities of life, and in addition he set fences for the residents of that section, the proceeds from this adding to his income from his agricultural pursuits. He was a Republican in politics. He married, in 1858, Martha Flood, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of Henry and Lydia (Crise) Flood, both natives of Philadelphia, and granddaughter of John and Charlotte (Evans) Flood, Friends in religion, both of whom lived to be over ninety years of age, and granddaughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Crise, Friends in religion, the former named a cooper by trade. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall: C. H., of whom further; daughter, married a Mr. Lepertis; J. H., ex-sheriff of Delaware county; Isaac and Grant, residents of Delaware county. Mr. Marshall returned to Delaware county prior to his death.

(IV) C. H. Marshall, son of John and Martha (Flood) Marshall, was born in Breslin, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1860. His parents returned to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, when he was six months old, hence he was reared and educated there, attending the schools of Darby township. He first secured employment as a butcher at the location of Twelfth and Market streets, and there remained until 1887, when he engaged in the coal business at Oak Lane in partnership with his brother, J. H., under the style of Marshall Brothers, and this connection continued until 1898 or 1899, they achieving a large degree of success. The partnership was brought to a termination by C. H. Marshall being elected county commissioner on the Republican ticket; he served for two terms, a period of six years. His term of office expired in the year 1905, and in the fall of that year he purchased a half interest in the business of John Swayne, the name being then changed to Swayne & Marshall, dealers in coal, feed, lime, etc., and this partnership continued until July, 1907, when Mr. Marshall purchased the interest of his partner and was the sole owner of the business up to September, 1909, when he admitted to partnership William J. Pabst, and the business is now conducted under the name of Marshall & Pabst. It is numbered among the leading business firms of that section of the county, the partners being capable men of affairs, conducting their business along progressive lines and in a straightforward business way, which is certain to bring good results. Prior to his election as county commissioner, Mr. Marshall served as school director of Darby township, his services on the board being of the greatest value. He holds membership in the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and in Lodge No. 449, Free and Accepted Masons of Philadelphia.

Mr. Marshall married, November 1, 1891, Margaret Collier, and they have children: Harold J. Collier, died aged two years; Lydia. The family are members of the Presbyterian church.

JOYCE Among those men who have been actively and prominently identified with the business and farming interests of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, for a number of years, is Thomas N. Joyce, of Edgmont.

Nicholas Joyce, his grandfather, was a native of Ireland, where he also died at an advanced age. He married Mary Welch, who also lived to a ripe old age, and they had fourteen children, of whom the following named came to the United States, and raised families here: John, Austen, Jane, Catherine, Patrick, the last mentioned, deceased.

John Joyce, son of Nicholas and Mary (Welch) Joyce, was born in Ireland, and emigrated to this country in 1866, landing in the month of February. He settled on a farm of twenty-eight acres, which he purchased in Radnor township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and is still living there. He married, in February, 1867, Margaret Hagan, born June 24, 1831, and they have had children: Thomas N., see forward; John, who died at the age of twenty-one years.

Thomas N. Joyce, son of John and Margaret (Hagan) Joyce, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, February 12, 1868. He was educated in the public schools of Radnor township, Delaware county, and then commenced to assist his father in the earnest business of life, and in this manner became practically well acquainted with all the details of the work to be done and the responsibilities incurred in the management of a general and dairy farm. At the age of twenty-one years he branched out for himself, and for the next eleven years was engaged in the milk business at Wayne. Upon the death of his father he continued the management of the homestead farm for a time, then sold this property, receiving seven hundred dollars per acre for it, and, in 1900, removed to Philadelphia, where he remained until 1904. In that year he migrated to Edgmont township, where he has resided since that time. He owns his own home in Edgmont, and this is upheld in the best manner. In 1910 Mr. Joyce purchased one hundred and three acres of land in Edgmont, and sold it to advantage two years later. He acquired another farm of like size, which he rents to others, while he occupies a smaller home adjoining his property. While he was in the dairy business he kept a herd of fourteen cows, all fine Ayrshire cattle raised by himself. He is a Democrat in political opinion, while his religious affiliations are with the Roman Catholic church. Mr. Joyce is unmarried.

GRAVELL Davis Gravell, of Gradyville, Edgemont township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, descends from ancient English stock, long established in the state. The early history of the family reads like a romance, and is inseparably interwoven with that of Pennsylvania since its founding.

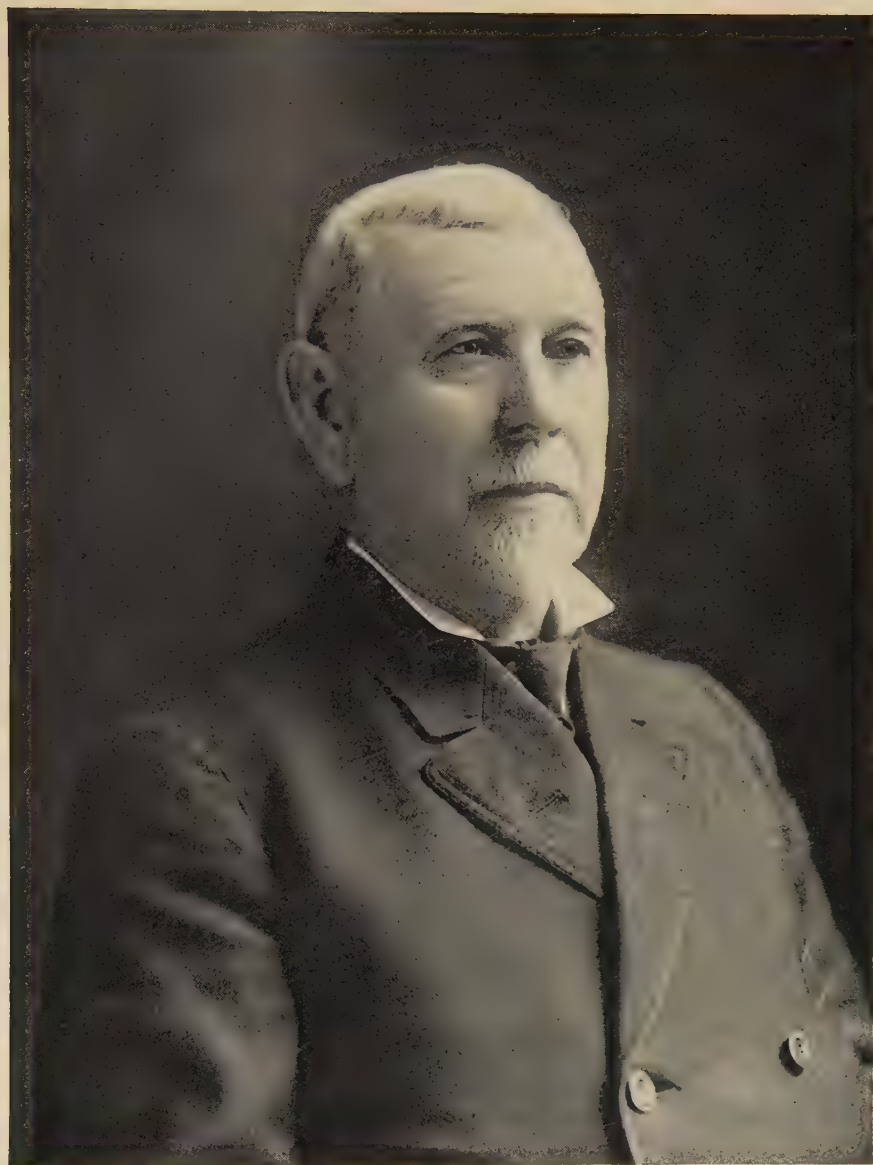
In 1676, William Penn, son of Sir William Penn, of England, with several associates, obtained from the English Crown, in lieu of sixteen thousand pounds due him by the government from his father's estate, a grant of territory in the new world, since known as Pennsylvania. By royal charter he was made feud proprietor and could settle on it whomsoever he chose. His great desire was to establish a refuge for his co-religionists, who at that time were undergoing harsh persecutions simply because they were members of the religious sect known as Quakers or Friends. In 1680 Penn sailed from London and joined his colony in Pennsylvania, he having sent the majority of them across the ocean at his own expense. He inaugurated many improvements, among them the laying out of Philadelphia. He returned to England the lat-

ter part of 1684, and was instrumental in securing the release from prison of sixteen hundred Quakers, whose only crimes were that they were Quakers. Among the co-religionists released from jail through the interposition of William Penn was Edward Grevill, (now written Gravell). After consultation with Penn, Grevill determined to leave for America, where he could worship in his own way. Accompanied by his wife and young family, he sailed, April, 1687, from London, and landed two months thereafter in Philadelphia. He at once turned his attention to farming as the quickest and surest way of earning a support for his family. He was granted a tract of land by special order of Penn, which he cleared, fenced a portion and built thereon a stout log house. Owing to the wise treaty of lasting friendship with the Indians made by Penn in 1683, at Shakumaxon, now Kensington, Pennsylvania, he was enabled to live in peace with his red neighbors during his lifetime, and to farm unmolested. It was not until a generation or so later that the colony began to suffer from Indian hostility, depredations and massacres, during which many of his descendants fell beneath the tomahawk and rifle of the ruthless savages. Edward Grevill reared seven sons and two daughters. His sons farmed in peace, married and reared families, and his daughters married neighboring farmers' sons. His descendants are to-day citizens of Pennsylvania.

(I) Silas Gravell, a direct descendant of Edward Grevill, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and died in the county of his birth in 1856. He was reared on his father's farm, educated in the common schools and was a member of the Friends' church. Like all of his race, he was sturdy, upright and honorable, a good friend and neighbor. He was a farmer until the day of his death. He married Sarah Thompson, born June 22, 1816, in Delaware county, and died there at the advanced age of ninety-three. She was the daughter of Joseph and Sarah Thompson, both of whom were of English descent. Among their children was Davis, of whom further.

(II) Davis Gravell, son of Silas and Sarah (Thompson) Gravell, was born December 26, 1852, in Newtown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. At the age of four years he suffered the loss of his father, and was reared by his mother on the farm. He received his education in the public schools of Middletown, Pennsylvania, and on leaving began to farm. This he has continued until the present time. He bought, in 1913, nine acres of land on which he does intensive farming profitably. In politics he is independent, voting for the man he thinks is best suited to fill the position. He is an influential citizen in the community in which he lives, and is highly respected throughout Edgemont township. He married (first) in 1878, Sarah B. Howard, who died in 1909; married (second) Beulah McCormick, in 1911. Children by second marriage: Mildred, born October 10, 1911; John, September 2, 1912.

FRIGAR A man of state-wide reputation, through his professional and political activity, John Frigar has never held a public office to which a salary was attached. He led the Roosevelt forces in Delaware county during the campaign of 1912, as chairman of the county executive committee of the Washington party, working zealously for the success of his chief. An ardent Republican for forty years, he did not hesitate which path to choose when party or principle became the issue. As one of the leaders of the progressive movement in Delaware county, he was brought prominently before the public, which had hitherto known him only as a prominent engineer and business man of unusual ability.



John Friga

John Frigar was born at Trenton, New Jersey, October 14, 1853, son of Constantine Frigar, born in Basle, Switzerland, April, 1828. Constantine Frigar came to the United States in 1849; lived for a time in Trenton, New Jersey, then came to Pennsylvania, spent many years in Delaware county and died in Philadelphia during the year 1900. By trade he was a shoemaker; in politics a Republican, and in religious faith a Lutheran. He served four years and three months, enlisting in Company K, Twenty-sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, taking part in twenty-six battles. At the second battle of Bull Run he was wounded, and at Gettysburg received a shot in the hip that lamed him for life.

He married Mary Connor, born in Galway, Ireland, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, in her sixty-ninth year, daughter of John Connor, a blacksmith, who died in Galway in his eightieth year. Children: John, of whom further; Michael, born in 1856, married, in 1880, Caroline Reed; Mary, born in 1859, died in 1893, unmarried; Catherine, born in 1864, married F. Francis McGinnis; Edward, born 1861, died aged seven years.

John Frigar, eldest son of Constantine and Mary (-Connor) Frigar, has been a resident of Delaware county for fifty-seven years, coming when a child of three years. He received his early education in the public schools of Ridley Park, and in early manhood began his engineering work in the shops of Miller & Allen, of Chester, becoming a machinist and a thorough mechanical engineer. He continued his residence in Chester until 1889, when he moved to Boothwyn, where he yet resides. In the year 1887 he became chief engineer and superintendent of the Drexel building, Philadelphia, where he still continues, after a service of twenty-five years. He has been identified with several engineering works in the city and state, chiefly in an advisory capacity and with the establishment of electric lighting plants. He was one of the organizers of the Clinton Electric Light Company.

In politics Mr. Frigar was forty years a Republican, but broke party shackles in 1912, becoming one of the leaders of the progressive movement in Delaware county, serving the Washington party with all his zeal, as chairman of the county executive committee. He has always taken a deep interest in the affairs of Delaware county, where his life of uprightness, his sterling manly qualities and fearless championship of the principles he believes in, have won him a legion of friends. His long years in the county, and association with public men and works, have furnished him with an almost inexhaustible fund of information concerning prominent men of the county, while his genial personality makes him a welcome everywhere. His home in Boothwyn is a model country residence, the house built in the English Gothic style, surrounded by spacious, well kept grounds, being one of the handsomest in that section. He is a member of the Masonic order and of several of the engineers' clubs and societies of Philadelphia.

Mr. Frigar married, October 24, 1874, Martha A. Corbett, of Philadelphia, born April 6, 1856, daughter of Captain John Corbett, born in Marcus Hook, a sea-faring man and captain of sailing vessels, died in Philadelphia in 1898. He married Elizabeth Morris, who died aged ninety-seven years. Children of John and Martha A. Frigar: 1. John Emery, born August 5, 1875; a graduate in seamanship and navigation from the state and national school ship "Saratoga." After leaving school he became the first assistant engineer of the Drexel building, Philadelphia. He married, in 1897, Dora Gray, and they reside in West Philadelphia. 2. Joseph Harvey, born November 5, 1877; educated as was his brother; served during the Spanish-American war as electrician on the cruiser "St. Paul," commanded by Captain Sigsbee. He is president of the Pennsylvania Alumni of the Nautical School. He married, in 1901,

Augusta Brudell. 3. Edward C. Corbett, born December 1, 1880; educated in the public schools, and is now superintendent and chief engineer of the Franklin building. 4. Joseph H., superintendent and chief engineer of the Perry building, Philadelphia. 5. May, born May 30, 1883; married Robert C. Stackhouse. 6. Ella, born March 3, 1886; married, June 10, 1906, John J. Grady. 7. Louis Pusey, born August 7, 1887, died aged fourteen years. 8. Martha A., born April 11, 1891; married, March 21, 1909, Austin E. Sharpless. 9. Ellis D. W., born August 2, 1893, graduated in seamanship in navigation; is now in Tampico, Mexico, as mechanical engineer for the Standard Oil Company. 10. Mark H., died aged two years. 11. Helen Marie.

William B. Fullerton, an esteemed citizen of Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, descends from good old Scotch-Irish stock. His parents, James and Anna (McCaslan) Fullerton, were born, the former in Scotland, the latter in Ireland, and died when their son was quite small.

Mr. Fullerton was educated in Philadelphia, where he was born in 1868. Being an orphan and having to depend upon his own exertions for a living, at the tender age of eleven years he was taken from school and put to work in a brickyard. This was, indeed, hard work for a boy of that age, but young William was a sturdy lad, as well as a determined one, and he continued at brick making for two or three years. He was offered a place in a factory in Wilmington, Delaware, and having a mind to better his fortunes, he accepted it, and there remained several years. He next went with an uncle, from whom he learned harnessmaking, in his old home in Philadelphia. Tiring of this he tried farming in the northern part of Pennsylvania. Not having much inclination, by birth or breeding, for farming, he soon gave up agricultural pursuits and returned to Wilmington, and from there went to Chester, Pennsylvania. He opened a cigar store in Chester after a residence there of some years. Selling out this business he was appointed to a position in the United States government treasury department in Philadelphia, which responsible post he held creditably for some years. An opportunity was offered him for the purchase of the Green Bottling Works, in Chester, which later he disposed of at a handsome profit. He was appointed factory inspector by Governor Pennypacker, of Pennsylvania, and served well and faithfully in this place. He was next offered, and accepted, the post of county detective by the district attorney. In this capacity he had many thrilling adventures, and some few escapes, and made one of the best detectives that the county ever had. Wishing to enter business for himself again, he established, in 1909, bottling works in Essington, Pennsylvania, and follows it to the present time (1913). He has made a great success of it, and it is to-day one of the chief and growing industries of Essington. He is a member of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, and the Loyal Order of Moose. In politics he is Progressive, and was once a candidate for council in Chester, and made a good campaign alone, without help from the organization. He is one of the progressive, up-to-date citizens of Essington, and takes an active interest in all local affairs that are for the welfare of the town. He married, October, 1893, Rebecca Parker, of English descent. Children: 1. William B. Jr. 2. Anna. 3. Clara. 4. Sarah. 5. Marie.

GILLESPIE Frank Gillespie, of Oak View, known to the residents of Delaware county as one of the most enterprising and public-spirited citizens within her borders, is descended from an Irish ancestry, to which nation we owe so many of our most valued citizens, men who live up to the principles of their adopted country, and who are willing if necessary, to render up their lives in order to preserve its honor and integrity.

Luke Gillespie, the first member of this branch of the family of whom we have information, was a native of county Donegal, Ireland, and his death occurred there after he had attained a venerable age. He gave his entire attention to agricultural pursuits. He was a man of sound judgment and strict integrity of character, and was a man of influence in the community. He married and among his children was Cornelius, of whom further.

Cornelius Gillespie, son of Luke Gillespie, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, where he was reared and educated. His first employment was as teacher in the schools in his native land, after which he was a heckler, one who prepares flax for spinning. In 1866 he emigrated to this country, accompanied by his wife, and they located in Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where they spent the remaining years of their lives, he having accumulated sufficient means to enable him to retire from active pursuits. He married Anne Hughes, daughter of James Hughes, who was a farmer of county Donegal, Ireland. Children: 1. Luke, of whom further. 2. Jennie, married Thomas Mulligan; resides in Canada. 3. Mary, married James Mullen; resides in Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania. 4. Margaret, married Barney McVeigh; resided in Wilmington, Delaware; she died in 1909.

Luke Gillespie, son of Cornelius and Anne (Hughes) Gillespie, was born near the town of Kelleygordan, county Donegal, Ireland, in 1841, living at the present time (1913) in Oak View, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He attained years of manhood in his native land, and obtained a practical education in the schools adjacent to his home. In 1864 he came to the United States, settling in Wilmington, Delaware, but shortly afterward he became engineer of the Caledonia Woolen Mills in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, serving in that position for five years. From that he gradually drifted into the contracting business, building the first macadam road in Delaware county, Greenwood avenue, Lansdowne. Subsequently his son, Frank, entered into partnership with him, and they now operate two limestone quarries and conduct an extensive contracting business, their specialty being road building. Mr. Gillespie is also interested in the Colonial Manufacturing Company of Clifton Heights, one of the leading enterprises of that section. He is a member of St. Charles Catholic Church, and takes an active interest in the societies connected therewith. He is treasurer of the Temperance A. B. of Kellyville, and president of the I. C. B. U. He is a Democrat in politics. He married Mary (Quinn) McGowan, born in 1843, died in 1901, her birth occurring in county Donegal, Ireland. Her father was a railroad section foreman, and lived in Ireland and Scotland, his death occurring in Ireland; he and his wife were the parents of four children: Catherine, died in Scotland; William and James, who served in the British army; Mary, who went to Scotland as a young girl and there married Thomas McGowan, who died in Scotland shortly after their marriage, leaving a son, Thomas Jr., who now lives in Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania, and is president of the Colonial Manufacturing Company of that place. Mrs. McGowan and her son came to this country, and she subsequently married Mr. Gillespie. Their children: 1. Cornelius, married ———; resides in Collingdale, Pennsylvania. 2. Frank, of whom further. 3. Luke, in the employ of the Colonial Manufacturing Company; resides in Oak View; married ———. 4. William, died

at the age of forty-one. 5. John, died at the age of thirty; he was a blacksmith. Three other children died in infancy.

(IV) Frank Gillespie, son of Luke and Mary (Quinn-McGowan) Gillespie, was born in Kellyville, Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 10, 1874. He attended St. Charles Parochial School at Kellyville, and after finishing the course there spent two years in the study of telegraphy at Sharon Hill, Pennsylvania. During his early manhood he worked at various things, but finally entered into business relations with his father, who was successfully engaged in the contracting business, their main work being the construction of highways. They operate the Oak View Stone Quarry and the Old Geckler Quarry at Clifton, Pennsylvania. Since his partnership with his father began, Frank Gillespie has assumed the greater part of the management of the business, thus relieving his father of many of the arduous duties, and the business has increased in volume and importance each year, it being now recognized as one of the many industries which contribute to the growth of the section, they employing a large number of hands. Mr. Gillespie has invested his savings in real estate, being the owner of considerable property in Oak View, where he resides, in Collingdale and Clifton Heights, which no doubt will greatly increase in value in the near future. He attends St. Charles Catholic Church, is a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Knights of Columbus. Mr. Gillespie is a man whose genial nature attracts friends, and in all the relations of life he has borne himself as a true friend and an honest man of business.

Mr. Gillespie married Jennie M., born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of Charles H. and Mary (Love) Hagerty, of Oak View, a sketch of whom appears in this work. They had one child, Frank, who died in infancy.

The Delaware county branch of the Edwards family in the EDWARDS United States, of which Edmund K. Edwards is the representative, descends from Jacob Edwards, an Englishman, who settled in Delaware county upon coming to this country. The family descends from the same Edwards ancestry as did Jonathan Edwards, the greatest of American divines, and an early president of Princeton College. Jacob Edwards married Margaret Stuart, and had issue: Margaret, married Joseph Fell, of Springfield township; Sarah, never married; Charles, was an expert wheelwright and carpenter, never married; William, never married; Edmund Kinsey, mentioned below.

(II) Edmund Kinsey, son of Jacob Edwards, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, August 31, 1804, there died in 1887, aged eighty-three years. He obtained a good education in the public schools, in the institution maintained in West Chester for many years by the well known Jonathan Gause, and by a continued course of self-study. For several years he taught in the public schools of Delaware county, but spent most of his life engaged in mechanical work. He learned the wheelwright's trade, becoming an expert workman and the inventor of several useful implements. His shop was located on the Edgmont road, at what was then Sneaths Corners, he owning and operating a farm there. He built many of the wagons and carriages used in the neighborhood during his day, and added to the list of useful inventions a washing-machine and several drills, some of which were patented. He was the educated, resourceful mechanic as well as the interested, useful citizen, holding many offices of trust, serving with great zeal for many years as school director and collector of school taxes. He was a Whig in politics, later an ardent

Republican. He was a public-spirited, upright member of the community and bore an honored name, leaving behind him the record of a well spent life.

He married Jane James, of Aston township, Delaware county, born in 1826, died in August, 1888, daughter of Thomas and Maria James; her father a blacksmith near Village Green. Children of Edmund K. Edwards: 1. Charles Stuart, born June 20, 1845, died November 11, 1848. 2. Jacob, born September 11, 1846, died the same day. 3. Lydianna, born October 3, 1847, died March 2, 1906; was a teacher in the public school; she married George Hall, a woolen manufacturer of Chester, he died in 1905, aged fifty-nine years. Children: Bertha, deceased; Edna, a teacher in Lansdowne public schools; Morton, a steel inspector of Chester, married Anna Glendenning; Grace; Gertrude; Ethel; Greta; Maude, married George Saylor, of Philadelphia; Earl, and Natalie, a teacher in Lansdowne public schools. 4. Joseph F., born November 17, 1849, died August 27, 1881, married Frances Moffitt, and had a son, Elwood, who married May Hibbett and resides in "Shawnee-on-Delaware," Pennsylvania. 5. Hannah Maria, married Maris H. Taylor, of Fairview, Pennsylvania, whom she survives. Children: Jessie, Harry, Clarence, Eva, and Leroy. 6. Jessie J. 7. Margaret F., for several years a teacher in the public schools; married J. A. Jenkins, and resides in Media. 8. Mary Augusta, for many years a teacher in the Media schools, and always a resident on the old farm. 9. Elwood W., born August 15, 1859, died May 15, 1880. 10. Edmund K. (2), of whom further.

(III) Edmund Kinsey (2), son of Edmund Kinsey (1) and Jane (James) Edwards, was born October 16, 1861, in Chester township, Delaware county, at the home farm, where he now resides. He was educated in the public schools, finishing his studies at the Chester High School. He has been engaged in farming and stock-dealing from his youth, and has always lived on the farm in Chester township, formerly owned by his father, and the place of his birth. He has greatly improved it, and the rich soil produces bountifully. He is a Republican in politics, has served on the school board and is now a supervisor of the township. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and is fraternally connected with the Improved Order of Red Men and the Knights of the Golden Eagle. He is well known, universally liked and highly respected.

Mr. Edwards married, April 27, 1882, Mary L., daughter of Reuben F. and Elizabeth Bonsall, of Upper Darby township. Children: 1. J. Carlton, educated in the Media High School; learned the plumber's trade, which he followed for several years, now traveling salesman for the J. L. Mott Company, of Philadelphia; is a Republican in politics, has served as school director of Chester township, and is a member of L. H. Scott Lodge, No. 352, Free and Accepted Masons. 2. Herman B., educated in Media schools; took a business course in Chester Commercial College, at Chester, and is now overseer for the Chessauqua Silk Company of Upland. 3. Edmund K. (3), educated in the Chester High School and Pierce Business College of Philadelphia; now a clerk in the employ of the Harbison Walker Refractories Company, of Chester; married, September 6, to Nellie Whiteley Webster, daughter of Dr. George Webster, of Chester, Pennsylvania.

An essentially representative and energetic citizen in Darby, Pennsylvania, is Phillip Henry Sipler, who is here most successfully engaged in the hardware business. He is well known as a man of sterling character and one who has ever been fair and honorable in his business dealings. Mr. Sipler is descended from a very old Pennsylvania family and he traces his origin back to staunch Dutch descent. His great-great-

grandfather was Phillip Sipler, who was a farmer in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, in the early pioneer days of that section. His son, Simon, conducted a tavern at Dunks Ferry, now Croydon, near Bristol, Pennsylvania. Simon Sipler had seven sons, all of whom grew to maturity, and one of whom was Phillip Sipler, grandfather of the subject of this review. A native of Bucks county, this state, Phillip Sipler was born April 1, 1810. He opened a harness shop in Darby in 1837, and conducted the same with considerable success during the remainder of his lifetime. He passed to the great beyond September 6, 1901, at the patriarchal age of ninety-one years. He was an old-style Democrat until the emancipation of the slaves when he ceased to vote. He married Margaret Egee, and to them were born the following children: Mary G., was a popular and successful teacher in the public schools of Delaware county for nearly half a century, she died in 1903; Edward D., is mentioned in the following paragraph; Rebecca, died as the wife of Dwight Ferris, who died in Missouri; Emma, married J. W. Thorley, and they reside in Ohio; Theodosia, was the wife of Frank Miller at the time of her demise, he lives in Paulsboro, New Jersey; George S., married Kate Jordon and they lived in Darby until 1898, when they removed to Philadelphia where he died one year later. The mother of the above children died in Darby, July 4, 1850.

Edward D. Sipler, father of Philip H. Sipler, was born at Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1840. As a boy he attended the public schools in his native place and subsequently engaged in the harness business with his father, eventually succeeding him when the latter died in 1901. He is seventy-three years of age at the present time (1913), but is still active and is carrying on a fine business to-day. He had just reached manhood at the time of the inception of the civil war and immediately responded to Lincoln's call for volunteers by enlisting for service in the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, Colonel J. W. Hawley commanding. He served as a gallant and faithful soldier in that regiment until it was mustered out of service in 1863, when he re-enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Ninety-seventh Pennsylvania Regiment. He participated in many of the most important engagements of the war, and at its close was honorably discharged from service. He attended the great reunion at Gettysburg, July 4, 1913, and had a very interesting time exchanging anecdotes with the old veterans gathered together in patriotic friendship from the North and the South. He is a stalwart Republican in his political proclivities and was a school director at the time when the big school building was erected at Darby. He has also given efficient service as a member of the town council of Darby. His wife, whose maiden name was Sarah Dailey, was born in Ireland, and when a mere child came to live in the home of Christian Gaul, in Philadelphia. She was very young when she came to America and remembered nothing of her parentage. She bore her husband four children: Phillip Henry, of this notice; Mary G., is the wife of Joseph Smith, of Darby; Edward D. Jr., is in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Philadelphia; Horace T., is engaged in the harness business with his father. Mrs. Sipler is still living at the age of seventy-two years, and she and her husband are devout members of the Methodist Episcopal church, in which he was a trustee for many years. They are both deeply beloved by all with whom they have come in contact, their geniality and generous hospitality winning them friends all over the county.

Phillip Henry Sipler, first born in a family of four children, is a native of Darby, Pennsylvania, where his birth occurred August 29, 1865. After a thorough public school training he worked for a number of different business concerns until he entered his grandfather's harness shop, in which he was employed for eighteen years, at the expiration of which he engaged in the

hardware business at Darby, opening a well stocked store under the name of P. H. Sipler. He is now the owner of a fine, modern establishment and controls a splendid patronage in Darby and the territory normally tributary thereto. He has money invested in a number of business enterprises in Darby and is a member of the board of directors in the Building and Loan Association of Darby. In politics he maintains an independent attitude, preferring to give his support to men and measures meeting with the approval of his judgment rather than to vote along strictly partisan lines. His fraternal affiliations are with Prospect Lodge, No. 578, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, of Moores, Pennsylvania; and with Orphans Rest Lodge, No. 132, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Darby, having passed through all the official chairs of the latter organization. He and the members of his family attend the Presbyterian church.

November 24, 1901, Mr. Sipler married Esther J. Boyer, a native of Riegelsville, Pennsylvania, and a daughter of Abram Boyer, who followed the industry of farming in the same county during his active career. He is now living retired at Darby, in the home of Mr. Sipler. He and his wife, who was Catherine Long in her girlhood days, had two children: Esther J. and Edith. Mrs. Boyer was born in Durham, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, and died in 1911, aged seventy-three years. Mr. and Mrs. Sipler have three children: Phillip Jr., born in 1902; Edward D. Jr., born in 1905; Howard Dwight, born in 1911.

Mr. Sipler is a shrewd business man, a public-spirited citizen, and a loyal and sincere friend. He is very generous hearted, his charity being only curtailed by the length of his purse and by the opportunities offered. No one in Darby is held in higher esteem than he, and his exemplary life serves as an incentive to the younger generation.

SWAIN The career of Dr. Swain, as an educator, illustrates once again the great possibilities open to the ambitious, resolute, clean-living American boy, be he on the farm, in the shop, or a dweller in the city. While Dr. Swain's rise was rapid, his own efforts and ability were the contributing factors, neither family, wealth nor influence compelling his elevation to a foremost position among modern educators.

Joseph Swain was born in Pendleton, Indiana, June 16, 1857, son of Woolston and Mary A. (Thomas) Swain. His father, a farmer, gave his son the benefit of the educational advantages of that section, and his early life was spent on the farm. Being ambitious to obtain a college education, after a preparatory course at the academy in Pendleton the young man entered the University of Indiana, whence he was graduated B. L. in 1883 and received the degree of M. S. in 1885. Immediately after his graduation in 1883, he was elected assistant in mathematics in his alma mater, continuing until 1885 when he was elected associate professor of mathematics, with a year's leave of absence, which he spent in study at Edinburgh University, Scotland.

During his college life he won the personal friendship of David Starr Jordan, and the names Jordan and Swain are found associated in the publication of numerous scientific papers printed by the National Museum. During his year in Edinburgh he obtained entrance to the Royal Observatory, his experience with Piazzi Smyth, being described in a paper entitled "An Experience with the Astronomer Royal of Scotland." In 1888 Professor Swain occupied the chair of mathematics at his alma mater, but in 1891 transferred his allegiance to Leland Stanford University, being called there by Dr. Jordan to become head of the department of mathematics. In 1893 Wabash College con-

ferred the degree of LL. D. and the same year Dr. Swain was called to the presidency of Indiana University, already the scene of many of his successes. He continued at the head of the University until 1902, bringing to that institution the greatest success of its history. The enrollment was increased to 772 students, this, and the marked advance in educational standards, during his administration, indicate clearly the character and methods of President Swain. In 1902 he was called to the presidency of Swarthmore College, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, where his efficiency, adaptability, liberal ideas, broad sympathies and general knowledge, have accomplished like results. President Swain is a member of the National Council of Education; National Educational Association; National Council of Religious Education; the American Association for Advancement of Science; president of the Higher Educational Section of the National Educational Association; president of the National Council of the same association; member of the Contemporary Club of Philadelphia and for nine years was a member of the Indiana State Board of Education. He was elected president of the National Educational Association in July, 1913. Dr. Swain's work for the cause of higher education is carried on, not only at the institution of which he is the honored head but through the societies noted, through the medium of the educational press and from the platform. He is virile and forceful as a writer and speaker and fired by an almost holy zeal, accomplishes much that benefits the cause he advocates. He is a member of the Society of Friends (Hicksite), connected with the Swarthmore Meeting.

Dr. Swain married, September 22, 1885, in Knightstown, Indiana, Frances M., daughter of Charles D. Morgan.

KENT The Kent family of Delaware county are of an old English family. The American ancestor of this branch, Thomas Kent, came in 1839, although an elder sister, Sarah, wife of James Wilde, had preceded him.

Josiah Kent, father of the immigrant ancestor, lived and died in Lancashire, England. He married Hannah Lightfoot, from Cheshire, a member of the Church of England. Josiah was a Dissenter.

Thomas Kent, son of Josiah and Hannah (Lightfoot) Kent, was born in Middleton, Lancashire, England, March 27, 1813, died at Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 5, 1887. He had limited opportunities to obtain an education, but such as he had were well improved, and at no period of his life was mental equipment a handicap to his success. He began business life as a weaver in a cotton mill, learning so rapidly and displaying such a superior quality of intelligence that at the age of sixteen years he was appointed a foreman. He served as foreman three years, then took service in a silk mill, continuing in that higher form of the weaver's art until his departure for the United States in 1839. After the death of his mother in 1838, so broken was his health that physicians gave him but a year more of life. This led to his determination to come to the United States, where his sister was living, wife of James Wilde, who was then engaged in manufacturing on Darby creek, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He sailed from Liverpool in August, 1839, arriving in Philadelphia, after a stormy voyage of six weeks, on Sunday afternoon, September 30. His health had greatly improved during these six weeks at sea, and he at once sought employment. Believing himself unfitted for manual labor, he decided upon the profession of law, and his first winter was spent in law study in Philadelphia. He soon found that the confinement of student life was again undermining his health, and at once sought for other openings. At this time he found that a mill owned by Thomas Garrett,

located on Darby creek, was for rent, and securing the property he began the manufacture of woolen yarns. He thoroughly understood this business and was succeeding finely when the great freshet of August 5, 1843, historic in the annals of Delaware county, swept away all his possessions. This did not daunt him, but again seeking Thomas Garrett he rented, in 1844, and in 1845 purchased the mill property on the site of the present Rockbourne mill. Prosperity again attended his efforts, and on November 16, 1846, he purchased of James Wilde a mill on the site of the present Union mill. This latter he leased to his brother-in-law until Mr. Wilde's death in 1867, when he remodeled it and added it to his other plant. These mills did a very large business, but at the outbreak of the civil war he gave them over to the manufacture of cloth to be used in the making of uniforms for the United States army. The service thus rendered through patriotism and a desire to serve his adopted country was greatly appreciated by the government, and from that time until the present government cloth has been a large item in the mill's output.

Although feeble physically, during the latter years of his life, Mr. Kent continued in active supervision of the business until the day of his death in 1887. He was a successful business man and built up a manufacturing plant that under his management and that of his son, Henry Thomas Kent, can show a longer record of unbroken prosperity than perhaps any mills in the country. He was not a mere money maker, but enjoyed his business for the power it gave him to do good. He had strong will power and great faith in the future, these qualities supporting him when he saw his possessions sweeping away on the turbulent flood, and in every other crisis of life. He became a naturalized citizen of the United States in 1845, and loyally adopted the institutions of his new country. Too delicate in health and also past the age limit for army service, he nevertheless rendered valuable assistance to the Union cause with purse and influence. He always took a great interest in state and national affairs, but never accepted public office. Early in life he came under the teachings of Emanuel Swedenborg, whose writings were published in Latin during the latter part of the eighteenth century and were translated by the Rev. John Clowes, of St. John's Church, Manchester, who preached and taught for over sixty years in the parish in which Mr. Kent spent his English life. He early was led into religious paths, and when a young man was a class leader in the village chapel. After becoming interested in the New Church teachings he walked twenty miles each Sunday to attend three services conducted by Rev. Dr. Bayley, a talented writer and eloquent preacher. At these services Mr. Kent sang in the choir, having in his younger days, a rich tenor voice. "That all religion has relation to life and that the life of religion is to do good," was one of the truths he endeavored to carry out in all relations of life. He was ever upborne by an absolute trust in a Divine Providence, and from such unseen sources was his frail body filled with a courage that never faltered in any crisis or trial of his long life of continuous activity.

Thomas Kent married, May 13, 1852, Fanny Leonard, born March 19, 1821, on the tract of land originally granted to her ancestor, Solomon Leonard, who was one of the first proprietors of the town of Bridgewater, Massachusetts, with Miles Standish and fifty others.

The English history of the family of Leonard traces to William the Conqueror, 1066, and in America descent is traced from Fanny Leonard to five of the Pilgrims who came in the "Mayflower" in 1620, viz: Edward Winslow, Susanna Fuller, Isaac Allerton, Remember Allerton, and Francis Cooke. Related families are the Sheppard, Parker, Stearns, Stone, Hosmer, and others distinguished in the service of church and state. Ancestors served in King

Philip's war, 1675; in the French and Indian war at Louisburg in 1745; and at Lexington, Bunker Hill, and all through the Revolution.

The line of descent from Solomon and Mary Leonard, of Bridgewater, is through their son, John Leonard, who died in 1699, and his wife, Mary; their son, Joseph Leonard, who in 1712 married Hannah Jennings; their son, Joseph Leonard, who married Mary D. Packard; their son, Simeon Leonard, who married, in 1817, Boadicea Thompson, and had issue, Boadicea, born 1818, Rachel Stone, born 1819, Fanny, of further mention, Eliza and Eloisa, born 1823, Sarah Louisa, born 1824.

Fanny, daughter of Simeon and Boadicea (Thompson) Leonard, was born in Bridgewater, Massachusetts, March 19, 1821, died at her home in Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, July 30, 1901. She was a graduate of the first class formed in the first normal school in this country, established and fostered by Horace Mann. Even in youth she evidenced unusual talent and intellectual ability and throughout her entire life she was active and earnest in her support of the cause of education. In her later years she wrote and labored with vigor, advocating a greater efficiency for our public school system and for the most intelligent training of children. She was brought up in the Christian faith of the New Church, of which her parents were members, and became a woman of very strong character, as capable as she was gentle and helpful.

Children of Thomas and Fanny (Leonard) Kent, all born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania: 1. Hannah, born June 3, 1853; married, October 23, 1873, Frederick Schoff, of Massachusetts. They settled in Philadelphia in 1877, where Mr. Schoff has successfully engaged in business. Mrs. Schoff has been active in educational and progressive philanthropic movements and was a leader in the establishing of a juvenile court bill for Philadelphia. Children: Wilfred Harvey, born November 27, 1874, married, June 20, 1899, Ethelwyn McGeorge, and has Muriel and Wilmot; Edith Gertrude, born May 15, 1877; Louise, born December 19, 1880; Leonard Hastings, born November 7, 1884. 2. Henry Thomas, of further mention. 3. Louise, born April 13, 1856; married, November 23, 1887, Nathaniel Seaver Keay, of Bridgewater, Massachusetts. He was born in Springvale, Massachusetts, May 4, 1847, son of Nathaniel Washburn and Susan Woodworth (Seaver) Keay. The Keay family are of English ancestry and the founders of this branch were early settlers in Maine, the "Keay Garrison," near Berwick being famous during the French and Indian war and during the Revolution. The Seavers came from England to Boston in 1630; the original homestead on Seaver street, Roxbury, is still in the possession of the family. A favored name in the family, Nathaniel, has also been handed down through the generations. Dr. Nathaniel Seaver, grandfather of Nathaniel Seaver Keay, was an eminent physician of Maine, son of Captain Nathaniel Seaver, an officer of the revolution. Another ancestor fought in King Philip's war, losing his life in the Sudbury fight. After the death of his wife Nathaniel Washburn Keay located in Bolivia, South America, where he was interested in irrigation, road-building, and agricultural enterprises, accomplishing more, it is said, for the real development of Bolivia than any other man. He died suddenly in Cocha Bamba, Bolivia, in 1881. Nathaniel Seaver Keay located in Pennsylvania in 1889 and is secretary of the Thomas Kent Manufacturing Company. He is a member of the New England Society of the Sons of the Revolution. Louise (Kent) Keay was elected regent of the Pennsylvania Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, in 1894, continuing in that office for some time, and was also vice-president and director of the national society for a number of years. She was chairman and treasurer of the Valley Forge memorial committee of the Daughters of the



Henry J. Kent

Revolution, who erected at Valley Forge the first monument to the memory of Washington and the army that immortalized the spot by their patient, heroic suffering. She is a member of various historical and colonial societies and is also an active worker in women's clubs. The Keay home is on Baltimore avenue, Clifton Heights, the Kent homestead erected by Thomas Kent in 1860. Children: Alan Kent, born May 25, 1889; Gladys, April 19, 1891; Louise Natalie, March 11, 1893; Carol Seaver, October 28, 1895; Louis Kent, December 19, 1897; Edythe Leonard, October 10, 1902. 4. Frances Leonard, born August 1, 1858, died March 1, 1859. 5. Samuel Leonard, born August 21, 1859. He disposed of his interest in the Kent estate in 1898, and has since resided in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, Sons of the American Revolution, the Corinthian Yacht Club, and many other organizations. He married, May 21, 1885, Annie Josephine Ahrens. Children: Frances, born March 7, 1886; Eleanor, January 16, 1888; Samuel Leonard, February 16, 1890; Donald, July 25, 1893; Margaret, March 26, 1898. 6. Mary Augusta, born June 22, 1861. She has been an officer of the Pennsylvania Society of the Daughters of the Revolution since its organization; an officer of the national society for many years, and holds membership in other patriotic societies. She resides in Clifton Heights, where she has erected a beautiful house on a portion of the family estate.

Henry Thomas Kent, eldest son and second child of Thomas and Fanny (Leonard) Kent, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, November 4, 1854. He was educated in private schools in Philadelphia, and at Cornell University. After leaving college he entered his father's woolen mills and became second in management only to his father. After the death of the latter the son carried on the business for the estate until May 5, 1890, when the Thomas Kent Manufacturing Company was incorporated, the stock being equally divided between the five children of Thomas Kent. In 1898 Samuel Leonard Kent retired, his interest being taken by the other owners. Henry Thomas Kent was elected the first president and treasurer of the corporation and so continues at this date (1913). The business has greatly extended under his management and the size of the plant largely increased. In 1899 a tract at the junction of the Pennsylvania railroad and Darby creek, at Clifton Heights, was purchased and a large brick mill erected thereon for the manufacturing of fine worsted yarns, one of the finest and best equipped of the kind in the United States. It will be recalled that during the civil war the woolen mills of Thomas Kent made for the government immense quantities of uniform cloth for the soldiers' use. So during the Spanish-American war the various mills of the company were operated day and night to furnish cloth and goods necessary for the comfort of the army suddenly called to the colors. The raw materials used in the Kent mills are almost exclusively American-grown wool, the purchases amounting to many millions of pounds annually. Mr. Kent is the capable head of this large business, and has proven a worthy successor of his honored father. He was one of the organizers of the First National Bank of Clifton Heights in 1902, and was its president until his resignation in 1913. He is president of the Bedford Mills Company, of Bedford City, Virginia; and is interested in many minor enterprises. He is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania; the Society of Mayflower Descendants; Pennsylvania Society, Sons of the Revolution; New England Society of Pennsylvania; and the Union League of Philadelphia. He is a Republican in politics, and both he and his wife are members of the Church of the New Jerusalem (Twenty-second and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia), which Mr. Kent serves as trustee.

He married, October 1, 1885, Louise, daughter of Captain Nahum and

Phoebe Jane (Cowing) Leonard, of Massachusetts. Captain Leonard was an attorney at law and a veteran officer of the civil war, in which he commanded a company of the Fifty-eighth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. Mrs. Kent is a direct descendant of John and Priscilla (Mullins) Alden, of Pilgrim fame, her ancestry gaining her admission to the Society of Mayflower Descendants, and through the patriotic services of her forbears she has gained membership in the Daughters of the American Revolution. Children of Henry Thomas and Louise (Leonard) Kent, all born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania: 1. Henry Thomas Jr., born July 16, 1887; educated at Penn Charter School, graduated from Cornell University in 1908. 2. Everett Leonard, born June 25, 1889; educated at Penn Charter School and Cornell University. 3. Russell Hathaway, born August 31, 1891; educated at Penn Charter School, graduated from Cornell University 1910. 4. Evelyn, born November 9, 1892; educated at Philadelphia private schools. 5. Warren Thompson, born May 19, 1894; a student at Cornell University. 6. Rosamond Kingman, born March 29, 1901. The family home of the Kents is at Clifton Heights, where Mr. Kent maintains an estate appropriate to his means and standing.

There are turning points in every man's life called opportunity.

DREWES Taken advantage of they mean ultimate success. The career of George S. Drewes is a striking illustration of the latter statement. Diligent and ever alert for his chance of advancement, he has progressed steadily until he is recognized today as one of the foremost business men of Colwyn, where he holds a splendid position as buyer of angora goat hair and wool for the Griswold Worsted Mills. He is held in high esteem by his fellow citizens, who honor him for his native ability and for his fair and straightforward career. As a Republican he has served his community in various important offices of trust and responsibility, having been councilman and burgess of Darby and of Colwyn, of which latter place he was one of the incorporators.

The ancestry of George S. Drewes is of staunch English stock, his grandparents having been natives of England, where they passed their entire lives. The paternal grandfather, Bernard Drewes, was a tailor in London, where he died at the age of eighty years. His wife's maiden name is not given but they were both members of the Church of England, in whose faith they reared their children.

Henry Bernard Drewes, father, was born in the city of London, England, where he grew to maturity and where he received an excellent education, both in English and German. He early entered upon an apprenticeship to learn the trade of baker and was identified with that line of enterprise during practically the entire period of his active career. He came to America as a young man and after brief sojourns in the cities of Albany and Schenectady, New York, came to Pennsylvania, and located for a time in Philadelphia. In the latter city he worked in various bakeries and eventually opened a bake shop for himself at Lenni, in Delaware county. Subsequently he was engaged in business at Chester and thence removed to Darby, in 1865, there building up a splendid trade as a baker. He retired from business in 1885, but his establishment was purchased by two of his sons and was conducted under the name of Drewes for years after. He was a Republican in his political proclivities, but never held office of any description. For two and a half years he served in the Union ranks of the civil war, and he died at the home of his son, Charles E. Drewes, in Darby, in 1905, at the venerable age of eighty-four years. The maiden name of his wife was Ann Rhodes, a native of England and a

daughter of ——— Rhodes, a farmer in the vicinity of London, England, where he died. Mrs. Drewes had two brothers, Thomas and Samuel, both of whom immigrated to America, and several other brothers and sisters who passed their lives in England. All of the Rhodes children are deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bernard Drewes had five children, as follows: Thomas, married Mary Fryburg; Henry, married Alice Rhodes; George S., of whom forward; Charles E., of whom further; William, died at the age of six years; Ellen, married William H. Whitney. Charles E., George S. and Henry are the only survivors of the above children, and the former is mentioned elsewhere in this work. Mrs. Drewes passed to eternal rest in 1904, on Fourth street, in Colwyn. She and her husband were members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

A native of Lansingburg, New York, now Troy, New York, George S. Drewes was born November 1, 1855. He spent the early years of his life at Lenni, Pennsylvania, and there attended the Parkmount school. Owing to the strenuous period of the civil war during his youth he was unable to secure the best of educational advantages. Upon leaving school he entered the bake shop of his father in Darby and began to learn the trade of baker. This line of work was not to his liking, however, and after a short time he entered upon an apprenticeship in the Griswold Woolen Mill in Darby, commencing in the wool sorting room. He gradually advanced and in due time became buyer of angora goat hair and wool, making numerous trips across the country and visiting towns and cities in Oregon, California, Arizona, New Mexico and Texas, where he purchases material for the mill's uses. He is an energetic business man and a very shrewd buyer, his services being invaluable to the concern by which he is employed.

In his political convictions Mr. Drewes is an unswerving Republican. He served for thirty-two years as a member of the town councils of Darby and Colwyn, ten years in the former and twenty-two years in the latter, and for some years was burgess of the former borough. In 1892 he became one of the incorporators of Colwyn and he served that community as president of the board of councilmen for seventeen years and for five years as burgess. He has been very influential in bringing about important improvements in both Darby and Colwyn, and his fellow citizens regard him as an authority in all matters affecting the good of the general welfare. He fraternizes with Fernwood Lodge, No. 543, Free and Accepted Masons, of Philadelphia; with Orphans Rest Lodge, No. 132, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, at Darby.

Mr. Drewes married Harriet E. Heap, whose birth occurred in Phoenixville, Pennsylvania, and who is a daughter of Joshua Heap, a native of England. Mr. Heap immigrated to the United States in an early day and during the civil war gave patriotic service to the land of his adoption as bugler. He was an engineer by profession and was prominent in the milling business of Delaware county for many years. He died in Darby at the age of sixty-eight years, and his cherished and devoted wife, who was Elizabeth Verlinden in her girlhood, died aged ninety-one years. Mr. Heap was exceedingly fond of music and was one of the foremost members of the Darby band. To Mr. and Mrs. Drewes were born four children, whose names are here entered in respective order of birth: William Y., Charles H., Ann R., and George S. Jr. On other pages of this work will be found a brief sketch of the career of Charles H. Drewes, second in order of birth of the above children. Mr. and Mrs. Drewes are zealous members of the Mount Zion Methodist Episcopal Church at Darby, of which Mr. Drewes is a member of the board of stewards, and there all their children have been baptized. Mrs. Drewes is a woman of most gracious refinement and she and her husband are highly thought of by their fellow citizens, their lives having been exemplary in all respects.

Charles Edward Drewes was born in Lansingburg, New York, in 1858. He was eight years of age when his parents came to Delaware county, his early life being spent in Rockdale, and his education obtained in the public schools of Lima and Darby. His life has been spent in the baking business, which he learned with his father. He established a bakery in Darby, a quarter of a century ago; which he has successfully conducted until the present date, 1913. He has a large business carefully conducted with scrupulous regard for cleanliness and sanitary law. He has taken an active part in borough affairs, was twelve years a member of council and is now serving his third year as borough treasurer. He is a member of Fernwood Lodge, No. 543, Free and Accepted Masons; belongs to Fire Companies No. 1 and 2, and attends the Methodist Episcopal church. In political faith he is a Republican. He married, in November, 1887, Eliza Browne, born in Philadelphia, daughter of John Trites Browne, born in Delaware county in 1839, a car inspector for the Pennsylvania railroad, later and for thirty years manager of Fernwood cemetery, retiring in 1913, now living at Drexel Hill. He married Anna Louise Freyburg, born in Delaware county, died in 1898, aged fifty-seven years. John Trites Browne was a son of Henry Browne, great-nephew of Daniel Boone, the mighty hunter and brave pioneer. Henry Browne married Ann Eliza Trites, born in Delaware county, died in 1892. Anna Louise Freyburg, wife of John Trites Browne, was a daughter of John L. Freyburg, born in Delaware county, in 1799 died in 1872, and Eliza Phillips, his wife, born in Philadelphia, in 1803, died in 1894. Ella, the only child of Charles Edward and Eliza (Browne) Drewes, resides in Darby with her parents.

Among the progressive and influential citizens of the younger generation in Darby, Charles Heap Drewes holds prestige as a business man of distinctive note. Here he is conducting an up-to-date undertaking establishment and he is a director in the Darby Building and Loan Association. He has given efficient service as deputy coroner of Delaware county, as state registrar and as secretary of the Darby board of health.

Charles Heap Drewes, son of George S. Drewes (q. v.), was born at Darby, Pennsylvania, September 25, 1880. He received a good preliminary education in the public schools of his native place, and like many boys of his community initiated his active career as a millhand in the local woolen mills. After being employed there for twelve years, part of the time as combmaker, he purchased the undertaking establishment of W. W. James, and has conducted the same on strictly sanitary principles and in a high-class manner for a number of years. His undertaking parlors and equipment are up-to-date in every particular, and his place ranks as one of the best of its kind in Delaware county. Politically, Mr. Drewes is a Republican. For five years he was deputy coroner of Delaware county, for four years served as state registrar, and at the present time is secretary of the board of health of Darby. He never neglects his duty, and his capable service puts him in line for more important official positions in the future. He has considerable money invested in the Darby Building and Loan Association, of which he is a director.

September 25, 1906, Mr. Drewes married Miss Ada May Lee, who was born at Vineland, New Jersey, and who is a daughter of George L. Lee, a retired resident of Darby. Mrs. Lee, whose maiden name was Rhoda Woolford, bore her husband four children: Charles R., Minnie, Dr. Walter E.,

and Ada May (Mrs. Drewes). She is living in Darby. Mr. and Mrs. Drewes have no children.

Mr. Drewes is prominent in fraternal circles. He is affiliated with Fernwood Blue Lodge, No. 543, Free and Accepted Masons, of Philadelphia; Orphans Rest Lodge, No. 132, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Darby Lodge of the Junior Order of American Mechanics; Darby Washington Camp of the Patriotic Order Sons of America; West Philadelphia Lodge of the Improved Order of Red Men; and West Philadelphia Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. He is a devout member of the Methodist Episcopal church, as is also his wife. They are prominent in connection with the best social affairs of Darby and their attractive home is noted for its generous hospitality.

Among the venerable and representative residents of Oak BROWNE View, who risked their lives in defense of the Union during the civil war, is John Trites Browne, born in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1837, son of Henry and Eliza (Trites) Browne.

(I) ——— Browne, the first member of the line here under consideration of whom we have definite information, was a native of New York state, where he was reared and educated. He was a machinist by trade, which line of work he followed throughout the active years of his life, deriving therefrom a lucrative livelihood. Late in life he removed to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, accompanied by his five sons, all of whom went west prior to the civil war, one of whom, Isaac Browne, became a Rebel general. The father resided in Philadelphia for the remainder of his days.

(II) Henry Browne, one of the five sons abovementioned, was born in New York state, in 1810, and died in 1849, at the early age of thirty-nine years. After attaining a suitable age he learned the trade of machinist, which he followed as a means of support, and for a number of years resided near West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He married Eliza Trites, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 1820, died in 1900, daughter of John Trites, a half-brother of Daniel Boone, a native of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he lived and died, attaining the venerable age of one hundred and four years. John Trites served in the revolutionary war; he saved up \$30,000 in Continental money, which he walled up in his log house, but which later became worthless. He was the owner of a farm near Kingessing, Pennsylvania. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Browne: John Trites, of whom further; Rebecca, married William Helms, and resides at Tinicum, Pennsylvania; Eliza, married, and resides at Tinicum; Ellen, married Charles Gliken, and resides at Darby, Pennsylvania. After the death of Mr. Browne his widow married Harvey Horne, by whom she had two children: Phoebe, married, and resides at Philadelphia; Lewis, a farmer at Tinicum. Mr. and Mrs. Horne resided at Marcus Hook, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where her death occurred at the age of eighty years.

(III) John Trites Browne, only son of Henry and Eliza (Trites) Brown, is self-educated, never having enjoyed the advantage of attending school. When a very young boy he left home and worked for his board at whatever he could find to do, some of his employment being fishing in the Delaware river and shooting river birds during September of each year. In 1860 he enlisted in the United States Marine Corps and was placed on board the United States frigate "Sabine," Captain R. B. Lowrie, with a crew of seven hundred. He served for six years on her, and during that time was wounded three times. He became sergeant and captain of a great gun, firing a ball that weighed seven hundred pounds, and took twenty-five pounds of powder. During the civil war he

assisted in the taking of Fort Fisher and participated in a number of other battles. After the termination of the war, he left the marine service and at first was employed in Allison's Car Works at West Philadelphia, and three weeks later, having proven his ability as a mechanic, was promoted to the position of foreman in which capacity he served faithfully for seven years. He then accepted the position of foreman at the Fernwood cemetery, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and filled that responsible position to the satisfaction of all concerned for thirty-five years, having under his personal supervision twenty men, all of whom honored and respected him for his fair and impartial treatment of them. Having accumulated considerable capital during his years of active service, he erected a substantial house at Oak View, wherein he resided, active service, he erected a substantial house at Oak View, wherein he resided. He is now a resident of Drexel Hill. He is also the owner of other houses, from which he derives an income, and of other valuable real estate. He takes a keen interest in politics, but is not an office seeker; is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Browne married, in September, 1860, Anna Louisa Freyburg, born in Kingsessing, Pennsylvania, died in 1898. Children: 1. Anna, married Arthur Brown; resides at Media, Pennsylvania. 2. Eliza, married Charles Drewes, owner of a bakery in Darby, Pennsylvania.

The Watt family has been established in the state of Pennsylvania WATT for a number of years, and came to this country from Ireland, bringing with them the thrifty habits which are characteristic of those who come from that land.

John Watt, the first of whom we have record, was of county Fawn, Ireland.

John (2) Watt, son of John (1) Watt, was born in county Fawn, and his entire life was spent in his native land. He was twice married, his second wife being Mary Ann, daughter of James Rankin, of county Boncrannon, Ireland. Children of first marriage: 1. Robert, a night watchman in Philadelphia; married Tillie McCartel and has seven children. 2. Mary, died unmarried. Children by second marriage: 3. Samuel George, see forward. 4. John, married, and has five children living, one dead; engaged in the grocery business at Fifty-fourth and Webster streets in West Philadelphia. 5. James, married, wife dead, no children; lives retired from business in Camden, New Jersey. 6. David, unmarried, died in 1913; lived in retirement in Delaware. 7. Joseph, unmarried, lived in Ireland; he came here about four years ago and still lives here. 8. Elizabeth, married George Brown and has two children. 9. Alexander, married a Miss Chambers, has no children. 10. Annie, married William Bogg, has no children. James Rankin lived and died in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, and served as a soldier during the civil war.

Samuel George Watt, son of John (2) and Mary Ann (Rankin) Watt, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, August 12, 1851, and died November 6, 1907. He obtained his education in his native land, and at about the age of eighteen years emigrated to the United States, and commenced working on a farm in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. For some time he continued this occupation and, being of a thrifty and industrious nature, he rapidly acquired a practical knowledge of the manner of transacting business and managing a farm in this country, and it was not a very long time before he had amassed a sufficient sum of money to enable him to purchase a milk business of his own. At this time he came to Upper Darby, and has continued in this business up to the present time. His reliability is best attested

by the fact that many of the people who were among his first customers retained that relation for many years. In 1886 he purchased the farm of twenty acres owned by John Smith, and this he converted into a model dairy farm. The same honest and up-to-date methods which characterized his conduct of his business from the start were carried into effect with the most satisfactory results. In political matters he was a Republican, and he gave his staunch support to the party with which he was allied. His religious belief was that of the Presbyterian denomination and he was a most generous donor to the church and its missions.

Mr. Watt married (first) Caroline Transue, born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, who died in 1892. He married (second) Jennie, daughter of Joseph W. and Elizabeth (Hancock) Warwick, the former of Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Children of first marriage: Elwood Samuel, see forward; Sylvester G., unmarried, is a blacksmith in Chester county, Pennsylvania; Mary, married Walter C. Ferry; Bertha. Children of second marriage: William H. and Jennie.

Elwood Samuel Watt, son of Samuel George and Caroline (Transue) Watt, was born in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 6, 1885. When he was about one year of age his parents removed to Upper Darby township, and after passing through the grammar schools he became a student at the Lansdowne High School, which he left at the age of fifteen years. He then became the assistant of his father in the conduct of the dairy farm, and in this manner obtained a thorough and practical working knowledge of this entire business. Finally he purchased his father's milk route, and after operating this for a period of five years, decided to go west and see something of the country of his birth. One and a half years were spent away from his home, the greater part of this time being passed in and near Los Angeles, California. He returned to Delaware county in May, 1909, with a fund of valuable experience. In June, 1912, he located on the home farm, where he is still following dairy farming with a marked degree of success. He gives his active support to the Republican party, and he and his wife are members of the Lutheran church. Mr. Watt married, June 14, 1911, Eva Shoester, born at Millbank, Pennsylvania, (see Shoester forward), and they had one child: Ronald, who died at birth, April 19, 1912.

Leonard Shoester, great-grandfather of Mrs. Watt, was of German descent and lived in Upper Darby township. He was a carpet weaver and quilt maker by trade, and employed six assistants in his carpet weaving, which was a large number for that time and section. He served as a soldier during the Revolutionary war. He married Sarah Hayes, who was a member of the Society of Friends.

Jacob Shoester, son of Leonard and Sarah (Hayes) Shoester, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 1801, and died in 1876. He was a supervisor on the Delaware county roads for a number of years, and served for a long time as school director and tax collector. He was a Whig when that party was in existence, then joined the ranks of the Republican party upon its organization. Farming was his principal occupation. He married Phoebe Smith, born in Philadelphia, died in 1889. She was a daughter of William and Lydia Smith, who were the owners of a dairy farm in West Philadelphia. They were members of the Society of Friends, while Mrs. Shoester was a Baptist. Jacob and Phoebe (Smith) Shoester had children: Mary, deceased, married William Watkin; Elizabeth, unmarried, lives with Mr. George J. Shoester; Phoebe, married William Watkin after the death of her sister; George Jacob, see forward; John, Lydia and Sarah, died in childhood of scarlet fever.

George Jacob Shoester, son of Jacob and Phoebe (Smith) Shoester, was born in Keystone, Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 19, 1848. He attended the public schools and at the age of fourteen years he was apprenticed to learn the miller's trade, under William Watkin. At the expiration of three years he went to Powell & Hansell, at Lansdowne, with whom he remained three years, then, for another three years was clerk in the general store of N. J. Reed, in Haverford, Pennsylvania. By this time he had accumulated a considerable capital and established himself in the milk business with which he was identified for a period of eleven years. He then sold this and went to Chester county, where he was the manager of the Cochranville Hotel for one year, then returned to Upper Darby, Pennsylvania, and was employed in the flour and feed establishment of V. E. Bonds for three years. He then opened a general store in Keystone, which he conducted very successfully for fifteen years, when he sold it and became shipper and receiver for the firm of I. T. Shick & Son, manufacturers and importers of millinery goods at West Philadelphia. Mr. Shoester bought a house at Keystone in 1890 and still resides there. He is a Republican, and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Junior Order of American Mechanics and Fernwood Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. He married, March 19, 1879, Elizabeth, born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, died March 21, 1911, daughter of Leedom and Sabina Kirk, of West Chester, Pennsylvania, where the former was a merchant and farmer, but now retired. Children: Emma, married Ernest Shick, lives in Highland Park; Jane, married Louis Cobler, resides in Philadelphia; Eva, see forward; Myrtle, unmarried; Blanch, unmarried. The two last mentioned live with their father.

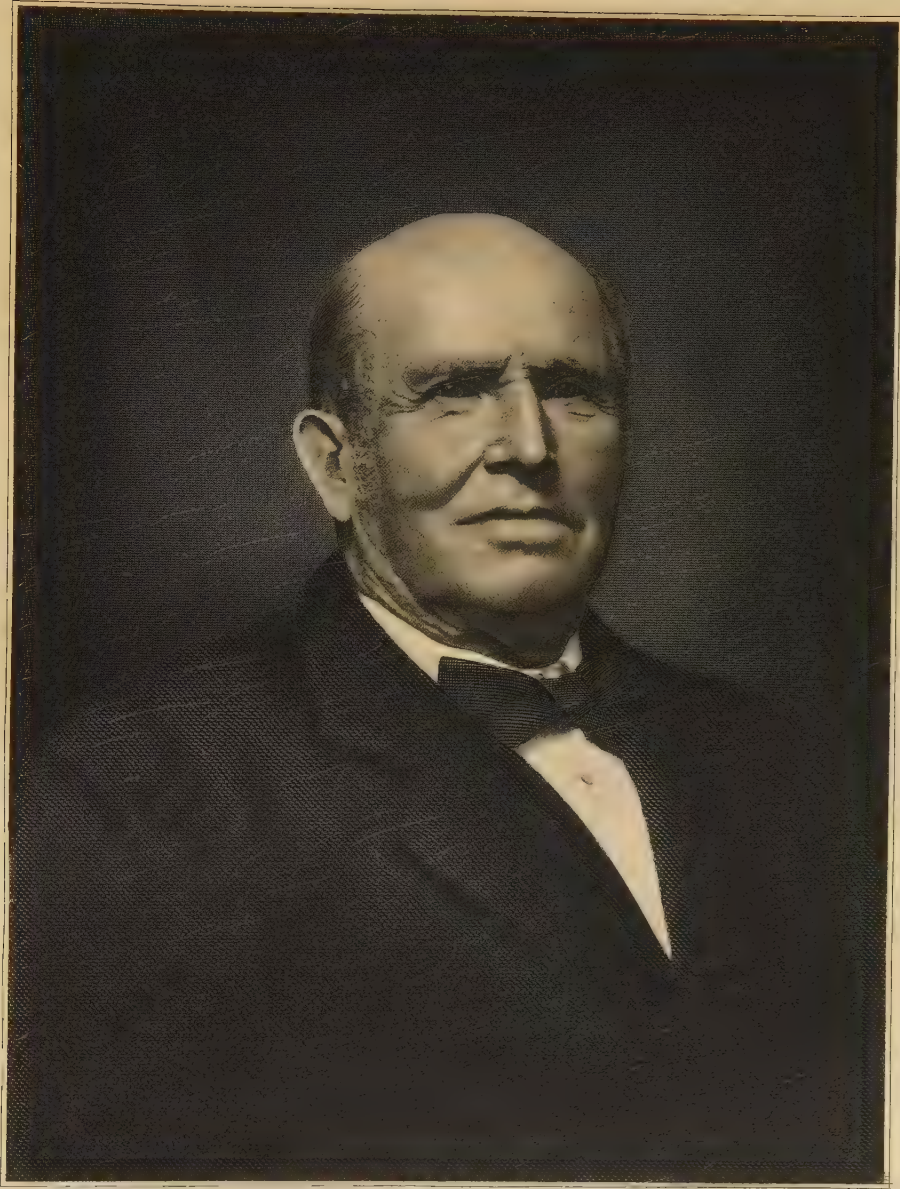
Eva, daughter of George Jacob and Elizabeth (Kirk) Shoester, married Elwood Samuel Watt (see Watt).

The career of the late George Drayton, of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is one which furnishes much food for thought.

At the time of his death he was one of the leading financiers of his section of the country, having risen to this eminent position solely by his own unaided efforts. His popularity and splendid reputation were won by beginning his business career as an upright man with no false pretenses, and continuing in that path throughout all the years of his long life. He was endowed in an unusual degree with the ability to recognize opportunities when they presented themselves, and of making the best possible use of them.

His father, John Drayton, was a son of George Drayton, a contractor and builder in England. John Drayton came to America in 1820. He was a maker of ladies' shoes by trade, and, settling in Philadelphia, he became foreman in the shop of De Grasse and Samuel Beans, and held this position until his death in February, 1832. He had married, in England, Harriet Bullivant, who came to America in 1820, with their only child, George, and died in 1823.

George Drayton was born in Hibblestow, near Brigg, Lincolnshire, England, April 9, 1818, and died at Chester Heights, May 14, 1909. He was two years of age when he was brought to this country by his mother, so that in everything but the actual fact of birth he was an American. From his sixth to his tenth year he attended the schools in Philadelphia, which at that time had not reached the degree of excellence they have at the present day, and at the last mentioned age he was sent to Richard Fimple, a farmer in Marple township, where he remained until the age of sixteen years. For the services he rendered during this time he received his board and clothing, and he had the privilege of attending school for two months in each of three winters. It may



Geo Drayton

very fairly be stated that Mr. Drayton was a self-educated man. He then found employment on the farm of Jehu Jones, who paid him five dollars per month during the summer, and in the winter months allowed him his board, for which he was obliged to care for twelve cows and three horses, and cut sufficient wood to supply the family needs. He remained with Mr. Jones two years, during this time attending school three months every winter, and paying for his tuition himself. David Worrell was his employer during the next three years, and he paid him ten dollars a month for his work on the farm. At the end of the first year he took charge of the farm of Mr. Kenny, where Lansdowne is now located, received eleven dollars a month, and held this position until his marriage. His course was a continuous but gradually upward one. After settling near Springfield Meeting House, Mr. Drayton found employment on the farm of his former employer, Jehu Jones, and morning and night walked the two miles which lay between that farm and his home. He entered the employ of James Ogden in 1846, receiving fifteen dollars a month, on which he supported his wife and two children, and also managed to lay aside a little from time to time. Two years were spent in the employ of George B. Lownes, after which he took charge of the farm of Christopher Fallon, being the sole manager for a period of nine years. During this time he superintended the erection of the buildings on the place in addition to giving all other details his attention. He bought his first land property, "The Acres," this being the farm now owned by Mr. Farnum. He next purchased the "Mendenhall place," and was a farmer, trader, auctioneer and engaged in the real estate business. With all these varied interests he became a man of considerable importance in the community, laid out the town of South Media, and became the owner of real estate on Chestnut street, Philadelphia. He opened an office there for the transaction of coal and lumber and was very successful in this enterprise. Chester Heights was the next scene of his business activity, as the coal and lumber yards he opened there were a success from the very outset. He was obliged to withdraw from this last venture in 1887, owing to the multitude of other business interests which claimed his attention. At the outbreak of the civil war Mr. Drayton was appointed marshal to take the roll of Concord township. and when President Lincoln issued his second call for troops, he at once enlisted in Captain B. T. Green's Delaware County Guards, was made quartermaster-sergeant of his regiment, was engaged in guard or patrol duty at Reading, Pennsylvania, and served in this capacity until his term of enlistment had expired.

In the world of finance the record of Mr. Drayton was also a notable one. He was one of the organizers of the Media Title and Trust Company, incorporated under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania, January 15, 1891; was president of the company many years, and under his careful management it became one of the financial strongholds of the county. It engages in general trust business, deals in real estate, makes loans, receives deposits on interest, and attends to the general run of business of institutions of its kind. Mr. Drayton was also one of the organizers, and the first president, of the Charter National Bank of Media, which was opened in April, 1887. He served as president of this institution until January, 1894, at which time he positively declined re-election. For many years Mr. Drayton was a staunch supporter of Whig principles, his first presidential vote being cast for William Henry Harrison. Subsequently he joined the Republican ranks, and was then for a number of years affiliated with the Prohibition party. He was elected county commissioner in 1863, serving three years. In 1891 he was the candidate for state treasurer for the Prohibition party, and in Philadelphia received the highest vote cast for any candidate for congress of the party for that year. He was a

member of Bradbury Post, No. 149, Grand Army of the Republic. He was an active member of the Baptist church, and assisted generously in the erection of the church of that denomination at Brandywine. He was a lifelong and total abstainer from intoxicating drinks, and never used tobacco in any form.

Mr. Drayton married (first) January 29, 1840, Judith Flounders, who died November 1, 1890, a daughter of James Flounders, of Springfield. He married (second) February 22, 1898, Lottie, a daughter of Thomas W. Johnson, of Concord township. Children, all by first marriage: 1. Elizabeth, married the late Smith Sharpless, and had one child: May, married Perry C. Clark, had children: Helen and Ethel; Ethel married George T. Parsons. 2. Hannah, unmarried, died in 1898. 3. John, died at the age of five years.

On April 9, 1898, Mr. Drayton was the honored guest upon a remarkable occasion. On the evening of that day about one hundred and fifty prominent men—clergymen, judges, legislators, lawyers, bankers, editors, physicians, merchants and public officials—tendered him a banquet at the Media-Club House. It was a splendid tribute to a noble life, and was an occasion without a counterpart within the history of the county, perhaps of the state. The floral and flag decorations were of great beauty, and conspicuously placed was a portrait of the honored guest, wreathed in the national colors. An orchestra from Philadelphia entertained with well chosen selections at intervals during the evening, a bounteous banquet was served, and appropriate addresses made. Horace P. Green, as toastmaster, in his opening address, made a summary of the life work of Mr. Drayton, saying in part: "Whatever he has undertaken to do, he has tried with all his heart to do well, and his whole life has been characterized by the most thorough, sincere earnestness." Captain Isaac Johnson said: "His object was to benefit his fellow man. Many a poor fellow on his downward road has been halted and turned back in the right way by George Drayton." Ex-Senator Cooper said of him: "His motto was to do right under all circumstances." John B. Rhodes said: "His life has been a pure and open one." Remarks of some similar character were made by V. Gilpin Robinson, Professor Joseph Shortlidge and Samuel Greenwood. Dr. George W. Smith, of Philadelphia, read an original poem on "Our Honored Guest," in which the entire career of Mr. Drayton was agreeably reviewed, and ended with the following lines:

"A county that can proudly boast
Of great names all along its line,
And high among this honored host
George Drayton's name shall ever shine."

Mr. Drayton, in replying to these numerous flattering addresses said: "I don't think I deserve any great credit. I owed it to my God and my fellow man to do what was right." The simplicity of these few words and the sentiment they express, were characteristic of the entire man. It was a principle which guided him in every relation of life, and one from which he never deviated, even under the most trying financial conditions. His example is one which must of necessity be of wide spread and lasting influence, and it is to such men that the prosperity and reputation of our country is due.

The forbears of Dr. C. Irvin Stiteler, both paternal and maternal, were early comers to the province of Pennsylvania. The STITELER family seat was in Upper Uwchland township, Chester county, the emigrant Stiteler coming from Germany. The Benners came from Wales prior to 1700, also settling in Upper Uwchland township. The Stitelers are also connected with the family of Pennypacker, and on October 18, 1877,

many of them were in the train wreck at Kimberton returning from a family reunion, when eight were killed and a number injured.

Henry Stiteler, son of George Stiteler, was born in Upper Uwchland township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1807, died in West Vincent township, same county, in March, 1887. He grew to manhood at the home farm and became a farmer of his native township, continuing there until he attained the age of sixty years, then moving to West Vincent, his home for twenty years. He was a deacon of the Baptist church, and in politics a Whig, later a Republican. He married Penninah Benner, born in Chester county, in 1810, died in West Vincent township in 1888; children: George R., a farmer of West Pikeland township, died in 1911; Anna, married Jesse Orr, of Reading, now deceased, a member of the Orr Painter Stove Works Company, and she survives him, a resident of Reading; Sarah, died in Upper Uwchland, in 1912, married Jacob H. Dewees, now a retired farmer and director of the Phoenixville National Bank; William H., a veteran of the civil war, died in 1913, in Chester Springs, a retired farmer; Mary, married William Mock, a farmer of Chester county, whom she survives a resident of West Vincent township; John and Henry, died in infancy; Elizabeth, now residing in Reading, Pennsylvania, unmarried; I. Newton, A. M. F., now residing in Uwchland, a dealer in coal and lumber.

I. Newton Stiteler, son of Henry and Penninah (Benner) Stiteler, born April 11, 1850, is now a resident of Chester Springs, Pennsylvania. He is a farmer and mill owner, a deacon of the Vincent Baptist church since 1887, succeeding his father in that office; superintendent of the Sunday school for over thirty years; a Republican in politics, and past noble grand of Lionville Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married Catherine R. Latshaw, born in Chester Springs, May 19, 1851, daughter of Jacob and Ann (Pennypacker) Latshaw, both deceased, he a farmer of West Pikeland township all his life. Children: 1. J. Harry, born September 11, 1875; now treasurer of the Orr & Sembower Engine and Boiler Works Company. He married Susan Kutz and resides in Reading. One son, I. Newton Stiteler Jr., born 1901. 2. C. Irvin (see forward).

Dr. C. Irvin Stiteler, younger son of I. Newton and Catherine R. (Latshaw) Stiteler, was born in West Vincent township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, December 24, 1877. His education was begun in the private school kept by his cousin, Miss Frances M. Stiteler, at Anselma, Pennsylvania, and continued in the public schools of West Pikeland township. He then entered Chester Springs Preparatory Schools, remaining until 1895, next entering West Chester Normal School, whence he was graduated, class of 1897. After a year spent at teaching at the Chestnut Grove School in West Vincent township, he entered the University of Pennsylvania (medical department), but on account of illness was held back a year, but was graduated M. D., class of 1903. At the university he was a member of the James Tyson Medical Society, and at normal school was a member and for one term president of the Moore Literary Society. After receiving his degree he served one term as interne in Chester Hospital, then for several months was assistant to Dr. F. Farwell Long. In December, 1904, he began practice in Chester, establishing offices at the corner of Fifth and Welsh streets. He specializes in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and is highly regarded as an authority in such cases. He served for several years as clinical assistant in Wills Hospital, Philadelphia; clinical assistant in the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia; resigned position at St. Agnes' Hospital, Philadelphia, 1913; assistant surgeon in the Ear Dispensary of the University of Pennsylvania Hospital; elected ophthalmologist to Chester Hospital, Chester, in 1913. He has been

uniformly successful in his treatment of the before mentioned, special diseases, and is well established in public favor as a skillful and thoroughly reliable specialist. He is a member of the Delaware County Medical Society, and secretary since November, 1907; member of Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Physicians Association of Chester, the Philadelphia Medical Club, the Penn Club of Chester, the Modern Woodmen of America, and in political faith he is a Republican. In religious belief he is a Baptist, and a member of the choir of the First Baptist Church of Chester.

Dr. Stiteler married, January 11, 1912, in Chester, Mary Alma, daughter of William M. Ford, a salesman and former treasurer of Delaware county, and his wife, Sarah Hustler.

From Lancashire, England, came Charles Chadwick, born CHADWICK there in 1831, died in Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 24, 1911, son of William Chadwick, a mill worker. Sixty-five of the eighty years of Charles Chadwick's life were spent in Clifton Heights, where he was a spinner in the Thomas Kent Manufacturing Company mills. He was a member of the Episcopal church, and in politics a Republican.

Charles Chadwick married, on Christmas Day, 1873, Hannah Pilling, born in Lancashire, England, February 14, 1843, coming to the United States in 1859. Children: Jeannette, married A. Austin Busby and resides in Clifton Heights, child, Marian Jean, born 1907; Bessie May, resides with her mother; Charles Edward, married Bertha Story and has a son, Joseph.

Dr. George Frederick Baier, now a resident of Boothwyn, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, having retired from the active practice of his profession, is a worthy representative of a family of German origin, the various members of which bore their full share in the progress and development of the communities wherein they resided, and who transmitted to their descendants characteristics which make for noble and useful manhood and womanhood.

George Michael Baier, grandfather of Dr. George F. Baier, a native of Germany, probably a Lutheran in religion, married, in his native land, and was the father of at least two sons, George G. and Jacob. George G. Baier, father of Dr. George F. Baier, was a native of Mainhardt, Germany, from which country he emigrated to the United States, settling in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he was united in marriage to Dorothea, born in Germany, daughter of Andres P. and Elizabeth (Wolroch) Bergmann, natives of Germany, the former named a gardener by occupation. George G. Baier was a butcher by occupation, a Lutheran in religion, and served during the civil war.

Dr. George Frederick Baier was born in Southwark, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 7, 1859. He attended the private and public schools of his native city, acquiring thereby a practical education, after which he obtained employment in a job printing office, remaining for a few years. Deciding to engage in a professional career, he matriculated in the Hahnemann Medical College, of Philadelphia, from which he received his degree of Doctor of Medicine, and he was actively engaged in practice at Norwood, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, from 1888 to 1912, when he retired, taking up his residence on a farm in Boothwyn, where he is enjoying a well earned rest after years of constant and unremitting work of the most arduous kind, a tax on both the

mind and body, which every successful physician feels and realizes. He was a close, earnest and discriminating student of his profession, and his patronage steadily increased in volume and importance, this testifying to his skill and ability in the diagnosis and treatment of disease. In addition to his general practice, he served as a member of the local board of health (of Norwood) from the time of its inception until his removal to Boothwyn, was coroner's physician of Delaware county from 1905 to 1907, was school director, tax collector and chief burgess of Norwood borough, the duties of which various offices he performed in a highly commendable manner. He is a Lutheran in religion, a Republican in politics, and a member of the Blue Lodge, Chapter, Commandery and Shrine, Masonic Order, and Artisans' Order of Mutual Protection, of which he was the medical examiner.

Dr. Baier married, March 31, 1884, at Philadelphia, Abigail W. Rice, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 10, 1862, daughter of John Barnes and Rebecca Collins (Kimball) Rice. Children: 1. George Frederick Jr., born February 3, 1885; a graduate of public and private schools; now a practicing physician; married Edna Ebert; one child, George Frederick (3). 2. Johanna R., born January 22, 1887; attended public and private schools, graduated in Domestic Science; married Howard B. Hutchinson; one child, Dorothea. 3. Abigail W., born March 22, 1888; a graduate of public and private schools; a school teacher. 4. Joseph W., born December 21, 1889; attended public and private schools. 5. Dorothea B., born March 18, 1892; attended public and private schools; graduate in music; married Howard H. Miller; one child, Phylis.

John Barnes Rice, father of Mrs. Baier, born June 22, 1828, a carpenter and builder, married Rebecca Collins Kimball, born in January, 1842, and their children were: Abigail W., wife of Dr. Baier; John B., Charles Edward, Sarah Gaynor, Rebecca Lou. John Barnes Rice was a son of Joseph S. Rice, born 1801, married Gaynor Lukens, born 1791, daughter of Robert Lukens, born 1762, and his wife, Sarah (Barnes) Lukens, born 1762. Sarah Barnes was a daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Palmer) Barnes, the latter named born 1729. She was a daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Michner) Palmer, Thomas, born 1672, being one of the six children of George Palmer, of Surrey, England, who came to America, October, 1660. All of the above named with the exception of Dr. Baier and his wife were members of the Society of Friends (Hicksites).

Thomas Miller Lord, of Garrettford, inherits in a marked degree LORD the energy and perseverance of his forefathers, and the practical value of shrewdness and discrimination, combined with strict probity, is exemplified in his present prosperous condition. He was born near Swarthmore, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 1, 1851, son of Thomas and Rebecca (Miller) Lord, and grandson of Isaac and Leah Lord, and Thomas and Ann (Shriver) Miller.

Isaac Lord, grandfather of Thomas M. Lord, was born in England, reared and educated there, was a prosperous merchant during his active career, and died and was buried there. He married twice, having children by both wives, Thomas, of whom further, being a child of the first wife.

Thomas Lord, son of Isaac Lord, was born at Wighton, Lancashire, England, in 1816, died in 1888, in Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. After completing his studies, he learned the trade of millwright in his native land, becoming an expert loom designer, and he was also an engine builder. At the age of twenty-two years he emigrated to this country,

accompanied by his bride, Susan Lord, who died a year later, and settled in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he worked for John Waitt and for a Mr. Geary in their cotton mills as loom designer and cloth designer. In 1864 he removed to Clifton Heights and there resided until his death. He was a member of the Baptist church, in which he played the bass fiddle, being a fine musician. Mr. Lord married (second) Rebecca Miller, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1816, died in 1900, daughter of Thomas and Ann (Shriver) Miller, who were the parents of one other daughter, Mary, who became the wife of William Lord. Thomas Miller was a stone mason by trade and erected the Mt. Pleasant church and many other buildings in that locality. He married a second wife by whom he had five children. Mrs. Lord, who was a Baptist in religion, bore her husband seven children: 1. Mary, married John Ousey; they reside in Chester. 2. Hannah, married John Yates; they reside in Darby. 3. Thomas Miller, of whom further. 4. Edmund, married Sarah Lawson; he is a retired policeman of the Philadelphia force. 5. John unmarried; a loom fixer by occupation; resides at Clifton. 6. Isaac, married (first) Emma Seafman, (second) Harriet Ball; resides at Clifton. 7. Ruth, married James Dixon, now deceased; she resides in Knoxville, Tennessee.

Thomas Miller Lord, son of Thomas and Rebecca (Miller) Lord, attended the common schools in the neighborhood of his home, beginning his active business career at the early age of eleven years, continuing his studies for some time by attendance at night school. He learned the trade of weaving in the cotton mills, and in due course of time became an expert cloth designer in cotton mills. At the present time (1913) he is a loom fixer in the cotton mills located at Twelfth and Carpenter streets, Philadelphia, thus obtaining a good livelihood. He is industrious and thrifty and is the owner of considerable real estate in Garrettford in addition to several houses, in one of which he resides and from the others derives a fair income. In 1877 he took up his residence in Garrettford, at which time he purchased the house in which he has since resided. He casts his vote for the candidates of the Republican party, believing that form of government to be the best for the country and its people. He is honorable and upright in all his actions, and well deserves the respect accorded him as one of the substantial and representative citizens of Garrettford.

Mr. Lord married, December 22, 1875, Sarah Leighton, born on Sixteenth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 16, 1850, daughter of William and Jennie Leighton, the former of Irish and the latter of Scotch descent. Mr. Leighton was caretaker and overseer of the Christopher Fallon estates. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Lord: 1. William, born December 20, 1877; married Susan Powell. 2. Anna, born April 16, 1879; married John Fowler; resides at Torresdale. 3. Bertha, born October 31, 1880, deceased. 4. Jennie, born March 2, 1883; resides at home. 5. Ruth, born September 26, 1886; married James Bowden; resides in Springfield. 6. May, born November 28, 1887; married Isaac Worrell; resides in Garrettford. 7. George, born February 22, 1889, died aged six months. 8. Walter, born February 20, 1890; married Sarah Vance; resides in Garrettford. 9. Albert, born November 10, 1891; resides at home. An adopted daughter, Esther Simpson, born November 29, 1896, resides at home.

DALTON It is said that nothing succeeds like success, and this is apparently true of the life history of Andrew J. Dalton, prominently identified for many years with the public affairs of Upland borough, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Dalton has made his mark upon his time, and his career will be pointed to as an example worthy of emulation on the part of future officials who will follow in his footsteps. His devotion to the public interests is exceptional.

Andrew Dalton, father of the above mentioned, was born in Carlow county, Ireland, and came to America in the year 1845. His education in his native land had been but a limited one, and when he came to this country he naturally turned his attention to farming, and was for a number of years in the employ of the late John P. Crozer. He was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, and died December 23, 1891. He married Ann Breen, born in Wexford county, Ireland, died in Upland borough, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1894, who was the only one of her family to come to this country. They had children: Michael, married (first) Ellen Callahan, (second) Annie Hamilton; Martin, unmarried; Garrett, married Mary Baker; John, died in early youth; Andrew J., whose name heads this sketch; Patrick, died unmarried; Ann, died in infancy; Andrew J., is the only one of these children now living.

Andrew J. Dalton was born in Upland borough, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1850. He attended the public schools of his native borough, and there acquired a sound, practical education. He was about fifteen years of age when he entered upon his business career, and this redounds greatly to his credit. Accepting a position as beamer and twister in Crozer's Mills, he retained this connection until 1892, a period of considerably more than a quarter of a century. During this long period of time he was also active in the public service of the community, being in office as auditor of Upland borough for three years, and as tax collector for two years. From 1892 until 1904, he served as deputy prothonotary, and was then elected to the office of prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas, clerk of the Court of Greater Sessions of the Pleas, and clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, of Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was re-elected to the same office November 6, 1906, and again elected November 2, 1909, and is serving in this office at the present time. His support of the Republican party has always been a strong and ardent one, and has been of undoubted benefit to the party. Mr. Dalton is a member of the Young Men's Republican Club, the Improved Order of Red Men and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Chester, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Dalton married, May 14, 1876, Lucy Guyer, born in Wilmington, Delaware, December 10, 1855, daughter of the late David Guyer, who was born in the state of Delaware, was a brick maker by trade, and died in Upland. He was twice married, by his first marriage having children as follows: Caroline, married (first) Daniel Mills, (second) ———; Lucy, mentioned above; Kate, married Charles Greenlee; Julia, died unmarried; Harry, married ——— Taylor; Samuel, married Maggie McGonigal. Mr. and Mrs. Dalton have had children: Annie, who married John DeHaven White, an attorney, and lives in Chester, Pennsylvania; Emma, unmarried; Mae, married Chester Ahlum, a chemist with DuPont, at Gibbstown, New Jersey; Nellie, married Walter Stine, a chemist with DuPont; Mabel, unmarried.

Mr. Dalton is a man of marked intellectual strength and is of a companionable and social disposition. He can always be depended upon to contribute liberally and co-operate heartily in any movement tending to advance the general interests or promote the material welfare of the community at

large. He has strong domestic tastes and is a genial and delightful entertainer.

The family of which Daniel Worrall Jefferis, M. D., of Chester, Pennsylvania, is a worthy representative, trace their descent to Robert Jefferis, who emigrated from Wiltshire, England, settling in Lower Chichester, Pennsylvania, in 1683, from whence he moved to what is now Chester county, near where the battle of Chadds Ford was fought. He married Jane Chandler, of Great Lodge, Wiltshire, England, and among their children was William, of whom further.

William Jefferis, son of Robert and Jane (Chandler) Jefferis, married, in 1724, Elizabeth Ring, and among their children was Nathaniel, of whom further.

Nathaniel Jefferis, son of William and Elizabeth (Ring) Jefferis, was born January 8, 1738, died September 30, 1828. He was a joiner by trade, an occupation he followed with a fair degree of success, and was honored and respected in the community in which he resided. He married Mary Chalfant, and among their children was James, of whom further.

James Jefferis, son of Nathaniel and Mary (Chalfant) Jefferis, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, October —, 1784, died January 17, 1856. He followed the occupations of farming and carpentering, from which he derived a comfortable livelihood, rearing his children to lives of usefulness and activity. He married, March 1, 1811, Esther Edwards, who bore him eleven children, among whom was Jervas, of whom further.

Jervas Jefferis, son of James and Esther (Edwards) Jefferis, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, November 29, 1813, died in Wilmington, Delaware, August 6, 1851. He attended the common schools in the neighborhood of his home, obtaining a thoroughly practical education, and for a number of years served in the capacity of school teacher. Later he became a dry goods merchant in Wilmington, in which city he spent the remainder of his life. He was a member of the Baptist church, and an old line Whig in politics. He married, March 11, 1841, Sarah A. Worrall, born July 17, 1822, died March 26, 1897, daughter of Daniel and Sarah (Maddock) Worrall, of Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Children: Daniel Worrall, of whom further; Galena M., married — Babb; Sarah A., married — Martin.

Dr. Daniel Worrall Jefferis, son of Jervas and Sarah A. (Worrall) Jefferis, was born in London Grove, Chester county, Pennsylvania, December 25, 1841. He was reared principally in Chester county, and acquired an excellent education by attendance at Eaton Academy, Kennett Square, Pennsylvania; Delaware County Normal School, Chester, Pennsylvania; Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio; University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the medical department, March 11, 1865, with the degree of doctor of medicine. In September, 1862, he went out with the emergency men, served as private in Twenty-ninth Regiment, New Jersey, 1863, and in the summer of 1864 served as contract surgeon at City Point Hospital, Petersburg, Virginia, and from March, 1864, to November, 1865, was first assistant surgeon of the Two Hundred and Thirteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers. Returning to Pennsylvania, he practiced medicine for a short time in Chester county, then removed to Belmont county, Ohio, where he was engaged in active practice until 1870, when he returned to Chester county, Pennsylvania, remaining until 1873, when he removed to Chester, Delaware county, where he has a successful general practice. In addition to his professional duties, which require the greater portion of his time, he served as president of the Chester School

Board, mayor of Chester from 1899 to 1902, and president of Select Council from 1910 to 1913. He is also president of Physicians' Association, Chester, and physician-in-chief of Chester Hospital. He has been treasurer of Delaware County Medical Society for thirty years, a member of the State Medical Association, and charter member of the Penn Club, Chester. He is an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Republican in politics.

Dr. Jefferis married (first) in Philadelphia, in 1866, Abigail Eldridge, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, who died in 1878. He married (second) August 10, 1882, in Upland, Mary T. Oliver, of Philadelphia, daughter of Henry and Rebecca Oliver. Children: Irene J. Still, Lydia J. Higgins, Sara J. Curry, Reuben E. Jefferis, Jesse W. Jefferis, Daniel Worrall Jefferis Jr., Mary T. Jefferis.

CUNNINGHAM Andrew Cunningham, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, removed to Ardmore, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1904. He has always been a Republican in politics. He has three children: Dorothy, Ruth, Robert.

ZEBLEY The Zebleys came to the United States from Germany, settling in Brandywine Hundred, Delaware, where Owen Zebley, grandfather of William P. Zebley, and son of the emigrant, was born April 25, 1786. When a young man he began farming in Upper Chichester township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and five years later married, then moving to a farm in Bethel township, where he died in 1873 in his eighty-eighth year. He was a Whig in politics, later a Republican, and in religious faith both he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church at Bethel, he a trustee and exhorter. He married Mary Webster and had issue: Margaret, born March 16, 1810, married, February 18, 1830, Dutton Pyle; Thomas W., born January 5, 1812, married Sarah Ann Watt; Elizabeth, born February 12, 1814, married, February 24, 1834, Lewis Talley; Robert, born March 6, 1816, married Beulah Pennington; Owen, of whom further; Charles, born June 1, 1821, died March 22, 1824. All the above are deceased. The mother passed away in Bethel, August 24, 1847.

Owen (2) Zebley, son of Owen (1) and Mary (Webster) Zebley, was born in Bethel township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1818, died in 1896. He was educated in the public schools of Bethel and Brandywine Hundred, later learned the cabinetmaker's trade. He followed that branch of industry for several years, then became a farmer of Bethel township, continuing so until his death. He was an excellent mechanic and as a farmer was successful. In political faith a Republican, he served Bethel township for many years as supervisor. Both he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church at Bethel, which church Mr. Zebley served as trustee all his mature life, and as sexton for thirty years. He was a most useful man in the church, and one of its strongest pillars. He married Elizabeth Petters, born in Concord township, Delaware county, died in Bethel, April 2, 1866, daughter of Pennell Petters, born in Concord township, died in Chester in 1889, aged eighty-nine years. His wife, a Miss Pyle, was also born in Concord. Children of Owen (2) Zebley: 1. Mary Elizabeth, born January 12, 1846, died March 9, 1903; married, February 22, 1872, William Morrogh. 2. James R. Ayres, born December 23, 1848; married, February 19, 1866, Isabelle Moody. 3. Rebecca Petters, born November 14, 1849; married, December 23, 1869, Thomas B. Trainor. 4. Amy, born March 9 1852, died in childhood. 5.

William Petters, of whom further. 6. Margaret Emma, born May 8, 1858; married, December 23, 1880, William J. Smith. 7. Lottie J., born January 8, 1861; married, February 20, 1870, John W. Oskin. With the exception of the youngest, who resides in Brandywine Hundred, the above living children all reside in Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

William Petters Zebley, youngest son of Owen (2) and Elizabeth (Petters) Zebley, was born in Bethel township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, February 28, 1855. He grew to manhood at the home farm, obtaining his education in the public schools. On attaining a suitable age he began learning the stonemason's trade which he has since followed in connection with the operation of his farm near Boothwyn Post Office, Delaware county. He is a thoroughly capable mechanic, a good farmer and a man of sterling character. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and in politics a Republican.

Mr. Zebley married, January 26, 1876, Eliza Amanda Harkins, born in Brandywine Hundred, New Castle county, Delaware, April 20, 1855, daughter of Thomas Smith and Hannah S. (Taylor) Harkins. Thomas S. Harkins was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, died January 8, 1913, aged ninety years; his wife died three days before on January 5, 1913, aged eighty-five years. She was born in Brandywine Hundred, Delaware. Children of Thomas S. and Hannah S. Harkins: 1. Emma Louisa, born February 29, 1848, died December 28, 1891; married, July 25, 1877, Aaron B. Parry, who died in March, 1892. 2. Sidney Anna, born March 31, 1850; married Atwood Smith. 3. George Anderson, born January 4, 1852; married Clara Porter, deceased. 4. Hannah Mary, born October 11, 1853; married Abner P. Talley, deceased. 5. Eliza Amanda, born April 20, 1855; married, January 26, 1876, William Petters Zebley, of previous mention. 6. Emmor Taylor, born May 18, 1857; married Kate H. Hance, deceased. 7. Jennie L., born September 15, 1859; married, in July, 1882, Frank Z. Pennington. 8. Lydia Emily, born June 2, 1862; married Benjamin Logan. 9. Rachel Francis, born July 15, 1864; married (first) John Paynter, (second) Lawrence Hobson. 10. Margaret Elizabeth, born June 18, 1866; married Frank H. Cloud. 11. Phoebe Ella, born November 18, 1868; married Howard E. Poole, deceased. 12. Sarah Smith, born January 21, 1870; married, in October, 1898, Albert W. White. Children of William P. and Eliza A. (Harkins) Zebley, all living: 1. Thomas S., born January 6, 1877; married, March 23, 1900, Carrie Mason. 2. William L., born April 13, 1879; married, April 29, 1903, Jennie P. McLoughlin. 3. Owen Trainor, born March 14, 1882; married, September 1, 1904, Susie Trainor. 4. John, born January 2, 1885; married Jane Colwell. 5. George A., born June 25, 1888; married September, 1908, Kate Smith. 6. Edwin N., born December 2, 1892. 7. Earl Powell, born April 14, 1894.

William Chisholm Munro is well fitted for the occupation which MUNRO receives his undivided attention, that of gardening, for he possesses an artistic, but decidedly practical mind. He is an illustration of what may be accomplished by those of foreign birth who seek a home in this country, where all have equal rights.

Robert Munro, grandfather of William C. Munro, lived and died in the town of Varness, Scotland, where he followed the occupation of cartwright, deriving therefrom a comfortable livelihood for his family. Two of his brothers participated in the battle of Waterloo, thereby displaying some of the characteristics of the family, namely bravery and patriotism. Robert Munro and his wife were the parents of four children: John, of whom further; Alexander,

a stone cutter by trade, emigrated to this country and here died; Maggie, married James Macbeth, and resides in Edinburgh, Scotland; name of other child unknown.

John Munro, father of William C. Munro, was born in Tarn von Varness, Varnessshire, Scotland, and is living there at the present time (1913) at the venerable age of ninety years, being a powerfully built man, six feet in height. In early life he learned the trade of carpenter, which line of work he followed throughout the active years of his life, now living retired, enjoying a period of rest, a fit sequel to years of hard toil. He and his family are members of the Old Established Church of Scotland, and in the community in which they reside are esteemed for their upright characters. He married Jessie Chisholm, a native of the same place as her husband, living at the age of eighty-five years, both families being noted for longevity. She is a daughter of William Chisholm, who lived and died in Varness, Scotland, his death occurring when he was over ninety years of age, he and his wife having reared a large family; he was a gardener by trade; he served as a volunteer at the battle of Waterloo. Mr. and Mrs. Munro were the parents of seven children: 1. Elizabeth, deceased. 2. Robert, a tailor by trade; resides in Leaman, Pennsylvania. 3. William Chisholm, of whom further. 4. Alexander, a carpenter by trade; resides in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 5. Jessie, married James McFarlow; resides in Ottawa, Canada. 6. Mary, resides at home with her parents. 7. Isabelle, married William Hay; resides in Scotland; he is serving as head gardener in Pryershire, Scotland, of a large private estate.

William Chisholm Munro, son of John and Jessie (Chisholm) Munro, was born in Tarn von Varness, Varnessshire, Scotland, April 6, 1869. He attended the common schools of the neighborhood, after which he learned the trade of gardener and florist, for which he was well fitted in every respect. In early manhood he emigrated to Ottawa, Canada, where he had charge of the governor-general's private greenhouses at Ready Hall, retaining this position for two years. Feeling that he was not thoroughly equipped for his chosen line of work, although he was considered an expert, he planned to work in greenhouses in all the large cities of the United States and in this way to secure the improved ideas of the best florists. Accordingly he worked for short periods in Boston, New York, Chicago, St. Louis, and many smaller cities. In 1886 he located in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, secured employment as florist with several parties in that city, continuing until 1913, when he purchased a small greenhouse at Garrettford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He remodelled the same, added a number of other buildings, and in many other ways improved the establishment, therefore greatly facilitating his work. He now has six extensive, well heated, and entirely modern greenhouses, filled with flowers and shrubs of every kind to meet every demand. He conducts a wholesale trade in cut flowers, supplying the New York and Philadelphia markets, and bids fair to build up an enormous trade, it being yet in its infancy. He resides in a modern brick house adjoining his greenhouses, the grounds of which are tastefully arranged, thus presenting a charming picture. Mr. Munro is an Independent in politics, and is affiliated with the Free and Accepted Masons and the Scottish Clans.

Mr. Munro married in 1900, Elizabeth Scott, born at Dundee, Scotland, her parents having been born, lived and died in Scotland. Mr. Munro is one of those restless, energetic business men, whose entire life is an incessant battle, whose clear brain brings order out of chaos, and with whom success is an assured fact in whatever line they turn their energies.

The ancestors of Dr. Philip Shuster Willingmyre came from Scotland to this country prior to the Revolution, settling in that part of Virginia later set off as West Virginia. There were several sons in the family and from them descend, so far as is known, all of this name in the United States.

WILLINGMYRE John Willingmyre was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1848, now living in that city a retired commission merchant. His mother was killed by falling from an upper window, and several of his brothers were killed in battle during the civil war. While practically his whole life has been spent in Philadelphia, he has travelled extensively throughout the United States, Canada and Mexico. He is an educated, well informed gentleman, who after a busy life is now enjoying in a quiet way the fruits of his years of activity. He is fond of fishing and out-of-door exercise and gratifies his tastes to a full extent. He is a Republican in politics, and an attendant of the Episcopal church. He married Minnie Henry, born in Philadelphia, December 19, 1857, daughter of John Henry, born in Germany, died in Philadelphia, aged eighty-nine years, a shoemaker. His mother died in Germany aged one hundred and fourteen years. He was an extensive traveler and before coming to the United States had toured Germany, Russia, Switzerland, France and England, speaking the language of each of these countries. He came to the United States not long after his marriage. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Willingmyre: 1. John, born May 29, 1884; married Marie Roth, of Philadelphia; resides in that city, foreman of the foreign shipping department of the John Wanamaker store. 2. Philip Shuster, of whom further. 3. Minnie, born June 21, 1890; married Edward Matthias, of Philadelphia, a sheet iron worker. 4. Emma, born November 17, 1898; resides with her parents.

Dr. Philip Shuster Willingmyre, son of John and Minnie (Henry) Willingmyre, was born in Philadelphia, November 12, 1888. He attended the public schools of Philadelphia, finishing his studies in high school. He then entered Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, whence he was graduated in 1910 with the degree of Doctor of Pharmacy. In the same year he purchased the drug store at the corner of Sixth street and Upland avenue in Upland, Pennsylvania, established in 1878 by O. P. Hooper, who was succeeded by D. A. Dalton, who died in 1909. Dr. Willingmyre has materially enlarged this always popular store by purchase of adjoining property and is well established in public favor. He is a member of Ki Psi, a College of Pharmacy fraternity; the Woodmen of the World; is president of Upland Camp of that same order; member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Patriotic Order Sons of America; a charter member of Upland Camp and a trustee of the same during the first eighteen months of its existence. Dr. Willingmyre is interested in several drug manufacturing firms, including the Inter State Drug Company, the Bromo Lithic Company and the Kal Pheno Company. He is a Progressive in politics, and an attendant of the Baptist church, although he was christened in the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Alda Irene Sterner, of Philadelphia, daughter of Jackson and Mary (Keener) Sterner; child, Alda Mary.

William Blake McClenachan, son of W. I. Blake and Ella B. (Barry) McClenachan (q. v.) was born in Trainer, Lower Chichester township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 13, 1886. While a boy between the ages of six and fifteen years, he attended the public school known as the Trainer Central Grammar School, whence he was graduated in 1901, proceeding to the Chester High School, graduating in the class of 1904. At this time he began the study of

law, entering the offices of O. B. Dickinson at Chester, where he obtained a thorough and practical understanding of legal proceedings, augmented with an equally thorough and extensive theoretical knowledge gained from instruction under A. B. Roney, a prominent member of the Philadelphia bar. At the time he took the state board preliminary examination he was one of the thirty successful out of one hundred and ten candidates, and it has been said his paper was the best submitted. This is no mean feat for a young man to perform, as the state board examinations of Pennsylvania are notoriously difficult, and many an aspirant for legal honor has found them his stumbling block. Since 1908, Mr. McClenachan has been practicing law in Delaware county, with an office in the Gibson building at Chester. He is acquiring a good practice, has an excellent standing among the members of the profession, is very active in different organizations throughout the county, and is rated one of the rising young men of the Delaware county bar. Politically he is a Republican, and for two years served as a member of the county committee from Lower Chichester township, as well as filling the office of solicitor for the school board and for the township commissioners of Lower Chichester. He belongs to the Delaware County Bar Association; Pennsylvania State Bar Association; the American Bar Association; the Chester Club; the Young Men's Republican Club of Chester; the American Academy of Political and Social Science, with offices in the Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia; the Alpha Boat Club, of Chester, of which he is treasurer, an office he has held for the past two years, and is a member, as well as treasurer of the Trainer Fire Company.

For many generations this branch of the Barney family was BARNEY seated at Birmingham, England, family records tracing to the birth of John Barney, in April, about the year 1700. He married and had issue.

(II) Benjamin, son of John Barney, was born in Birmingham, England, April 10, 1736, died October 28, 1802. He married Sarah ———, born July 17, 1740, died October 5, 1819.

(III) John (2), son of Benjamin and Sarah Barney, was the founder of this branch of the Barney family in the United States. He was born in Birmingham, England, August 16, 1778, came to Pennsylvania, settling near Philadelphia, and died at Fort Penn, July 15, 1842. He was a farmer and stock raiser, noted far and wide for the great size of the cattle raised on his farm. They were prize winners at fairs and exhibitions, and so proud was he of them that pictures in oil were made of several, that are yet preserved in the family. His home was in Philadelphia, where he is buried in the old burying ground at the Corner of Tenth and South streets. Following is a copy of his marriage certificate:

"Whereas John Barney of the county of New Castle and State of Delaware Son of Benjamin and Sarah Barney of Birmingham England and Margaret Levi Daughter of Samuel Levis late of the county of Delaware deceased and Elizabeth his wife Having declared their intention of marriage with each other These are to Certify whom it may concern, that for the full accomplishment of their said intentions, this twenty-second day of the ninth month called September in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. They the said John Barney and Margaret Levis in an assembly for that purpose convened at the dwelling house of William Jones number Eighty Wood street in the county of Phila aforesaid when & where he the said John Barney taking the said Margaret Levis by the hand did in a solemn manner declare that he took her the said Margaret Levis to be his wife promising with Divine assistance to be unto her a faithful and affectionate husband until death should separate them. And she the said Margaret Levis did then and there in like manner declare that she took him the said John Barney

to be her husband promising with divine assistance to be unto him a faithful and affectionate wife until Death should separate them. AND for a further Confirmation thereof the said John Barney and Margaret Levis she according to custom of marriage assuming the name of her husband to these presents set there hands and we these names are also hereunto Subscribed being present at the solemnization of the said marriage and subscription have as Witnesses there to set our hands the day and year above written. John Barney Margaret Barney William Moulder Justice of the Peace Witnesses Ann Jones Rebecca Levis Martha Jones Mary Stoyd Mary Ann Jones Samuel Levis William Jones Marshall Loyd."

Margaret Levis was of an old Delaware county family, prominent in the Society of Friends and she was compelled to incur the censure of the Meeting for her marriage to Mr. Barney, who was a Methodist. She was the daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Levis. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Barney: Elizabeth Levis, born August 5, 1819, died in September, 1870, married July 25, 1837, John Tanner, LL.D.; John Benjamin, of whom further.

(IV) John Benjamin, only son of John (2) and Margaret (Levis) Barney, was born in Philadelphia, January 24, 1822, died at Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 27, 1902. He was educated and grew to manhood in Philadelphia, then moved to the farm at Fort Penn, later to his own farm at Chadd's Ford, Delaware county, where he was engaged in general farming operations all his life. He moved to that place in 1857, and finding the farm house too small, added to it to suit his needs. The original house was built about 1757, in the early Georgian style, of brick brought from England, and yet stands, a handsome house in the best condition. During his school years in Philadelphia, Mr. Barney was a classmate of Major General George B. McClellan, the famous commander of the Army of the Potomac during the civil war, later candidate for the presidency, and governor of New Jersey. Mr. Barney was a Republican in politics and, like his father (a Democrat), never accepted any public office. Both he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church, which he served as an elder for many years. His marriage certificate is of interest:

"Marriage Certificate. This is to certify that on the Eighth day of December, 1842, in the City of Philadelphia, and state of Penn., John B. Barney of the state of Delaware of the one part and Anna P. Knight of Philadelphia, Penn., of the other, having agreed and covenanted to be together as man and wife, and having plighted the solemn vows of Duty and affection, were by me united in the honorable and sacred bonds of lawful matrimony. J. Hunaday, Minister of the Gospel. Ian L. Clement, John Black."

The following persons were present at the fiftieth anniversary or the golden wedding of John B. Barney and his wife, Anna P. Barney: George Karsner Barney, Harrie M. Barney, Leander Marshal, Margaret L. Marshal, Alice P. Tanner, Elizabeth W. Longstreth, her bridesmaid; Samuel B. Brown, Ellen B. Brown, R. F. Irvin, Mary Clement Irvin, Kate R. Woodward, S. M. Garrett, D. H. Garrett, Anna Knight Barney, Ellen Brown Barney, Nellie Antrim Barney, George Kersner Barney, James Garrett, Hannah E. Garrett, Isaac P. Garrett, S. E. Garrett, E. R. Fackler, Roberta Boyd Fackler, John W. Davis, Juliet W. Davis, C. A. Hustan, Frances L. Husten, H. L. Warren, Mary Warren.

Mrs. Barney was born at Woodbury, New Jersey, April 2, 1819, died at Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, where she was visiting, December 27, 1905. She was the daughter of Joseph Knight, a tailor, and early settler of Woodbury, where he died March 17, 1882; he married, July 31, 1796, Edna Woolley, born in the same town, and had children: Hannah, born April 21, 1815, married John Austin; Charles W., born January 12, 1816; Elizabeth, November 14, 1817, died March 17, 1822; Anna P., married Mr. Barney, as aforesaid; Mary born December 26, 1820. Children of John Benjamin and Anna P. (Knight)

Barney: Edna Knight, born August 17, 1845, died March 18, 1874, married, 1868, Samuel Brown; George Karsner, of whom further; Margaret Levis, born August 15, 1863, married, April 21, 1882, Leander Marshall.

(V) George Karsner, only son of John Benjamin and Anna P. (Knight) Barney, was born in the home farm, "Brandywine View," Chadd's Ford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, November 20, 1851. He was educated in the private school kept by J. W. Ferry, on Locust street, Philadelphia, also the Shortledge School, Concordville, Delaware county, and has always resided on the old farm inherited from his father, situated in the historic Brandywine region at Chadd's Ford. The estate consists of 139 acres devoted to grain and pasturage, thirty cows being a part of the stock thereon maintained. The farm house, built in 1757, already mentioned, contains many souvenirs of the past, one of the most interesting being an old bottle covered with the shells of barnacles that adhered to it while lying in the salt water. Its history is given in the following copy of a framed letter in Mr. Barney's possession:

"This bottle was recovered from the British Sloop of War 'Mercury,' James Montgomery, commander, which was sunk in the North river seven miles from the city of New York, in the year 1777. When found it was full of wine and was first opened at Mr. John Barney's on the occasion of the naming of his son (John Benjamin) on the 31st day of January, 1822. The company having regaled themselves with the nectar of Neptune, the bottle was afterward refilled by Mr. Thomas Beaudy with his eight year old Madeira, and sealed with his seal. It is the desire of Mr. and Mrs. Barney to leave it with its contents a legacy to their son, the aforesaid J. B. Barney, to remain unopened till he attain the age of twenty-one years."

This was probably done, as, added to the above, is the following: "Reopened April 1, 1880; refilled with elderblossom wine three years old, made by Anna Barney," (his mother). March 25, 1880, was the wedding date of George Karsner Barney, who preserved it until April 1, 1880, the occasion of the celebration of the wedding reception. The portieres which hung in the old house one hundred years ago are still preserved. The dining room contains an immense fireplace, hung with a crane; the bricks of which the house, baking oven, boiler house, kitchen and woodsheds are built, are said to have been brought from England. A volume could be written concerning the many interesting features of the beautiful residence and its contents, the lifelong home of Mr. Barney.

Mr. Barney is a Republican in politics, and for twenty-one years has served as school director. In religious faith he is a Presbyterian while his wife is an Episcopalian. He married, March 25, 1880, Harrie May Adams, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Henry J. Morton, the same minister who had performed the marriage ceremony for her parents just forty years previously. She was born June 19, 1855, the only child to survive childhood of John Quincy and Henrietta Morton (Tanner) Adams, their only other child, Ellen, dying at the age of thirteen months. Their marriage certificate reads as follows:

"John Quincy Adams and Henrietta Tanner. I hereby certify that on the twenty-first day of September, 1841, I united in the bonds of Holy Matrimony, John Quincy Adams and Henrietta Tanner. In witness whereof I have set my hand and seal, Henry J. Morton, Rector of St. James Church, Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 21st, 1841. Benj. Tanner, Chas. Logus, John Tanner, B. Tanner Jr., witnesses."

John Quincy Adams, born in Grafton, Massachusetts, later a dry goods merchant of New York City, died at Vanderbilt Landing, Staten Island, August 19, 1870. He married, September 21, 1841, Henrietta Morton Tanner, born at No. 104 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, May 2, 1820, died June 16,

1878. Children of George Karsner and Harrie May (Adams) Barney: Anne Knight, born June 26, 1881, married, January 9, 1903, Harry Rainy Stevenson; Ellen Brown, born December 27, 1883; Nellie Antrim, born June 13, 1886; George Karsner Jr., born June 16, 1892.

Mrs. Barney traces her ancestry on the paternal side to Andrew Adams, who assisted in the establishment of American independence during the war of the revolution. He was born in Grafton, October 21, 1751, died August 25, 1841. He appears with rank of corporal on Lexington alarm roll of Captain Luke Drury's company, General Ward's regiment, which marched on the alarm of April 19th from Grafton. He was also on the pay roll of Captain Joseph Warren's company with rank of sergeant, August 21, 1777. He married Lucy Merriam, born December 30, 1755. Mrs. Barney traces her ancestry on the maternal side to an old and honored family of England, the first known member of which came to England with William the Conqueror. In the year 1725 Benjamin and John Tanner, brothers, came to this country from London, England, and settled near Jamaica, Long Island. John Tanner married, 1738, Ann Teibout, who left her native country, Holland, on account of her religion. Children: Benjamin, born 1739; John, mentioned below; Elizabeth, born 1743, married Samuel Welling; Ann (called Nancy); born 1745, married Thomas Welling; Mary, born 1747, married John Hinchman.

Captain John Tanner, son of John and Ann (Teibout) Tanner, born May 15, 1741, married Ann, born August 27, 1751, daughter of Abraham and Lydia Schenck, married, 1747, who were the parents of nine other children. Children of Captain and Mrs. Tanner: Benjamin, mentioned below; John, born July 27, 1776; Elsie Maria, born November 9, 1777, married John Ferguson, Esq., of New York; John Jay, born July 28, 1779, died in his twenty-second year, unmarried; Abraham, born August 25, 1783, married Hilah Conklin, October 28, 1809, in New York City; Elizabeth, born July 16, 1785, married in Philadelphia, William Darby, Esq.; Henry Schenck, born July 14, 1787, married, in Philadelphia, December 8, 1818, Mary Roberts. Captain John Tanner died January 14, 1794, aged fifty-three years and four months. The Schenck family are an old and honorable family of Amsterdam, Holland, the first member in this country coming at an early date. They were large factors in the building up of this country, and some of their descendants were owners of factories at Mattewan, Fishkill, New York, and there is also a branch of the family in North Carolina in the same business, who pronounce their name as if spelled Shenk.

Benjamin Tanner, son of Captain John and Ann (Schenck) Tanner, was born in New York City, March 27, 1775. He married, September 6, 1806, in Philadelphia, Mary Bieren, and their children are: Ann, born July 2, 1807; John, June 26, 1809, married, in Philadelphia, July 25, 1837, Elizabeth Lewis Barney; Mary, born March 21, 1811, married, in Baltimore, Maryland, April 10, 1849, William Darby, Esq.; Elizabeth, born February 18, 1813, died February 22, 1813; Henrietta Morton, born May 2, 1819, married John Quincy Adams, aforementioned as the parents of Harrie May (Adams) Barney; Elsie Ferguson, born November 7, 1820, died November 17, 1826; Benjamin Jr., born November 2, 1822, married, in Baltimore, Maryland, February 24, 1848, Mary E. Dryden; all these children were born in Philadelphia. The Bieren family, whose name is Bjorn, date back to the Norman chief Bjorn, who discovered the northern section of North America, in or about 1002. The main branch of his family removed to Sweden and settled in Stockholm and Upsala. Benjamin Tanner died November 14, 1848, aged seventy-three years, seven months, eighteen days, and his wife died April 24, 1827.

Another relative of Mrs. Barney is Louisa Ferguson, a second cousin, who married, June 26, 1829, Robert W. Weir, a portrait painter who was for many years the chief drawing master at the United States Military Academy at West Point, New York. One of his famous paintings is the "Landing of the Pilgrims," now hanging in the rotunda of the capitol at Washington City, for which many of the family posed in costume.

Captain Charles Benjamin Tanner, eldest son of Dr. John Tanner, of Washington, D. C., mentioned above as the eldest son of Benjamin Tanner, entered the service of his country in his nineteenth year as a private in Company E, First Regiment Delaware Volunteer Infantry, April 16, 1861; was mustered in as first corporal May 6, 1861; stationed on Bush river, Maryland, until August 6, 1861, when the regiment was mustered out owing to the time of service having expired. The regiment being reorganized, he re-entered as a private, August 7, 1861, and was mustered in as first sergeant of Company H, August 23, 1861; promoted to sergeant-major January 3, 1862, and to second lieutenant April 1, 1862. He was wounded at the battle of Antietam, September 17, 1862, and recommended for promotion for gallantry in assisting to rescue the regimental colors, which had fallen within a few feet of the rebel lines. He received promotion to the rank of first lieutenant, and was assigned to Company D, First Delaware Regiment, September 23, 1862. On September 10, 1863, he was discharged on account of wounds received in the battle of Gettysburg, July 2, 1863, and entered the service again as first lieutenant of Company H, 69th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, November 1, 1864. On November 8, 1864, he was appointed chief aide-de-camp, with the rank and pay of captain, to General Thomas A. Smyth, commanding Second Division, Second Army Corps. November 13, 1864, he was wounded in the right knee in front of Petersburg, Virginia, while advancing the skirmish line. November 18, 1864, he was offered the lieutenant-colonelcy of the 69th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers for gallant service in front of Petersburg, but preferred to remain on the staff, so this position was declined. February 10, 1865, he was recommended for brevet major for gallant services at the battle of Hatcher's Run, Virginia. April 7, 1865, General Thomas A. Smyth was mortally wounded at the battle of Farmville, Virginia, the last engagement of the war. His remains were brought to his home at Wilmington, Delaware, by his aide-de-camp Captain Tanner, who then joined the division at Washington, D. C., where the army was ordered to be mustered out. He resigned May 25, 1865, at the close of the war. Following is a list of some of the engagements in which he served: May 10, 1862, capture of Norfolk, Virginia; September 14, 1862, battle of South Mountain, Maryland; September 16-17, 1862, battle of Antietam, where he was wounded in the right arm; December 11-15, battle of Fredericksburg, Virginia; May 1-5, battle of Chancellorsville, Virginia, (Wilderness); July 1-4, 1863, battle of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, where he was wounded through the left arm; November 8, 1864, to April 3, 1865, battles and siege of Petersburg, Virginia; November 13, 1864, horse wounded under him; February 2-4, 1865, battle of Hatcher's Run, Virginia; February 5, 1865, battle of Dabney's Mills; February 26, 1865, battle of Plank Road, Virginia; March 25-29, series of engagements in moving around enemy's flank; March 30-31, battle of White Oak Road, Virginia, (temporarily with 20th Regiment Indiana Volunteers, the only regiment of Smyth's engaged); April 1, 1865, battle of the Forks, under General Sheridan, while carrying orders from General Smyth; April 6, 1865, battle of Sailor's Creek (joined with the 69th New York Regiment, being at Colonel Nugent's headquarters with letters from General Smyth); April 7, 1865, battle of Highbridge (early morning); April 7, 1865, battle of Farmville (noon), death of General Smyth, and close of the war; he

was also in seven minor engagements, denominated skirmishes: Suffolk Run, Valley of Virginia; Kelly's Ford, Rappahannock river; Uniontown, eight miles south of Gettysburg; Forest Run, on the route to Gettysburg; Appomattox river, three miles below High Bridge, Virginia; Southside railroad, two miles beyond High Bridge.

Captain John B. Tanner, brother of Captain Charles Benjamin Tanner, was also in the civil war, being captain in command of Company H, First Regiment Delaware Volunteers, a company he raised in Wilmington, Delaware.

The Harvey family is one of the oldest and most highly respected in this country, tracing back for several centuries, its members in the various generations having been actively and prominently identified with the development of the various communities in which they resided, and they have ever been noted for the sturdy worth and sterling characteristics which go to make up our best citizens and law-abiding and industrious men.

(I) William Harvey, the pioneer ancestor, was born 9 mo. 5, 1678, in Lyd, Worcestershire, England. He came to this country, settling in Pennsylvania in the year 1712, purchasing three hundred acres of land in Pennsbury township, Chester county, on the Brandywine, then known as Kennet, upon which he settled in 1715. The house he erected on this farm is yet pointed out as one of the best examples of farm architecture of that period. He was a malster by occupation. On shipboard he became acquainted with Peter Osborn and his wife, Judith, who were emigrating to America with their two children. Shortly after their arrival in Philadelphia Peter Osborn died, and on 6 mo. 12, 1714, Mr. Harvey married Judith, widow of Peter Osborn, who was born at Bilson, Staffordshire, England, 1683, died at the farm on Brandywine, 5 mo. 1, 1750. William Harvey died 6 mo. 20, 1754. He was a member of the Society of Friends in England, bringing a certificate from the Friends of Worcester, which was received by Philadelphia Monthly Meeting, 7 mo. 26, 1712. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey: Hannah, born 6 mo. 18, 1715, married Jacob Way; William, of whom further; Isaac, born 9 mo. 21, 1718, died 11 mo. 3, 1802, married Martha Newlin and settled in the south; Amos, born 10 mo. 3, 1721, married Keziah Wright; James, born 6 mo. 21, 1723, died 10 mo. 9, 1784.

(II) William (2), son of William (1) and Judith (Osborn) Harvey, was born in Pennsbury township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, 2 mo. 9, 1717, died there, 4 mo. 24, 1813, at the great and unusual age of ninety-six years. He was a farmer, and both he and his wife were members of the Society of Friends. He married Ann Evitt. Children: Judith, married Francis Lamborn; William, of whom further; Amos, born 4 mo. 7, 1749, died 4 mo. 15, 1825, married Hannah Pusey; Peter, born 10 mo. 20, 1751, died 9 mo. 13, 1824, married Jane Walter; Caleb, born 1756, died in infancy.

(III) William (3), son of William (2) and Ann (Evitt) Harvey, was born 6 mo. 3, 1744, at the home farm in Chester county, Pennsylvania. He followed the occupation of a farmer, and was one of the prosperous men of his day. He and his wife were members of the Society of Friends. He married (first) Susanna Pusey; (second) Mary Chandler. Among his children was Alban, of whom further.

(IV) Alban, son of William (3) and Mary (Chandler) Harvey, was born August 14, 1789. He married, November 22, 1810, Elizabeth, born May

11, 1791, daughter of William and Deborah (Darlington) Brinton; she died in Dilworthtown, in 1846. Among their children was Evans, of whom further.

(V) Evans, son of Alban and Elizabeth (Brinton) Harvey, was born in Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 12 mo. 11, 1813, there passed his entire life, and died October 8, 1871. He was educated in the public schools and at Bullock's School in Chester, Pennsylvania, and always followed the business of agriculture, giving his personal supervision to all the work and realizing a goodly profit therefrom. He was thoroughly respected in the community. He was a member and an elder in the Society of Friends, and in political faith a Whig, later a Republican. He erected a house on his farm, which was located on the east side of the Brandywine, to which he gave the name of "Peacedale." He married, April 5, 1837, Hannah G. Marsh, born 12 mo. 14, 1816, died 6 mo. 26, 1889, at Wilmington, Delaware, daughter of Dr. Rolph C. and Deborah (Hill) Marsh, of Concord township. Dr. Marsh was one of the earliest physicians in that section and had a practice extending for twenty miles around Concord township. He died at "Peacedale" in June, 1873. His wife, Deborah (Hill) Marsh, was born in Middletown, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and their old home is now the site of the Delaware county almshouse. Children of Evans and Hannah G. Harvey: 1. Elizabeth, born in 1839; married, January 21, 1858, Edward R. Gilpin and has issue. 2. Rolph M., born March 12, 1842; resides in Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; married, March 12, 1868, Anna, daughter of Ellis Pusey Marshall; children: Dr. Ellis M., Charles E., Bertram. 3. Alban, of whom further. 4. John M., born November 16, 1850; married (first) Mary Hanum, (second) Eliza Allen; he is now engaged in the drug business in Wilmington, Delaware.

(VI) Alban (2), son of Evans and Hannah G. (Marsh) Harvey, was born at "Peacedale," Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 8, 1845, and there spent his early life. He was educated at Shortlidges Academy, Concordville; at Friends Boarding School, Westtown; at Chester and Maplewood Institute. He grew up on the home farm and was made thoroughly conversant with the labors and duties incidental to that mode of life, and in his subsequent career demonstrated the value of his early training, being now the senior member of the well known firm of Alban Harvey & Sons. His first farm was located in Chester county, Pennsylvania, but since 1873 he has owned an estate of one hundred and seven acres at Brandywine Summit, Birmingham township, Delaware county, upon which he now resides. He has made a specialty of greenhouse and dairy farming, having been most successful in these lines of activity. So successful has Mr. Harvey been in greenhouse farming that he is now making an addition to the area under glass of an immense house, seventy-two by five hundred feet, one of, if not, the largest private greenhouses used for commercial purposes in the vicinity. His residence has been thoroughly remodeled and every convenience of a city home installed. Mr. Harvey is a Republican in politics, serving as road supervisor and school director for many years. In religious belief he is a Hicksite Friend.

Mr. Harvey married, May 21, 1868, Mary P. Marshall, born in Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 15, 1846, daughter of Thomas and Emily (Paxson) Marshall. Thomas Marshall was a direct descendant of John Marshall, of Elton, Derbyshire, England, who settled in Darby township, in 1687, the line of descent being as follows: Thomas Marshall, born 1694; Thomas Marshall, born 1727; Thomas Marshall, born 1756; Samuel Marshall, born 1789; Thomas Marshall, born October 26, 1818, died August 22, 1880. At his father's death the farm of two hundred and fifty acres

was divided equally between Thomas and his brother, Ellis Pusey Marshall, the latter taking the half on which the homestead stood, this being still owned in the family. Thomas Marshall married, December 15, 1841, Emily Paxson, of Abingdon. Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, born September 13, 1822; died May 23, 1907, leaving issue: Philena, born June 15, 1844, married, March 4, 1869, Charles Temple, of Concord; Mary P., wife of Alban Harvey. The records of the Harvey and Marshall families are to be found in the "Records of the Concord Monthly Meeting—Two Hundred and Twenty-fifth Anniversary." Children of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey: 1. Evans, of whom further. 2. Emily Paxson, born September, 1875, died in infancy. 3. Edmund Alban, of whom further.

(VII) Evans (2), eldest son of Alban (2) and Mary P. (Marshall) Harvey, was born in Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 18, 1871. He attended the schools of Maplewood and Concord, for two years, was a student at Swarthmore College, and later pursued a course in Pierce's Business College in Philadelphia. He purchased an adjoining farm to his father's, and the house contained thirteen rooms, and according to a tablet by the Delaware County Historical Society was built by George and Ruth Gilpin in the year 1754. The house was used by Lord Howe as his headquarters during the battle of Brandywine, and as a hospital for his wounded men after the battle, and is now occupied by Evans Harvey, son of Alban and Mary P. Harvey. He operated the farm successfully for some time, and when the firm of Alban Harvey & Sons was established he became a member of the same, this connection continuing to date. The firm owns and operates farms over two hundred acres in extent at Brandywine Summit. A considerable portion of this ground is under glass and devoted to the production and cultivation of cut flowers, and they also specialize in fine vegetables and mushrooms, producing large quantities. He is a director of the Charter National Bank of Media. He is a Republican in politics, taking an active interest in local affairs, and has served as school director for about fourteen years, and road supervisor of Lower Birmingham township, discharging his duties in an exemplary manner. He is a member of the Hick-site Friends, and a member of the Masonic fraternity. He married, October 19, 1892, Elizabeth C. Auld, born July 2, 1868, daughter of Charles and Mary S. Auld. One child, Mary E., born August 21, 1894, now a student at Swarthmore College.

(VII) Edmund Alban Harvey, youngest son of Alban (2) and Mary P. (Marshall) Harvey, was born at Brandywine Summit, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, November 21, 1880. After a course in the public schools of Birmingham township, and the West Chester Friends School, he entered the Swarthmore Preparatory School, from which he was graduated in 1896, completing his education at Swarthmore College, from which he graduated in the class of 1900. For two years after leaving college he filled a clerical position in the banking department of Peter Wright & Sons, of Philadelphia, but is now a member of the firm of which his father was the founder, Alban Harvey & Sons. Mr. Harvey's career is a demonstration of the old adage, "Blood will tell," for like his ancestors he has chosen the calling of bringing the products of the earth to the use and betterment of his fellowmen, instead of taking part in the eternal warfare of competition consequent on the mercantile life of the present day, and while he is still on the threshold of his life's career, there is no uncertainty as to what the future will bring to him and his, judging from the short period he has already been allowed in which to establish his position in the active business life of his epoch.

Mr. Harvey has found time to become interested in the various financial

institutions of his locality, and among those which have received the benefit of his counsel and connection therewith is the Kennett Trust Company of Kennett Square, Pennsylvania, of which he is a director. In political belief he favors the Republican party, but has never been an active politician, seeking for himself only the right of expressing his opinion through the medium of the ballot. He is a member of the historic Society of Friends. His clubs are the Delaware County Automobile Club, Philadelphia Florists' Club, American Carnation Society and the Society of American Florists. His lodge affiliation is with the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Harvey married, September 8, 1909, at Philadelphia, Gertrude Catherine Fleming; born in Philadelphia, September 8, 1885, daughter of Matthew and Elizabeth (Morrell-Raul) Fleming, her father being a prominent contractor and builder there. Mr. and Mrs. Fleming were the parents of the following children: Minnie Morrell; Ellen Brown, married John H. Ackeson; William deceased; Elizabeth Raul, married Horace Temple; Gertrude Catherine, aforementioned. Mrs. Harvey is a member of the Presbyterian church, and takes an active part in the younger social life of her home town.

Richard G. Webster, of Chester, Pennsylvania, descends from WEBSTER honorable old English stock that settled in America a hundred years before the revolutionary war. The immigrant progenitor of the family was Eza, or Enoch (the records are not quite clear as to his given name), who landed in Massachusetts, and whose numerous sons later strayed to the other colonies, particularly Pennsylvania. It is a noted name, and some of the greatest statesmen, scholars, instructors, writers and soldiers have come from the family to enrich the United States by their achievements, knowledge and wisdom. The Webster family of Pennsylvania have been farmers in the best sense of the word, with only an occasional member seeking other occupations. The immediate forbear of Richard G. Webster was William Webster, of whom further.

William Webster was born about 1740, in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was reared on the Webster homestead and educated in the district schools of the day. He was a man of prominence in the religious, social, commercial and political life of his community. He married (first) Miss Sharpless, (second) Agnes Yarnell. Children by first marriage: 1. Mary, married William Smeadly, of Delaware county. 2. Lydia, married George Smeadly, of Middletown township. 3. Sarah, married Abram Pennell, of Middletown township. Children by second marriage: 4. Phoebe, born in 1813, now one hundred years old (1913), lives in Waterville, Pennsylvania, widow of Thomas Y. Hutton. 5. William, of whom further. 6. Caleb, married Hannah Morgan; lives in Middletown township. 7. Ruth, died aged thirty.

William (2), son of William (1) and Agnes (Yarnell) Webster, was born on the Webster homestead in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1816, and died in the same county, October 4, 1891, aged seventy-five years. He was reared in the free life of his father's farm, attending the district schools. Reaching adult age he chose farming as his life occupation, and continued it successfully until he retired and purchased a home in Media, Delaware county, in 1885. He was a man of great force of character and determination, and by close attention to his land and application of modern methods he succeeded in accumulating a handsome estate, which has been divided among his heirs. He married (first) Elizabeth Larkin, born in 1816, died March 22, 1877, aged sixty-one; (second) Catherine Scarlett, died in

1899, widow of James Scarlett. Children, all by first marriage: 1. Hannah, born February 23, 1840, died May 20, 1908; married Samuel Moore, of Middletown township, who died in Philadelphia; no children. 2. Sarah L., married Joseph Warren Jones, November 7, 1867; two children: Elizabeth W., deceased, married Ellis B. Barker, Jane P., died of diphtheria, February 15, 1884. 3. Nathan, born February 22, 1844, died March 24, 1844. 4. Rebecca, born December 18, 1845, died October 30, 1847. 5. Edward, born April 16, 1847, died 1890; married Emma England; one son, Lawrence. 6. Ruthanna, born February 24, 1849, died April 17, 1880; married Samuel Moore, of Chester county, Pennsylvania; three daughters. 7. William, born March 6, 1851; lives in Philadelphia; married Dora Cynthia Kester; two children. 8. Pennell W., born August 9, 1853; lives in Media, Pennsylvania; married Mary W. Yarnell; two children. 9. Owen Y., born February 26, 1855, died in 1908; a farmer in Middletown township; married Clara England; children: Agnes, Evelina, Englaud (deceased), Mildred. 10. Elizabeth, makes home with her sister, Mrs. J. W. Jones. 11. Richard G., of whom further.

Richard G. Webster, son of William (2) and Elizabeth (Larkin) Webster, was born on the old Webster homestead in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 23, 1861. He received his preparatory education in the township schools and in 1876-77 attended the Westtown boarding school. He returned home and was engaged in farm work with his father until 1885, and on the retirement of the latter he accompanied him to Media. He entered the Veterinary Department of the State University, and on graduation located in Media, Pennsylvania; in 1895 he moved to Salem, New Jersey, remaining there five years, during which time he established himself in a lucrative practice. At the expiration of that time he went to Chester, Pennsylvania, where he has built up a flourishing business. From 1888 until 1895 Mr. Webster had charge of the stock of the Williamson Industrial School, also that of the Delaware county farm, as well as that of the Burn Brae Hospital, the Swarthmore College and other large private and public stables. In 1888 he was appointed veterinary inspector of Pennsylvania district by D. E. Solomon, chief of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry of Delaware and Philadelphia counties. He had charge of George Abbott's stable for four years, making a record for himself in his scientific care of the health of the stock. He is one of the best known of the locally prominent men of his county, and enjoys the esteem, respect and confidence of his fellow citizens. He is a Republican in politics, but has never held a political office, being too deeply immersed in his personal business. He was president and a member of the Keystone Veterinary Medical Association of Pennsylvania in 1890, and second vice-president of the State of Pennsylvania Veterinary Association, and belongs to the other veterinary associations in the United States. Both he and his wife are members of the Friends' Congregation. They reside at the corner of Tenth and Keslin streets, Chester. He married, December 1, 1887, Annie H. Hutton, of Chester, Pennsylvania, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Johnson) Hutton. Children: 1. Laura, died August, 1889. 2. Edith, born July 13, 1890, died January, 1896. 3. Willa May, born September 27, 1892. 4. Marian, born April 1, 1894. 5. Richard G. Jr., born July 12, 1905.

William Hutton, father of Mrs. Richard G. Webster, was a native of Waterville, Pennsylvania. He devoted the best years of his life to milling, whereby he amassed a handsome estate. He retired years ago and now makes his home with his son, Lawrence, in Chester, Pennsylvania. He married Elizabeth Johnson, of Concord, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Deborah, born in 1864; married William Russell, of Chester county, Pennsylvania; children: Mary, Susie, Jennie, Emma, Arthur, Sadie, Ella. 2. Sallie,

born in 1866; married Frank Chandler, of Booths Corner, Delaware county, a butcher; children: John, William, Frank, Albert, Sarah, Mary, Emma, Annie. 3. Annie H., married Richard G. Webster (see Webster). 4. Minnie, born May 17, 1870, died May 17, 1908; married Robert McMillan, who died in 1900; children: Minnie, Robert, Lawrence, Elizabeth, William. 5. Lillie, born March, 1872, died in 1897; married Horace Goodly, a farmer, in Chester; children: Tillie and May. 6. William, born May 5, 1874; a butcher and farmer; married Annie Booth; children: Elizabeth, James, Marian. 7. George F., born December, 1877; a butcher and farmer; married Clara Booth; children: Arthur, Elizabeth, Clara. 8. Lawrence, born February, 1888; farmer in Chester, Pennsylvania; married Rhoda Lanhead.

The Hall family of Chester, Pennsylvania, herein recorded, HALL descend from Colonel David Hall, born in Lewes, Sussex county, Delaware, a lawyer by profession, who at the time of joining the revolutionary army, was practicing at Lewes, then the county seat of Sussex county. He was quite young when he entered the army, but rose to the rank of colonel, commanding the justly celebrated "Delaware Regiment." His commission as colonel was dated April 5, 1777, although he had seen previous service in Colonel Haslet's regiment of Delaware troops. He led his regiment at the battle of Germantown, and was so severely wounded that he never again rejoined his regiment. He was elected governor of Delaware in 1802. He died in 1818, leaving issue, many descendants yet being found in Sussex and Kent counties, Delaware.

The line of descent from Colonel David Hall is through his son, David (2) Hall, born October 13, 1784. He married Elizabeth French and settled in Kent county, Delaware.

Israel Hall, son of David (2) Hall, was born August 3, 1808, died in Townsend, Delaware, in 1882. He was a farmer and a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married a Miss Cordery, of Kent county, Delaware, and had issue: 1. Willard, never married. 2. John, died in service during the civil war. 3. Israel, never married, a veteran of the civil war. 4. Edward, never married. 5. James, of whom further. 6. William N., a farmer; resides near Wilmington, Delaware; married Sarah Boggs, who bore him three children: Alonzo, William, George. 7. Alice. 8. Molly, married William Daniels and they have two children: Annie and Lillian. 9. Sarah, resides in Chester, Pennsylvania; unmarried. 10. George, resides in Elizabethport, New Jersey; married a Miss Slawter, and they have five children: May, Nina, Claude, Roland, George. 11. Margaret, married John Rolph and they have three children: Jesse, Marguerite, Virgil; they reside in Wilmington, Delaware.

James Hall, son of Israel Hall, was born at Delaware-Hale, Delaware, in 1837, died in Smyrna, Delaware, in May, 1889. He was a farmer by occupation. He served under two enlistments in the civil war and received at the expiration of both terms honorable discharges from the service. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Republican in politics. He married Sarah A. Richardson, born in Delaware, October 28, 1846, who survives him, residing at Tenth and Upland streets, Chester. Children: 1. William, deceased. 2. Elizabeth, deceased. 3. Jennie, deceased. 4. John David, of whom further. 5. William Harvey, married Emma Smith; resides in Chester. 6. Israel, married Mattie McBride; resides in Chester. 7. Spruame, married Margaret Crowther; resides in Chester. 8. Edgar, married Mary Cairns; resides in Wilmington, Delaware. 9. Fannie, married Howard Bowen;

resides in Conemaugh, Pennsylvania. 10. George, married Elsie Solomon; resides in Chester.

John David Hall, son of James and Sarah A. (Richardson) Hall, was born in Smyrna, Delaware, September 10, 1867. He was educated in the public schools. Until 1886 he was engaged in farming, and in November of that year he moved to Chester, entering the employ of the Eddystone Print Works, later becoming a foreman, a position he now holds. He is a member of the Independent Order of Mechanics, and is a member and usher in the Madison Street Methodist Episcopal church. He married, March 4, 1888, Harriet Ann (Lecture) Hagele, born in Philadelphia, August 7, 1867, widow of John Hagele, who died August 24, 1886; they were married in Philadelphia, December 24, 1884, and had one child, Irene, born in Philadelphia, January 18, 1886, married, October 20, 1906, George Ferguson, and resides in Chester. Children of John David and Harriet Ann Hall: 1. J. Kenneth, of whom further. 2. Annie, born February 22, 1892, in Eddystone, Pennsylvania; married John Hager; resides in Chester. 3. Harvey, born March 18, 1895. 4. Percy; born February 25, 1900. 6. Ethel, born May 17, 1905.

J. Kenneth Hall, son of John David and Harriet Ann (Lecture-Hagele) Hall, was born in Eddystone, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1889. He attended the public schools of Chester until he was thirteen years of age, then after a short career as a newsboy, entered the employ of the Eddystone Print Works, where he learned the art of printing. Later he worked at his trade in Philadelphia and Wilmington, obtaining valuable experience. In October, 1909, he formed a partnership with Harry Pendleton and started in business at No. 910 Morton avenue, Chester, their plant consisting of one small press. They were successful from the beginning, and for two years continued as partners. Mr. Hall then purchased his partner's interest and has since conducted a flourishing business alone. On May 21, 1912, the business had grown to such proportions that he rented the entire second floor at No. 534 Market street, Chester, and installed a plant valued at several thousand dollars. His rise has been rapid, and from the one press plant of 1909 to the complete equipment of the present time (1913) has been a success, only accounted for by untiring energy and the best business management. He is master of his business from a technical or mechanical standpoint, and possesses a rare executive ability that has placed him in the front rank among the younger business men of Chester. He is a member of Chester Council, No. 36, Order of Independent Americans; Washington Camp, No. 281, Patriotic Order Sons of America. Both he and his wife are communicants of the Madison Street Methodist Episcopal Church.

He married, July 25, 1910, in New Holland, Pennsylvania, Eva D. Bernard, born in Coatesville, Pennsylvania, October 6, 1887, daughter of Nelson G. and Hannah Bernard. Children: 1. Charles K., born in Chester, February 17, 1912. 2. An infant, yet unnamed.

Harriet Ann (Lecture-Hagele) Hall, mother of J. Kenneth Hall, is a daughter of William S. Lecture, born January 5, 1812, in Philadelphia, died there January 5, 1879. He was a carpenter and builder, following his trade for many years in Petersburg, Virginia, and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He married Georgeanna Weaver, born December 25, 1846, who survives him, and who married a second husband. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Lecture, born in Philadelphia: 1. Harriet Ann, wife of John David Hall (see Hall). 2. Anna Irene, born February 3, 1869; married John Pendleton, born in England, now residing in Chester. 3. Elizabeth, born December 27, 1870; married Albert B. Collier, of Philadelphia. Georgeanna (Weaver) Lecture married (second) Samuel M. Krauser, who died October, 1912; he was a native of Downingtown.

Pennsylvania, and in his younger years a lawyer. She also survives her second husband, and is now a resident of Philadelphia. Children by her second husband: Guy D., married Fannie Warner; Henrietta, married Harry Kirby. Georgeanna is a daughter of George Pierce Weaver, born in Philadelphia in 1817, died there in 1878. He was a captain of police in Philadelphia for several years. He married Rachel Morton, born in Philadelphia in 1819, died there in 1855. She was a great-granddaughter of John Morton, a signer of the declaration of independence. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Weaver: Georgeanna, of previous mention; John, a veteran of the civil war, now a resident of the Soldier's Home at Hampton Roads, Virginia, and with his sister, Georgeanna, the only survivors of their family; Emma; Charles; Frances; Sinetta.

SHARPLESS This name was spelled by its first owner in Pennsylvania, Sharples, but in after years, Sharpless has been universally used. The family is one of the oldest in what is now

Delaware county and from the first settlement they have been loyal and devout members of the Society of Friends. For substantial worth and uprightness, they have long been noted, later generations holding to the faith and example bequeathed them by their forbears. The founder of the family in Pennsylvania was John Sharples, baptized at Wybunbury, Cheshire, England, August 15, 1624, died 4 mo. 11, 1685, near Chester, Pennsylvania. In England he was a tenant of Sir Thomas Delves and left his native country to take possession of land in Pennsylvania, which he had received from William Penn by grant of April 5, 1682. The grant covered territory in Nether Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. At the time of his departure from England he did not dispose of all his home property, lest he be dissatisfied with the New World and should desire to return home. He married 4 mo. (April) 27, 1662, Jane E. Moor, born 1638, died near Chester, Pennsylvania, 9 mo. 1, 1722. Children: 1. Phoebe, born at Mearemore, 10 mo. 20, 1663, died near Chester, Pennsylvania, 4 mo. 2, 1685. 2. John, of whom further. 3. Thomas, born at Hatherton, England, 11 mo. 2, 1668, died at sea 5 mo. 17, 1682. 4. James, born at Hatherton, England, 1 mo. 5, 1670, married (first) Mary Edge, (second) Mary Lewis. 5. Caleb, born at Hatherton, England, 2 mo. 22, 1673, died near Chester, Pennsylvania, 7 mo. 17, 1686, from the bite of a snake. 6. Jane, born at Hatherton, England, 6 mo. 13, 1676, died near Chester, Pennsylvania, 3 mo. 28, 1685. 7. Joseph, born at Hatherton, England, 9 mo. 28, 1678, married Lydia Lewis.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Jane E. (Moor) Sharples, was born at Blakenhall, Cheshire, England, 11 mo. 16, 1666, died near Chester, Pennsylvania, 7 mo. 9, 1747. He married, 9 mo. 23, 1692, at a meeting at John Bowater's house in Middletown township, Chester (now Delaware) county, Pennsylvania, Hannah Pennell, born 7 mo. 23, 1673, died 10 mo. 31, 1721. Children: 1. Caleb, born 7 mo. 27, 1693, died 2 mo. 29, 1720. 2. Jane, born 12 mo. 24, 1695, died 6 mo. 29, 1725, married George Smedley. 3. Hannah, born 8 mo. 5, 1697, died 10 mo. 17, 1780; married Henry Howard. 4. John, born 8 mo. 16, 1699, died 8 mo. 17, 1769; married (first) Mary Key, (second) Elizabeth Ashbridge. 5. Phoebe, born 11 mo. 9, 1701, died 3 mo. 29, 1772, married Benjamin Hibberd. 6. Rebecca, born 12 mo. 17, 1703, died 9 mo. 30, 1727. 7. Margaret, born 4 mo. 21, 1706, died 9 mo. 2 (or 28), 1727. 8. Ann, born 6 mo. 23, 1708, died 8 mo. 22, 1786; married Samuel Bond. 9. Daniel, of whom further.

(III) Daniel, youngest child of John (2) and Hannah (Pennell) Sharples, was born at Ridley, Pennsylvania, 12 mo. 24, 1710, died there 8 mo. 17,

1775. He married, 2 mo. 15, 1736, at Springfield Meeting, Sarah Coppock, born 7 mo. 22, 1712, died 11 mo. 30, 1797, daughter of Bartholomew and Phoebe (Massey) Coppock. Children: 1. Thomas, born 8 mo. 29, 1738, died 1797; married Martha Preston. 2. Rebecca, born 10 mo. 22, 1740, died 2 mo. 3, 1796; married John Eyre. 3. Phoebe, born 6 mo. 11, 1744, died 7 mo. 30, 1746. 4. Abigail, born 9 mo. 29, 1746, died 10 mo. 5, 1818; married Solomon Mercer. 5. Daniel (2), of whom further.

(IV) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) and Sarah (Coppock) Sharples, was born in Ridley, Pennsylvania, 4 mo. 12, 1751, died 6 mo. 20, 1816. He was a conspicuous figure in the Society of Friends and was appointed overseer of Friends Meeting in Chester, Pennsylvania, 12 mo. 30, 1776, being made elder 5 mo. 31, 1784. He married (first) 11 mo. 22, 1775, at Newtown Meeting, Hannah Thomas, born 10 mo. 31, 1751, died 9 mo. 22, 1785, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Townsend) Thomas, of Willistown; (second) 11 mo. 20, 1788, at Chichester Meeting, Sarah Reynolds, born 12 mo. 15, 1758, died 9 mo. 29, 1842, daughter of Henry and Sarah Reynolds, of Upper Chichester township, Pennsylvania. Children of Daniel (2) and Hannah (Thomas) Sharples: 1. Isaac, born 4 mo. 10, 1777, died 1 mo. 17, 1866, married Elizabeth Larkin. 2. John, of whom further. 3. Enos, born 3 mo. 1, 1781, died 5 mo. 9, 1866; married (first) Beulah Martin, (second) Hannah Webster. 4. Sarah, born 4 mo. 17, 1783, died 1798. 5. Daniel, born 8 mo. 23, 1785, died soon after his mother. Children of Daniel (2) Sharples by his second wife, Sarah (Reynolds) Sharples: 6. Henry, born 11 mo. 11, 1790, died 11 mo. 19, 1853; married Anne Mendenhall. 7. Beulah, born 4 mo. 19, 1793, died 3 mo. 10, 1871; married William Thatcher. 8. Hannah, born 7 mo. 7, 1796, died 11 mo. 28, 1841; married John Mendenhall.

(V) John Sharpless, second son and child of Daniel (2) and Hannah (Thomas) Sharples, was born 9 mo. 31, 1778, died 3 mo. 12, 1854. He after his marriage lived on the northern section of his father's farm, in a house he later inherited by the terms of his father's will, together with ninety acres of land. In 1826 he purchased at sheriff's sale the adjoining homestead of Ellis Roberts, and of his father, Reuben Roberts. On 4 mo. 29, 1816, he was appointed overseer of Chester Meeting, a position he retained for several years. He married, 10 mo. 13, 1803, at Chichester Meeting, Ruth Martin, born 10 mo. 17, 1780, died 1 mo. 17, 1878, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Reynolds) Martin, of Upper Chichester, a niece of his stepmother. Children of John and Ruth (Martin) Sharpless: 1. Sarah, born 8 mo. 21, 1804, died 3 mo. 12, 1872; married Thomas Chalkley Palmer. 2. Elizabeth, born 10 mo. 24, 1806, died 2 mo. 21, 1885; married James Pennell. 3. George, of whom further. 4. Lydia, born 1 mo. 2, 1812, died 9 mo. 12, 1898; married Stephen M. Trimble. 5. Sidney, born 9 mo. 17, 1814; married Haydock Garrigues. 6. Abigail, born 3 mo. 7, 1817, died 9 mo. 15, 1823. 7. Beulah, born 5 mo. 5, 1820; married Isaac Leeds. 8. Lewis, born 9 mo. 22, 1822, died 4 mo. 8, 1823. 9. John, born 1 mo. 25, 1824, died 11 mo. 22, 1885; married Susan H. Pratt. 10. Jane, born 11 mo. 28, 1826; married Charles L. Warner.

(VI) George, son of John and Ruth (Martin) Sharpless, was born 3 mo. 1 day, 1809, in Nether Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, died 6 mo. 22, 1896. He obtained an education in the public schools and later improved this greatly by studying alone. At times his services were greatly in demand for survey, a profession of which he had considerable knowledge. In partnership with his son, Charles, he held an interest in a steam flour mill in Chester for several years. His interest in public affairs was deep and unflagging, and as a Republican he held the office of supervisor for thirty



Hannah L. Sharpless

years; also being one of the school directors. Religious affairs, too, occupied much of his attention and he was one of the most earnest workers of the orthodox branch of the Friends Meeting at Twenty-fourth and Chestnut streets, Chester, Pennsylvania. In 1839 he erected a stone house upon the property originally granted by Penn, and supervised many other improvements, which greatly enhanced the value of the estate as well as improving its appearance.

He married, 5 mo. 9, 1832, at Concord Meeting, Hannah Larkin, born at Concord, 8 mo. 5, 1809, died 1 mo. 10, 1892, daughter of John and Martha (Thomas) Larkin, of Concord, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Charles, born 3 mo. 14, 1833, died 11 mo. 23, 1896; a miller of Chester, Pennsylvania; married, 4 mo. 25, 1861, Hannah Hannum. 2. Thomas, born 8 mo. 5, 1834, a retired carpenter; married 2 mo. 26, 1862, Cornelia E. Fennimore, and lives in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 3. Lewis, born 12 mo. 1836, died 12 mo. 21, 1898, a machinist; married, 12 mo. 25, 1861, Jane E. Burk. 4. Nathan, born 10 mo. 22, 1838, a carpenter; married, 8 mo. 17, 1864, Elizabeth D. Tomlinson, and lives in Chester, Pennsylvania. 5. Enos, born 9 mo. 1, 1840, died 12 mo. 1, 1840. 6. Martha S., born 9 mo. 8, 1842; married Aaron Harford Cooper, a farmer of Nether Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. 7. William, born 6 mo. 28, 1844, died 6 mo. 14, 1912, a farmer; he was a Republican and held the offices of road commissioner and supervisor. 8. Ruth Anna, born 5 mo. 1, 1847. She and her brother, William, always lived at home and cared for their parents until death. They sold the old homestead and bought the home in Brookhaven, Chester township, Delaware county, into which they moved 4 mo. 2, 1912, and her brother died two months later; Miss Sharpless resides there in the midst of her many friends. She is a member of the Society of Friends and very active in religious work. 9. George, born 1 mo. 17, 1849, died 8 mo. 23, 1850.

A descendant of the emigrant, John Sharpless, of Chester, England, Pennock E. Sharpless is of the seventh generation of his family in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. The emigrants, John and Jane (Moor) Sharpless, had seven children, of whom Joseph was the youngest.

Joseph Sharpless, son of John Sharpless, was born at Hankelow, Cheshire, England, 9 mo. 28, 1678. He married in Haverford Monthly Meeting, Lydia Lewis. He died in Middletown, Chester, (now Delaware) county, Pennsylvania, in the spring of 1757. Of his ten children, Samuel was the fourth.

Samuel Sharpless, son of Joseph Sharpless, was born in Nether Providence township, Delaware county, 12 mo. 7, 1710-1711, died in Middletown, 11 mo. 24, 1790. He married at Concord Meeting, Jane Newlin. Of their twelve children, Joel was the youngest.

Joel Sharpless, son of Samuel Sharpless, was born in Middletown, Delaware county, 11 mo. 28, 1760, died there 9 mo. 25, 1795. He married at East Caln Meeting, Hannah Mendenhall; of their four children, Samuel was the eldest.

Samuel (2) Sharpless, son of Joel Sharpless, was born at Middletown, 11 mo. 14, 1785, died at Edgmont, 11 mo. 21, 1866, by being thrown from his horse. He was a carpenter and farmer. He inherited the homestead from his father, that later was the residence of his son, Joel, part of a tract his grandfather, Samuel Sharpless, bought from Thomas Grisell. He married, 1, 5, 1807, in Philadelphia, Ruth Iddings; of his twelve children, William was the fifth.

William Sharpless, son of Samuel (2) Sharpless, was born 2, 25, 1816.

died at Tough Kenamon, Chester county, 10-12-1886. He bought a part of the homestead from his father, but afterward sold it to his brother, Joel. He married, 10-12-1837, Sarah Ann Yarnall, born 4-12-1812, died 11-10-1876, daughter of James and Sarah Yarnall, of Middletown. Children: Joseph Townsend, died young; Sarah, married Joseph Haines Pyle; Enos, married Ellen Wood; Emma, married Edmond Scott; William, married Sarah E. Harford; Pennock E.

Pennock E. Sharpless, son of William and Sarah Ann (Yarnall) Sharpless, was born 5-15-1852, in Middletown, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the public schools, finishing his studies and graduating from West Chester High School. He then returned to the home farm where he remained his father's assistant until of legal age. In 1873 he began dairying, making a specialty of high grade butter, his production of fifty pounds weekly being taken by private customers in Philadelphia. His success in this small way induced him to go into the business more extensively, and in 1876 he erected and placed in operation the first creamery known in the state of Pennsylvania. When he began business at the creamery, the milk was placed in pans and the cream removed by hand skimming, but this practice Mr. Sharpless soon relegated to the rear, installing at the creamery the "Danish Western," the first imported separator that is known to have been used in the United States. In 1882 he moved his business to the village of Concordville, where he purchased the creamery plant of the Farmer's Association. His business grew to such proportions that in 1902 he organized a corporation. This company has seven branch creameries in Delaware and Chester counties, handling about one hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds of milk daily. An important department of the business is that of evaporated milk, and still another is the manufacture of fancy soft cheese, about one thousand three pound boxes being the daily output. So far as known this is the only creamery plant in the state, making a fancy soft cheese. The product of the Sharpless creameries is of high grade and it is known throughout the trade that their trade-mark is above suspicion.

Mr. Sharpless married, in July, 1854, Phoebe Ann, daughter of Wayne Bishop. Children: Percival, born August 25, 1875; Albert, August 10, 1877; Casper P., November 17, 1878. The family home is at Concordville, Delaware county.

James Turner Springfield, who made a brilliant record as a member of the police force, of which he was a member for many years, now enjoying a pension for his services, and who at the present time (1914) is greatly interested in expert gardening near Drexel Hill, is a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, born October 31, 1859, son of Maurice and Ann (Turner) Springfield.

(I) James Springfield, grandfather of James T. Springfield, was a native of France, from which country he went to England, where he married a Welsh woman, Miss Biddle, who accompanied him to the United States, they locating in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in which city Mr. Springfield died. He was a shoemaker by trade, which line of work he followed both in England and this country. He reared a large family, four of whom are living at the present time (1914): Robert, William and Rogers, all of whom are living retired in Philadelphia, and Belle, who married Charles Emersel.

(II) Maurice Springfield, father of James T. Springfield, was born in Manchester, England, 1835, died February 18, 1898. In early life he learned the trade of shoemaker, becoming an expert worker, and in young manhood

conducted a retail shoe store for a number of years, which was a successful undertaking. He then entered the United States Custom service at Philadelphia, continuing for a quarter of a century, this long tenure of office testifying to his capability and faithful performance of duty. He and his wife were members of the Episcopal church. He married Ann Turner, born in Bolton, near Manchester, England, 1839, died in Philadelphia, 1889, daughter of James and ——— (Fielding) Turner, the former of whom came to this country from England, locating in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he died. He was an ardent Episcopalian, and for a number of years took a leading part in the church choir. Mrs. Turner died when her daughter, Ann, was a baby, and the latter was reared by Mr. and Mrs. Bromley, of Philadelphia. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Springfield: 1. James Turner, of whom further. 2. John, a retired foreman; resides in Philadelphia. 3. Maurice, a moulder by trade; resides in Philadelphia. 4. Lizzie, married James Pusey, now deceased. 5. William, employed by the Pennsylvania Traction Company. 6. Anna, married Harry Clemson. 7. Henry, an engineer on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

(III) James T. Springfield obtained his education in the public school located at the corner of Fortieth street and Lancaster avenue, Philadelphia. At the age of fifteen he went to Iowa and lived on a farm with his uncle, William Turner Bromley, but later returned to his home in Philadelphia. On February 28, 1885, he joined the Philadelphia police force, being attached to the Sixteenth District Station, located at the corner of Thirty-ninth street and Lancaster avenue. He remained there for ten years, performing efficient work, meriting the approval and approbation of his superior officers. He then became connected with the harbor police force, being placed in the Schuylkill Harbor boat, serving for thirteen years, during which time he often risked his life in saving others from danger, being well rewarded by the consciousness of work faithfully performed. In November, 1908, he was placed on the retired list and since then has received a pension. He then purchased the Hillside farm in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, near Drexel Hill, to which he removed in the spring of 1909, and during the intervening years he has devoted his attention to gardening, in which he has become an expert, and which has also proven successful from a financial standpoint. He gives his hearty support to all enterprises for the good of the community, is popular among his neighbors, and is respected for his honorable character and energetic nature. He is a Baptist in religion, and a Republican in politics.

Mr. Springfield married, October 28, 1891, Mary Albina Potter, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1868, daughter of John E. and Margaret Ann (Hoffman) Potter. Children: Roy Potter, born August 28, 1893; J. Turner, December 8, 1895; Edgar C., May 28, 1901. John E. Potter was born in Philadelphia, being the only child of his parents, who were residents of Philadelphia, to attain adult years. He was a stage carpenter during the early years of his life, but his health failed and he was obliged to seek other employment, and accordingly he opened a cigar store at No. 640 Thirty-seventh street, Philadelphia, which he conducted for thirty years. He was one of the company who enlisted his service for three months at the first call for men to defend their country in the civil war. He and his wife were members of the Lutheran church. She was born at Balla Station, Pennsylvania, and is now living with her daughter, Mrs. Springfield. She has one other daughter, Anne, wife of J. C. McGonigal. Mrs. Potter is the daughter of John and Ann (Price) Hoffman, both natives of Philadelphia. The maiden name of the mother of Ann (Price) Hoffman was Morton, and her grandfather, John Morton, was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

The Grisdale family of Clifton Heights, Delaware county, GRISDALE Pennsylvania, are of English origin, England having been the home of the family for many generations. The first of the name of whom authentic record can be found, is John Grisdale, a weaver of England. He married Mary ———, also of English birth: Children: John, of whom further; infant, died unnamed; infant died unnamed; Jonathan, Thomas, Mary Ann, Elizabeth.

John (2) Grisdale, son of John (1) and Mary Grisdale, was born in Bolton, Laughan, England, December 22, 1836. He was educated in the common schools of his native country, and obtained his first employment in a cotton mill. His rise in the business was rapid, and when only twenty-two years of age he was promoted to the position of manager. In 1863 he immigrated to the United States and worked for two years at the machinists trade, later serving an apprenticeship and learning the trade of a mason and bricklayer. In 1883 he retired from active labor and has since lived a quiet life of ease. The old school house of Clifton Heights was erected upon land sold by him to the borough. He has held several prominent political positions in the borough, having been a member of the council for eight years and for two years was treasurer. When the local fire department was organized he was one of the charter members and contributed his most earnest efforts to raising it to its present high plane of efficiency. He is at present inspector for the borough. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

He married, November 20, 1861, Catherine Taylor, a native of England, who came to America in 1863. Children: Infant died unnamed; Mary Alice, deceased; Sarah Jane; Elizabeth Ann, a trained nurse, born October 23, 1868; she is president of the Women's Club and a strong advocate of woman's political equality; she is the present efficient treasurer of the borough poor fund and active in promoting all good causes.

The Gettz family of Pennsylvania has been closely identified with GETTZ the agricultural and horticultural interests of the state since their first appearance in it shortly after the revolutionary period.

(I) George Gettz, the first of whom we have record in this country, emigrated to the United States in the latter part of the eighteenth century from Germany, and brought with him the habits of thrift and industry which characterize the Germans, and transmitted them to his descendants. He located in the southern part of Philadelphia where he followed truck farming. There he purchased a small farm, which he cultivated to its fullest extent. He set out many fruit trees and had two houses erected on this land. He was a member of the Lutheran church, and died at the same time as one of his sons, about the year 1840. He married Catherine Bruner and became the father of seven or eight children.

(II) George, son of George and Catherine (Bruner) Gettz, was born on the homestead farm which he later inherited. For a time he rented a small farm on Bucks road, then removed to Fifth and Morris streets, and returned to Bucks road, near Eleventh street. During the war of 1812 he was in active service, and he affiliated with the Whig party; upon the formation of the Republican party he gave his political adherence to that organization. He and his wife were members of the Lutheran church. He married Margaret, daughter of Jacob and ——— (Librain) Westeburger, both of German descent, and who lived on a large tract of land which they owned on Point Breeze avenue, and which he cultivated; he also owned a number of smaller farms and was a

man of considerable wealth. They had nine children all of whom are now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Gettz had children: Charles Washington, see forward; George, died in Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Francis, died in Bucks Road; Elizabeth, also now deceased, married Benjamin Hunter; Edward, died in Philadelphia; Margaret, married the Rev. S. A. K. Francis, and lives in Philadelphia; two others died in early youth.

(III) Charles Washington, son of George and Margaret (Westenburger) Gettz, was born in South Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1829. He was the recipient of an excellent education which was acquired in private schools, and upon its completion, engaged in farming on his father's place. Later he rented from his mother a farm of fourteen acres, and cultivated this as a truck farm. About 1877 he removed to Haverford township and there purchased a plot of eighteen and one-half acres, at four hundred and fifty dollars per acre. He erected a fine, well built house on this land, made many improvements upon it, and is now considered as one of the oldest truck farmers in the township. He raises all kinds of garden truck, both of the older and the more modern variety. He was one of the organizers of the Trinity Lutheran Church, and he and his wife are still members of it. He has been a member of the church council, and for a period of thirteen years he was superintendent of the Sunday school. He has helped in many ways to organize other Sunday schools, and it is due directly to his influence that the attendance is as large as it is. In political opinion he is a Republican, and has served as a member of the school board and also as assistant assessor. He has always taken an active part when projects were discussed which appeared to be for the general good of the community. He was a member of the committees which had charge of the construction of good roads, and the general improvements, and much credit for these improvements is due to him personally for the good results achieved.

Mr. Gettz married (first) February 1, 1852, Maria Field, and they had children: George Charles, is a farmer living near Lancaster, Pennsylvania; David, see forward; Herbert Winfield, see forward; Luther, married Phoebe Free, died in 1885. Mr. Gettz married (second) December 10, 1866, Sarah R. Simon, born in South Philadelphia, and had children: Samuel, has a truck and dairy farm near Manoa, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Lillie, married Thomas Hughes, has five children, and lives in Haverford; Franklin, is a clerk at Bonsall's store, is married and has two children; Sarah Eva, married William R. Hagy, has six children, and lives on the Eagle road in Haverford township; Howard, is a truck farmer and lives near his childhood's home.

(IV) David, son of Charles Washington and Maria (Field) Gettz, was born in South Philadelphia, January 30, 1854. He was educated in the public schools of Point Breeze and then assisted in the cultivation of the home farm until his marriage. For a period of sixteen years he then rented his father's place and, in 1893, removed to Haverford township to a farm which he had purchased some ten years previously. This consisted of eighteen acres on the Westchester Pike, and cost about five hundred dollars per acre. He erected a good brick house on this land, and solid, well built barns, and made many other improvements, and has resided on this property since that time, cultivating the land as a truck farm. While he is a staunch supporter of the Republican party, he has never aspired to political office. He and his entire family are members of the Lutheran church. Mr. Gettz married, 1877, Hannah E. Simon, born in Southern Philadelphia. She is a daughter of William and Margaret Simon, and they have had children as follows: Margaret, who married Fraser Horton, a dairyman, and lives in Haverford township; Mary G.; Bertha H.; David L., who is a partner of his father, married Emma Stan-

ley and has children, Margaret, Lydia and Viola; Martha, married Rees Hagy and has two children, Ruth and Mary, and lives in Llanerch, Pennsylvania; Edith; Mabel; Russell.

(IV) Herbert Winfield, son of Charles Washington and Maria (Field) Gettz, was born in South Philadelphia, March 25, 1862. He received his education in the public schools of his section of the country, and from his earliest years has been identified with the tillage of the soil in some form. He had a natural inclination and aptitude for gardening, and this he developed still further by taking up the florists' trade, which he followed for a period of twenty years. He owned his own greenhouses on the West Chester road, but after the death of his wife he abandoned this calling and became manager of a farm of seven acres owned by a man in Philadelphia. In 1893 he purchased a half-acre lot from his brother, David, and upon this erected two houses, two greenhouses, other outbuildings, and set out seventy fruit trees, thirteen shade trees, ornamental bushes and flowering plants, and has lived there since that time. He affiliates with the Republican party in politics, and has served as registry assessor for eighteen years continuously. He is interested in a number of building associations; is a member of the Grange, at Newtown Square; the Pomona, of Chester and Delaware counties; and the state and national grange, having passed with his wife through all the degrees. Mr. Gettz married, April 15, 1885, Mary Emma, born in Delaware county, died February 24, 1912, a daughter of Alfred and Rebecca Hansell. They had no children. Mr. Gettz is a member of the Lutheran church.

The Beals came to the United States from England, where Abram BEAL Beal, grandfather of Samuel A. Beal, of Media, was born. He came to this country in middle life, settled in New York City, and after several years became chief prison inspector for the state of New York.

Dr. William H. Beal, son of Abram Beal, was born in England, came to New York City with his parents and there grew to manhood. He studied for the medical profession, obtained his degree of M. D. and practiced until the outbreak of the war between the states, when he was commissioned surgeon, serving in a New York regiment until that war closed. He then resumed practice in New York City, continuing until his death. He married Frances Lovett, who survived him.

Dr. Samuel A. Beal, son of Dr. William H. and Frances (Lovett) Beal, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 25, 1872, but until the death of his father lived in New York City. His mother, after being left a widow, moved to Philadelphia, which was their home until 1878, when she moved to Bucks county, Pennsylvania. There Samuel A. was educated in the public schools and in Millersville Normal School. He remained in Bucks county until a young man, then deciding upon the medical profession entered Hahnemann Medical College at Philadelphia, whence he was graduated M. D., class of 1891. He began practice at Quakertown, Bucks county, remaining one year. In 1893 he located in Media, where he is now well established in general practice. He is regarded as a skillful, reliable and honorable physician, and numbers a large clientele among Media and Delaware county's best people. He is a member of the Tri-State and County Medical societies, and has been for three years coroner's physician of Delaware county. He is a Republican, and both he and his wife are members of the Episcopal church.

Dr. Beal married, October 1, 1902, Anna May, daughter of Harry J. and May Lion, of the state of Delaware. Children: Robert and Dorothy. The family home and Dr. Beal's office is at No. 33 West Washington avenue, Media.

CREELMAN Alexander Creelman, of Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, descends from ancient and honest Irish forbears.

His hardy ancestors were valiant soldiers in many of the wars, internecine and foreign, and they were sturdy workers at whatever occupation their hands found to do. They loved their country, their church and their ruler, and strove with all their might to uphold the three.

(I) William Creelman, father of Alexander Creelman, was born in Coldrain, Ireland, or thereabout. He was educated in the public school, and in early life learned the trade of a dyer, at that time one of the most important in Ireland, which supplied other countries with fabrics. In 1843, being dissatisfied with his material progress and having only recently married Nancy Gamble, the daughter of a neighbor, he decided to try his fortunes in the United States. The two young people crossed the Atlantic, sailing from Liverpool and landed in Philadelphia. He at once sought and found employment as a dyer in a large house, and he remained in this place until his death. He received merited promotions and an increase in salary, and was one of the most trusted, as well as reliable, employees the company had. He was the parent of five children, three of whom are living, among them being Alexander, of whom further.

(II) Alexander Creelman, son of William and Nancy (Gamble) Creelman, was born April 14, 1854, in Philadelphia, ten years after his father emigrated to the United States. He received his education in the public schools of his native city, and when yet a lad learned the bricklayer's trade. He worked at this for years, becoming one of the most skilled men in Philadelphia in that line. He was offered and accepted a place on the Philadelphia police force, and remained on it for five or six years. During this time he not only won the confidence of his superiors but also the public, especially the women and children, who relied on his protection of them. He gave up his position on the force and returned to brick laying, and in 1899 moved to Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and again engaged in building houses. Many of the handsomest residences and public buildings in the city are of his construction. Like his forbears he is a staunch Presbyterian, supporting the church generously. In politics he favors the Republican party, and assists it with his vote. Mr. Creelman has the respect of all those who know or come in contact with him. He is a fine example of the man dignifying the position, and not the position the man. He holds that there is dignity in labor, let that labor be what it may, if the laborer is self respecting, honorable and upright. He married (first) in 1879, in Philadelphia, Harriet Hoover; married (second) July 2, 1901, Marian Turvey, of Liverpool, England; child of last marriage, Elsie.

STALEY This review concerns a family fairly numerous in the State of Pennsylvania, a fine representative of which is Milton L. Staley, of Collingdale, Delaware county. The race has always been an energetic one, and its members inclined rather to active than to sedentary employments. They are self-reliant and ambitious, and most of the members of this family accumulate more than the average amount of substance. A few, however, are to be found in professional life. For some generations they were resident in Montgomery county. The family is a very old one, dating back to the beginning of the year 1700, and some claim even earlier than that, they having their origin in Germany.

The first of the line here under consideration of whom we have knowledge were William and Elizabeth Staley, great-grandparents of Milton L. Staley,

who resided at Barren Hill, the former named a prosperous agriculturist, a man of influence in the community, honored and respected by all who knew him. They were the parents of seven sons and two daughters, namely: Peter, Jacob, William, John, Charles, Samuel, Daniel, Elizabeth, Hettie. The seven brothers ages total to 600 years. These brothers all married and had homes within a mile of the old homestead, residing there throughout their entire lives, and all had large families, William being the father of fourteen sons and two daughters.

John Staley, fourth son of William and Elizabeth Staley, and grandfather of Milton L. Staley, married Sarah, daughter of Frederick and Mary Wampole, the former named a successful farmer, residing at Lafayette, near the Schuylkill river. Their family consisted of five sons and five daughters, namely: Albert, Caleb, Frederick, Levi, Daniel, Elizabeth, Annie, Isabel, Susie, Sallie; all are living except Caleb and are all past sixty-two years old.

Caleb Staley, son of John and Sarah (Wampole) Staley, and father of Milton L. Staley, was a soldier in the civil war, as was also his brother, Frederick, enlisting in the Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry, known as the Lancers, Caleb serving three years, during which time he was wounded once, and taken prisoner twice, serving in the well known Libby Prison and at Belle Island, Virginia. He re-enlisted in Hancock's Veteran Corps, serving one year, and was honorably discharged from the United States service at the expiration of this period of time. During the war he married Sarah J. Marple, born November 22, 1843, in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Enoch and Sarah J. Marple. They were the parents of seven children, namely: Charles, Wilford, Albert, Alice, Camelia, Harvey, Milton L. Caleb Staley, accompanied by his family, moved to Collingdale, Pennsylvania, 1898, where he spent the remainder of his days, and there his death occurred March 7, 1901; he was in his sixtieth year.

Milton L. Staley was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, April 5, 1884. When three years old he was taken to Philadelphia and from there to Collingdale in 1898. He resided in Collingdale until he attained his manhood, acquiring a practical education in the public schools, and with his brothers learned the trade of brick laying. After serving a few years as journeyman, Milton L. Staley established himself in business in Collingdale as a builder, and is now one of the prominent builders of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, having erected squares of houses in Collingdale and has gained a reputation for honest and reliable work. He is a Republican in politics, a prominent churchman, and an aggressive citizen. He has back of him a splendid ancestry, and deserves a prominent place in the history of the successful young men of Delaware county, as an example of pluck, industry and progressive business qualifications.

Mr. Staley married, November 22, 1905, Hattie F. Rowles, born in Howard county, Maryland, July 5, 1884, daughter of Charles and Florence (Weaver) Rowles, who were the parents of seven other children namely: Clifford, Selby, Harry, Melvin, Elmer, Howard, Malcolm. Mr. Rowles was born in Maryland, died in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, at the age of fifty-three years. He was a carpenter by occupation. His wife was born near Baltimore, Maryland. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Staley: Russell, born August 23, 1906; Florence B., born August 21, 1910.

Mr. Staley is a man of diversified interests, and in connection with this is a member of the following named organizations: Orphans Rest Lodge, No. 132, Pilgrim Encampment, and Canton Reliance, all of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Darby Lodge, No. 968, Independent Americans; Darby Lodge, No. 106, Daughters of Liberty, and the Three Link Club of Darby.

Mr. and Mrs. Staley are members of the Methodist church, he being treasurer of the Sunday School and a member of the official board. They are popular in connection with the best social activities of their home community, where they are honored and esteemed by all who know them.

Alfred Connor Balch, only child of William Henry and Caroline Ann (Buswell) Balch, was born in the town of Bath, New Hampshire. He there acquired his early education in the public schools, and later he was a student at the McGraw Normal Institute, at Merrimac, New Hampshire. Upon the completion of his education he commenced his business career in the drug business at Springfield, Massachusetts. Subsequently he went to Chicago, Illinois, where he entered the printing and publishing house of Rand, McNally & Company, this connection remaining uninterrupted until 1897, when Mr. Balch went to Philadelphia, and there formed a business association with the well known publishing house of J. B. Lippincott Company, of which he is now a director. He resides at Lansdowne, Pennsylvania. He has taken a more than ordinary active part in the political affairs of the community in which he lives, and as an active supporter of Republican principles has served as a member of the common council, and was honored with election to the presidency of that body, and he has also served as chief burgess. His religious affiliations are with the First Unitarian Church of Philadelphia, and his fraternal membership is with Franklin Lodge, No. 134, Free and Accepted Masons, which he has served as master, and of which he is now a trustee. He is also a member of the Union League Club, of Philadelphia; one of the governors of the Country Club, of Lansdowne; is also a member of the National Press Club, of Washington, D. C., and several others.

Mr. Balch married, in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, October 10, 1893, Sophie Bloomfield, born in Vienna, Austria, in 1875. They have children: Walter Buswell, born October 1, 1895; Frederic Samuel, born June, 1898; Bertram Shoemaker, born January, 1902. Mr. Balch is a man of much public spirit, and is ever ready to lend his active support to any project which has for its object the general betterment of existing conditions.

The Balch family has been identified with the interests of the country since the early years of the seventeenth century. Their original settlement was in New England from which section the descendants have scattered all over the United States. They bore their share bravely in all the troubles which have come to the country at large, and have numbered in the family many men of distinction in the various walks of life.

John Balch, the immigrant ancestor, came to this country from Somerset county, England, in 1623, and settled in Massachusetts at Cape Ann, Beverly and Weymouth. John, son of John Balch, was born in Naumkeag, in 1628. Benjamin, son of John (2) Balch, was born in Beverly, Massachusetts, in 1654. John (3), son of Benjamin Balch, was born in Beverly, in 1679. Andrew, son of John (3) Balch, was born in Beverly, in 1706. Benjamin (2), son of Andrew Balch, was born in Beverly in 1747. Abner, son of Benjamin (2) Balch, was born in Keene, New Hampshire, March 5, 1774; he married Lydia P. Alden and they had nine children. Abner (2), son of Abner (1) Balch, was born in Keene, New Hampshire, January 1, 1804, where he followed the occupation of farming. He was also occupied as a dyer and fuller. He married, at St. Johnsbury, Vermont, September 2, 1830, Lydia Woodbury, and they had seven children: Eliza H., Almira, William Henry, Alfred, Ellen, Levi C., Byron B. William Henry, son of Abner (2) Balch, was born in Bath, New Hampshire, where he was engaged in business as a contractor,

in which line of business he was eminently successful. He gave his political support to the Republican party, and his religious affiliations were with the Congregational church. He married **Caroline Ann Buswell**, of Lebanon, New Hampshire, and they had one son, Alfred Connor, the subject of this sketch, who now lives in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

John France, who was a resident of Clifton, Delaware county, **FRANCE** Pennsylvania, was one of the old veterans of the civil war at the time of his death, and could look back upon a record of which any soldier might be justly proud. He had earned distinction by his bravery, by the wounds he had received, and by the meritorious manner in which he had comported himself in the numerous battles in which he had taken part. Always genial and good humored, it was one of his greatest delights to relate the many stirring scenes through which he had passed in the years between 1861 and 1865.

John France was born in Rockdale, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1835, and died at his home in Clifton Heights, the same county, in 1907. With the exception of the time during which he was in his country's service, his life was spent in his native county. Upon the outbreak of the civil war, Mr. France left his wife and young children in order to fight for the defence of the Union. He enlisted three times. The first time for a period of three months in Company C, First Regiment, Delaware Volunteers, under Captain Lutton, Colonel Lockwood being in command. This was in May, 1861. He then re-enlisted in Company E, Eighty-first Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, for three years, under Captain J. Alexander and Colonel James Miller. In December, 1863, he re-enlisted as a sergeant in Company E, of the same regiment, was advanced to the rank of second lieutenant, March 29, 1865, and later advanced to the captaincy of the company. June 29, 1865, he was honorably discharged as a non-commissioned officer. Few veterans are now living who were engaged in as many battles as Mr. France, and, strange to say, he was wounded but three times. These wounds were received at the following battles: Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862; Deep Bottom, August 16, 1864; Farmville, April 7, 1865. A list of all the battles in which he was engaged is: Fair Oak, Charles City, Cross Roads, Malvern Hill, Chantilly, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Wilderness, Spottsylvania Court House, Deep Bottom, Petersburg, Sailor's Creek, Farmville, and a number of smaller skirmishes.

Mr. France must have had a premonition that his end was approaching, for six months prior to his decease, he and two other old veterans—Thomas Pratt and George Carr—were engaged in social chat, when Mr. France remarked that he would no longer be among the living in six months' time, and that the death of Thomas Pratt would precede his own. This prophecy came true.

Mr. France married, August 15, 1855, Ann Blair, and they had children: William; Charles; Emma; Mrs. Thomas Walker, of Aston Mills; Mrs. John Riddle, of West Chester; Mrs. Charles Knight, of Lenni; Mrs. Edward Ogden, of Chester.

From David Ogden, who came from England in the "Welcome" with William Penn in 1682, then an unmarried man, springs John **OGDEN** Herbert Ogden, of Philadelphia and Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, an honored man and citizen. David Ogden, a Friend, after passing the ordeal of Friends Meeting in Chester county, Pennsylvania, married Martha Houls-

ston and settled on a farm of two hundred acres in Middletown, where he died in 1705.

Stephen, the youngest of David Ogden's nine children, was married "by a priest" about 1743 to Hannah, daughter of William and Mary (Barnes) Surnam, and resided in Springfield township.

John, second of the nine children of Stephen Ogden, married at Springfield Meeting, Sarah, daughter of James and Mary (Gleave) Crozier, and resided in Springfield township near the present borough of Swarthmore.

John (2), youngest of the seven children of John (1) Ogden, was born 7 mo. 27, 1788, died 9 mo. 30, 1877. He obtained a good education and for a time taught school in Home School House. He was married in 1813, and in 1814 came into possession of a farm in Springfield, containing one hundred and twenty acres with a stone dwelling thereon, purchased by his father in 1806 from Captain Gardiner. He was a successful farmer and added to his landed possessions by purchases of adjoining property until his acres aggregated five hundred, well tilled and valuable. He and his wife lived together on this farm sixty-one years, he being eighty-nine at the time of his death. He married 10 mo. 8, 1813, at Providence Meeting, Hannah Worrall, born 5 mo. 14, 1794, died 4 mo. 7, 1874, daughter of John and Hannah (Thatcher) Worrall, of Middletown.

John Worrall, third of the ten children of John (2) Ogden, was born at the Springfield township homestead, 9 mo. 9, 1818. He conducted a cotton and woolen manufacturing business for years, retiring from active business life about the year 1883. He died in April, 1906, buried in the Friends burying ground at Darby, Pennsylvania. He married Susanna Hannah Rhoads. Children: Samuel Rhoads, born in Philadelphia, September 20, 1855; John Herbert, of whom further; James Clarence, born September 21, 1867.

John Herbert, son of John Worrall and Susanna Hannah (Rhoads) Ogden, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, January 28, 1858. His early education was obtained in the city public schools, after which he attended Friends School in Providence, Rhode Island, then presided over by Professor Albert Smiley, a noted educator. He finished studies in a business college in Philadelphia, whence he was graduated with honors. In 1876, Mr. Ogden entered the employ of the Sharpless Dyewood & Extract Company of Philadelphia, as entry clerk, winning his way upward to his present official position, and is also a director of the company. He is a wise, conservative business man and holds integrity and business honor above sordid considerations. In politics Mr. Ogden is a Republican, was one of the delegates from Pennsylvania to the national convention held in Philadelphia, which nominated William McKinley for the presidency. He has ever been active and prominent in party councils, and a worker for party success. In religious faith he is a Friend.

Mr. Ogden married, October 20, 1886, Louise Passmore, born 12 mo. 14, 1860, of Paschallville, Chester county, Pennsylvania, daughter of John and Mary Passmore. Children: 1. Harold P., born 9 mo. 27, 1887; graduated from William Penn Charter School of Philadelphia, in 1907, and then entered University of Pennsylvania; now secretary of the J. Milton Hagy Waist Works of Philadelphia; married, November 16, 1912, Katherine C. Hagy; present residence Lansdowne, Pennsylvania. 2. Susanna R., born 11 mo. 24, 1890; married, October 22, 1913, Herbert Clifton Hays; resides in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania. 3. Mary L., born 1 mo. 3, 1894; graduated June, 1912, from Lansdowne High School. 4. H. Raymond, born 8 mo. 28, 1895, now attending school at Chestnut Hill Academy, graduate of class of 1914. The family home of the Ogdens is at Lansdowne, Pennsylvania.

Jan 18th mar 1674

WOODWARD The Woodwards were early settlers of Chester county, Pennsylvania, the emigrant ancestor being Richard Woodward, an Englishman, who in 1687 purchased a tract of two hundred and thirty acres in Thornburg township. According to the records of Chester Monthly Meeting of Friends he died on the "7th day of the 10th month, 1706, aged about seventy years." In his will, probated January 8, 1706, he mentions wife, Jane; son, Joseph; daughter, Martha Baker; daughter, Jane; daughter, Mary; daughter, Sarah; "eldest son;" Richard; son, Thomas; son, Edward, and appoints as executors "my well beloved wife, Jane Woodward, and my son, Joseph Woodward." A branch of the family settled in Kennett Square and were members of the Kennett Monthly Meeting. The family has been and is prominent in both Chester and Delaware counties.

Garrett Lewis Woodward, father of Frank J. Woodward, of Media, was born July 18, 1845, at Kennett Square, Chester county, Pennsylvania, died August 12, 1896. He was educated in the public schools and grew to manhood on the farm. He later located in Lima, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where for twenty-five years he engaged in the meat business, living retired during his latter years. He was a Democrat in politics, filling various township offices. Both he and his wife belonged to the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Eliza Jobson, born February 16, 1856, at Lima, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, who still survives him. Children: Frank J., see forward; Anna Louisa, married Isaac C. Snyder and resides in Media; Harold E., also residing in Media.

Dr. Frank J. Woodward, eldest son of Garrett Lewis and Eliza (Jobson) Woodward, was born in Lima, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 13, 1876. He was educated in the public schools and Palm's Business College, Philadelphia. He entered the veterinary department of the University of Pennsylvania, whence he was graduated in June, 1901, remaining in Philadelphia six months after graduating, then locating as a veterinary surgeon at Malvern, Chester county, practicing his profession there for three years, most successfully. He then accepted the appointment as veterinary surgeon at Glen Mills Reform School, remaining four years. In 1909 he came to Media succeeding to the practice of Dr. Thomas D. Young, who died in 1908, Dr. Woodward, however, retaining his position as visiting veterinarian at the reformatory to the present time. He has been very successful as a veterinarian and at his hospital in Media treats all animal cases of both surgical and dental nature. His practice is very large, extending over a vast extent of territory surrounding Media. He is thoroughly reliable in his dealings and has won the entire confidence of the farmers and stock owners of the county. He is a member of the Keystone Veterinary Medical Society, the Veterinary Alumni and General Alumni Societies, University of Pennsylvania, and the National Veterinary Society, keeping thoroughly abreast of all medical discovery in treatment of diseases of the horse. He has always been an active, loyal Republican, a worker for party success, but never seeking or accepting office for himself. In religious faith he is a Methodist, both he and his family being active workers in both church and Sunday school.

Dr. Woodward married, June 7, 1899, Ida M., daughter of Peter and Barbara Pratt, of Lima, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Children: Clarence, Ida M., Phineas, Iradel, Edna, Clifford. The family home is at No. 20 West Washington street, Media, where Dr. Woodward also has his office.

NELSON The only son of his parents and of the first American born generation of his family, Mr. William H. Nelson has so entirely absorbed the spirit of energetic progress, that characterize this country, that he has outstripped competitors and is at the head of the largest private grocery business in Chester.

His father, Joseph Nelson, was born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1816, died in Chester in 1899. He was brought to the United States in 1822 by four elder brothers—William, James, John and another, all settling in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Joseph Nelson became a provision merchant, but later in life purchased a farm in Lancaster county, which he successfully cultivated until 1891, when he retired, and lived in Chester until his death. He was an active Democrat and a devoted member of the Belle View Presbyterian Church at Gap, Pennsylvania. He was an excellent business man and held in high esteem for his upright, manly life. He married Margaret Lytle, born in Lancaster county, in 1815, died in Chester in 1891, a descendant of a family of French Huguenots. Children: Martha, died at Gap, Pennsylvania, 1883, married Newton Trout, also deceased, leaving a son, Nelson, now a clerk with the Pennsylvania Steel Casting Company of Chester; Anna, married Harry Kurtz, of Salisbury township, now a retired farmer living in Gap; Elizabeth, died in infancy; Sarah, now residing with her sister, Anna, unmarried; Josephine, married J. Milton Slack, a grocer, deceased without issue, she resides in Gap; William H., see forward.

William H. Nelson, only son and youngest child of Joseph Nelson, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, February 6, 1852. He attended the public schools of his district and Parksburg Academy, finishing his studies at Millersville State Normal School in 1872. He taught school for two years in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, but a business life so strongly appealed that he gave up teaching and in 1875 he moved to Chester, becoming clerk in the grocery store owned by his brother-in-law, J. Milton Slack. He remained with Mr. Slack two years, then in 1877 formed a partnership with Simeon Lantz, and for two years they operated as Lantz & Nelson. In 1879 he opened a store of his own at Third and Pennell streets, Chester, but later was manager for Mrs. J. C. Slack at her store, Second and Fulton streets, continuing until 1890. He then opened the store at No. 427 West Third street, where he now conducts one of the largest and most prosperous grocery stores in the city. He has thoroughly mastered the problems involved in catering to the public appetite, and by the excellence of his goods and his square dealing methods, has established a bond of confidence that assures him continued prosperity. He is president of the Chester Grocers' Association, organized in 1887 as the Business Men's Association, but in 1902, the name was changed to the Grocers' Association, and Mr. Nelson elected president. The object of the association is co-operative buying, they having a large store house at No. 126 West Third street. Mr. Nelson has devoted a great deal of time to this association and as president has put forth his wisest effort to have it prove a benefit to its members. In this he has succeeded so well that he has been kept continuously in office. His interest in co-operation carries him beyond local limits, and he is perhaps the best known retail grocer in the state. He is treasurer of the Retailers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Pennsylvania; treasurer of the Retail Merchants' Association of Pennsylvania, and treasurer of the Pennsylvania Merchants' Trade Paper, published at Erie, Pennsylvania. He is held in highest esteem by his brother merchants of these associations as well as by the merchants of Chester, and his fellow townsmen. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and for sixteen years has been an elder of the First Church of Chester. He is a member of the Penn Club of Chester and is a

Democrat in politics, actively interested in all that concerns the public good.

Mr. Nelson married April 15, 1880, in Cape May, New Jersey, Sarah B. Marcy, daughter of Dr. V. M. D. Marcy, an eminent physician of Cape May county, and his wife, Mary Bennett, both deceased. Children: Joseph, born May 20, 1881, graduate of Pennsylvania State College, now an electrical engineer with J. G. White & Company, New York City; Mary J., born May 12, 1883, graduate of Chester High School, residing at home; William H. (2), born February 17, 1890, graduate of Pennsylvania State College, now a civil engineer with J. G. White & Company, New York; Margaret A., born July 18, 1892, graduate of Chester High School, residing with her parents. The family home is in Chester at No. 222 West Second street.

FITZGERALD A man's reputation is the property of the world. The laws of nature have forbidden isolation. Every human being submits to the controlling influence of others or, as a master spirit, wields a power, either for good or evil, on the masses of mankind. There can be no impropriety in justly scanning the acts of any man as they affect his public and business relations. If he is honest and eminent in his chosen field of labor, investigation will brighten his fame and point the path that many others may follow with like success. From among the ranks of quiet, persevering citizens, there is no one more deserving of mention in a work of this kind than William John Fitzgerald, of Ardmore, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

His great-grandfather, Charles Fitzgerald, was born near Glasgow, Scotland, and went to Ireland to purchase horses for the English army. He took with him his son, John Fitzgerald, and they traversed nine counties of Ireland in order to make their purchases in the most satisfactory and profitable manner.

John Fitzgerald was very much pleased with conditions in Ireland and with the country in general and decided to make his home there. He settled in the parish of Pratla, County Clare, Ireland, and, coming to America in 1840, died in this country and is buried in the graveyard of St. Mary's Church, in Philadelphia. He married Margaret Scanlon, born in Belfast, Ireland, and had children: John, see forward; Charles and Michael, deceased, went to California during the "gold fever" of 1849; Catherine, married John Scanlon; Mary, married John Quigley; Alice, married Charles C. Barry; Elizabeth, died unmarried.

John Fitzgerald was born in Chicago, Illinois, January 2, 1814, died in 1898. For a time he was connected with Gilliman & Company, liquor dealers, then formed an association with the Hamilton Dray Company which later became the Adams Express Company of Philadelphia. He also had charge of all the stevedoring on the Delaware piers and docks for many years. At the time of the civil war he was appointed first assistant inspector in the United States Tobacco warehouse. Soon after the close of the civil war he lost the greater part of his large fortune in unfortunate investments in the oil fields. He was a Whig until the formation of the Republican party when he joined its ranks. In religious belief he was a Roman Catholic. He married (first) — — Brady, by whom he had children: Michael, died at the age of forty-six years; Patrick, died at the age of twenty-four. He married (second) Mary B. Lee, born in Salisbury, Maryland, 1825, died in 1903. She was the daughter of Charles B. and Catherine (Robeson) Lee, the latter born in Virginia. Charles B. Lee was a native of England, and came to this country prior to his marriage. He lived at Salisbury, Maryland, where he was a farmer and planter, and he served bravely during the Indian wars. The children of Charles

B. and Catherine (Robeson) Lee were: Charles, deceased, lived in Chicago; Patrick, deceased, lived in Philadelphia; Mary B., who married Mr. Fitzgerald; Ann, married ——— Flood; Catherine, married John Hearon; Mary, married ——— Campbell. Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald had children: William John, the particular subject of this sketch; Margaret, now Sister Mary Rose of the Kearney Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts; Mary, married William Barry, and lives at No. 1414 Harrison street, Franklin, Pennsylvania; Catherine, died at the age of twenty-one years; Elizabeth, lived to attain the age of nineteen years.

William John Fitzgerald was born at Byberry, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, February 7, 1864. He attended school at his native town, then the private school at Andalusia, and subsequently the Academy School at Holmesburg, Philadelphia. He was about to enter Villanova College, when the financial reverses of his father rendered this proceeding impossible, and Mr. Fitzgerald was obliged to abandon his studies. At this time he was eighteen years of age and he at once went to the home farm and assisted actively in its cultivation for a time. His subsequent business connections were as follows: In the nursery business of Ball Brothers at Holmesburg; gardener for Dr. Caleb Horner at Bryn Mawr, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania; gardener for R. B. Allison for four years; for a short time manager for H. H. Harrison at Glenside, having full charge of the estate; gardener for Colonel A. McClure, at Wallingford; again with Dr. Horner at Bryn Mayr; and since the past five years he has been a salesman for a varnish company. His home is at No. 303 Cricket avenue, Ardmore. He takes an active part in local political affairs, affiliating with the Republican party. His religious connection is with St. Dennis Catholic Church, at Oakmont, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Temperance A. B. Society, and has never taken alcoholic stimulants. He is a charter member of the I. C. B. U. of Villanova, a Catholic society.

Mr. Fitzgerald married, January 15, 1884, Mary Josephine, born in Dover, Delaware, a daughter of John and Bridget McCaffrey, the former a farmer in his younger years, later superintendent of a section on the Western Maryland railroad, on which he was injured and died. Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald had children: John, married Mamie Donnelly, and resides in Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Mary, A. McClure, Helen, Marjorie.

Among the many institutions that have been planned and BREWSTER are operated for the benefit of "God's unfortunates" is the school in Lansdowne, known as "The Brookwood School," established by Miss Rachel Wood Brewster, for the care and development of backward children. Fitted both by nature, education and experience for her peculiar field of usefulness, Miss Brewster, with the aid of three resident and one visiting teacher, employs all modern thought in the development of backward minds, and accomplishes results little short of marvelous. Owing to the peculiar character of her school, but a small number of children can be accommodated and all vacancies are promptly filled by those parents with ample means to give their child the great advantage of instruction in "Brookwood."

Miss Brewster is the daughter of Robert C. Brewster, born at Woodbridge, New Jersey, in 1835, who for many years was treasurer of the Fifth and Sixth Streets Passenger Railway of Philadelphia, now one of the lines owned by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company. He married Elizabeth Perrine, born in New Jersey, in 1838, died in 1908. Mr. Brewster now resides in Williamsport, Pennsylvania. Miss Brewster has six sisters: Charlotte, married C. B. Jordan, a civil engineer of Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsyl-

vania; Sarah, married H. P. Lincoln, superintendent of the Williamsport division of the Northern Central railroad and resides in Williamsport, she is president of the Williamsport Young Women's Christian Association and an active member of the Patriotic Order Daughters of the American Revolution; Anna, deceased; Roberta, principal of the Kindergarten School in Lansdowne; Jessie, married William C. Schuster, a contractor and builder of Lansdowne; Edith, married F. Evans, a practicing lawyer of Lansdowne.

The Brewster genealogy of this family traces far into the past and in America to Elder William Brewster, of the earliest Massachusetts settlement.

Rachel Wood Brewster, fourth daughter of Robert C. and Elizabeth (Perrine) Brewster, was born in Vineland, New Jersey, but from the age of three years until age of twenty lived in Rahway, New Jersey, which was the home of her parents during that time. She received a thoroughly practical education and after eight years connection as a teacher with the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children, in Delaware county, and believing the development of such children to be a work worthy of her highest effort, established "The Brookwood School" on Shadeland avenue, Lansdowne, where she still continues her labor of sacrifice and duty. She has adopted the methods of Montessori, the talented Italian woman of the present day, and employs only the best proven methods of other noted educators, endorsed by her own experience, theory and practice. The school, though comparatively small, is surrounded by seven acres of fertile land that supply the needed vegetable food and furnish an outlet for the surplus energy of the pupils and the required out-door exercise. The heated summer months are usually spent by the school at some quiet spot at the seashore, where suitable quarters are secured. While some children have been with Miss Brewster for the past ten years and always will be, many have left "Brookwood" greatly forwarded and able to take their place in the world.

In 1890 from far away Russia came Jacob Berman, son of
BERMAN Maurice Berman, who was born and died in Russia, an educated Hebrew of talent and ability.

Jacob Berman was born in Russia (Kave) in August, 1858. He came to the United States in 1890, settling in Philadelphia where for the past twelve years he has been successfully engaged in the real estate business. He is a noted Hebrew scholar, fully and legally authorized to preside as Rabbi. He is an Independent in politics and a true follower of the Jewish faith. He married Sarah Raboy, born in Russia, where she was finely educated, daughter of Moses Raboy, who, prior to his decease, was recognized by the Russian government as a leader of his people and bestowed upon him official honors. His wife, Zeporah, is also deceased. Children: Albert, a wholesale clothier of Philadelphia, married Gertrude Silver and has children Paritz and Nina; Esther, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, married Solomon Rivaless, a highly educated scientist, won an important scholarship at the University of Pennsylvania, also a gold medal for excellence, is one of the foremost chemists of this country and is a registered manager of pharmacy in nineteen states; Frank, of whom further; Rose, resides in Philadelphia; Louis J., a traveling salesman of New York City; Maurice, graduate of National Farms School; Maime, a student in Chester high school.

Frank, son of Jacob and Sarah (Raboy) Berman, was born in Kave, Russia, March 4, 1883. At nine years of age he came to the United States to join his father who had preceded his family by two years. His education began in Russia, was in both the Hebrew and Russian languages and in Philadel-

phia was continued in English. He began business life as a clerk in a dry goods store in Philadelphia, continuing until 1899. He then for two years was traveling salesman for the Gilt Edge Company of Philadelphia, then for two years under the firm name of J. Berman & Sons, engaged in the manufacture of clothing in Philadelphia. In 1903 he withdrew and for the next six years was salesman and collector in Chester. In 1909 he established a store at the corner of Third street and Edgmont, moving the following April to No. 37 West Third street, Chester, where he has a large store devoted to ladies and men's automobile accessories, also house furniture, being a large and successful dealer in these lines. In politics, Mr. Berman is an independent Republican and in religion an orthodox follower of the faith of his fathers. He is a member of the Masonic Order, holding the thirty-second degree, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, Philadelphia Consistory; member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks of Chester; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Philadelphia, and Chester Lodge, Loyal Order of Moose and to the Brith Sholan of Chester.

He married November 20, 1910, in Philadelphia, Zaida Askins, of that city; child, Johanna Goldy, born November 7, 1911.

The prosperity of a community or a nation depends not so much upon the achievements of the few who attain exalted positions, as upon those who carry on the everyday operations of life, and carry them on in a methodical and successful manner. This has been done in an especially excellent manner by the various members of the Sharkey family of which this review treats. They came to this country originally from Ireland, and brought with them the best traits of the natives of that land of industry and thrift.

(1) Daniel Sharkey was born in county Donegal, Ireland, 1833, and died in America, April 9, 1885. His sisters and brothers, all of whom came to America and lived in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, were: Frederick; James; Harry; Edward; Bernard, now an attorney in Philadelphia; William, a book-keeper; and Nancy. Daniel Sharkey came to America as a young man, and his first occupation in this country was to work in the provision business of Robert Smith, in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Energetic and industrious he amassed a considerable fortune, and purchased a farm of sixty-eight acres in Upper Darby township, which is now known as Drexel Heights, and spent the remainder of his life on this farm. He was an active member of St. Charles Catholic Church. He also owned and operated a spinning mill at Clifton, Pennsylvania. Small in stature, but of a sturdy, wiry build, it is a remarkable fact that all of his sons were more than six feet in height. He married Mary Ellen Hannigan, born in Kellyville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 1840, died December 4, 1898. She was a daughter of Philip and Ellen Hannigan, both natives of Ireland, who came to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, about 1840, and located in Kellyville, where he died about 1853. In addition to Mrs. Sharkey they had children, all now deceased: John, William, Nancy, Susan. Mr. and Mrs. Sharkey had children: Anna, Maggie, Ella, Anna, and another daughter, all died at a very early age; Frederick, deceased; Daniel, lives in Altoona, Pennsylvania; John, died at the age of eight years; Samuel, is a carpenter and lives in East Lansdowne; Frank, lives in Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania; Milner, holds a position in the post office in Philadelphia; Benjamin, deceased; Clement J., see forward; Clara, married William Gallagher and lives in Chester, Pennsylvania; Emma, married William Koeh-

ler, manager of Kent's Manufacturing Company, at Clifton, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

(II) Clement J., eighth son and thirteenth child of Daniel and Mary Ellen (Hannigan) Sharkey, was born in Garrettsford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1873. He attended the public schools near his home, and there acquired an excellent practical education. At the age of sixteen years he devoted his entire time to assisting his father in the cultivation of the home farm, and followed this occupation until he was twenty years of age. He then found employment in the spinning mill of his father at Clifton, Pennsylvania, and remained there until 1901, when he purchased the Fernwood Hotel in Fernwood, which he has conducted very successfully since that time. The service is of the best, and the cuisine is excellent. Mr. Sharkey entertains independent opinions in political matters, refusing to be held by partisan ties. His religious affiliation is with the Catholic church, to which he is a generous donor.

Mr. Sharkey married, October 7, 1902, Mary McCahill, and they are the parents of: William and Florence.

It would be difficult to discover any of the old American families whose history to the present time has been so indissolubly connected with that of the Society of Friends, that having been the family faith since its founding in the province of New Jersey, most of the name still continuing to worship according to its simple tenets. The line of George Foster White traces from John White, of England, to Christopher, the emigrant, from Cumrew, Cumberland county, England, born in 1642, died in New Jersey, in 12th month, 1693, who married, 11th month 16, 1668, Hester Biddle, who died in 6th month, 1698. Christopher White, arrived at Salem, New Jersey, in the ship "Kent," Gregory Marlow, master, 6th month 23, 1677, with his wife, his daughter, Elizabeth, his son, Josiah, a maid and a man servant. Through Christopher the ancestral line continues to Josiah White, born 7th month 3, 1675, died in 1713, married, in 1698, Hannah Powell. His son Josiah (2), born 6th month 21, 1705, died 5th month 12, 1780, married, 10th month 1, 1734, Rebecca Foster, born 10th month 1, 1708, died 12th month 6, 1771. John, son of Josiah (2) White, was born 7th month 9, 1747, died 8th month 21, 1785, married 6th month 7, 1775, Rebecca Haines, born 7th month 27, 1744, died 3rd month 22, 1826, was the father of Joseph White. Another of his sons, Josiah, was one of the promoters and organizers of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, a vignette portrait of him appearing upon the stock certificates of that corporation at the present time. Joseph White was born 12th month 28, 1785, died 5th month 25, 1827, married 12th month 17 1807, Rebecca Smith, born 3rd month 29, 1787, died 1st month 3, 1865.

Joseph White, in partnership with Elisha Hunt, in 1812 built the "Enterprise," a steamboat of primitive pattern, the first boat to navigate the Mississippi river against the current under its own power.

Rebecca Smith was a member of an old English family, descending from William Smith, of England, born in 1570; Richard, baptized 5th month 18, 1595, Richard (2), baptized 8th month 15, 1626, died in 1688, married Ann Yeates; Samuel, born 3rd month 1, 1672, died 4th month 18, 1718, married Elizabeth Lovett; Richard, born 7th month 5, 1699, died 11th month 9, 1751, married 8th month 20, 1710, Abigail Raper, born 1st month 6, 1699; William Lovett, born 9th month 19, 1726, died 12th month 14, 1794, married 9th month 15, 1749, Mary Doughty, born 1st month 27, 1731, died 5th month 15, 1798; Daniel Doughty, born 7th month 29, 1751, died 7th month 27, 1827, married

9th month 9, 1772, Elizabeth Scholey, born 1st month 24, 1752, died 8th month 25, 1801, the last two the parents of Rebecca Smith, wife of Joseph White.

Barclay, son of Joseph and Rebecca (Smith) White, was born April 4, 1821, died November 23, 1906. He was descended in the seventh generation from the Quaker, Samuel Jennings, who was appointed by the Crown the first Governor of the Province of West Jersey. He also in the eighth generation was a descendant of John Jasper, a merchant of Rotterdam, grandfather of William Penn. He was, like his forbears, a member of the Society of Friends, and for many years was an elder of that church. He married Rebecca Merritt Lamb, born March 22, 1824, died February 20, 1850, daughter of Restore S. and Mary (Ridgway) Lamb, of Mount Holly, Burlington county, New Jersey. Rebecca Merritt Lamb was a descendant of Ann Mauleverer, an elder of the Chesterfield Friends Meeting, New Jersey, who was descended through twelve distinct strains from Edward I, of England. (See the Mauleverer Chart Historical Society of Penna.). The descent is as follows: John Abbott married 3rd month 26, 1696, Anne Mauleverer. Their daughter, Jane, born 3rd month 9, 1701, died 1st month 3, 1780, married, 12th month 16, 1726, Joseph Burr, born 11th month 5, 1693, died 4th month 13, 1767. Their daughter, Mary, born 6th month 11, 1729, died 1st month 17, 1802, married 11th month 20, 1747, Solomon Ridgway, born 8th month 18, 1723, died in 1788. Their son, Benjamin E. Ridgway, born 6th month 20, 1770, died 4th month 14, 1856; married 8th month 17, 1794, Prudence Borton, born 12th month 25, 1762, died 3d month 25, 1854. The daughter of this marriage, Mary, born 6th month 12, 1795, died 3rd month 25, 1837, married Restore S. Lamb, born 12th month 27, 1788, died 8 month 16, 1867, one of their daughters being Rebecca Merritt, of previous mention, who married Barclay White. Children of Barclay and Rebecca Merritt (Lamb) White: 1. Howard, born April 12, 1844. 2. Joseph Josiah, born January 22, 1846. 3. George Foster, of whom further. 4. Barclay Jr., born February 20, 1850.

George Foster, third of the four sons of Barclay and Rebecca Merritt (Lamb) White, was born on his father's farm, "Urie," about one mile from Mount Holly, Burlington county, New Jersey, November 13, 1847. His scholastic training was obtained in various primary schools of that locality, finishing his studies when fifteen and a half years of age at the Mount Holly Institute, conducted by Rev. Samuel Aaron and his son, Charles. This was his last instruction in graded schools, although after he had begun his business career in Philadelphia he completed a course in business subjects at Crittenden's Commercial College. In 1863, aged sixteen years, he entered the employ of Lippincott & Parry, cloth merchants, situated on the southwest corner of Second and Market streets, in the capacity of clerk, in the early part of the next decade becoming interested in the lumber business in that city. On January 1, 1881, he became associated with his brother, Joseph J. White, in the retail sale of machinery, and ten years later, still in the same connection, organizing the Pennsylvania Machine Company. This concern's place of business was at No. 31 North Seventh street, Philadelphia, and until 1900 Mr. White held the positions of secretary and treasurer in its organization. During this time he contracted relations with various financial institutions, and in 1900 he withdrew from the mercantile business to give those interests the time and attention that their importance deserved, leaving behind him an honorable, successful record in the world that had been the scene of his youthful endeavors and his mature accomplishments, the many friends that he had formed in that business regretting his departure for other fields. At the present time (January 1) 1914, he is actively connected with the following companies, societies, and associations, the breadth of human life and action they cover giving an indication

of the diverse natures of his pursuits: the Lansdowne and Darby Saving Fund and Trust Company, of which he has been president, treasurer, and trust officer since its incorporation in 1902; the Lansdowne Building and Loan Association, of which he has been secretary since its organization in 1889; director, since 1889, of the First National Bank of Darby; treasurer of the Darby Library Company, Darby, Pennsylvania, established in 1743; treasurer of the Associated Charities of Eastern Delaware county; treasurer of the Lansdowne Playground Association; treasurer of the Lansdowne Troop, Boy Scouts of America; treasurer of Darby Creek Foot-bridge Association; and is a member of the executive committees of the Darby Home Protection Society, the People's Rights Association of Delaware county, Lansdowne Natural History Club, and the Lansdowne Boy Scouts of America; vice-president of the Lansdowne Men's Suffrage League; and is a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, the National Geographic Society, the Geographical Society of Philadelphia, and the American Academy of Political and Social Science. That Mr. White is able not only to render valuable service to all of the above organizations but also to derive considerable pleasure therefrom is an eloquent testimonial to his wide range of human sympathy, which enables him to rise from a committee conferring upon the dispensation of charities in the district, hasten to a meeting of a troop of Boy Scouts and there receive the Scout's salute as an honored and privileged guest. He is closely in touch with all that pertains to the advancement and betterment of Lansdowne and Delaware county, ably assisting and encouraging each new project for the community's welfare.

Mr. White married Mary Jeanes Walter, born at No. 1233 Market street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 28, 1853, daughter of William Penn and Sarah (Rhoads) Walter. Sarah Rhoads was a daughter of Joseph and Naomi (Thomas) Rhoads. The hardware business of William Penn Walter, established in 1831, is still conducted by his sons, trading under the name William P. Walter's Sons. Children of George Foster and Mary Jeanes (Walter) White: 1. Rebecca Lamb, born January 21, 1878; married Arthur Shrigley, an architect, son of John M. Shrigley, president of the Williamson Trade School; children: Margaret, born November 7, 1904, and Edward White, born February 20, 1908. 2. Walter Rhoads White, born January 7, 1887; a graduate of William Penn Charter School, Philadelphia, the University of Pennsylvania, and the University of Pennsylvania Law School; now a practicing lawyer, with offices at No. 1011 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Probably no class of manufacturers in the United States can show so striking an advance, in both output and quality, as can the linen shirt, collar and cuff makers of the United States. This great industry is one with which George W. Statzell has been intimately and prominently connected all his active business life as salesman and high official, of one of the largest firms of Troy, New York, that city of manufacturing fame.

The Statzells spring from an ancestry long seated in the Empire of Germany, from whence came Peter M. Statzell, the founder of this branch in the United States in 1800. He settled in Philadelphia, married and reared a family. His son, Peter M. Statzell, married Anna, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Bartholomew and resided in Philadelphia, where their children were born. Peter M. Statzell died in Philadelphia, February 19, 1882, his wife surviving him. Two only of their eight children are now living: George W., of whom further, and Cecelia, who married Isaac T. Wolff.

Henry Clay Statzell, an elder brother of George W., was born in Philadelphia, August 12, 1852. He attended the public schools, but at the age of twelve years became a worker in a mercantile establishment in Philadelphia. About 1878 he became manager of the Philadelphia branch of Coon & Company, shirt, collar and cuff manufacturers of Troy, New York, and in 1881 became a member of the firm. In 1891 changes and consolidations resulted in the firm Coon & Company forming with Cluett Brothers & Company the new firm, Cluett, Coon & Company, with which firm Henry C. Statzell was associated. In 1896 he retired from active business, established his residence in Lansdowne and was ever afterward identified with the development and prosperity of that borough until his death, September 8, 1902. Among his interests was the Lansdowne Electric Light Company, of which he was one of the organizers and president until his death. In religious faith he was an Episcopalian.

George W. Statzell, son of Peter M. and Anna (Bartholomew) Statzell, was born in Philadelphia, February 14, 1858. He attended the public school, but at an early age became a worker, beginning his business life as office boy in a mercantile establishment in Philadelphia. He decided later to learn a trade, and for three and a half years served an apprenticeship with a Philadelphia stair builder, becoming an expert worker and thoroughly familiar with all the detail of stair building as then practiced. He did not, however, put the knowledge gained into practical use for any great length of time, deciding instead to engage in mercantile life. The rapid improvement in laundry machinery had driven the once popular paper collar and cuff from the market, and that business was being captured by the linen shirt, collar and cuff makers of Troy, New York, a city then, as now, the principal seat of this particular branch of linen manufacturing. In 1880 he became associated with the Troy house of Coon & Company, then a leader in the collar and cuff business. He was one of their Philadelphia representatives, his brother, Henry C. Statzell, being manager of the Philadelphia branch. Mr. Statzell continued with this house during its changes in firm personnel, won a high position in the regard of his business associates and in the final firm organization as Cluett, Peabody & Company, was chosen vice-president and manager of their selling forces, and retired at the age of fifty. No other name than "self-made," hackneyed though it be, can describe Mr. Statzell, who from a poor boy rose to the position he occupied, not by any lucky turn of fortune's wheel, but by his own efforts, step by step. A resident of Philadelphia until 1894, Mr. Statzell in that year moved to Lansdowne which has ever since been his home. He has done much to improve that borough, having erected many of the most modern and attractive residences there found. He has taken a deep interest in local public affairs and aided in many ways the progress of that community, from a small country village to a populous, popular, prosperous borough. He is most generous in his support of all churches and charities, and has spent a great deal of time in foreign travel. He was champion sculler of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania during the eighties; was captain of Pennsylvania Barge Club of Schuylkill Navy for eight years; commodore of Schuylkill Navy and afterwards president of National Association of Amateur Oarsmen; president of the Belmont Cricket Club a cricketer of some note; president of Lansdowne C. Club, now president of the Aronamink Country Club.

Mr. Statzell married, May 1, 1877, Alice, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Miller) Bauer. Children: Harlan Page, born September 22, 1878, married Adele Clayborn and has Alice and Harlan Page (2); Henry Clay (2), born June 23, 1884; George Washington, September 28, 1894.

For many generations the progenitors of Rev. Thomas F. Ryan, RYAN of Chester, have been native of the county of Tipperary, Ireland.

His grandfather, Jeremiah Ryan, was a well to do farmer, a devout Catholic and all his life lived near Moss Cross Abbey near Tipperary where he is buried. His three sons, Thomas F., John and Matthew, all came to the United States, both John and Matthew serving in the civil war. John Ryan was captured in battle, confined in Libby prison, there contracted disease that caused his death not long after his release. Matthew served in the United States Navy and after the war settled in California where he was employed in the government mint. His son, Matthew (2), took holy orders and is now a priest of the Roman Catholic Church located in California.

Thomas Francis Ryan, son of Jeremiah Ryan, was born in Tipperary, Ireland, and there lived until sixteen years of age. He attended the parish schools and was a classmate of the late Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia. He came to the United States at the age of sixteen years, locating in Providence, Rhode Island, where he learned the trades of machinist and patternmaker—later he came to Philadelphia where for many years he was in the employ of the Sellers Company, and there died in 1888 aged forty-five years. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, and in politics an independent Democrat. He married Mary T. O'Donnell, born in Limerick, Ireland, came to the United States when twelve years of age, living until her marriage in Providence, Rhode Island, having there risen to the position of forewoman in Walsh's Department Store. After marriage the young couple settled in Philadelphia, where they resided in the tenth ward and there all their children were born: William H., now chief clerk under the auditor of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, a position he has held for thirty years, now having a force of three hundred clerks under his direction; Rev. Thomas F., see forward; John P., a retired officer of the United States Navy, now residing at the American Legation in Pekin, China; Mary, resides at No. 5106 Springfield avenue, Philadelphia.

Rev. Thomas F. Ryan, second son of Thomas Francis and Mary T. (O'Donnell) Ryan, was born in Philadelphia, September 20, 1860. After preparatory courses he entered La Salle College, Philadelphia, whence he was graduated class of 1880, entered Mount St. Mary's, Baltimore, Maryland, and was graduated after a classical and scientific course in 1885. He then entered the Theological Seminary connected with Mount St. Mary's, took the full course in Divinity following with a two years course at St. Charles College, Overbrook, Pennsylvania. He was ordained to the priesthood of the Roman Catholic Church, September 12, 1890, and was first stationed at St. Patrick's church in Norristown. After a year there, he spent another year at St. Agatha's, Thirty-eighth and Spring Garden streets, Philadelphia, then for the next ten years was connected with St. Ann's in Port Richmond, Philadelphia, with the exception of one year spent as chaplain of Fifth Regiment United States Cavalry during the Spanish war. On November 20, 1903, he was appointed pastor in charge of the Parish of St. Rosa Lima at Eddystone, Delaware county, where his labors have been greatly blessed and he still remains. During the nine years he has been in charge of the parish he has been instrumental in having a church erected in Ridley Park costing twenty-five thousand dollars, now fully paid and now a separate parish. The church at Norwood has also been greatly improved. In Eddystone the old church has been torn down, although erected but nineteen years earlier. In its place a beautiful stone church costing forty thousand dollars was completed in 1910. These and other evidences of material prosperity stand as evidences of Father Ryan's earnest, well directed efforts, while spiritually the increase has been very large.

The parish before its division about ten years ago contained an area of forty-two square miles and about three hundred souls that depended on the Catholic church for their spiritual food. Now the parish of Eddystone alone contains three times that number, the new church providing for the accommodation of nine hundred. A faithful minister of God must often await the final judgment for the fruits of his labor, but to Father Ryan has it been given to see much good resulting from his labors. Scholarly, cultured and in social intercourse, the genial, courteous gentleman, he is the forceful, eloquent, earnest orator in the pulpit, while as the pastor he is most firm, yet kindly, ever striving by precept, exhortation and example to encourage all to a higher and better life. The various societies of the church are prosperous and each is doing its utmost to carry forward the special object of its foundation.

The descent of the Roney family of Clifton Heights, Delaware RONEY county, Pennsylvania, is English and Scotch. The earliest record of any of its members in this country is of James Roney, a printer of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he died aged about fifty years. He was a Whig in politics. He married Margaret MacPherson, died in Philadelphia, aged sixty-five years; children: Theodore, married Anna Roney; Charles Taylor, of whom further.

(II) Charles Taylor, son of James and Margaret (MacPherson) Roney, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where his early life was spent, and where he died. He obtained an education in the public schools and was graduated from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. For many years he conducted a pharmacy in Philadelphia and built up a large and profitable business. Both he and his wife were members of the Society of Friends. He was a Democrat in politics. He married Angelina C. White, of Philadelphia, where she resides, aged seventy-three years, daughter of John White, a cabinet maker, who died in Easton, Maryland, aged seventy-four years. Child of Charles Taylor and Angelina C. (White) Roney: Charles Henry, of whom further.

(III) Charles Henry, only son and child of Charles Taylor and Angelina C. (White) Roney, was born in Camden, New Jersey, June 9, 1861. He was brought to Philadelphia when only two years of age and obtained an education in the public schools. Leaving school he was employed for a time as clerk in a real estate office, then in the same capacity worked for the John Tucker Cigar Company, leaving there to accept his present position with the Pennsylvania railroad, which is that of ticket clerk at Broad street station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He is a Republican in politics, and with his wife attends the Methodist Episcopal church. He is a member of the Volunteer Relief Association, Pennsylvania Railroad. He married, June 22, 1888, Anna Long, born in Primos, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 9, 1869, daughter of Adam and Margaret (Allyine) Long, of Philadelphia. Adam Long was born in Primos, Pennsylvania, a brick burner, now deceased, and his wife was a native of Philadelphia. Children of Adam and Margaret (Allyine) Long: Adam (deceased); Rebecca (deceased); Catherine; Elizabeth; Margaret; Samuel; John (deceased); William (deceased); Sarah; Anna (of previous mention) married Charles Henry Roney; and two who died in infancy. Children of Charles Henry and Anna (Long) Roney: 1. Charles Earnest, born February 20, 1889, employed in the freight department of the Pennsylvania railroad. 2. Violet May, born May 10, 1895. 3. Mildred White, born June 26, 1901.

The family home is on Broadway, Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania.

COLLOM Joseph M. Collom, an enterprising and public-spirited citizen of Drexel Hill, in harmony with advanced ideas, intelligent, progressive, whose active career has been above reproach and whose success has been well merited, is a descendant of a Scotch-Irish ancestry, the founder of the family coming to this country at or near the time of the coming of William Penn. They were Friends in their religious belief.

Asher S. Collom, father of Joseph M. Collom, was born near Danboro, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, September 27, 1832, died November 14, 1876. His parents were natives of Bucks county, Pennsylvania, and died of the cholera in the year 1846, within a week of each other, and they were the parents of four children: 1. Josephine, married William Gougher; resided in Bucks county, Pennsylvania. 2. Elizabeth, married James Martin; resided in Schuylkill county. 3. William, owner of a slave ship, and the supposition is that he was captured by pirates. 4. Asher S. Collom. Asher S. Collom after completing his studies in the public schools, acted in the capacity of school teacher for some time, later opened an oyster house in Doylestown, Pennsylvania, was the first one to carry express between Doylestown and Philadelphia prior to the establishment of the large express companies, conducted a general store in the country and was the proprietor of a hotel called "The Lamb," located near Doylestown, Pennsylvania. During the civil war he served for ten months in the Pennsylvania Infantry, being attached to the hospital corp. He took an active interest in local politics, affiliating with the Republican party, and was a Friend in religion. He married Mary Catherine Walker, born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, January 7, 1842, daughter of George and Julia (Brunner) Walker, residents of Bucks county, he a farmer and a Presbyterian. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Collom: Joseph Moore, of whom further; George Walker, deceased, married Josie ———, and resided in California; William Bertram, a veterinarian in Doylestown, Pennsylvania, married Emma Werner.

Joseph M. Collom was born in the town of Danboro, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, February 1, 1862. He attended the schools adjacent to his home, pursued advanced studies at Doylestown Seminary, and later took a course in a commercial college in Philadelphia. His father established a general store in Danboro, placing Joseph M. in charge of it, while he looked after his other interests, and when Joseph M. attained the age of eighteen years, his father having died three years previously, he disposed of the store. He then took a trip out west, traveling extensively through the western states and Mexico, remaining for eight years, and during this time he introduced telephones into Mexico, the natives being amazed at the wonderful instruments. In 1888 he returned to his native state, locating in Philadelphia, and there engaged in electrical work for Mr. W. S. Griffith, in whose employ he remained for two years. He then accepted a position with the Reading railroad, in the electrical department, and filled the same for a period of six years. He then became connected with Lit Bros., in the electrical department of their extensive store in Philadelphia, and has been so occupied since 1902, giving entire satisfaction in the performance of his duties. He is also interested in the real estate business, his transactions being in the vicinity of his home. He is a Republican in politics, and affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Malta, Ancient Order Knights of the Mystic Chain, Improved Order of Red Men and Patriotic Order Sons of America.

Mr. Collom married, November 5, 1888, Nellie B. Black, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 2, 1863, daughter of Jenks B. and Catherine Black, both deceased. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Collom: Percy Wilber, born June 26, 1893; Russell S., born February 2, 1895. The family resides in the house erected by Mr. Collom in 1909, on the corner of Drexel and Bonsall avenues, Drexel Hill.

From the days of William Penn, the Garretts have been land GARRETT owners and prominent Friends of Chester, now Delaware county, including William and Ann (Kirke) Garrett, who came in 1684. Seven generations of Garretts have lived in Delaware county, the line of descent to Arthur S. Garrett being as follows: William and Ann (Kirke) Garrett; Samuel and Jane (Pennell) Garrett; Nathan and Ann (Knowles) Garrett; Thomas and Sarah (Price) Garrett; Edward and Abigail (Sellers) Garrett; George Sellers and Mary W. (Maris) Garrett; Arthur Sellers and Hannah Worrel (Ogden) Garrett.

In each generation the heads of these families have been Friends, and with few exceptions the children have adhered to the family faith. In the line of Arthur S. Garrett, each generation were farmers, although his father had large business interests, principally in banks of the county.

George Sellers Garrett, of the sixth generation in America, father of Arthur S. Garrett, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 20, 1838, died January 16, 1889. He was educated in public and private schools, completing his studies at Friends Boarding School, Westtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania, intending to enter college, but ill health prevented him from doing so. He then returned home and thereafter was his father's assistant on the homestead, which consisted of one hundred and ninety-three acres, part of the original homestead purchased from William Penn by a Mr. Ferne and sold by him to a member of the Garrett family, the original deed from Penn to Ferne being preserved in the family. After the death of his father, George S. Garrett engaged in mercantile business and became interested in banking institutions, also administering many trusts. He was one of the founders of the Thompson-Houston Electric Company. For five years he was a director of the First National Bank of Darby, being re-elected for a sixth term on the day he was stricken with apoplexy. In 1881 he succeeded Nathan Garrett as secretary of the Upper Darby Building and Loan Association, serving until his death; also was a director of the Media Title and Trust Company. He was for several years supervisor of Upper Darby and an elected auditor of Delaware county, but declined to serve. He was deeply interested in the cause of education, serving for many years as a member of the board of managers of the Elwyn Training School for Feeble Minded Children, and was for a time trustee of Haverford College.

In business he was active and enterprising, keenly sagacious, diligent, adhering closely to upright, honorable principles which ever brought him abundant success. His name was a synonym for integrity, and in his community no man was held in higher respect. In his public life he was ever found on the side of progress and improvement. Many of the enterprises he assisted to develop are now strong and successful. In his private life he was most kind, neighborly and considerate. He gave freely to those less fortunate than himself, but in such a quiet, unostentatious way that few of his deeds of kindness were known save to himself and the beneficiary. But his chief interest was in his home, and in the midst of his family his noble qualities shone brightest. He was a birthright member of the Society of Friends and ever guided his life by the teachings of that faith.

Mr. Garrett married, October 3, 1866, in Chester Meeting, Mary W. Maris, born at Upland, September 1, 1835, died May 20, 1897, daughter of Jesse J. and Mary (West) Maris, of Chester. Jesse J. Maris, a highly esteemed Friend, was for nineteen years prior to his death president of the Bank of Delaware County. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Garrett: Mary M., born January 24, 1870; Edward J., April 24, 1872, died April, 1896; Arthur Sellers, of whom further; George Spencer, November 2, 1880, died October 28, 1907.

Arthur Sellers Garrett, son of George Sellers and Mary W. (Maris) Garrett, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, November 24, 1873. He attended the Friends Boarding School at Westtown, and then entered Cornell University, from which he graduated in the class of 1897 with the degree of Mechanical Engineer. In 1902 he founded, in conjunction with his brother, George Spencer Garrett, the American Water Softener Company, a prosperous concern, engaged in the manufacture and installation of mechanical and chemical systems for the purification and filtration of water, and of this company Arthur S. Garrett was chosen president in 1908. They have installed two filter plants on the Isthmus of Panama for the United States government, besides water purification plants for numerous railroads, manufactories and municipalities, as well as for the U. S. government. The offices of the company are at No. 1011 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Mr. Garrett is a director in the Lansdowne Trust Company, the Lansdowne Building and Loan Association, and trustee of Elwyn Training School for the Feeble Minded. He is a member of the Engineers' Club of Philadelphia, and Cornell Club.

Mr. Garrett married, in 1906, Hannah Worrell Ogden, born at the Ogden homestead at Swarthmore, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1873, daughter of Charles T. and Anna M. Ogden. Children: George Sellers, born July 25, 1907; Margaret Ogden, July 15, 1911; Charles Spencer, December 19, 1912. Mr. Garrett resides in the old family homestead in Upper Darby, now known as Drexel Hill.

Joseph Wilde, a substantial and esteemed citizen of Drexel Hill, WILDE where he has resided for over three decades, now retired from active pursuits, was born in Frankfort, now a part of the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 12, 1838, son of Samuel and Sarah (Shoulter) Wilde.

Samuel Wilde, father of Joseph Wilde, was born in Middleton, England, 1795, died in Springfield township, Pennsylvania, February 14, 1874. His parents were natives of England. Their children, upon attaining suitable age, emigrated to the United States, among whom were four sons: Samuel, who conducts a cotton mill at Frankfort, Pennsylvania; James and John, who were partners in a cotton mill on Darby creek, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Samuel, aforementioned, who was reared and educated in England, learned the trade of cotton spinner, which he followed for some years in his native land, in 1836 emigrated to this country, settling in Philadelphia, and at first operated a cotton spinning mill at Frankfort, and later purchased a mill at Hayville on Darby creek, Springfield township, which he conducted for half a century, producing woolen knitting yarn. He resided in Springfield township above the mill. He married, in England, Sarah Shoulter, born near Middleton, England, 1798, died in Springfield township, 1872, her parents being natives of England, where they lived and died, her father being a saddler by trade. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Wilde: 1. Ann, married William Murphy; at the present time (1914) she is residing near her brother, Joseph, having attained the venerable age of eighty-five years. 2. John, deceased; worked in his father's mill. 3. James, deceased; was a machinist in his father's mill. 4. Joseph, of whom further. 5. William, died in early life.

Joseph Wilde obtained a practical education in the public schools in the neighborhood of his home, and early in life began working in his father's mill, continuing until the death of his father. In 1874, in partnership with his brother, James, he took over the business formerly conducted by their father,

and under the name of E. Hay & Company conducted the mill for thirty years, producing all kinds of woolen yarn. In 1906 they disposed of the business, having accumulated sufficient capital during their many years of business life to retire and enjoy the fruit of their toil. The success which crowned their efforts was the result of skill and ability displayed in the management of their enterprise, which was conducted along progressive lines and in a straightforward and business-like manner. Mr. Wilde is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is an Independent in politics. He resides in the substantial house on Drexel Hill erected by him in 1880, and is held in high esteem by all with whom he is brought in contact.

Mr. Wilde married, July 3, 1865, Mary Jane Morton, born in Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 28, 1843, died March 2, 1897, daughter of Samuel and Mary Morton, the former named having been a butcher by occupation. Children: 1. Sarah, married Joseph Carpenter; resides in Clifton, Pennsylvania. 2. Mary, unmarried, acts as housekeeper for her father.

SHELLER George Sheller, of Primos, is well fitted for the occupation which has received his attention during his active career, that of gardener, for he possesses an artistic, but decidedly practical mind. Active and upright in every relation to his fellowmen, Mr. Sheller has won for himself the confidence and good will of all with whom he has been brought in contact, and has long been considered one of the worthy citizens of his adopted town.

George Sheller was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 19, 1855, son of Peter and Catherine (Hoffner) Sheller, both natives of Philadelphia, and the parents of seven children, five of whom lived until recently, two living at the present time (1913). Peter Sheller resided in his native city all his life, followed the occupation of gardener, from which he derived a good livelihood, and by his integrity of character and straightforward business methods, won and retained the confidence of all with whom he associated, in business or social life. He was a son of George Sheller, who had the misfortune of being deprived of his sight, but this did not deter him from making his own way in the world, as he was actively engaged in basket making, having a willow garden for that purpose. He was married twice, the christian names of his wives being Susan and Elizabeth. George Hoffner, father of Catherine (Hoffner) Sheller, was a native of Philadelphia, and there for many years was successfully engaged in gardening, which proved a most lucrative enterprise.

George Sheller attended the public schools of Philadelphia, thus acquiring a solid foundation for an active and useful life. When old enough he assisted his father in his labor, and possessing a natural inclination for that line of work he adopted it for his active career, establishing a business of his own in Philadelphia, about the year 1881, continuing the same until 1912, a period of about three decades, and on February 28, 1912, removed to Darby township, where he purchased eight acres of land, upon which was a substantial house, barn and outbuildings, and since then he has here pursued his chosen occupation, to which he has added the raising of all kinds of vegetables, his products being noted for their excellence. The entire appearance of his property indicates that he has a thorough knowledge of his business, and that he not only looks after the practical side, but also strive to make his place attractive in every respect. He is interested in all that pertains to the improvement of the community in which he resides, and is willing to contribute his full share in

the work. He is a member of the Lutheran church, and his political allegiance is given to the candidates of the reform party.

Mr. Sheller married, January 28, 1889, Hettie Rile. Children: Harry, deceased; Catherine, Sarah, Mary, George, Elsie. Mr. Sheller is in all respects a good citizen, and he has also performed well his duty as son, husband and father.

Edward John Lyons, proprietor of a fine hardware business in
LYONS Ardmore, Pennsylvania, is carrying on a successful and extensive business which is the legitimate result of his own well directed and persevering efforts. Even in a republic like ours, where there is no favored road to fame and wealth, where all may aspire to the highest point that ambition may set without natural hindrances, individual failures are more numerous than individual successes; and it requires excellent business qualities, the closest application and untiring energy, to conquer the circumstances which force a man to make his own way upward.

Thomas Lyons, father of the above mentioned, was born in Ireland, and came to America in his early youth. He settled in Philadelphia, where in the course of time he became a well known contractor and excavator. He has been engaged in this line of business for many years and has met with well deserved success. During the past forty-five years he has been a resident of Haverford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he and his wife are members of the Catholic church. He married in Philadelphia, Catharine Lynn, also a native of Ireland, and they have had four sons: James, who is a plumber, resides in Oakmont; Thomas, also a plumber, lives in Ardmore; Edward John, whose name heads this sketch; Nicholas, a bicycle dealer, lives in Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania.

Edward John Lyons was born in Haverford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 25, 1878. His education was furnished by the public schools of Bryn Mawr and the parochial schools, and at a suitable age he was apprenticed to learn the machinist's trade. This knowledge was acquired under the auspices of his brother, James, and Mr. Lyons followed this occupation for a number of years. In 1909 he established himself in the hardware business, opening a store on Lancaster avenue, Ardmore, and has built up a trade which is second to none of its size and class in the county. He carries a stock which averages twelve thousand dollars, and his business dealing is noted for its integrity and reliability. He is a Republican in politics, and he and his wife are members of St. Dennis church, on Eagle Road, and generous contributors to the support of this institution.

Mr. Lyons married, in 1904, Mary, born in Philadelphia, a daughter of ——— and Catherine C. Wahl. They have no children. The life of Mr. Lyons is one of fidelity to duty and of sterling worth, and he has a host of warm friends throughout the community.

Thomas Maguire, born in county Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1828,
MAGUIRE came to the United States in 1848, and died in Chester, Pennsylvania, in July, 1912. He settled first in Lenni, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, worked for several years as railroad section hand, finally became private gardener for John B. Roach, of Chester. He was a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Roman Catholic church. He married, in Delaware county, Bridget McEntee, who came from Ireland in her sixteenth year and died in Lenni in 1910, daughter of Peter McEntee, born in Ireland,

died in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Children: John C., of whom further; Thomas, a textile weaver of Lenni, Pennsylvania, unmarried; James, a designer of Philadelphia, unmarried; William, a stone cutter, married; Edward, a machinist of Chester, unmarried; Rose, deceased; Anna, married W. Costello, deceased, a spinning room foreman in Philadelphia, where his widow resides; Mary, married Lawrence Connor, a machinist, and resides in Lenni, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, resides in Lenni, unmarried.

(II) John C., son of Thomas Maguire, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1858, died in Chester, May 23, 1904. He was a grocer at Second and Kerlin streets, Chester, many years, but after the financial panic of 1900 was employed by the Chester Traction company. He was a member of the Roman Catholic church and the Fraternal Order of Eagles, and a man of excellent character, highly respected by all. He married Mary J. Costello, born in Delaware county, 1862, died in Chester, July 1, 1907, daughter of William Costello, of Aston Mills. Children: W. P., of whom further; Rose, married Martin J. Connolly, of Chester, a molder by trade, now engaged in the insurance business; Margaret, resides in Philadelphia, unmarried; Mary, resides in Philadelphia, unmarried; Marcella, resides in Philadelphia, unmarried; Anna, resides in Philadelphia, unmarried; Thomas, resides in Philadelphia, unmarried.

(III) W. P., eldest son of John C and Mary J. (Costello) Maguire, was born at Aston Mills, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 14, 1883. He attended first the parochial, then the public schools of Chester, but was obliged to leave school at fourteen years of age, becoming messenger boy for the Western Union Telegraph Company, continuing as such two years. In 1899 he learned telegraphy, but on account of his youth could not obtain an operator's position.

He worked as clerk for E. B. McClenahan in his stationery store for eight months. In 1900 he entered the employ of the Johnson Frog and Switch Company, remaining one year. For the next two years he was with the Tide Water Steel Company, and in 1903 was appointed manager and operator at Princess Ann, Maryland, for the Western Union Telegraph Company. Three months later he resigned to become operator at the West Philadelphia office of the Postal Telegraph Company. In 1905 he came to Chester as night operator for the same company, and three months later he was appointed manager to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the manager, W. H. Larkin. This position he has since most acceptably filled until the present date. Mr. Maguire is an Independent in politics, a member of the Roman Catholic church and the Loyal Order of Moose.

He married, October, 1907, in Chester, Mary F. Connolly, daughter of the late James Connolly, who was a clothier of Chester, and his wife, Margaret (Crosley) Connolly, now residing at No. 1119 Parker street, Chester. Children: Margaret Helen, born in Chester, July 24, 1908; William Francis, March 12, 1911.

James Rawson, a retired business man now living at Llanerch, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a descendant of an old and honored English family. He is a man of strong purpose and has been an important addition to the business force of the community in which his active business years have been spent.

Thomas Rawson, his father, was born in Halifax, Yorkshire, England, and spent his entire life there. For many years he held the position of foreman in a worsted factory and his death occurred when he was near ninety years of age.

He and his wife were members of the Episcopal church. Mr. Rawson married Hannah Dickinson, also a native of Halifax, who died in her eighty-eighth year. They had children as follows: Thomas, who died in England; Elizabeth, married John Franklin, is now a widow and lives in Halifax, England; Mary Ann, now deceased, married Aaron Squire; Eliza, unmarried, resides in Halifax, England; David, came to the United States in 1880, and died in Iowa in 1911; James, the subject of this sketch; William, is a tailor, and lives in Manchester, England.

James Rawson was born in Halifax, Yorkshire county, England, August 15, 1851. The public schools of his native town furnished him with a practical education, and he was then apprenticed to the firm of Frederick Smith & Company, wire manufacturers of Halifax, remaining with them for a period of six years. During the next two years he was in the employ of Richard Johnson, of Manchester, England, and then formed a partnership with his brother, David, and a Mr. Housen, in the manufacture of wire in Manchester. This partnership was dissolved at the expiration of three years, when there was a serious business depression in all lines in England, and Mr. Rawson, who had had an excellent business offer from the city of New York, decided to try his fortune in the New World. Upon his arrival here he accepted a position with Carey & Moen, in the same line of business with which he had been identified, and then remained with this firm for a period of two years, at which time he received a far more advantageous offer from R. H. Wolff & Co., to act as their superintendent, which he did for five years. Mayor Abram S. Hewitt, of New York City, then made him a very favorable offer to go to Trenton, New Jersey, in order to take charge of his business interests there and introduce better and more original methods, as under the old management the business had gone decidedly backward. The factory at Trenton was engaged in the manufacture of specialties, such as piano wire, watch and clock springs, etc., and Mr. Rawson had full charge for fifteen years, the factory gaining in prestige under his able management, and at the end of this time he retired, having the intention of going to England and spending the remainder of his life in his native land. Unfortunately, Mrs. Rawson was taken seriously ill before this plan could be carried out, and her health has never been so fully restored as to make the plan feasible. Mr. Rawson is still engaged as a consulting manufacturer in the line with which he was so actively connected for many years. In this direction the knowledge he has gained in the course of years of the German, French and American methods, in addition to his earlier experience in the English field, has been of inestimable value. As Mr. Rawson was an enthusiast in all matters pertaining to athletic sports, especially cricket, he decided to make his home at Llanerch, knowing that there he would find kindred spirits. He has always been an exceptionally good cricket player, and for many years past, has never failed to represent some club in a match during the cricket season.

Mr. Rawson is a member of the Trenton Cricket Club and the Delaware County Golf Club. His political adherence is with the Republican party, and he has served as treasurer of the Llanerch Civic Association. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which he has been treasurer for the past six years. Mr. Rawson married, in 1878, Martha Ann, born in Halifax, England, a daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Hallowell) Roberts.

They have been blessed with one child: Emily, who married C. C. Haven, and lives in Llanerch. They have children: Arthur Rawson, Lawrence and Ethel Beatrice. Mr. Rawson is of a social and kindly hearted dispo-

sition, and makes friends readily. He has taken an active interest in the movements tending to the development and progress of the locality in which he has made his home, and has been instrumental in promoting its improvement.

PALMER There is no surname in the English language whose derivation is more full of interest than that of Palmer. The use of it as a surname traces from the time of the Crusades in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries, when the seekers for the Holy Sepulchre carried it as their emblem. Charles W. Bardsley, in his work "Our English Surnames," refers to it as follows: "The various religious wanderings of solitary recluses, though belonging to a system long faded from our English life, find a perpetual epitaph in the 'directories' of to-day. Thus we have still our 'Pilgrims' or 'Perlerins' as the Normans termed them. We may meet with 'Palmers' any day in the streets of our large towns—names distinctively relating the manner in which their owners have derived their title. The 'Pilgrim' may have visited the Shrine of St. Thomas of Canterbury; the 'Palmer,' as his sobriquet proves had forlorn and weary battled against all difficulties and trod the path that led to the Holy Sepulchre." In literature the name frequently appears, always in connection with the deeply religious folk who spent their lives in such a holy quest. Chaucer, Spenser, Milton, Scott and Shakespeare make frequent reference using the name.

Early in the history of the Society of Friends in England the Palmers were devoted members of the sect, braving uncomplainingly the persecutions and indignities that were heaped upon them for their non-conformity to the state religion. Besse, in his "Sufferings of the Quakers," mentions members of the family in many places, two of the extracts reading: "In 1659, Thomas Palmer and two others were subpoenaed into the Exchange at the suit of John Dyke, a priest, for tithes, valued at 14 s.: they appeared accordingly, but refusing to swear to their answer, were imprisoned for contempt in a low dungeon at Warwick, twenty steps deep, where the said Thomas Palmer lay ten months"; and "In 1664 Ezekiel Palmer, of Cambridgeshire, had seven cows taken, worth 22 pounds, for non-conformity to public worship."

The first member of the family in Pennsylvania was John Palmer, who settled in Concord township, then Chester county, now Delaware, about 1688. It is probable that he was one of a class of immigrants known as "Redemptioners," who pledged themselves to work in payment for their passage after they arrived in America. In 1688 a patent on one hundred acres of land was granted to "John Palmer his heirs and assigns forever." John Palmer married Mary, daughter of Robert Southery. The deaths of John and his wife, Mary, occurred within a few years of each other, his in 1742, hers in 1745. Both were members of the Society of Friends. Children: John, of whom further; Catherine: Eals (Alice); Margery; Ann; and Mary.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Mary (Southery) Palmer, was born in Concord township, now part of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, about 1690, died 5th month, 1771. He followed the occupation of a farmer, first on the farm inherited from his father, later on a tract of one hundred and seventy-five acres, purchased from Henry Peirce. He was a man of prominence in the community and one of the first to promote the establishing of schools. He married, 6th month (June) 9, 1714, Martha, daughter of John and Elizabeth Yearsley, whose family came to Thornbury, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1700, from Middlewich, England. Children: 1. Mary, born 6th month 21, 1715, died young. 2. John, born 8th month 20, 1717, died young. 3. Isaac, born 9th month 13, 1719, died young. 4. Moses, of whom further. 5. Eliza-

beth, born 3rd month 24, 1724. 6. Rebecca, born 8th month 1, 1726. 7. Martha, born 3rd month 11, 1729. 8. Susannah, born 10th month 24, 1731, died in infancy. 9. Susannah (2), born 12th month 14, 1732, died young. 10. John (2), born 8th month 1, 1736, died 4th month, 1793.

(III) Moses, son of John (2) and Martha (Yearsley) Palmer, was born in Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 5th month 26, 1721, died 6th month 20, 1783. In his early life he was instructed in cordwaining, but forsook that occupation for the more congenial one of farming. He cultivated the land obtained from his father in 1748 for many years, and also the tract adjoining it on the north, where he made his home for the latter years of his life. During his lifetime he acquired a great deal of real estate, which at his death he willed to his wife and children in a testament dated 6th month 10, 1783. He was an adherent to the family faith, a member of the Society of Friends. He married (first) Abigail, daughter of John and Mary (Woodward) Newlin, of Concord; (second) Abigail (Sharp) Sharpless, widow of William Sharpless, and daughter of Joseph and Mary (Pyte) Sharp, born 2nd month 28, 1729, died 2nd month 14, 1805. Her father was an Irish emigrant.

Children of Moses Palmer by his two marriages, the first, John, of further mention, being the only child of his first marriage: 2. Martha, born 9th month 7, 1753, died 2nd month 18, 1831. 3. Moses, born 4th month 12, 1757, died 8th month 29, 1840. 4. Joseph, born 4th month 21, 1759, died 7th month 30, 1838. 5. Abigail, born 8th month 26, 1762, died 3rd month 10, 1842. 6. Aaron, born 7th month 17, 1765, died 3rd month 10, 1842. 7. Mary, born 1st month 24, 1768. 8. Ann, born 1st month 9, 1771, died about 1821.

(IV) John, son of Moses and Abigail (Newlin) Palmer, was born in Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 11th month 4, 1745, died 9th month 18, 1801. He erected buildings on the eastern part of the original Palmer tract, afterward bequeathed to him by the terms of his father's will, and in connection with farming followed the occupation of a saddler. He married, 4th month 26, 1769, in Concord Meeting-house, Hannah, born 2nd month 18, 1753, died 4th month 11, 1842, daughter of Abraham and Lydia (Weldon) Martin. William Peters and John Brinton, appointed by the Friends Meeting to attend the wedding, as was customary, reported that "it was orderly accomplished and a good degree of moderation at the house of entertainment and where the youth appeared otherwise advice was administered." Children of John and Hannah (Martin) Palmer, all born in Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania: 1. Benjamin, of whom further. 2. Abraham, born 12th month 16, 1771, died 7th month 2, 1852. 3. Moses, born 12th month 14, 1773, died in infancy. 4. Abigail, born 2nd month 22, 1776, died 3rd month 2, 1815. 5. John, born 6th month 16, 1778, died 3rd month 29, 1868. 6. Lydia, born 1780. 7. Thomas, born 1786, died 10th month, 1820. 8. Moses (2), born 2nd month 25, 1788, died 2nd month 16, 1875. 9. Hannah, born 5th month 5, 1790, died 8th month, 1857. 10. Norris, born 6th month 15, 1792, died 5th month 10, 1842.

(V) Benjamin, eldest son and child of John and Hannah (Martin) Palmer, was born in Concord township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 2nd month 26, 1770, died 10th month 2, 1824. He made his home in Aston township, Delaware county, on a tract of land purchased from the Martin family, where he was proprietor of a general store and postmaster of the village. After his death his wife resided in Upper Providence township, in which locality she was familiarly known as "Aunt Nancy."

He married, in 1800, Ann, daughter of James and Lydia (Walter) Pennell, and was complained against for marrying out of Friends Meeting. His wife was received into Friends Meeting at Concord, 11th month 7, 1810, and

took a certificate to Chester Meeting, 4th month 27, 1837. Children of Benjamin and Ann (Pennell) Palmer: 1. James Pennell, born 2nd month 26, 1801, died 12th month 10, 1860. 2. Susan, born 8th month 20, 1802, died 6th month 16, 1865. 3. T. Chalkley, of whom further. 4. John, born 7th month 14, 1806, died 3rd month 16, 1823. 5. Abraham Martin, born 7th month 25, 1808, died 12th month 6, 1834. 6. Benjamin (2), born 9th month 19, 1811, died 8th month 27, 1841. 7. Lydia Ann, born 5th month 18, 1815, died 2nd month 27, 1816. 8. Catherine S., born 5th month 12, 1817, died 2nd month 27, 1904.

(VI) T. Chalkley, second son and third child of Benjamin and Ann (Pennell) Palmer, was born in Aston township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 6th month 8, 1804, died in Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 2nd month 4, 1883. He attended the public schools and early in life learned the miller's trade, his first place of business being Beatty's Mills, on Crum creek, a site now occupied by the Springfield Water Works. In 1834 he moved his seat of operations to Upper Providence and Marple townships, purchasing the Jones mill property, on the same stream as his old mill. In 1866 he purchased the homestead of John Sharpless, his father-in-law, in Nether Providence, where he and his wife resided until the latter's death, after which he lived in Waterville and later at Media, his death occurring in the latter place. Both he and his wife were lifelong members of the Orthodox branch of the Society of Friends. T. Chalkley Palmer was a Christian gentleman of the highest worth, living an upright life in accordance with the tenets of the faith he professed.

He married, at Chester Meeting, 11th month 5, 1828, Sarah, born 8th month 21, 1804, died 3rd month 12, 1872, daughter of John and Ruth (Martin) Sharpless. She was a member of the old English family of Delaware county (see Sharpless) and a descendant of John and Jane (Moore) Sharpless, who came to Chester, Pennsylvania, in 1682, from Hatherton, Cheshire, England. Children of T. Chalkley and Sarah (Sharpless) Palmer: 1. Lewis, born 1st month 13, 1830, died 12th month 31, 1881. 2. John S., born 5th month 17, 1833. 3. Rebecca, born 6th month 21, 1836, died 9th month 10, 1838. 4. Henry, born 1st month 1, 1839. 5. Beulah, born 3rd month 4, 1844.

(VII) Lewis, eldest son of T. Chalkley and Sarah (Sharpless)

PALMER Palmer, was born January 13, 1830, died December 31, 1881.

He was well educated and for five years was a teacher in the Westtown Boarding School. He obtained a knowledge of mills and milling from association with his father and later purchased the Media grist and saw mills, which he successfully operated for several years. He then sold his water privileges and power to the borough of Media for the establishment of a water works system for that borough, and established a retail ice business in Media that was so successful that it was continued by his widow for several years. He was a well known naturalist and was an authority on minerals and botany, owning a rare collection of valuable specimens. He took a deep interest in public affairs and at the time of his death was a member of the borough council of Media. He was a member of the Society of Friends and a man held in the highest esteem.

He married, December 16, 1858, Mary C. Wildman, born March 23, 1838, died January 25, 1906, daughter of John (2) Wildman and his wife, Ann Comfort, of Lower Makefield township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania. Children: Ruth Anna, born November 24, 1859, died the same day; Thomas Chalkley, of whom further; Anne, born November 11, 1866, married May 18, 1887, George S. Thorp and resides at Media; John W., born July 1, 1867, married, July 1, 1890, Mary W. Yarnell and resides in Media, an electrician; Beulah,

born July 27, 1869, married Edward F. Stimson and resides in Philadelphia; Sarah S., born December 17, 1872, married May 16, 1894, William S. Evans, whom she survives, a resident of Philadelphia; George Martin, born March 14, 1876, married April 16, 1902, Marian E. Rodgers and is in business in Newark, New Jersey; Charles W., born August 9, 1879, now professor of science at Westtown Boarding School, married Anna C. Stanton; Edith Lewis, born March 2, 1881, resides in Media.

(VIII) Thomas Chalkley, eldest son of Lewis and Mary C. (Wildman) Palmer, was born October 23, 1860. He prepared at Westtown Boarding School, then entered Haverford College, whence he was graduated with the degree B. S., class of 1882. He then took a special course in chemistry at Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, and in the private laboratory of Prof. Henry Trimble.

He began professional life as chemist for the Sharpless Dye Wood Extract Company of Chester, continuing until that company was succeeded in 1904 by the American Dye Wood Company. He was elected a director of that company at its organization, a responsible position that he yet holds, being also a stockholder. Mr. Palmer ranks very high in the branch in which he has specialized and is a recognized authority on the chemistry and use of dyes. He has written many papers for technical journals, and is a contributor to the publications of societies dealing with Natural Science. His investigations naturally led him to rocks and plants and in both mineralogy and botany he is well informed.

Mr. Palmer is a member of the Delaware County Institute of Science, succeeding in 1894, John M. Broomall as president, and is still holding that position; member of the Royal Microscopical Society of London; the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, and vice director of the Section of Biology and Microscopy; member of the Franklin Institute; the Society of Chemical Industry of London; the Chemical Society of France; the Botanical Society of Pennsylvania, and the American Chemical Society. He is a Republican in politics and a member of the Society of Friends (Orthodox).

Mr. Palmer married H. Jane Walter, born October 15, 1858, at Parkersville, Pennsylvania, daughter of William H. and Edith B. Webb. Children: 1. Walter, born March 30, 1888, in Media, graduate of Haverford College, class of 1910, now taking a special course at Massachusetts Institute of Technology; he is an electrical and mechanical engineer in the employ of the American Dye Wood Company. 2. Lewis, born July 28, 1889, graduate of Friends' Select School of Philadelphia, 1907; spent one year at Haverford College, then became manager of his father's farm. The family home is a farm of one hundred acres owned by Mr. Palmer in Middletown township.

BEAUMONT The Beaumont family of Yorkshire, England, has long been known as prominent members of the industrial workers of that country. They have have been connected with some of the best interests of England, especially in its linen, woolen and cotton manufactures. About the year 1836 Richard Beaumont, of Yorkshire, emigrated to the United States, where the opportunities offered to ambitious young men were greater than in the mother country. He landed in Philadelphia, and eventually drifted to Watertown, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and there died at the age of forty-eight. He held several important positions in different woolen mills, among them being that of foreman in the carding departments. Both he and his wife were devout members of the Protestant Episcopal church, and reared their family in that faith. He married Hannah Mills,

born in Chester, Pennsylvania, where she died after his death. They were the parents of eight children, four of whom are still living (1913). These are: Thomas, lives in Chester, Pennsylvania; Charles, lives in Chester; Emma, married J. Irvin Taylor, of Chester; Eliza, married Edward Adams, of Upland, Pennsylvania. Those deceased are: William, of whom further; George; Thomas and Josephine.

(II) William Beaumont, son of Richard and Hannah (Mills) Beaumont, was born March 18, 1851, at Waterville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was reared in Darby, Pennsylvania, and received his education in the common schools of the day. At an early age he was apprenticed to H. Bickle, a tinsmith of Norristown, Pennsylvania. When he had thoroughly learned the trade he engaged in it at Norristown and later in Philadelphia, and other towns in Pennsylvania. In the meantime he moved to Lenni, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and in conjunction with his brother, George Beaumont, he established a tinsmith shop and they succeeded in building up a lucrative business by close attention to it and unfailing courtesy to their patrons. George Beaumont died March 26, 1900, and was succeeded in the partnership by William Beaumont Jr., a son of the senior member. Under the new management the business continued to prosper and had reached its zenith when Mr. Beaumont Sr. was unfortunately killed in an accident on the Pennsylvania railroad, March 18, 1911. He was greatly mourned in the town toward which he had contributed much in its upbuilding, and where he was regarded as an industrious, honorable and progressive citizen. He was highly esteemed by his fellow townsmen and business associates. He was a devoted husband and father and afforded his children splendid educational opportunities, thus fitting them to cope with the world. He was a Republican by conviction and voted with and worked for that party, but never held nor aspired to office. Since his death the business has been under the management of William Beaumont Jr., assisted by his brothers. Mr. Beaumont married Fannie Miller, daughter of Joshua and Anna (Richardson) Miller. Children: 1. Annie, born January 11, 1873; died June, 1877. 2. Richard, born January 5, 1874; died, January 19, 1874. 3. Eliza, born June 2, 1875; married William Roberts, of Lenni. 4. William Jr., born May 14, 1878; married December 10, 1910, Sarah M. Hopkins; he was educated in the public schools of his section; under his father's tutelage he learned the tinsmith's trade, and in 1900 he was taken into the firm as a partner, since which time he has been manager and now runs it with the aid of his brothers. He is a member of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, No. 29, standing high in the order, and is also a member of the American Mechanics, of Chester, Pennsylvania. 5. Eva, born March 7, 1880; lives at home with her mother. 6. Joshua, born March 8, 1882, a graduate of Park and Eckles College, and is now an embalmer in New York City. 7. Maggie, born November 19, 1883; died February 6, 1884. 8. James, born December 1, 1884; tinsmith in Lenni. 9. John, born March 24, 1886; loom repairer in Ashton Mills. 10. Morris, born November 24, 1888; died, July 4, 1889. 11. Harvey R., now a tinsmith in Lenni. 12. George B., born January 27, 1890, employed in cloth mills at Lenni. 13. Maurice, born February 14, 1892; tinsmith in Lenni. 14. Sarah, born February 7, 1894; at home. 15. LeRoy, born October 2, 1896. 16. Florence, born September 7, 1898. James, John, George and Maurice Beaumont are members in high standing in the Order of American Mechanics, No. 803.

(The Miller Line).

Joshua Miller, father of Mrs. William Beaumont Sr., was a native of the United States and was a spinner and weaver by vocation, and also a farmer.

He was a staunch Republican and a member of the Episcopal church. He married Anna Richardson, born in 1836, in Scotland, and died at an advanced age in Pennsylvania. She was a devout member of the Protestant Episcopal church, but later affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal, at Mount Hope, Pennsylvania. Mr. Miller died in Chester, Pennsylvania, aged seventy-five. Children: 1. James, living in Philadelphia. 2. Joshua, lives in Clifton, Pennsylvania. 3. Daniel, lives in Rockdale, Pennsylvania. 4. Josephine, married Henry Logan, of Chester, Pennsylvania. 5. Emma, married Charles Mathews, of Media, Pennsylvania. 6. Eliza, married George Marshall, of Media, Pennsylvania. 7. Annie, widow of Richard Allen, of Clifton, Pennsylvania. 8. Fannie, married William Beaumont (see above). 9. Thomas, deceased. 10. Sallie, deceased, married William Miller. 11. Elizabeth, deceased; married William Turner.

It is a pleasing task to outline the lives of those who have ROBERTS come to our shores from other countries and have contributed in such marked degree to the prosperity which reigns over this land. The pride of America is in her selfmade men, and in return for the opportunities she offers she receives the loyal support of those who have found homes and protection under the starry emblem of the republic. It is of people of this class, the Roberts family of Llanerch, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, that this review treats.

(I) James Roberts was born in England, and came to this country as a child with his parents. At first they settled in Valley Forge, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and after his marriage, he made his home in Berks county, in the same state. His death occurred in 1909. He was a miner by occupation, and he and his wife were members of the Episcopal church. He married Alice Tridgeon, also born in England, and brought to this country by her parents while she was still a child. She also lived in Valley Forge, where they were married. They had children: Thomas, who died in Chester county, in early childhood; Rebecca, married Joseph Lahr and lives in Chester county; Mary, married Ora Painter; William James, see forward; Richard, born in Chester county, is a stone cutter by trade; a child who died; Philip, died in infancy; Philip, died at the age of eighteen years.

(II) William James, son of James and Alice (Tridgeon) Roberts, was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, November 14, 1867. He was educated in the public schools of his district and at a suitable age commenced his business career. He was apprenticed to learn the trade of stone cutting, but not finding this to his liking, abandoned it in favor of mining in association with his father, and was thus occupied until 1893. On May 26, 1893, he came to Llanerch, as superintendent of the Llanerch Real Estate Company, which was then engaged in cutting up the Llanerch district into building plots and streets. He was an important factor in the laying out of the town and became the owner of a large amount of real property. He continued in office as superintendent of this company until about 1910. In the meantime, about 1904, he had embarked in the general contracting business, and later added the sale of coal and building materials on the West Chester road in Llanerch. This was but a few of various enterprises with which he was connected. He is the proprietor of a boarding stable for horses, and has added a dray business in order to undertake heavy hauling as well as express business. He has twelve men and a number of teams constantly in his employ and is one of the most prominent citizens of the town. His political affiliations are with the Republican party. Mr. Roberts is unmarried.

RIGNEY One of the best general farmers in the history of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, one who was considered an authority by all the farmers in his vicinity, was the late John Rigney, whose farm was located near Coopertown. He was of Irish birth, his parents being Richard and Catherine Rigney, both natives of Ireland, where their lives were spent. The father was a fruit grower near the city of Dublin and marketed his product in that city. He had three sons and one daughter, of whom Patrick and John came to America. Patrick, who settled on a farm in Wisconsin, died there at a ripe old age.

John Rigney was born in Balbriggan, county Dublin, Ireland, June 13, 1818, and died in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 31, 1903. His education was the usual one of a farmer's son of that period, and was acquired in the common schools of his section. He labored as an assistant to his father until he was more than thirty years of age, then decided to emigrate to America, as conditions were not satisfactory in his mother country. He arrived at Philadelphia, and from there went to Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he rented a farm and engaged in general farming. He cultivated this so successfully that in the course of time he had amassed a sufficient capital to purchase a farm of his own. This was located near Coopertown, and he was busied with its cultivation until his death. It consisted of twenty-two acres, and he was a pioneer in the field of intensive cultivation. Everything he did was done in a systematic and scientific manner, and the results he achieved fully justified his methods. He gave his political support to the Democratic party, and his religious affiliation was with the Catholic church. Mr. Rigney married Mary, born in Philadelphia, a daughter of John Travis, and she died July 25, 1898. Children: Catharine Eulalia, lives in West Philadelphia; Mary Ella, married John C. French, and has had ten children of whom seven are now living; Sarah Louise, married Patrick J. Kelly, and lives in Llanerch, Pennsylvania; they have had ten children, of whom nine are now living. Mr. Rigney was known as a man of unswerving integrity in all the relations of life, and this may be said to have been the keynote of a character which ever appealed strongly to the confidence and esteem of all with whom he came in contact.

MENDENHALL John Howard Mendenhall, one of the leading citizens of Gradyville, and widely known as a most successful horse breeder and cattle raiser, is a descendant of one of the oldest colonial families of Delaware county. He is of the sixth generation in America, being a direct descendant from Benjamin Mendenhall, who with his brothers, John and George, came from England in company with William Penn, in 1682. John settled in Chester county, while George, after a short stay, returned to England. Benjamin Mendenhall married Ann Pennell, of Delaware county, and they had two sons—Robert and Benjamin.

Robert Mendenhall was born in 1719; he married Phoebe Taylor, by whom he had thirteen children, and of these, John, great-grandfather of John Howard Mendenhall, married Tabitha Newlin, and their children were Cyrus, Martha, Esther, John and Anne.

John, son of John and Tabitha (Newlin) Mendenhall, was born in Edgmont, May 27, 1793. He married, in 1821, Hannah, daughter of Daniel and Sarah Sharpless, of Chester township, Delaware county. Children: Rebecca, who died; Henry, of whom further; Joseph, who settled in Kansas, where he was for many years actively engaged in business.

Henry, son of John and Sarah (Sharpless) Mendenhall, married Deborah

Passmore, of Chester county, by whom he had children: Mary Ella, who became the wife of George S. Yarnall; John Howard, of whom further; Walter P., unmarried; and Anna R., who became the wife of W. Horace Long.

John Howard Mendenhall, son of Henry and Deborah (Passmore) Mendenhall, was born July 26, 1864. He received his early education in the Friends' School of his native town, and later attended for three terms the famous Westtown Friends' School, after which he returned home to assist his father on the home farm. At the early age of eighteen years he determined to enter upon life upon his own responsibility, and rented from his father the farm of one hundred and forty-three acres, and from the outset and for several years he conducted every detail of the work thereon. At the beginning he gave his attention to the old-time general farming, but as he progressed he came to believe that there were larger opportunities in the breeding of horses and raising of cattle. This he determined to make his prime object, and every subsequent step demonstrated the wisdom of his judgment, and success attended him from the first, and with constantly increasing measure. In addition to his fine stud of horses, which are a source of pride as well as profit, and have the admiration of horse lovers throughout a large region, he maintains an excellent dairy, and his blooded cows afford a daily output of two hundred and fifty quarts of milk. His farm also produces large quantities of hay, grain and vegetables, which always find a ready market.

Mr. Mendenhall gives active and intelligent interest to various lines of community affairs. A Republican politically, he is a charter member, director and active leader in the Republican Club of Media. He has filled various township offices, having served for many years as justice of the peace, and for more than a score of years as a member of the election board. He is affiliated with a number of fraternal societies—the Knights of Pythias, Improved Order of Red Men, Junior Order of American Mechanics, and Patrons of Husbandry, and in the three last named has filled all the official chairs. As have been his ancestors in each generation, he and his family are consistent members of the Society of Friends.

Mr. Mendenhall was married, May 6, 1886, to Aimee Baker, daughter of Jackson and Emeline (Mercer) Baker, of Edgemont. Children: Emma Baker, born July 8, 1887; Joseph Harlan, born August 3, 1890; Marie Howard, born November 11, 1894; and Walter Paul, born June 2, 1902.

Gifts of money to a city may be used in its adornment and add PRATT to its beauty and attractiveness; but the man who founds and keeps in successful operation extensive business interests, wherein are employed many people, does much more for the substantial development and permanent progress of the city than he whose generosity is manifested in the other way. Commercial activity is the life of a community, and those who are at the head of activities of this sort are to be considered in the light of general benefactors. Edward W. Pratt, of Manoa, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a man of this caliber. His grandparents were natives of Germany, and when they emigrated to this country they located in Philadelphia, making their home where the wheel pump is now to be found in Germantown. They had children: Martha, married and lives in Philadelphia; Charles, see forward; George, deceased, was a blacksmith in Norristown, Pennsylvania; William, deceased, was a farmer; a daughter, now deceased.

Charles Pratt, son of the preceding, was born in Philadelphia in 1828, and died in November, 1910. In his early life he was a stove molder, being in the employ of the McDowell & Leiburgs Stove Works, and subsequently

became a teamster. He and his wife were members of the Lutheran church. He married Rose Kaltenthaler, born in Rochester, New York, 1827, died in August, 1904. She was the daughter of Jacob Kaltenthaler, who was shipwrecked on his way to America, off the coast of New Jersey, and later made his home in Rochester. He was a tanner by occupation, and when he located in Philadelphia he established a tannery at Fifth street and Cohatsan creek. He had lost the greater part of his fortune in the shipwreck and was obliged to take a partner who could provide the necessary funds to carry on the business. He invented the process for making patent leather, but his partner, taking advantage of the fact that Mr. Kaltenthaler was without means, defrauded him of the honor and profits of this invention. He had been a soldier in Napoleon's army for many years; was a member of his body guard at the time of his marriage to Marie Louise, and was with him in the Moscow campaign. Although he was by birth a German he had spent many years in France, and it was from that country that he came to America. He married and had children: Frederick, deceased, was a molder; Louise, married (first) ——— Mann, (second) ——— Shondig; Jacob, deceased, was a tanner in St. Louis, Missouri, being the first man to establish a tannery west of the Mississippi river; Susan, married William Esthonor; Rose, who married Mr. Pratt; William, deceased; several children who died young. Charles and Rose (Kaltenthaler) Pratt had children: Charles, deceased; Jacob, deceased; William, a farmer, resides at Willistown, Chester county, Pennsylvania; Edward W., whose name heads this sketch; Anna L., unmarried, lives at Bryn Mawr, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

Edward W. Pratt, son of Charles and Rose (Kaltenthaler) Pratt, was born at the corner of Montgomery avenue and Belgrade street, Philadelphia, September 22, 1861. Attending the public schools of his native city, he proved so apt a scholar that he held second in rank of all who entered the high school in his class. Upon leaving this institution he matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania, which, however, he left at the end of five months in order to engage in the more active work of life. He and his brother established themselves in the express business and transfer agency at Bryn Mawr, their concern doing business under the title of Pratt's Express. For thirty years Mr. Pratt was actively identified with this. In 1905 he removed to Manoa, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, which he had selected as a place of residence. He sold his business interests at Bryn Mawr, intending to lead a quiet and retired life, but he was too active a man to be contented with this. It was no very long time before he again established himself in business, this time opening an express and transfer office at No. 9 South Third street, Philadelphia, where he is still doing an extensive business. His fraternal affiliations are with the Improved Order of Red Men and the American Mechanics.

Mr. Pratt married, September 20, 1904, Mabel D. Gray, born in Philadelphia, of German descent. Children: Anna L., born August 6, 1907; Wilma, born January 30, 1913. Mr. Pratt is entirely free from ostentation, a true American citizen, loyal to his country, his church and his friends. He is of a generous and sympathetic nature, and is ever ready with advice and material aid whenever there is any question of a charitable project.

JANVIER The Janvier family came to this country from France in the latter part of the seventeenth century, during the reign of Louis the Fourteenth, at a time when the Protestants were being persecuted because of their religious views. The immigrant ancestor was obliged to abandon a large fortune in France when he fled to this country. His

father, Pierre Janvier, fled to Scotland, where he married a countess. Thomas Janvier, his son, married Jane Clarke.

Thomas Janvier, son of Thomas and Jane (Clarke) Janvier, was born in New Castle, Delaware. He was a cabinet maker and a merchant, and stood well in the business world. He gave his political support to the Whig party, and was a devout member of the Presbyterian church. He married Mercy Archer, and had children: George, Thomas, Benjamin, Mary, Jane.

George Janvier, son of Thomas and Mercy (Archer) Janvier, was born at New Castle, Delaware, March 4, 1804, died in the same state, December 25, 1873. He was a farmer and a coal merchant in Newark and New Castle, Delaware. His religious affiliations were with the Presbyterian church, and he gave his earnest support to the Republican party. He married Catherine, born February 2, 1805, died July 14, 1863, daughter of David Paynter, of Philadelphia, and of Catherine (Hall) Paynter, daughter of Governor Hall, of Delaware, who served as a colonel during the war of the revolution. Children: Edwin P., born February 25, 1827; Washington, February 18, 1829; Emma H., January 13, 1831; Catherine L., April 16, 1833; Mary J., March 27, 1835; Agnes M., April 30, 1837; Thomas D., August 29, 1839; Margaret D., August 16, 1842; Julia H., July 22, 1843; Thomas George, of whom further.

Thomas George Janvier, son of George and Catherine (Paynter) Janvier, was born in the town of Newark, Delaware, November 27, 1845. After the necessary preparatory training he entered the Polytechnic College of Pennsylvania, and completed his education by a course in Bryant & Stratton's Business College. Mr. Janvier, a resident of Lansdowne for twenty-five years, has accomplished work of a very important character. As civil engineer of Aldan borough he laid out and built all the streets of that section; he constructed the first macadam road on Lansdowne avenue, in 1888, from Darby to Garrett road, for Joel J. Bailey and A. J. Drexel; he planned and constructed the Lansdowne sewage system. He has been a Republican for many years, and has served as borough engineer of Swarthmore, Lansdowne, Aldan, Morton, Rutledge and Clifton Heights, all in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. During the civil war he was a member of Company B, Seventh Delaware Regiment. His fraternal affiliations are with the Order of Free and Accepted Masons; the Neighbors' Club, Lansdowne, Pennsylvania; and he was for twenty years a member of the Engineers' Club of Philadelphia, and then resigned. For a period of twenty-four years he has served as an elder of the First Presbyterian Church of Lansdowne, and is regarded as an ardent, unselfish, consistent Christian, whose spirit is never ruffled and whose beautiful home life is an example to all. In association with the Rev. Dr. Harper, of the North Broad Street Church, he was one of the founders of Penn Chapel, now Harper Memorial Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia, and was the first superintendent of the Sunday school connected with that institution.

Mr. Janvier married, at Camden, New Jersey, March 12, 1878, Katharine Umsted Reinboth, born in Philadelphia, March 16, 1850, daughter of Joseph Diver Reinboth, who was a nephew of Paul Beck, owner of one of Philadelphia's old shot towers, and a financial giant in his day, and whose three sons, Chauncey, Harry and Charles Reinboth, were all captains in the Union Army during the civil war. Joseph D. Reinboth was one of the founders of the West Arch Street Presbyterian Church. He married Sarah Umsted and had children: Charles, Harry, Chauncey, Joseph, Katharine Umsted, aforementioned, Sarah U., Elizabeth. Mr. and Mrs. Janvier had one child, George Victor, of whom further.

George Victor Janvier, M. D., son of Thomas George and Katharine

Umsted (Reinboth) Janvier, was born in Camden, New Jersey, October 19, 1881. He was graduated from the William Penn Charter School of Philadelphia in the class of 1901, and then took a two years biological course at the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated in the class of 1906 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the University of Pennsylvania. He served one year as interne at the City Hospital in Phoenixville, Pennsylvania. After a period as resident physician in the Municipal Hospital of Philadelphia in 1907, he practiced successfully twenty-two months in Royersford, Pennsylvania, but feeling that he was too far from medical centres he left there in 1909 and settled in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania. He spent nine months in post-graduate work in Blockley Hospital, Philadelphia, and the Polyclinic Hospital of Philadelphia. He is now (1914) physician to the Lansdowne and East Lansdowne Boards of Health, and also physician to the public school system of Lansdowne.

Dr. Janvier is a member of the American Medical Association, the Delaware County Medical Society, the Philadelphia Pediatric Society, and an associate member of the Philadelphia Obstetric Society. He is examiner for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York, and the Philadelphia Life Insurance Company. He is assistant in the Dispensary for Diseases of Children at the University Hospital, Philadelphia, as well as assistant in the out-patient maternity service of the South Eastern Dispensary, a branch of University Hospital. He is one of the junior physicians of Lansdowne, and is working away quietly in the two lines above mentioned, and enjoys a good practice in Lansdowne and vicinity.

Dr. Janvier married, in 1909, Margaret Levis Marshall, daughter of Leander Marshall, twice councilman in Lansdowne borough, one of the founders and trustee of the First Presbyterian Church from its first year of existence. They have one child, Katharine, born in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, December 5, 1910.

PABST William John Pabst, an energetic and well known young business man, of Sharon Hill, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a representative of a family which has been resident in the United States for a number of generations.

John Pabst, his grandfather, was a native of Germany, and came to the United States about the year 1845. He made his home in the city of Philadelphia, where he established himself in the wholesale liquor business, with which he was actively identified until his death. He married Christine Yeager, who was born in Germany in 1820, and they had children: Caroline, Margaret, Charles, John, Sophia, Amelia, William John, see forward; Albert, Adolf.

William John Pabst, son of John and Christine (Yeager) Pabst, was born in Philadelphia, and was educated in Germantown, a suburb of that city. He became associated with his father in the business which had been established by the latter. He married Lena Miller, daughter of John C. Miller, and had children: William John, whose name heads this sketch; John, who died at the age of thirteen months.

William John (2) Pabst, son of William John (1) and Lena (Miller) Pabst, was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania, October 29, 1879. He was the recipient of a fine education, and was graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Maryland in the class of 1903, the degree of Doctor of Medicine being conferred upon him. He has never engaged in the practice of the medical profession, and spent some time immediately after his gradua-

tion on a stock farm. In 1909 he came to Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he associated himself in a partnership with a Mr. Marshall in the coal, feed and building supply business, the firm name being Marshall & Pabst. The business is an old and well established one, and under the new and progressive methods introduced by Mr. Pabst, has added to its previous excellent reputation. Mr. Pabst is unmarried.

The founder of the Patton family in Pennsylvania, which is PATTON both numerous and highly respected, members thereof playing an important part in the activities of the various communities in which they resided, was ——— Patton, a native of Scotland, whence he emigrated to this country, settling in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where he was noted for his thrift and enterprise. Among his children was a son, Robert, of whom further.

Robert Patton was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where he was reared and educated, and where in later life he was the owner of a large farm, which he cultivated and improved, and from the proceeds of which he was enabled to provide a comfortable home for his family. He married Tabitha Giles, also a native of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and they were the parents of three children: 1. William, who was a commission merchant during his active career, now leading a retired life. 2. Edward S., of whom further. 3. Margaret, married John Shaffer; resides in the southern part of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Patton were strict Presbyterians, and they reared their children in the same faith.

Edward S. Patton, second son of Robert and Tabitha (Giles) Patton, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in 1847. He was reared on the home farm, educated in the schools of the neighborhood, assisted his father and the neighbors in their farming operations, later owned and operated a farm of his own, and in addition to this was a steam engineer, working in quarries, etc. He is thrifty and prudent, and has prospered in the world's goods, being held in high esteem by his fellowmen. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Republican in politics. He married Caroline Elliott, born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, 1856, died 1884, daughter of George and Margaret Elliott, both natives of Ireland, coming to this country after their marriage and locating in the southern part of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where they now reside, he a tailor by trade. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott had six children, namely: 1. Samuel, deceased. 2. Allan, a merchant at Richards Mere, Maryland; now (1913) aged seventy-four years. 3. Elizabeth, married John Wells, a farmer; they reside in Chester county, Pennsylvania. 4. John, deceased, his death resulting from wounds received in civil war. 5. Daughter, died young. 6. Caroline, aforementioned as the wife of Edward S. Patton. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Patton: 1. Robert, a farmer in Chester county, Pennsylvania. 2. Ida, married Walter Faulkner; they reside in Chester county on a farm. 3. Harry E., of whom further. 4. Lulu, resides at her home in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

Harry E. Patton, second son of Edward S. and Caroline (Elliott) Patton, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, April 6, 1878. After completing the course in the public schools of his home town, he became a student in Banks Business College, Philadelphia, and the knowledge gained there was of great value to him in his subsequent career. His first employment was as time-keeper for William Grey & Son, with whom he remained for eleven years, and during the last few years of this connection he acted as superintendent of the interior marble shop, giving entire satisfaction in the performance of all his

duties. In 1910 he moved to East Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, and in partnership with Albert J. Turner established a retail business in coal, feed and building materials, under the firm name of Patton & Turner, and this has grown to large dimensions, being a prosperous enterprise from the beginning. The partners are men of energy and perseverance, well qualified to conduct their affairs in a business-like manner, and the success they have achieved is the direct result of their well directed efforts. Mr. Patton is a Republican in politics, and has served as township commissioner of Upper Darby township. He is a member of Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Patton married, December 16, 1903, Lulu E. Kirk, born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1877. One child, Lenore Aileen, born January 12, 1913.

J. Lord Rigby, of Media, lawyer and financier, manager of the RIGBY Land Title Trust Company of Philadelphia, and otherwise actively identified with Delaware county affairs, is a native of that county, born August 4, 1864, son of James P. and Elizabeth R. (Scanlan) Rigby. His father was an Englishman, who came from Stockport, England, in 1854, and located in Wilmington, Delaware, where he engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods, and with much success; his wife was a daughter of John Scanlan, of Paoli, Chester county, Pennsylvania, who was a large lime burner in Christiana, Lancaster county. Children of James P. Rigby: Mary H., who became the wife of John McGraw, and they have four children: Annie E., who became the wife of George Standring, and they have one child; Edward H., married Elsie Snyder, and they have one child; Harry H., at home; Margaret H., also at home; and J. Lord, of whom further.

J. Lord Rigby received his elementary education in the public schools of his native place, and he supplemented this with a full course in the College of Commerce, Philadelphia. Determining upon an adequate equipment for a business career, for four years he pursued law studies in the office and under the preceptorship of E. A. Price, of Media. He was now prepared to enter upon professional practice, but he was offered a position with the Land Title Trust Company of Philadelphia, and his success opened up to him avenues of usefulness and success which moved him to turn aside from the calling for which he had prepared himself. So acceptable was his service with the large corporation with which he became identified, that responsibility after responsibility was placed upon him, until at length he was chosen manager, in which important position he has served with entire success to the present time. He enjoys a large acquaintance in financial and general business, as well as social circles, and his genuine high character, geniality and good fellowship are appreciatively recognized.

Mr. Rigby is an ardent Republican politically, he is a forceful and entertaining speaker, and has frequently occupied the platform upon questions of state and national importance. He is a leading member of the Radnor Republican Club, the Young Men's Republican Club of Media, the Fernwood Republican Club, the Keystone Club of Chester, and the Media Social Club, in the latter of which he has served as president. He is affiliated with various branches of the Masonic fraternity. He has been an extensive traveler throughout the United States, Canada and Mexico, and has acquired a fund of knowledge such as marks the intelligent and discriminating observer.

Mr. Rigby married Annie, daughter of William Hurlow, a leading coal operator of Mount Carmel, Northumberland county: Children: Hurlow and Renee.

Pennell Rice, who holds an honored place among the citizens of FOLCROFT, is a representative of a family who have always been honored among their neighbors for their many excellent traits of character, which have been transmitted in large measure to their descendants of the present day.

Pennell Rice was born April 28, 1874, son of Edmund T. and Maria (Fairlamb) Rice, and grandson, on the paternal side, of Jacob and Zaidee (Taylor) Rice, of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and on the maternal side of Thomas and Margaret (Patterson) Fairlamb, of Media, Pennsylvania, great-grandson of Joseph and Sidney (Vernon) Fairlamb and of William and Susan (Trimble) Patterson, and great-great-grandson of Abraham and Lydia Trimble. Edmund T. Rice (father) was born near Glen Olden, Ridley township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 5, 1839. After completing his studies in the public schools, he gave his attention to farming, from which he derived a goodly livelihood, and later entered the employ of an insurance company, filling that position at the time of his death, August 13, 1901. He and his wife, who were married December 24, 1868, were the parents of nine children, as follows: 1. William F., born March 16, 1871; now a resident of Morton; employed in the Centennial Bank. 2. Jacob, born August 31, 1872, died August 27, 1901. 3. Pennell, of whom further. 4. Mary P., born September 27, 1877, died September 6, 1901. 5. Susan T., born January 10, 1879; a resident of Pennsgrove, New Jersey. 6. Edmund T., born November 10, 1880; resides in West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 7. Elsie J., born June 14, 1882; a resident of Glen Olden, Pennsylvania. 8. Charles P., born June 8, 1884; a resident of Folcroft. 9. Frank, born October 29, 1890; employed as fireman on the railroad; resides in West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Pennell Rice attended the public schools of his neighborhood, completing his studies at the age of fifteen, and he then secured employment with the firm of Crampton, Allen Candy Company, remaining for nine years, giving entire satisfaction to his employers. Upon the death of his father, in 1901, he assumed his position with the Prudential Life Insurance Company, serving for a number of years, performing the duties devolving upon him in a creditable manner, and later resigned from the same in order to enter the employ of A. B. Earl, engaged in the fire insurance business, with whom he has since been connected. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and affiliated with Lodge No. 527, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Rice married, July 17, 1911, Margaret L. Russell, of Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Child, Robert Russell. Mrs. Rice is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. and Mrs. Rice are highly esteemed in the community, having a wide circle of friends who estimate them at their true worth.

The Richardson family, of which John Henry (Harry) RICHARDSON, of Marcus Hook, is a representative in the present generation, came to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, from Cape May, New Jersey.

Captain Carmen Richardson, grandfather of the Mr. Richardson of this sketch, was born at Cape May, New Jersey, and spent the greater part of his life as a sea captain and visited many foreign countries. For many years he made his home in Marcus Hook, where his children were born and where his death occurred. Both he and his wife, who died at the age of eighty-four years, were members of the Methodist church, in which Captain Richardson

was a class leader and a trustee. He had children: George, Carmen, John Henry, see forward; Mary Ann.

Captain John Henry Richardson, son of Captain Carmen Richardson, was born in Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, and died there at the age of fifty-six years. He also followed the sea, at first making his voyages with his father, later engaging almost exclusively in the coasting trade, and rising to have command of a vessel of his own. He was a veteran of the civil war, having served in the regiment commanded by Captain Bunting. In political matters he was a Republican, and both he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church at Marcus Hook, Captain Richardson also serving as a trustee of that institution. Captain Richardson married Mary T. Marshall, who was born in Marcus Hook, where she died at the age of seventy-one years. She was a daughter of James Marshall, a carpenter of Marcus Hook. Children: John Henry, see forward; George, born in 1868; James, born in 1870, married Mary Brown; Mary, born in 1872, married Daniel Swope, captain of a barge.

John Henry (2) Richardson, better known under the name of "Harry," eldest child of Captain John Henry (1) and Mary T. (Marshall) Richardson, was born at Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, June 10, 1866. He attended the public schools of the town, obtaining there a sound, practical education, and was then apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, at which he also worked for a time as a journeyman. Just as soon as he found he had acquired the knowledge necessary to the successful carrying out of the plans he had formed, he established himself in the contracting and building line, with which he has been prominently and prosperously identified up to the present time (1913). He has established a reputation for himself for reliability which is second to none. Being himself an expert mechanic, he is satisfied with nothing short of the best work from the hands of those he employs, and this high quality has been the cornerstone of the large building interests he now controls. Mr. Richardson is a Democrat in politics, and in religious affairs both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, Mrs. Richardson being a steward and a teacher in the Sunday school. He is also a member of the L. H. Scott Lodge, No. 352, Free and Accepted Masons, of Chester.

Mr. Richardson married Katherine Ryland, born in Crumpton, Maryland, March 8, 1868. She is the daughter of Edward Ryland, who was born in Cecil county, Maryland, where he died in 1900 at the age of sixty-five years. He was a photographer, and married Marion Carroll, of Chestertown, Maryland, who survived him. They had children: Marion, born June 10, 1861, died unmarried at the age of thirty-five years; Margaret M., born May 17, 1863, died unmarried at the age of twenty-five years; Sally B., born December 14, 1864, married, 1891, Thomas Annon, a farmer; Katherine, referred to above; Harry, born November 17, 1871, married, 1908, Ida Roberts; Emma, born December 26, 1874, married, 1905, Edward Scott; Madge, born May 15, 1877, married, 1902, ——— Horn; Edward, born May 1, 1879, unmarried; Isaac, also unmarried. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson have children: Mary Hooker and John Henry.

The McClures have been residents of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, for about three-quarters of a century, and three generations have been prominent in the business life of the city of Chester. The first of this branch to settle in Delaware county was John (2), son of John and Sarah (Oliver) McClure, natives and life-long residents of county Donegal, Ireland.

John (2) McClure was born in county Donegal, in the year 1816. He was educated in the public schools and learned the trade of carpenter. At the age of twenty-four years he came to the United States and for several years was in railroad employ in bridge building and construction work, holding authority over others and prospering. He was thrifty and ere long was the owner of fifty-five acres of improved land in Chichester township, Chester county. Here he made his home until 1877, when he moved to the city of Chester. He was interested in public affairs and during his residence in Chester was engaged in several enterprises. He was a Republican in politics, but never took active part in official life. In religious faith he was a Presbyterian, belonging to the Second Church of Chester. He died in Chester in the year 1896. He married (first) July 22, 1852, Fannie M., died February 6, 1870, daughter of James Williams, of Philadelphia. He married (second) in 1877, Anna, daughter of Daniel Likens, of Delaware county. Children by first marriage: John C.; William J., see forward; Oliver C.; George W., John A., Robert G., and David B.

William J. McClure was born in Chichester township, Delaware county, in June, 1854, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, May 2, 1907. He was educated in the public schools of Chester, and at Chester Academy, being a graduate of the latter institution. He also took a full course in a business college and began business life as a clerk in a grocery store. Soon, however, he left the store and for one year was an employee of John B. Roach in his shipyard at Chester. On January 1, 1872, he opened a small cigar store in Chester, which he later enlarged and developed until it was the largest retail tobacco store in the city. He also became interested officially and otherwise with several important Chester business enterprises. He was president of the Consumers Ice Company; secretary and treasurer of the Chester Brewing Company; director of the Delaware County Trust Company, and director of the Chester Shipping Company, continuing in active business until his death. He was an ardent Republican and was one of the leaders of his party. When the office of comptroller was created, Mr. McClure was the first elected incumbent of that office and the only candidate for office that ever carried every voting precinct in the city. He was a member of the Republican State Committee and was one of the trusted advisers of the state leaders in matters affecting Delaware county. He was the head of the city organization for several years and had a large personal following. Among the well known semi-political organizations of his day was the McClure Club, named in his honor. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Knights of the Eagle, and of various political clubs and organizations. He married, June 21, 1877, Sabina, daughter of James McClay. Children: Fannie M. and William J. (2), both deceased, and John J., see forward.

John J. McClure was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1886. He was educated in the public schools of Chester, Swarthmore Preparatory School, whence he was graduated, class of 1905, and spent two years in Swarthmore College. His college career was interrupted by the death of his father, John J., being the only living son, he became head of the family and at once assumed charge of the large business interests of the estate. Although with little practical business experience he rapidly developed a strong business capacity, and was quickly advanced to positions of great responsibility and trust. He is secretary and treasurer of the Chester Brewing Company, elected in September, 1907, and in charge of their business; is largely interested in the W. J. McClure Company; director of the Consumers Ice Company; director of the Delaware County Subway Company, until its sale to the Bell Telephone Company; director of the First National Bank of Chester, elected in February,



John D. Lusk

1908; elected director of the Cambridge Trust Company in June, 1913; and has other business interests of lesser note.

Mr. McClure is a Republican and has taken active part in the political life of Chester. He is very popular and particularly strong with the voters, his endorsement of a candidate having in the past proved almost a guarantee of election. In the last mayoralty contest in Chester, one of the bitterest and hardest fought political contests of recent years, he supported the candidacy of William Ward Jr., the regular Republican candidate, who was elected. In 1907 a division in the ranks of the Republican party found Mr. McClure supporting the reform candidate, the result being the defeat of the regular Republican organization ticket. Mr. McClure has asked no political office for himself, but has proved a tower of strength to his friends, and has earned prominent position among the leaders of his party. He is exceedingly fond of travel and in his recreation periods seeks some of the interesting parts of the United States for exploration. He has visited about every point of unusual interest in the United States, and in 1906 made an extended tour of Continental Europe and the British Isles.

He stands high in the Masonic order, holding life membership in the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, thirty-second degree, and Lulu Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Philadelphia. He is also a life member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Fraternal Order of Eagles. The family home in Chester is on Twentieth street and Providence avenue.

STACKHOUSE One of the representative men of Gradyville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is Dilworth Stackhouse, a descendant of one of the old colonial families. In England this family is easily traceable back to 1086, and in this country to 1682, in which year Thomas Stackhouse and Thomas Stackhouse, uncle and nephew, were fellow passengers with William Penn on the ship "Welcome," and came from their native village of Stackhouse, near Settle, Yorkshire, England. Thomas Stackhouse (uncle) was born about 1635. His wife, Margery (Heahurst) Stackhouse, came with him from England, and they arrived at New Castle, Delaware, 10 mo. 27, 1682. They settled on a tract of land on the Neshaminy creek, in the section now known as Langhorne, Middletown township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania. One of the first burials at Middletown was that of Mrs. Stackhouse, who died shortly after her arrival in this country, 11 mo. 15, 1682. Thomas Stackhouse married (second) at Middletown Meeting, 1 mo., 1702, Margaret, widow of Christopher Atkinson, and settled at Bensalem township, where he died in 1706, his will being proved 9 mo. 2, 1706, and no children mentioned; for this reason it is to be presumed that he left none. He was a grandson of Benjamin Stackhouse, who wrote the Stackhouse Bible in 1617.

Thomas Stackhouse (nephew) was presumably twenty-one years of age when he arrived in this country in 1682. He represented Bucks county in the Colonial Assembly of the Province in 1711, 1713 and 1715; was re-elected the following year but refused to serve. He married (first) at Middletown Meeting, 7 mo. 27, 1688, Grace, a daughter of Robert and Alice Heaton. They had children: Samuel, John, Robert, Henry, Grace, Alice, Thomas, Joseph and Benjamin. He married (second) at Falls Meeting, 1 mo. 1, 1711, Ann, widow of Edward Mayos, and had children: Isaac, Jacob, Ann, Sarah and Isaac. He married (third) at Wrightstown Meeting, 8 mo., 1725, Dorothy, widow of Zebulon Heston. He died 4 mo. 26, 1744.

Robert Stackhouse, son of Thomas and Grace (Heaton) Stackhouse, was

born 9 mo. 8, 1692; he removed his family to Berwick, on the Susquehanna river, Pennsylvania, where he resided until his death in 1788. He married Margaret Stone, and had children: Thomas, Joseph, James, Grace, Benjamin, Alice, and Robert, the last named being killed by a fall from his horse in 1788.

James Stackhouse, son of Robert and Margaret (Stone) Stackhouse, was born 11 mo. 11, 1725 or 1726, and died 5 mo. 16, 1759, his remains being interred in the Arch Street Cemetery. He married, 10 mo. 13, 1750, Martha, daughter of Samuel and Mary Hastings, and had children: Margaret, Hastings, Mary, Amos, Amos (second), Martha, James and William.

The Hastings family trace their ancestry back to 843, when "Hastings the First," a sea king or pirate Norman chieftain, invaded France and after plundering the provinces of the Louvre returned to Denmark or Norway. The following year he entered the Seine, approached as far as Paris, and returned to his own country laden with the spoils. In 893 he appeared off the coast of the county of Kent, England, and entered the Thames, but was defeated by Alfred the Great who made prisoners of his wife and two sons and only restored them to him upon condition that he depart the kingdom. It is claimed by the author of "Pictures of Hastings," that the town of Hastings, near the sea coast, where the battle of Hastings occurred, was named in honor of this Danish pirate. In the year 1200, Henry, Lord Hastings, married Adama, daughter of David, Earl of Huntington, and brother of William, King of Scotland, who dying without issue, John Hastings, son of Henry Hastings, became a competitor for that crown with John Battoir and Robert Bruce. In the early records of Chester county, Pennsylvania, the name of Henry Hastings as a juror is found as early as September 13, 1681, and as the ship "John and Sarah," from London, and "Factor" from Bristol, did not arrive until the twelfth of the fourth month following, it is supposed that the Hastings family, who owned a large tract of land on the Delaware river between Chester and Marcus Hook, were a part of the New Haven colony that settled on the Delaware about 1640. Joshua Hastings, supposed to be a son of Henry Hastings, resided in the neighborhood of Chester, represented the county in the Colonial Assembly, and removed to Philadelphia about 1700. Two sons—John and Samuel—survived him. John Hastings married Grace, a daughter of Robert Stackhouse, and their son, Samuel Hastings, married Mary Hill, and had a daughter Martha, who married James Stackhouse, as mentioned above.

Amos Stackhouse, son of James and Martha (Hastings) Stackhouse, was born 5 mo. 4, 1757, and died 4 mo. 5, 1825. He married, 11 mo. 14, 1779, Mary, daughter of John and Susanna Powell, and had children: Susanna, Hastings, Martha, Powell, Esther, Martha, James, Samuel, Amos, Robert, Robert (second), Mary and John.

The earliest ancestor of the Powell family of whom there is authentic record was William Powell, who signed with John Woolston and two hundred and ten other Friends the Yearly Meetings "Epistle" of the 7 mo., 1692, against George Keith. Robert Powell, presumably a brother of William Powell, came in the ship "Kent," 6 mo. 16, 1677, O. S., and settled near Burlington, West Jersey. He married Prudence ———, and their son, John Powell, married Elizabeth Woolston. Isaac Powell, the youngest of their six children, married Elizabeth Purdey. John, son of Isaac and Elizabeth (Purdey) Powell, married Susanna Bryan. Mary, eldest child of John and Susanna (Bryan) Powell, married Amos Stackhouse, as above mentioned.

Powell Stackhouse, son of Amos and Mary (Powell) Stackhouse, was born at Mount Holly, New Jersey, 3 mo. 21, 1785, and died 12 mo. 27, 1863. He was a cabinet maker by trade and owned valuable property at Front and

Vine streets, Philadelphia. He married, 1 mo. 31, 1809, Edith, daughter of Charles and Mary Dilworth. Their children were: Charles D., see forward; Emlen, born January 7, 1812; Joseph D., October 3, 1814; Sarah D., December 3, 1816; Amos, March 31, 1819; Susanna, January 3, 1821; Anna D., January 22, 1823; Powell, died in infancy; Powell, born July 14, 1827; Dilworth and Llewellyn, died in infancy.

James Dilworth, the pioneer ancestor of the Dilworth family was a minister and, accompanied by his wife, Ann (Waln) Dilworth, their son, William, and a servant man by the name of Stephen Sands, came from Thornley, Lancastershire, England, in the ship "Lamle," of Liverpool, Captain John Teach, and arrived in the Delaware river, 8 mo., 1682. He settled in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, and his death occurred 1 mo. 3, 1698. William, son of James and Ann (Waln) Dilworth, married Sarah, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth Webb, and their eldest son, James Dilworth, married Lydia, daughter of George and Lydia Martin. Charles, son of James and Lydia (Martin) Dilworth, married Mary, daughter of John and Sarah Taylor, and his daughter Edith became the wife of Powell Stackhouse, as above mentioned.

Charles D. Stackhouse, son of Powell and Edith (Dilworth) Stackhouse, was born November 11, 1809, and was a farmer in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was the owner of one hundred acres, which he utilized partly for dairy farming and partly for general production. He was a Republican in political matters, and a member of the Friends' Society. He married, November 27, 1834, Alice Meredith, born February 14, 1814. They had children: Joseph M., born November 28, 1835, died January 18, 1901; Dilworth, see forward; Pennell, born December 17, 1839, married Emma, daughter of John and Mary (Vanderslice) Winner, and widow of Joseph Pennell Smedley; Catherine M., born April 5, 1846, died April 16, 1882; Charles D., born May 6, 1850, died December 8, 1876.

Dilworth Stackhouse, son of Charles D. and Alice (Meredith) Stackhouse, was born in Philadelphia, November 12, 1837. A part of his education was acquired in Philadelphia, and it was completed in Edgemont township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was of an ambitious and energetic nature, and at the age of twenty-one years he established himself independently. He is now living on the old family homestead, which he has cultivated as his father did before him. He takes no active part in the public affairs of the township, as he has been an invalid and unable to walk for some time, but he never fails to cast his vote for the good of the Republican party. In religious affairs he is a supporter of the Society of Friends. Mr. Stackhouse married, December 30, 1891, Rebecca S., born May 30, 1848, a daughter of Joseph D. and Sarah (Shaw) Stackhouse. They have no children.

CUTLER Strong of purpose, persevering in effort, honorable in all business transactions, Peter D. Cutler, of Concordville, now retired from active pursuits, won and maintained a position of prestige in commercial circles in the city of Philadelphia, where he was engaged in business for many years.

William Cutler, father of Peter D. Cutler, was a native of England, from whence he came to this country, settling in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and was employed in that city by the Ditson Saw Company, his occupation being that of saw maker. He died in 1902, and his demise was regretted by all with whom he had been brought in contact. He married Caroline Green, who bore him five children: Hannah, Mary, Peter D., William, Sophie.

Peter D. Cutler was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, May 30, 1874.

He obtained a practical education by attendance at the public schools of his native city, and upon the completion of his studies he served an apprenticeship at the structural and ornamental iron business and continued working at the same as a journeyman until 1900, in which year he engaged in business on his own account in the same line in Philadelphia, continuing with a large degree of success up to 1911, when he retired with a competence, gained by strictly attending to every detail, however minute, by giving his personal supervision to the work performed, seeing to it that it was of the best quality, and for the prompt manner in which orders were executed. Being a man of high moral character, the strictest integrity, and possessing executive ability of a high order, his influence has been felt in the community, although his residence there has been of short duration, he owning an attractive and modern house at Concordville upon his retirement from business. He is a member of the Episcopal church located at Ninth street and Lehigh avenue, Philadelphia; member of William C. Hamilton Lodge, No. 500, Free and Accepted Masons, and his political allegiance is given to the Republican party, the principles of which he firmly believes in.

Mr. Cutler married, June 2, 1905, Alice J. Mooney, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Irvine) Mooney, the former named having for a number of years been engaged in the wholesale liquor business in Philadelphia, and whose family consisted of ten children, six of whom are living at the present time (1914) namely: Thomes, Elizabeth, Belle S., John, James, Alice J.

Whether the elements of success in life are innate attributes of the individual, or whether they are quickened by a process of circumstantial development, it is impossible to clearly determine, yet the study of a successful life is none the less interesting and profitable by reason of the existence of the same uncertainty. A man who measured up to modern requirements was the late Edward Hicks Hall, in whose death the community lost not only a singularly successful man, but a most worthy and honored citizen. He was not only successful himself, but was largely influential in the success of others, and he has left to posterity that priceless heritage, an honored name. Throughout the forty years of his professional career he was trusted and esteemed by all with whom he was associated.

The Hall family are of direct English descent, and the progenitor of the line herein followed was the great-grandfather of Edward H. Hall, who was a Friend in religion, a member of the Hicksite Branch of that order. Robert Hall, son of the emigrant, was for many years a prosperous farmer of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, the owner of an extensive farm, and served in the capacity of justice of the peace. His wife, Elizabeth Hall, bore him a number of children among whom was John M. Hall, born on the old Hall homestead at Mount Hope, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1806, died at Media, in January, 1891. He engaged in agricultural pursuits until 1855, when he was elected sheriff of Delaware county, which office he filled for two years, and then devoted his attention to mercantile business at Media, and was also the keeper of the county prison for a number of years. He was a member of the Society of Friends. He married Hannah Johnson, born near Village Green, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, died in 1873, aged fifty-eight years, a descendant of old Quaker stock. Their children were: Joseph J., deceased; Amy A., who became the wife of Stephen Reynolds; Edward Hicks, of whom further.

Edward Hicks Hall was born in Aston township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, April 15, 1848, died in Media, Pennsylvania, August 27, 1913. His

preparatory education was obtained in a small private school near his father's home, and in 1855, when his parents removed to Media, he became a pupil in the public school there, and later attended the Thomas Griffiths Academy at Wilmington, Delaware, and the Friends' Central School at Fifteenth and Race streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He was a diligent and conscientious student and thus acquired an excellent education, being especially proficient in mathematics, this proving of especial value to him in his subsequent active career. His first occupation was that of clerk in his father's store located at the corner of State street and South avenue, Media, in which capacity he served until 1870, when he entered the office of George R. Darlington, one of the oldest established law offices in Delaware county, and under his competent preceptorship was prepared for the profession of law, in the meantime pursuing a course in surveying, which line of work he followed successfully in connection with his law practice, performing the surveying of lands and laying out of roads in Delaware county, and in the performance of these duties he gained many friends, who proved their worth in advancing his interests in his later enterprise, aiding materially in the building up of his extensive law practice. He was admitted to the bar of his native state in November, 1873, and continued in general practice up to the time of his decease, giving especial attention to civil cases, and in due course of time attained a prominent position among his fellow practitioners. He threw himself with all the zeal of his nature and with all his thorough knowledge of the law into the cause of his client, therefore his services were eagerly sought by those who realized and appreciated this excellent characteristic. He possessed all the attributes of a successful lawyer, integrity of character, the judicial instinct and a rare appreciation of the two sides of every question. He became one of the counsel for the American Pipe & Construction Company in 1900, and the extensive area of this business considerably increased his practice in the Eastern and Middle counties of the state. He was solicitor for the First National Bank of Media from October, 1905, until his death, and was also attorney for the Bryn Mawr Trust Company and for a number of the most extensive manufacturing concerns in Delaware county, these connections testifying eloquently to his prominence as a lawyer. He kept abreast of the times by constant research and study, was a logical thinker and an indefatigable worker, spending considerable time at his office work, remaining many times far into the night in order to thoroughly prepare himself for the duties of the following day.

Mr. Hall was on terms of intimacy and close friendship with the judges of the county, as well as his clients, and took a keen interest and active part in public affairs. For seventeen years he was an active member of the Media Borough Council, of which he was the president for a number of years. He was a Republican in politics, but cast his vote for the candidate best qualified for office, irrespective of party affiliation. He was reared a Friend, the faith of his forefathers, but attended the Episcopal church with his family. He kept in touch with his professional brethren by membership in the Delaware County Bar Association, of which he was a member for many years, and in the Pennsylvania State Bar Association, serving on many important committees. He was a member and served as treasurer of the Delaware County Historical Society, and a member of George W. Bartram Lodge, No. 298, Free and Accepted Masons, of Media; Media Chapter, No. 84, Royal Arch Masons; St. Albans Commandery, No. 47, Knights Templar; Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Philadelphia; Media Club, and Spring Haven Country Club. He was an enthusiastic golfer, deriving his greatest pleasure from that sport, and he also enjoyed hunting, often spending his leisure time in that pursuit.

Mr. Hall married, March 9, 1871, Susan A. Barton, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Woodward) Barton, a Philadelphia family. Children: 1. Lillian, born November 20, 1873, died May 29, 1877. 2. Elizabeth, born May 20, 1885; graduated from the Friends' Select School of Philadelphia in 1901, from Swarthmore College in 1905, and pursued a post-graduate course at Columbia College in 1906. Mrs. Hall and daughter reside in the family home in Media.

EVANS The Evans family, of which a representative in the present generation is D. Ridgway Evans, of Beechwood, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is descended from Evan Evans, a native of the Parish of Treeglwys, in Montgomeryshire, Wales. He came to America in 1722, and on November 17 of that year, purchased a large tract of land adjoining Uwchlan Friends Meetinghouse.

Robert Evans, a descendant in a direct line from Evan Evans, was born in Philadelphia, where he also died. He was a lumber merchant, and he and his family were members of the Society of Friends.

Thomas C. Evans, son of Robert Evans, was born in Philadelphia, July 5, 1818, and died in Wilmington, Delaware. His business occupation was that of tanning, and he was a foreman for Jonathan E. Rhoads in Marple township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, for many years. When this tannery was removed to Wilmington, Delaware, in 1868, Mr. Evans, whose connection with the concern remained unaffected, took up his residence in that city also. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Society of Friends. Mr. Evans married in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, Phoebe Ann Thompson, born in Marple township, Delaware county, November 27, 1827, died in Wilmington, Delaware, in October, 1911. Her father was a farmer. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Evans: Sally P., died unmarried in 1912; D. Ridgway, the special subject of this sketch; Hettie R., never married, and now resides in Wilmington, Delaware; William S., died aged twenty-four.

D. Ridgway Evans was born in Marple township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 13, 1860. He acquired a very good education in the public schools of Wilmington, Delaware, and was then apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade. With this he was identified in various capacities until he had attained his majority, when he went west and remained there for a period of two years. Upon his return from the West he made his home in Philadelphia and engaged in general building and contracting, a line of industry with which he is still actively identified. His main contracts are executed in Philadelphia and its suburbs. In 1909 he erected a fine residence on Homestead avenue, Beechwood, which he has since used for his own home. He has never had a desire to hold public office, preferring to do his duty in a quiet manner as a law abiding citizen, but he casts his vote regularly for the Republican party. He and his wife are members of the Baptist church.

Mr. Evans married, September 10, 1885, Sally B., born in Philadelphia, daughter of James Haddock. They have had children: Frank, who is a topographical draftsman, and lives in Jersey City, married Emma C. Baur; Frederick S., born November 7, 1898. The business career of Mr. Evans is an illustration of energy and enterprise which have overcome the difficulties which overwhelm many, and which have achieved success. He is a man of strong purpose and sound judgment, and carries forward to completion whatever he undertakes.

Descendant of an old English family, Clarence Sill has throughout his entire business career been intimately connected with the financial circles of Philadelphia through his association with the firm of E. W. Clark & Company, Bankers and Brokers, one of the most substantial and responsible institutions of its kind within the city of Philadelphia, and one which compares favorably with others of a like character in the state.

From the earliest records obtainable it is found that his family has been resident in England for many generations, his great-grandfather, Sylvester Sill, having passed his life in that land. Joseph, son of Sylvester Sill, born in Carlisle, England, is the one of the line responsible for the introduction of his family into the United States, his death occurring in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 2, 1854. He was a merchant of the older days, being the proprietor of a men's furnishing store at No. 521 Chestnut street, later becoming senior partner of the firm of Sill, Arnold & Leonard, whose place of business was at Front and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia. He was a successful business man, prospered in his calling, and made his home in Philadelphia until his death. He was a painter of no mean ability, never adopting art as a life work, but made numerous sketches in water color and oil for his own pleasure and as gifts to the many friends who admired his talented artistic prowess. He was a lifelong member of the First Unitarian Church, of Philadelphia. He married Jane Todhunter, who died January 27, 1877, and had seven children: Joseph, John, Jane, William, Mary, Alfred, of whom further, and Vaughn.

Alfred Sill, son of Joseph and Jane (Todhunter) Sill, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, May 25, 1837, died in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, November 2, 1893. He was in the mercantile business during part of his active years, as a member of the firm of Middleton, Sill & Company, located on Chestnut street, dealers for the most part in cotton, from about 1860 to 1870, and was later a coal and lumber merchant, having yards in the city and conducting a profitable business. He was a man of studious nature, fond of mechanical devices, and in his latter years was the inventor of a breech-loading gun, upon which he obtained a patent, although never engaging in its manufacture. He was a sergeant in a company of the Third Regiment, Pennsylvania Reserves, in 1862, prepared to fight in defence of the great principle involved in that conflict between the states if such an issue were unavoidable, although it was a principle of his creed, that of the Society of Friends, that members thereof should not participate in strife. He was a regular attendant of the meetings of the Society in the Meeting House at Fifteenth and Race streets, Philadelphia. He married, May 5, 1864, Naomi Passmore Middleton, born in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, November 30, 1839, daughter of Edwin, born September 23, 1805, died January 5, 1875, and Rachel (Hunt) Middleton, born October 17, 1808, died April 8, 1882, the marriage of the parents having been solemnized at Darby, Pennsylvania, December 15, 1831. Children of Alfred and Naomi Passmore (Middleton) Sill: Edwin Middleton, born November 15, 1865; Alfred Howard, December 10, 1868; Clarence, of whom further; Florence Middleton, July 27, 1875.

Clarence Sill, third son and child of Alfred and Naomi Passmore (Middleton) Sill, was born at No. 1822 Mount Vernon street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1870. In boyhood he attended Friends' Central School, in Philadelphia, and was graduated from that institution in the class of 1889. After leaving school he began his business life in the office of E. W. Clark & Company, Bankers and Brokers, and has ever since been identified with this firm, having through the quarter century of his association therewith come to hold a position of trust and responsibility, his fidelity and responsibility having been proven by the faultless execution of many commissions. He has risen

steadily in authority and influence, his part in the direction of the firm's business being prominent and important. Mr. Sill holds membership in the Country Club, of Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, the Automobile Club of Delaware county, and the Ocean City Motor Boat Club, Ocean City, New Jersey. His religion is that of his father, and he attends the same meeting house at which the elder Sill was wont to worship, that at Fifteenth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

He married, at Darby Friends Meeting House, June 12, 1901, May, born in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 24, 1876, daughter of William Skipwith and Annie (Moore) Bunting. William Skipwith Bunting was born September 17, 1848, and was married on December 2, 1870, and died February 12, 1912. His business was insurance. Children of William S. and Annie (Moore) Bunting: Carroll Moore, May (of previous mention), married Clarence Sill, Helen Moore, Lillie Curtis. Mr. Sill and his wife reside in a beautiful home at No. 36 Owen avenue, Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, although Mr. Sill's business necessitates daily trips to Philadelphia, the scene of his activities.

In the closing year of the eighteenth century the Martin family MARTIN of this record came to Pennsylvania, although the first settlement of the ancestor, William Martin, was at New Castle, Delaware. He was a native of the Emerald Isle, and possessing the characteristics of his race soon made friends and won from the new world good standing and a comfortable living. He married, in Ireland, Fanny Little, and not long afterward sailed for America, their second child, David, being born on the voyage. At an annual reunion of the family held August 25, 1904, the following picturesque narrative was read by one of the descendants of William Martin: "We were standing upon the bank of the Delaware one bright day in the month of June, watching a sailing vessel from Ireland making her way up the river. The sight of a vessel of any description was always an attraction to the entire population of a village or nearby places. The vessel made her way slowly, after a tedious, anxious voyage of six weeks, but at last stopped at the old historic town of New Castle. As the passengers leave the vessel, our attention is attracted to a man, woman and baby; the man is William Martin; the woman Fanny Little, his wife, and the child their infant son, David." The man, then twenty-eight years of age, soon found New Castle too small to afford him the opportunity he was seeking and is next found in Wilmington, Delaware, where for two years he lived at the corner of Fourth and Orange streets. He then moved to DuPont's farm on the banks of the Brandywine, which was the family home for thirty years. This farm, so long their home, is yet known as "Martin's farm." He was the first overseer for E. J. Dupont, and after his years of service was able to purchase his own farm at Red Clay Creek, upon which he resided until his death in January, 1850, aged seventy-nine years. His widow, Fannie, continued her residence upon the farm until her death in February, 1861. Children: 1. Joseph, died in Ireland in infancy. 2. David, of whom further. 3. Joseph, married Lydia Wilson and has three children. 4. Irenice, married Maria Rankin and had ten children. 5. Jennie, married James Martin and had ten children. 6. William, married Jane Hopple and had ten children. 7. John, married Lydia Clark and had three children. 8. Mary, married Poulson Chandler and had eight children. 9. James, married Elizabeth Chandler and had eight children. 10. Fannie, died unmarried.

(II) David, second son of William and Fannie (Little) Martin, was born on the ship which brought his parents to America in 1799. He grew to man-

hood at the farm on the Brandywine, later became a land owner and extensive cattle dealer, laying the foundation for the important meat packing business later conducted by his sons. He resided in Chester, Pennsylvania, and owned his farm in Delaware county, on which he also resided for many years. He died in Centreville, Delaware, March 5, 1866. He married Anne MacMullin, born October 3, 1802, and lived to the great age of ninety-two years; she is buried in the cemetery of the Lower Brandywine Presbyterian Church, Delaware. Children: 1. Jane, born January 15, 1823, married, September 14, 1841, Job Pyle, a farmer of Chester county, Pennsylvania. 2. Fannie, born January 30, 1825, never married. 3. Mary Jane, born June 29, 1827; married Bayard Pyle. 4. Joseph J., born August 10, 1829; married Mary Schriver. 5. William A., born January 5, 1832; married Sarah Brinton. 6. Katherine, born August 12, 1834; married, in 1864, Thomas Woodward. 7. Elizabeth, born May 5, 1837, died September 11, 1845. 8. Sarah M., born March 26, 1840; married in 1868, David H. Garrett. 9. Evelyn, born March 11, 1843; married, March 3, 1869, John H. Etherington. 10. David B., of whom further. Of these ten children, Katherine, Sarah M. and Evelyn are the only survivors (1913).

(III) David B., youngest child of David and Anne (MacMullin) Martin, was born September 12, 1847. He lived in Philadelphia in his youth, and finished his education at Shortlidge's Academy in Delaware county. He began active business life as an oil refiner, but later his brother, who was president of the Philadelphia Stock Yards Company, interested him in the meat packing business in which he was ever afterward most successfully engaged as head of the D. B. Martin Company; also was officially connected with the New York Sanitary Utilization Company, the New England Sanitary Produce Company, the Wilmington Abattoir and Cold Storage Company, and others. He was a man of fine executive ability, conducting his large interests with success and profit. He was a veteran of the civil war and in politics a Republican, influential, but never seeking public office for himself. He died at his home in Brandywine Summit, May 17, 1904. He married, in 1869, Marie M. LeTourneau, born in Philadelphia, March 18, 1849, and died there aged thirty-two years, daughter of Clement LeTourneau, an architectural designer of skill and prominence, born in Philadelphia, February 25, 1822, died in Philadelphia, December 14, 1872, and Catherine A. Gorman, born in Philadelphia, December 25, 1823, died December 27, 1896. They were married September 7, 1842. She had a brother, William, who was born August 18, 1843, and married in Philadelphia in 1866; and sisters, Annie, born June 25, 1846, married May 15, 1866, Amos Truman, and Amelia, born December 29, 1863, unmarried, all living. Michael Clement LeTourneau, grandfather of Mrs. Martin, was the first inventor of coal stoves in America.

Children of David B. and Marie M. Martin: 1. Joseph J., of whom further. 2. Bertha, died in childhood. 3. Catherine, died in childhood. Both David B. Martin and his wife were members of the Olivet Presbyterian Church at Thirty-second and Mount Vernon streets, Philadelphia.

(IV) Joseph J., only son of David B. and Marie M. (LeTourneau) Martin, was born in Philadelphia, April 29, 1873. His youth was spent at his uncle's farm at Chadds Ford, known as "Rocky Hill." This farm was afterwards sold to Josephine Way, but he has repurchased it and it is now in his possession. He was educated at Cheltenham Military Academy and began business life in his father's office. He continued with his father until the death of the latter, then succeeded him in the ownership of the various interests in the companies previously enumerated. He has re-purchased the old homestead of eighty acres, "Rocky Hill," at Chadds Ford, sold by Joseph J. Martin estate to H. C. Way, and there makes his home. It was from the crest of "Rocky

Hill" that the British began the battle of Brandywine, fought during the Revolution. He maintains extensive business interests and is a director of the Third National Bank of Philadelphia. His clubs are the Art, Racquet, Manufacturers and Yacht of Philadelphia; the Athletic and Columbia of New York; the Auto Club of America, and others. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church, and in political faith he is affiliated with the Republican party.

Mr. Martin married, October 23, 1895, Mary Brinton Talbot, born July 26, 1873, daughter of C. W. Talbot, a lawyer of prominence born at Honeybrook, Chester county, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1850, who married, February 28, 1872, Mary Jones, born at the homestead farm in Birmingham, Chester county, Pennsylvania, February 4, 1846; children: Charles L., born March 22, 1875; Anna J., born January 6, 1880; Mary Brinton, of previous mention, married Charles J. Martin. Mr. and Mrs. Martin have children: Mary Marie, born January 11, 1899; Joseph Jefferson, August 31, 1910.

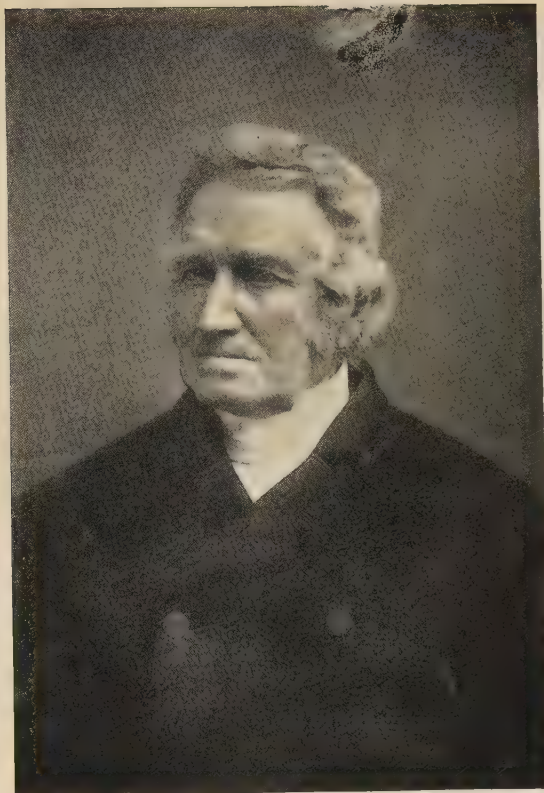
Henry L. Blatz, the only constructor of boats in Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, ranks as one of its progressive and enterprising citizens. He is the son of John and Caroline (Krouse) Blatz, and was born May 16, 1861, in Philadelphia.

John Blatz was born in Germany in 1830, and died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1884. He emigrated to this country in 1847, when he was a lad of seventeen, and came alone and unassisted by his family, he having saved his money to that end since he was a small child. He learned the baker's trade immediately upon landing, by the simple process of seeking employment with a baker. So great was his ambition and determination to succeed that he had established his own bakery before he was eighteen. It is remarkable when one realizes that he came to a foreign country, unable to speak a word of English, poor, without friends, and by sheer determination and persistence he had established in less than twelve months after his arrival a bakery. He married Caroline Krouse, like himself an immigrant. She came with her parents, from Germany, at the age of sixteen, met and married John Blatz when she was seventeen and he eighteen. They were the parents of eleven children, all of whom they educated in the public schools of Philadelphia, giving them the advantages which they were denied in their earlier years.

Henry L. Blatz, one of the eleven children of John and Caroline Blatz, received his education in the public school of his native city. Reaching maturity he decided that he would not follow his father's occupation, and so turned his attention to something else. He canvassed many fields and at last selected that of boat building as a pleasant and lucrative one. He was at Kensington, Pennsylvania, for many years, and succeeded, for he was distinctly his father's son, with his determination to succeed. In November, 1909, he moved to Essington, since which time he has built every boat used there. He employs a number of men, and is kept employed all the while filling his numerous orders. He turns out a handsome craft, not only for the residents of Essington but other and larger places as well. Mr. Blatz is a Republican and has been auditor of the township. He is a member of the Foresters, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and the Loyal Order of Moose.

At what is now the intersection of Spruce and Fifty-fifth streets, West Philadelphia, then old Blockley township, stood the farm-house of George Smith, and in that house Ellen J. and her father, George Washington Smith, were born.

Her grandfather, George Smith, was born in Philadelphia at the Smith



Geo. Smith

home, their town property covering the square now bounded by Market, Chestnut, Sixth and Seventh streets, a tract now the value of which can hardly be expressed in figures. George Smith was a prosperous merchant tailor, the leader in that business, commanding a very large patronage. He was a grand-nephew of Mary Ball, mother of George Washington, a part of whose estate his son received, when that part lying in Trenton, New Jersey, was sold. George Smith purchased the farm in old Blockley, previously mentioned, making it most attractive and the show place of the country thereabouts. Covered now with paved streets and buildings it is almost beyond belief that so short a time ago it was a beautiful fertile farm, with blooded cattle grazing in the fields and the old house merry with the shouts of children and guests from the city. George Smith loved a country life and passed his latter years on his farm, where he died in his seventy-eighth year. He was a Whig in politics and a member of the Society of Friends, his funeral being held from the Friends Meeting House in Merion. He married Sarah, daughter of Paul Jones, of Merion, a descendant of the old Welsh Jones family—she died at the age of ninety-eight years, at her home at Thirty-second street and Woodlawn avenue, the site now occupied by Croft and Allen; she was a birthright member of the Society of Friends. Children: Phoebe Roberts; George Washington (of whom further); Joseph Ball and Sarah Jones Smith, the latter dying at the age of twenty years.

George Washington Smith, eldest son of George and Sarah (Jones) Smith, was born at the farm house in old Blockley (now Spruce and Fifty-fifth streets, Philadelphia), in 1801. He was educated in the private Philadelphia schools and spent his early life on the old farm. At a suitable age he learned the tailor's trade and was associated with his father in business in Philadelphia. In politics he was a Whig and Republican, but took no active part in public affairs. He was a member of the Society of Friends and a man of high character, honored and respected in both business and social life. He died in St. Louis, Missouri, while visiting his sister-in-law, on October 15, 1874, in his seventy-third year. Mr. Smith married Deborah F. Jones, born on her father's farm, now a part of the city of Philadelphia, the house standing near the present intersection of Pine and Forty-seventh streets. Her father, Enoch Jones, was a coffin and cabinet maker, carrying on business in connection with his farm, where he died. His wife, Ann Jones, was no blood relation, although bearing the same name. A sister of Enoch Jones, Phoebe (Jones) Hoffman, was the mother of Norris Hoffman, after whom Hoffman School is named. Deborah F. (Jones) Smith died at No. 3520 Market street, West Philadelphia, in her eightieth year, a lifelong member of the Society of Friends. Children of George Washington and Deborah F. Smith: Sarah Ann, born May 15, 1837, died aged sixty-two years, married William Boon; Joseph B., born in 1841, died in his sixty-third year, married January 18, 1865, Harriet Appel; Mary, born February 14, 1844, married, May 21, 1862, George Boon; Ellen J. (of further mention); Paul J. and Emma, died in childhood.

Ellen J. Smith, daughter of George Washington and Deborah F. (Jones) Smith, was born at the old Smith farmhouse in old Blockley, August 21, 1852. She was educated in the Philadelphia public schools and spent her youth at the home farm and now resides at her farm in Bethel township, Delaware county, which she successfully manages being a woman of business and executive ability. She married, May 21, 1870, Charles Boon. Children: Charles R., born November 1, 1872, unmarried; Mary Ella, January 7, 1874, died aged six months; Deborah, December, 1874, died in infancy; Maurice, July 4, 1876, died aged two and a half years; J. Henry, born April 7, 1879, unmarried; Walter, born January 27, 1881, unmarried; Howard, born August 8,

1883, died aged nine months; Mary Elizabeth, born April 27, 1884, died aged fourteen years; Eva, born October 27, 1887, married, January 13, 1907, John A. Steecker and has Eva B., Mary Ella, John A. (2) and Alexander; Anna G., died aged seven months; Eleanor, died aged eight months; Paul Jones, born October 4, 1894, married March 30, 1913, Blanche E. Henning.

Charles D. Manley Jr., is a member of the family of that name, MANLEY which for a number of generations has been prominent in Delaware county. The Manleys trace their descent to Thomas Manley, a successful farmer of that region, who at various times cultivated large tracts of land in Chester, Middletown and Newtown. They are also related to the old English family of Maddocks and to the De Havens of Philadelphia. Charles D. Manley Sr., father of Charles D. Manley Jr., was a man of great energy who made himself felt as a force in the community, as a teacher, merchant and lawyer, winning his way into the latter profession in spite of great difficulties. He married Margaret Worrell, and to them were born four children of whom Charles D. was the third.

Charles D. Manley Jr. was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, January 4, 1843. He was educated in the public schools of the district, and when eight years old was taken by his father to Media, whither the family removed. He began his business life at the age of sixteen years, as a clerk for Isaac Haldeman & Sons, of Media, continuing with that firm for three years. He then went to Ohio, where he spent a year with the Curtis Dry Goods Company, of Mount Vernon, Knox county, returning to Pennsylvania in the spring of 1865. He then entered the employ of Edwin Hall at No. 26 South Second street, Philadelphia, but in August, 1866, severed his connection with this employer to embark upon a venture of his own and opened a dry goods house at No. 152 North Eighth street, Philadelphia, in partnership with Spencer Thompson, under the firm name of Thompson & Manley. In 1869 Mr. Thompson retired from the firm and left Mr. Manley to continue alone, which he did with success until April, 1884, when he sold out. In August of the same year he entered the employ of Cooper & Conrad, Ninth and Market streets, Philadelphia, remaining there six years. In 1891 he engaged with the Joseph Horne Company of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, remaining two years and returning to Philadelphia in the spring of 1893, where he engaged with Partridge & Richardson on Eighth street above Market. In 1901 he came to Media where he purchased an interest in the laundry business of Smith & Son, the same of which he is now the proprietor. The business was incorporated in 1904 under the name of the Media Steam Laundry, at which time Mr. Manley became superintendent, treasurer and manager and has continued the conduct of the concern ever since. He has equipped his plant with the best modern machinery and appliances and has built up a prosperous business in Media and the surrounding country, drawing also a large trade from Philadelphia, where he maintains a branch office. In 1912 he bought the property on which the laundry building stands, rebuilt and enlarged his plant and added the necessary machinery to completely equip it for modern laundry purposes. He employs thirty-five people and finds the business constantly on the increase. In July, 1913, the corporation was discontinued and Mr. Manley is now carrying on the enterprise on his own account. Mr. Manley is a Democrat in politics, and although he has never sought or accepted any public office is deeply interested in public affairs. He enjoys the unique distinction of never having voted at any borough, county, state or national election for any candidate not on the Democratic ticket. He is a man of energy and business ability and highly regarded by all who know him.

Mr. Manley married, September 12, 1903, Anna B., daughter of John K. and Jane (Knox) Hawthorne, of Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania. The family home is situated at No. 104 West Washington street, and his business plant at 121-123 South Orange street, Media.

MANLEY This branch of the Manleys came to Delaware county from Ireland, Joseph P., being of the first American born generation.

He is a great-grandson of Joseph Manley of Tullamore, Ireland, who was a merchant and a member of the Society of Friends, and a grandson of Thomas Manley, born in Tullamore, Ireland, died at Mount Mellick, April 29, 1835. He was a merchant and a member of the Society of Friends, but after his marriage became a Catholic that he might worship in the same faith as his wife. He married Ann Keogh, born in Ireland, died at Manchester, England, November 29, 1835; children: Thomas K., of whom further; John, Patrick, Elizabeth.

Thomas K. Manley, son of Thomas and Ann (Keogh) Manley, was born in Tullamore, Ireland, May 21, 1805, died at Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 1, 1892. When a boy his parents moved to Mount Mellick, Ireland, where he was educated and lived with his parents until he was twenty-two years of age. He then spent a short time in Dublin, Ireland, later locating in Manchester, England, where he married. He worked in the mills of Manchester as a weaver until November 28, 1841, when he embarked on a sailing ship for America with his wife, son John, five years of age, and Ann, aged ten months. He sailed on the ship "Belvidere" from Liverpool, but after a few days out she sprang so serious a leak that they were obliged to return, putting in at Cork, Ireland, for repairs. After five weeks at Cork, they again started across the Atlantic, but heavy weather again brought them into distress, and on March 17, 1842, they sought refuge at the island of Santa Cruz. After repairing there, the voyage was continued and New York safely reached April 17, 1842. After a few months spent in New York, Thomas K. Manley moved to Philadelphia, which was his home until 1852, where he manufactured cloth on hand looms. During the "Know Nothing" riots in Philadelphia in 1844, he stood guard at St. Philips Catholic Church, Second and Queen streets, until danger of its destruction passed. In 1852 he moved to Upper Darby township, worked at his trade in the mills along Darby creek, and in the fall of 1873 built the house at Clifton Heights in which he died nineteen years later. He was a member of the St. Charles Roman Catholic Church of Kelleyville, and a member of St. Mary's Beneficial Society and the president of the society for several years. He is buried with his wife in the cemetery of that parish.

He married in St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church, Manchester, England, May 21, 1834, Ann Markey, born in Dundalk, Ireland, March 15, 1816, who died in Clifton Heights, February 27, 1895, in her seventy-ninth year. She was a daughter of Philip Markey, born in Ireland, died in Manchester, England, and his wife, Bridget McMahon, born in Ireland and died in Manchester. Of the twelve children of Thomas K. Manley, six died in infancy. Those reaching years of maturity are: John, married Sarah A. Hoofstiltler; Ann T., married Michael McCready; the two born in England and brought to this country by their parents in 1842; the following three born in Philadelphia: Elizabeth A., married James Jordan; Thomas F., married Mary Ann Kelley; Joseph P., of whom further; Katherine M., was born at Upper Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and married John F. McMenamin.

Joseph P. Manley, son of Thomas K. and Ann (Markey) Manley, was

born at Thirteenth and Federal streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, December 13, 1850. He was educated in the public schools of West Philadelphia and Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and learned the trade of carpenter, which he still follows. He is a member of St. Charles Boromeo Roman Catholic Church, at Kelleyville, and of St. Mary's Beneficial Society of the same parish. He is unmarried and resides with his widowed sister, Mrs. Katherine M. McMenamin, who for eighteen years has conducted a dry goods and notion store in Clifton Heights. Their home at the corner of Sycamore and Baltimore avenues was erected by their father in 1873 and has ever since been in the possession of the family. His widowed sister, Mrs. Ann T. McCready, and his niece, Miss Mary F. McMenamin, also reside with him. Joseph P. Manley in his younger days was a baseball player and for five years played on the nine of the Glenwood of Clifton Heights, who won the championship of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1872.

The Levis family of Pennsylvania is one which has been closely identified with the milling and other industries of the state for many generations. The American progenitor of this family was Samuel Levis, a maltster of Leicester, England, who, before coming to this country, in association with William Garrett, purchased 1,000 acres of land from William Penn. He emigrated to America in 1684, landing at Chester, and, having settled on Darby creek, in Upper Darby, he there built a substantial home, which remained in the possession of the family for some generations. Many of the most important mills of the state were owned by him and his descendants.

Samuel Edgar Levis, a lineal descendant of the Samuel Levis mentioned above, was born May 12, 1850, and now (1913) resides at Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. His early education was acquired in the Friends' Central School and at the public school, and this was supplemented by a course in a business college in Philadelphia. Upon the completion of his education he engaged in business with his father, who was a manufacturer of woolen and cotton goods, and when the business failed Mr. Levis found employment on a farm. Subsequently he went to Los Angeles, California, where he learned the art of surveying, with which he was successfully connected for a number of years. Returning to Clifton Heights in 1891, he retired from active business life, and since that time has resided in his beautiful home there. He attends the meetings of the Society of Friends, and is a member of the Royal Arcanum.

Mr. Levis married, November 26, 1879, Mary M. Lownes. She is a daughter of George Bolton Lownes, born in Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January, 1825, now living at the age of eighty-eight years, who married Rebecca B. Webb, deceased. They had children: William, married Florence Thayer; George Bolton, deceased, married Mary Datesman, now residing in Red Lands, California; Hannah D., still living, unmarried; Joseph, married Jane Powell; Edward, deceased, married Viola Healy, who now lives in Los Angeles, California; Francis, married Lydia Rodgers; Minerva W., unmarried; Jane E., married John H. Webster; and Mary, mentioned above. Mr. and Mrs. Levis have had children: Florence, who was graduated from the Friends' Central School, married S. Bancroft Trainer, of Trainer, Pennsylvania, and is now living in Toronto, Canada; Oborn, a graduate of the Westtown Boarding School, lives in Toronto with his sister; George Bolton, a graduate of the Drexel Institute, resides with his parents; Hannah Darlington, is a pupil at the Westtown Boarding School.

KEEFE The paternal grandparents of Patrick James Keefe, who is engaged in the produce business in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, were Michael and ——— (Nunan) Keefe, who lived and died in Ireland, the former a farmer, and they had children: Cornelius, see forward; Patrick, who emigrated to America and made his home in New York City. Upon the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in the Sixty-ninth Regiment, New York Volunteers, and fell in the battle of the Wilderness; he was unmarried.

Cornelius, son of Michael and ——— (Nunan) Keefe, was born in county Limerick, Ireland, 1833, and died about 1873. He was a cooper by trade, having learned this trade from his father, and took his family to Australia about 1861. In 1867 he returned to Ireland, from whence he went to England for a time, then emigrated to America in 1870 and died in the state of Minnesota. He and his wife were members of the Catholic church. He married Margaret Dudey, the only one of her family to emigrate to America. She was the daughter of Patrick and Johanna Dudey, the former a carpenter, and she had one sister, Mary. She was born in county Limerick, Ireland, in 1834, and died in the United States, in February, 1874. They had children: Cornelius, died at the age of four years; Johanna, married James Ryan and now lives in Ireland; Patrick James, see forward; Mary and John, both died young.

Patrick James Keefe was born near Sidney, Australia, June 15, 1864. He was about three years of age when his parents returned with their family to Ireland, and there he attended the national schools until he had attained the age of ten years. After the death of his parents he worked on farms until he was twenty-two years old, then came to Ardmore, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1886. For the period of one year he worked for a Mr. Shay, and then had various other positions until 1889, when he established himself as a produce dealer. By his excellent methods of conducting his business it has increased to such an extent that he now finds it necessary to have two wagons in constant use. In 1894 he built a house for himself on Loraine street, in Ardmore Park, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. This he still occupies, and in the course of time many improvements have been made to the original structure. Mr. Keefe gives his strong support to the principles of the Democratic party, and his religious affiliations are with the Catholic church. He possesses great energy, strong determination, and above all, that most essential factor, good common sense, and from small beginnings he has developed a business which is of very satisfactory extent.

Mr. Keefe married, November 24, 1895, Hannah L., born in Tipperary county, Ireland, daughter of Thomas and Margaret Alligan. Children: Margaret, Johanna, Thomas, Cornelius, Mary.

WATKIN The Watkin family has been established for a number of generations in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and its various members have been well known and are highly respected citizens. They came from Wales originally.

(I) Enoch Watkin was a farmer in and near Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He married Hannah, daughter of Lewis Knoll, who was of German descent. Mr. and Mrs. Watkin were both natives of the United States. They had children: Mary; Sarah, married Benjamin Bonsall, a stone mason, and they lived on the Providence and Springfield road, Pennsylvania; Lewis, see forward; Isaac, a drover, and later a merchant, lived in Philadelphia; Catherine, married Simon Goodman and lived near Ardmore, Pennsylvania.

(II) Lewis, son of Enoch and Hannah (Knoll) Watkin, was born in

Haverford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 9, 1802, and died March 9, 1870. He was apprenticed to learn the miller's trade with Jacob Wise, whose mill was located on the Wissahickon creek, near Philadelphia. About 1826 he came to Upper Darby township, where he rented, and in 1850 purchased, the Milbank mill, Nathan Sellers' property, and there successfully carried on the milling business for many years. In 1854 he gave it into the hands of his son, William, and in his later years purchased a farm of ninety-nine acres near the mill. In political matters he was at first a Whig, and affiliated with the Republican party upon its organization. He was a regular attendant at the Swedenborgian church. He married Rachel, born in Upper Darby township, November 24, 1793, died in 1872, daughter of William and Mary Moore, the former a teamster in the army during the Revolutionary war, and who had children: Jehu, born December 27, 1776; Elizabeth, born January 12, 1779, died unmarried; Anne, born May 21, 1781; George, born March 11, 1783, was a farmer; James, born August 11, 1785, a farmer; William, born September 22, 1788, a farmer; Rachel, who married Mr. Watkin; Sarah, born January 11, 1796, died unmarried; Mary, born December 16, 1798, married (first) Joseph Esrey, (second) Edward Thawley. Mr. and Mrs. Watkin had children: Mary, who died at the age of thirteen years; William, see forward.

(III) William, son of Lewis and Rachel (Moore) Watkin, was born in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 21, 1833. He attended the "Eastern School" in his native township, being obliged to walk a distance of two and one-half miles to the school every morning; the Eastern was where the High School is now located. Later he was a pupil in the private school of Dr. Guernsey, in what is now Lansdowne, and in the Parmer public school in what is now Yeadon borough. At the age of fifteen years he had completed his education, and learned the milling business under the personal supervision of his father. When he attained his majority in 1854, his father gave him full charge of the mill and all connected with it, and after his marriage his father erected for him the fine house in which he still lives. In its day this was considered one of the finest in the county. Robert Allen was the architect and builder. Upon the death of his father the mill passed entirely into the possession of William Watkin. About 1880 he was obliged to rent the mill for two years, acting by the advice of his physician. About 1888 he again rented it, this time retiring permanently from his active life. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party, and for almost half a century he has served as school director of the township. He was brought up in the Swedenborgian denomination and has never wavered in his allegiance. He is a member of Fernwood Lodge, American Mechanics, and Union Star Council.

Mr. Watkin married (first) May 4, 1858, in Upper Darby township, Mary Shoester, of that township; (second) Phoebe S. Shoester; both were daughters of Jacob and Phoebe Shoester. Children by first marriage: Mary Emma, married Frank P. Johnston, and had Sally and Mary; Sarah P., married Harry Dubbs, lives in Media, and had Clara, Bertha and Fannie; Lewis K., who lives in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, married Alverda Lister, and has William, Harry and Ella; Clara A., married Lewis W. Zell, has children, Anna E. and Maud, and lives in Cardington. Child of the second marriage: Frank Garfield, married Eve E. Stahlnecker, and lives with his father. Mr. Watkin is one of the few surviving charter members of the Senior Order of the United American Mechanics, No. 204.



Combeattin

H. H. Aikens, prominent street railway official, is a native of
AIKENS the city of Philadelphia, where he was born November 7, 1876,
son of James and Margaret (MacDowell) Aikens, residents
of the same city.

Mr. Aikens began his education in the public schools of his native city, and entered the Protestant Episcopal Academy of Philadelphia. In 1893 he took up the study of law in Philadelphia, but was early diverted from the profession for which he had expected to prepare himself. In 1897 he became assistant to the president of the Philadelphia & West Chester Traction Company. On January 17, 1905, he became secretary of the Philadelphia & West Chester Traction Company. This marked the beginning of a successful career, and one which has brought substantial results to the transportation interests of the city of Philadelphia and many important suburban cities and residential districts. From the first he manifested a peculiar aptitude for all things relating to the improvement and development of street railways, and his rise has been rapid. Since January 10, 1910, he has been vice-president of the Philadelphia & West Chester Traction Company, and he is a member of the directorates and vice-president of various other street railway corporations—the Philadelphia & West Chester Traction Company; the Ardmore & Llanerch Street Railway Company; the Philadelphia, Castle Rock & West Chester Street Railway Company; the Philadelphia & West Chester Turnpike Road Company.

Mr. Aikens is also prominently identified with various other important interests, among them the Eastern Securities Company of Philadelphia; and is a member of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia. He is prominent and active in athletic and outdoor sports, and holds membership in the Athletic Club of Philadelphia, the Malta Boat Club, the Aronimink Country Club, The Willows, and The Church Club of Philadelphia.

With offices in the Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia, Mr. Aikens has his residence at 25 Park road, Llanerch. He takes an interest in the social life of that delightful residential place, and golfing is one of his special delights. He and his family are communicants of the Protestant Episcopal church. Mr. Aikens married Edna M. Freund, daughter of Dr. H. H. Freund, of Philadelphia, and they have two children—Katherine Freund Aikens and H. H. Aikens Jr.

William H. Hershey, an influential citizen of Oakmont, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, enterprising and public-spirited,
HERSHEY giving his support to all measures calculated to advance the moral and material welfare of the community, is a representative of not only one of the most prominent, but one of the oldest families in Pennsylvania, being founded in Lancaster county in 1719, its members in the various generations being noted for their intelligence and morality, integrity of character and trustworthiness, characteristics which they transmitted to their descendants in large degree.

Joseph Hershey, father of William H. Hershey, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, there reared, educated, learned his trade of oak cooper, and married. After leaving the old homestead he first settled in Reading, Pennsylvania, and later removed to Philadelphia, where he died in the year 1860, and he followed his trade in both cities, making a comfortable living for his family, to whom he was devotedly attached. He married Elizabeth Schraeder, who was born in the vicinity of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, died in the year 1903. Both were members of the Presbyterian church, contributing of their time and money to its support. Their children were: William H., of

whom further; Jennie, resides with her brother; Sally, twin of Jennie, died unmarried; Emma, died in infancy; Julia, died at the age of twenty years.

William H. Hershey was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 1, 1851. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and after completing his studies served an apprenticeship at the trade of painter, working as journeyman at the same for some time, gaining additional knowledge and experience, and subsequently became a general contractor in the painting business, employing on an average from three to five men. He takes a keen interest in his work, giving to every detail his personal supervision, and thus retains the extensive patronage which has come to him as the result of conscientious and faithful effort to meet the requirements and wishes of his many patrons. Prior to his removal to Eagle Road, Oakmont, Delaware county, he resided in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he was highly esteemed. He holds membership in Grace Chapel, a union church; in Potter Lodge, No. 441, Free and Accepted Masons; Improved Order of Red Men; the Order of Artisans, of Philadelphia, and Tabor Benefit Society. He is a staunch adherent of the principles of the Republican party, to whom he gave his allegiance upon attaining his majority.

Mr. Hershey married (first) Lydia Cassidy, a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of Alexander and Mary Cassidy. She died in 1880, in childbirth. He married (second) September 17, 1888, Mary McElroy, a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of Philip and Mary McElroy. They have no children, but their great kindness of heart prompted them to give a home to a niece, Ethel H. Seeberger, now the wife of Melvin Detwiler, who well repaid them for the love and care bestowed upon her. Mr. and Mrs. Hershey are highly thought of in the community, they leading quiet, retired lives, exerting an influence for good upon all with whom they come in contact.

Henry R. Lewis, whose descendants are now residents of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, was born in England, and at the age of thirteen years was brought to this country and made his home in the city of Philadelphia. He was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, and subsequently also followed that of a cabinetmaker. Finally he engaged in the retail furniture business at No. 1204 Market street, with which he was identified until 1893, when he retired from active business life, and died in 1894. He and his wife were members of the Baptist church, and he was also a member of the Union League Club. He married Emily Lacey and they had children: Henry R. Jr., a resident of Philadelphia; Wilson, see forward; George W., who died in 1872; Emily, married ——— Van Zant, now deceased; Mary, deceased; Laura, married A. P. Benner, and lives in Philadelphia.

Wilson Lewis, son of Henry R. and Emily (Lacey) Lewis, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in April, 1839. He was associated with his father in the business established by the latter, and died in 1894. During the civil war he was in service as an emergency man for a period of three months, and was later a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He and his wife were members of the Baptist church and active in church and charitable works of all kinds. He took a great interest in the cause of education, and at the time of his death was in office as a school director of the twentieth ward. He married Mary Williams, who was born in 1844, daughter of John and Hannah (Holmes) Williams, both natives of New Jersey, where they were also married. Mrs. Lewis is the great-granddaughter of Nathaniel Holmes, who was a soldier during the war of the revolution. Hannah (Holmes) Williams, after the death of her first husband, married his brother, and for some years they conducted the

Ridgway House (hotel), and later the Delaware Hotel. They removed to Dennisville, New Jersey, and conducted a hotel there until they died. By her first marriage she had two daughters and two sons as follows: Frank, who was a sea captain, and was lost at sea; a daughter, who died in infancy; Mary, mentioned above; John H., lives in Dennisville, New Jersey, where he is engaged in farming. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis have had children: Henry R., lives in the state of New York, where he is engaged in business as a merchant; Edwin B., see forward; Eva, died at the age of six years; Laura, married E. C. Metlack, and resides in Philadelphia; Mary H., married Robert M. Graham, and lives in Philadelphia.

Edwin B. Lewis, son of Wilson and Mary (Williams) Lewis, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 16, 1864. He attended the public schools of Philadelphia until he had attained the age of sixteen years, then having shown a natural inclination for drawing he accepted a position with A. Penrose Benner, an architect, with whom he remained as a draftsman for a period of thirteen years. In 1896 he established himself independently in business as an architect and real estate dealer in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and was successfully engaged in this line of business for a number of years. In 1905 he commenced building operations in Lansdowne and its vicinity, and is now engaged in the general contracting and building business. He has erected many beautiful private residences and other buildings, his structures being not only practical, but also a pleasure for the eye to rest upon. Probably the most important building he has erected up to the present time is the public school building at East Lansdowne. Mr. Lewis is a Republican in political matters, and has served his community in a number of public offices, among them being as school director for three years, as highway commissioner for a time, and since 1896 as tax collector. He was secretary of the Lansdowne Fire Company, a member of the local Republican Club, and has frequently served as a delegate to the county conventions. His fraternal affiliation is as follows: The Order of Spartans; Free and Accepted Masons, being a member of Fernwood Lodge, No. 543; University Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Corinthian Commandery, Knights Templar. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. In July, 1890, he erected a very beautiful home for his own use in Lansdowne, and has occupied it since that time.

Mr. Lewis married, December, 1887, M. Belle, born in Dennisville, New Jersey, a daughter of John L. and Mary C. James, and they have had children: Fannie C., was graduated from the Lansdowne high school; Laura B., also a graduate of the Lansdowne high school; Mary W., a student at the above mentioned institution.

HEYBURN Heyburn, a name distinguished in English history for many centuries, has been worthily borne in the new world by a prominent Pennsylvania family. A branch early settled in Delaware county, while the forebears of Weldon Brinton Heyburn, late United States senator from the state of Idaho, whose career is herein traced, settled in the adjoining state of Delaware, the ancestral acres now being a part of the city of Wilmington. They too, however, soon came to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, settling in the township of Birmingham, where at Chadds Ford, Senator Heyburn first saw the light.

His ancestors were a succession of George Heyburns, beginning with the father of the American ancestor.

George Heyburn was born in New Castle, county Durham, England, Janu-

ary 6, 1692. He married Mary Watson, of Wickham, in the same county, May 26, 1718.

George (2) Heyburn, son of George (1) Heyburn, was born in England in 1732, settled in the state of Delaware, became an officer in the English and Colonial army and was killed during the Pontiac war at Bloody Run, in western Pennsylvania, April 14, 1764. He married Mary Rudolph, but was killed soon afterward.

George (3) Heyburn, only son of George (2) and Mary (Rudolph) Heyburn, was born on the Heyburn homestead in the state of Delaware, January 15, 1765, a posthumous child, died April 17, 1833. He spent his life on the Heyburn estate, now part of the city of Wilmington, and in Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he also owned a farm. He married Elizabeth Burgess. Children: Sarah, married Amasa Baker; John, married Letitia Brinton; Elizabeth, married Robert Bullock; Ann, married Thomas Bullock; George, of whom further; Susan, married Ely Seal; Mary, married James Twaddell.

George (4) Heyburn, son of George (3) and Elizabeth (Burgess) Heyburn, was born at the Birmingham township farm in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 9, 1800, and after a life spent in the cultivation of his own acres in Birmingham, died in September, 1878. George (4) Heyburn was a Whig in politics, later becoming a Republican. He was a member of the Society of Friends, inheriting a birthright in the meeting from his father, grandfather and great-grandfather, the Heyburns having been Friends from the first settler. He married Rachel Brinton, died October 15, 1857, daughter of Edward and Letitia (Dilworth) Brinton, a descendant of one of the old Quaker families of Delaware county. Children: Edith, married Wesley Matson; John Brinton, of whom further; Letitia, married Menander Slack; Phoebe, married William Gamble; Anna, married William Dutton; Elizabeth, married Sharpless Dutton; William, died unmarried, a soldier of the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, died of wounds in 1862; Emma, married Joseph B. Clayton, she is the last survivor and now resides on South Walnut street, West Chester, Pennsylvania; George Edward, married Sarah A. Smith.

John Brinton Heyburn, eldest son of George (4) and Rachel (Brinton) Heyburn, was born at the Brinton homestead in Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, February 14, 1826, died at Chadds Ford, Pennsylvania, February 14, 1873. He was educated under private tutors and spent his life on the estate inherited from his father. He served as commissioner of Delaware county and during the civil war was recruiting officer at Chadds Ford, his own services as a soldier having been refused by the examining surgeon on account of blindness of one eye. He was a Whig until the formation of the Republican party, with which he was ever afterward affiliated. He adhered to the family religious faith and was an honored member of the Society of Friends. He married Sarah Gilpin, died at Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, May 5, 1912, daughter of John Dickinson Gilpin, born October 22, 1799, in New Garden township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and his wife, Sarah (Taylor) Gilpin, born in Thornbury, Chester county, Pennsylvania, April 6, 1799. Children: Hannah, died unmarried; Rebecca, died unmarried; Ann, married Weldon Brinton; Gideon, married Eliza Heyburn, and now resides in St. Joseph, Missouri, the last survivor of this family of Gilpin children; Sarah, married John Brinton Heyburn, of previous mention; Elizabeth, died aged three years. Children of John Brinton and Sarah Heyburn: Gideon, born June 4, 1850, died unmarried; Georgianna, born April 27, 1851, married, October 29, 1873, J. Wesley Batting; Weldon Brinton, of whom further; Elwood Michiner, born

August 2, 1853, married, December 1, 1874, Miranda Carver; Rebecca Gilpin, born January 25, 1856, died in infancy; Marie, born December 22, 1859, married, February 26, 1880, Henry C. Marshall; William, born August 17, 1861, married, January 7, 1891, Julia Barrett.

Weldon Brinton Heyburn, second son and third child of John Brinton and Sarah (Gilpin) Heyburn, was born at Chadds Ford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 23, 1852, died in Washington, D. C., October 17, 1912. His early life was spent on the homestead farm in Birmingham township and his primary and preparatory education obtained under private tutors and at Shortlidge's Maplewood Academy. He studied law in the office of Edward A. Price, Media, and at the University of Pennsylvania, and was admitted to the bar in June, 1876. He began practice at Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, but soon afterward moved west, locating and practicing law for a time at Leadville, Colorado, thence going to Idaho, ever afterward the scene of his great activity. He first went to Idaho in 1883, and in the early part of the year 1884 settled permanently in Shoshone county, that state, in the Coeur d' Alene mining district. He was attorney for the Union Pacific and the Oregon & Washington Railroad companies, but his special line of legal practice was mining law, although his years of practice covered every branch of the profession. He was admitted to the supreme courts of the western and northwestern states, the United States district and circuit courts and the supreme court of the United States. He was a learned and able lawyer, winning a fame that was national. His practice was very large and important in its character, and he won position at the bar and a name throughout the state that gave him a strong personal following.

From his first entrance into Idaho he took an active interest in politics and reached a point of prominence that caused the Republican leaders of the nation to seek his advice and counsel. He was a member of the constitutional convention that met in Boise in the summer of 1889, participated in all the deliberations of the convention, served as chairman of the committee on judiciary and on other important committees. He did not surrender to the free silver wave that swept over the west in 1898, but although not a candidate for the office, suffered himself to be nominated as the gold Republican candidate for congress in order to hold the party together, going down to defeat through the fusion of the "free silver" factions of all the parties. He was a delegate to the Republican national conventions of 1888, 1892, 1900 and 1904, serving as national committeeman from Idaho from 1904 until 1908. In 1903 he was elected by the legislature of Idaho to the United States senate, receiving every Republican vote in joint assembly and was reelected in 1909. Upon entering the senate he was made chairman of the committee on manufactures, which had charge of the pure food and drug legislation. The pure food bill, under his direction, was pressed forward in the fifty-eighth congress, but a vote was not reached. During the interval between the fifty-eighth and fifty-ninth congresses, Senator Heyburn gave the subject of pure food legislation careful thought and study. He completely rewrote the bill, which had been formerly proposed, eliminated the principle of the establishment of standard by legislation, also struck out the provisions for the establishment of a board to fix arbitrary standards that would be binding upon the courts, leaving the question of the violation of the general rules laid down in the act to be determined by the courts. He drew the bill on these principles, introduced it at the beginning of the fifty-ninth congress, and saw it become a law before the session closed. This is conceded to be one of the most important pieces of legislation at any time enacted by congress.

Senator Heyburn was consistently opposed to the joint admission of Arizona and New Mexico to statehood and on two occasions defeated the joint

statehood bill for their admission to the Union of states. On both occasions the vote was a tie; his being the last vote cast and in the negative. He was not opposed to, but on the contrary always favored the admission of all the territories to statehood, but always opposed the consolidation of any of the territories for admission, on the ground that such a consolidation would eliminate geographical divisions in a way that would reduce the representation of the west in the United States senate.

He always favored free pasturage on the public domain, and while strongly in favor of protecting forests against destructive waste, opposed the policy of permanent ownership by the government of forest lands within the states or withdrawing such lands from settlement and home-making. He opposed the aggregation of large holdings of timber or other lands by individuals or corporations, believing that their products can best find way into the markets through the custom mills and small holdings. The question of public lands and forest reserves he discussed from the standpoint of interest to the people of his state. He admitted that government lands in Idaho belonged to all the people of the United States, but contended that they must come to Idaho, become citizens, participate in its government and contribute to the maintenance of the state in order to get the use of public lands for grazing, timber or other personal use. His speeches on the subject are especially noteworthy and able. He secured the enactment of a number of laws of special benefit to the mining agricultural and commercial interests of Idaho and consistently stood for the protective tariff policy of the Republican party. He was chairman of the joint committee of the two houses of congress on revision of the laws of the United States, a most laborious task, as the laws had not been revised since 1878. His senatorial career was a most creditable one and from whatever standpoint the career of Senator Heyburn be viewed, it will only redound to his honor. He was a learned and able lawyer, a wise, patriotic and far-seeing statesman and ever loyal to the state that gave him the opportunity to prove his worth. He was a prominent member of the Masonic order, holding the thirty-second degree, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and was a Master Mason, Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar of the York Rite. He was also a Noble of the Mystic Shrine and an honorary member of many posts of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Senator Heyburn married, August 12, 1903, Gheretein, daughter of John Marshall and Lavinia (Passmore) Yeatman.

The Hinksons have been a prominent Delaware county family since 1765, when John Hinkson, his wife and son Thomas came from Cavan, an inland county of Ireland, lying in the province of Ulster. He was of German ancestry, although several generations of the family had lived in Ireland, planted there by three brothers from Hanover, Germany, shortly after the year 1600. John and his wife settled in Upper Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where they resided on a farm and reared a family of seven in addition to the son brought from Ireland. Children: Thomas, married ——— Worri~~low~~low; John, of whom further; George, married Catherine Fair~~lamb~~lamb; James, married Elizabeth Crossley; Jane, married Thomas D. Weaver; Mary, died unmarried; Sarah, married William Hawkins; Nancy, married Joseph Dickinson. From John and Jane Hinkson spring the different Hinkson families of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Illinois and other states.

John (2) Hinkson, son of John (1) and Jane Hinkson, was born in Upper Providence, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and became a farmer of Lower

Providence. He married, in 1784, Abigail, daughter of Frederick Engle, of Chester. Children who reached mature years: 1. Jane, married Ambrose Smedley, a farmer of Middletown township, and died in 1873, in her eighty-ninth year. 2. Ann, married David Baker, a carpenter and builder of Middletown township. 3. John, of whom further. 4. Mary, married Abraham Hamor, of Middletown, later of Hamorton, Chester county. 5. Joseph, a carpenter and builder; married Ann, a daughter of Samuel Black, of Marple. 6. Orpha, married Jacob Evans, of Upper Providence, later of Chester township. 7. Frederick James, a teacher, clerk, cashier and president of the Bank of Delaware County, Chester, entering that bank in 1828, resigning from ill health; the bank is now the Delaware County National Bank; he was for twenty years treasurer of the borough of Chester, also treasurer of the first building and loan association in Chester, organized 1850; in 1856 was elected county judge, and resigned before his term expired; was poor director and jury commissioner; he married, in 1837, Hannah H. Brobson. 8. Edward Engle, a carpenter and builder, and the first building inspector of the city of Chester; he married Sarah, a daughter of Samuel Shanter, of Chester.

John (3) Hinkson, son of John (2) and Abigail (Engle) Hinkson, was born in Upper Providence, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1790, died there in 1844. He became a prosperous farmer and one of the prominent public men of his day. He was a Democrat in politics and was steward of the county infirmary; sheriff of the county; member of the house of assembly; prothonotary of the county; clerk of the county and register of wills, serving his county long and faithfully. He married (first) Jemima, daughter of Joseph Worrall, of Upper Providence. He married (second) Orpha, daughter of Joseph Naide, of Chester township.

Joseph H. Hinkson, eldest son of John (3) Hinkson by his first wife, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1817, died in Chester in 1854. He was a prosperous farmer, later moving to Chester, where he engaged in the coal and lumber business. He was a strong Democrat and served as treasurer of Delaware county. In religious faith he was a Presbyterian. He married, in 1840, Lydia Ann, daughter of Edward and Mary Edwards, a family of Welsh descent and one of the oldest in Delaware county. Children: John Baker, of whom further; Edward E., Mary E., Lizzie E., Samuel E., Persifor H., Joseph H.

John Baker Hinkson, eldest son of Joseph H. and Lydia Ann (Edwards) Hinkson, was born in Chester, Pennsylvania, October 2, 1840, died there May 22, 1901. He was educated in Chester public school and academy, later entering Lafayette College, whence he was graduated with honors, class of 1860. He chose the profession of law and pursued his study under the able preceptorship of John M. Broomall until his admission to the Delaware county bar in August, 1863. He at once began practice in all state and federal courts of the district and became a leading member of the bar. He transacted business with a large clientele and was held in the highest esteem by his brethren of the bar and townsmen. He was an ardent Democrat and a power in party councils. He often served in the city council; was a frequent delegate to county and state conventions, and in 1893 was elected mayor of Chester by a substantial majority, although his party ticket went down in defeat. He was an eloquent advocate and frequently gave his party his services "on the stump," always delighting and perhaps convincing his audience with his oratory. His administration of the mayor's office was strictly an efficient business one and is on record as unparalleled in point of usefulness, economy and advancement of the public

interest. He was a devoted Presbyterian and for many years was an elder and trustee of the Third Church of Chester.

Mr. Hinkson married, May 16, 1864, Kate W., youngest daughter of John A. and Sarah Jane (Warrington) Caldwell, of Chester. Children: Joseph H., an attorney-at-law, residing in Chester; John Caldwell, of whom further; Alfred H., died aged eighteen years; Ridgely Graham, became a mining superintendent of Denver county; Mary Edwards.

John Caldwell Hinkson, second son of John Baker and Kate W. (Caldwell) Hinkson, was born in Chester, Pennsylvania. He began the practice of his profession in Chester and is well established as a learned and skillful lawyer. He is attorney and vice-president of the Delaware Trust, Safe Deposit & Title Insurance Company, and has other important business interests.

The Hailmans first came to Chester county, Pennsylvania, in HAILMAN the persons of two brothers, one of whom remained there, the other going to Virginia, where he established in business as a hatter. He took a load of hats from his factory to Richmond, Virginia, sold them, and on his way home was waylaid and murdered for the sake of obtaining the money he was known to have received from the sale of the hats.

Benjamin Franklin Hailman, son of the emigrant, was a resident of Augusta county, Virginia; was a manufacturer of pottery at Cherry Grove; manufacturing earthenware of various kinds. He was justice of the peace in Cherry Grove and no man was held in higher esteem than Squire Hailman. He married, had an only son, Jacob Luther, and three daughters: Catherine, married John T. F. Allemong; Augusta, married Frank Mayers, of Middletown, Virginia, a merchant, who died 1913; Mattie, married S. D. McCommon, a merchant of Port Republic, Virginia. Mrs. McCommon died 1913; her husband, who survives, resides at Davis, West Virginia.

Jacob Luther Hailman, son of Benjamin Franklin Hailman, was born in Cherry Grove, Augusta county, Virginia, in 1841, now a resident of Vienna, Virginia. He was educated in Roanoke College. He left college when war broke out between the states, joining the cavalry, forming a part of the army of Stonewall Jackson. He rode with that famous general until his death at Chancellorsville, then other commanders served until the final surrender. He came through the perils of war unscathed, but had many thrilling adventures and escapes, losing several horses in battle, but himself escaping. After the war closed he engaged in general merchandising until 1881, then in the real estate business until 1898, now living retired at Vienna, Virginia. He is a Democrat in politics; is a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the Lutheran church.

He married Elizabeth Virginia Shuey, born in Swoop, Virginia, daughter of George Washington (2) and Sarah Elizabeth Shuey, and a granddaughter of Captain George Washington Shuey, an officer of the war of 1812 and a descendant of the Virginia family of Shuey, owners of thousands of acres of land, farmers and famed fox hunters. Sarah Elizabeth survived her husband and now (1913) resides in Rock Island, Illinois. Children: Harriet, born 1869, died aged twenty-one years; George Frank, of whom further; Clifton, born 1873, never heard from since leaving Los Angeles in 1906; Katie, born 1875, died aged sixteen; Dr. Hubert Victor, born 1877, now physician to the Indians on the government reservation at Schurz, Nevada; Eugene, born 1879, now with the Singer Sewing Machine Company in Chester, unmarried; John Allemong, born 1882, graduate of Robinson College, Washington, D. C., a veterinary surgeon.

George Frank Hailman, son of Jacob Luther and Elizabeth Virginia

(Shuey) Hailman, was born at Cherry Grove, Augusta county, Virginia, in 1871, his father then being engaged in mercantile business in Newport, Virginia. He was educated under the tuition of his aunt, Catherine Shuey, obtaining a good English education. The family next moved to Staunton, Virginia, where he took a course in Dunsmore's Business College. He lived in Staunton until 1885, then became clerk for his uncle, S. D. McCommon, a merchant near Port Republic, Rockingham county, remaining until 1887. He then joined his father in the real estate business in Florence, Alabama, remaining for two years, thence in the same business at Front Royal until 1892; also with his father. In 1892 he enlisted in Company H, Eighth Regiment United States Cavalry, but served for only a short time. He was next with the Eckington and Belt railways in Washington, D. C., as conductor until 1895, when he was promoted station clerk, later promoted to a clerkship in the main office, became assistant cashier, and finally cashier of the company. The road passed into the hands of a receiver in 1896 and Mr. Hailman was compelled to begin again the fight for promotion with another company. He obtained a situation with the Metropolitan railway; became inspector and later a superintendent, continuing until 1907. From 1907 to 1911 he was connected with the Pinkerton National Detective Agency. In 1911 he came to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, as superintendent of the Chester division of the Southern Pennsylvania Traction Company and so continues. He thoroughly understands the details of successful railway operation and has been instrumental in building up better conditions in Chester, holding the good will and respect of his subordinates and the entire confidence of his superiors in office. He is an independent in politics, usually has acted with the Democratic party, but supported President Taft in both his campaigns. He is a member of Ridley Heights Building & Loan Association; the Mutual Guarantee & Loan Association of Philadelphia, and the Chester Building & Loan Association. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Harmony Lodge, No. 17, Free and Accepted Masons, of Washington, D. C.; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, No. 488, of Chester, Pennsylvania; the Blue Rock Gun Club, of Chester, Pennsylvania; the Wilmington & Philadelphia and Southern Pennsylvania Traction Companies' Employees' Gun Club; president of the Employees' Relief Association of Wilmington & Philadelphia Traction Company and Southern Pennsylvania Traction Company; member of Chester Club; Commodore Employees' Boat Club, Southern Pennsylvania Traction Company; and a member of the Chester Board of Trade.

J. Edward Farnum, of Media, where he has spent his entire lifetime, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, was born in FARNUM Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 2, 1869, son of J. Edward Farnum, born May 1, 1833, died May 13, 1884. In early life he was interested in the dry goods commission business, later a financier, conservative in his methods, attaining a large degree of success. He married Eliza Leiper Smith, born March 27, 1847, died February 12, 1912, who bore him two children: J. Edward and George Leiper. Mrs. Farnum was a daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth C. (Leiper) Smith, granddaughter of Thomas Mifflin Smith, born at Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and great-granddaughter of Thomas Smith, a native of Darby, who married a Miss Mifflin, daughter of ex-Governor Mifflin, of Pennsylvania. Elizabeth C. (Leiper) Smith was a daughter of Judge Leiper, a son of Thomas Leiper, the immigrant ancestor, who came from Scotland in 1755 and settled in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

J. Edward Farnum Jr. obtained his early educational training in private schools, and pursued advanced studies at Princeton College, from which institu-

tion he graduated in the class of 1890 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Mr. Farnum has not engaged in any line of business, but has lived the life of a country gentleman on his beautiful estate near Media, the grounds being laid out in a most attractive manner with all kinds of shrubbery and flowers of every description, the residence commodious and beautiful, equipped with everything needful for the comfort of its inmates, and his collection of art treasures is considered the finest in Delaware county, he being particularly proud of this possession. During the Spanish-American war he displayed his patriotism by enlisting in the First City Troop of Cavalry of Philadelphia, in which he served two months, and later was promoted to the ranks of captain and assistant quartermaster on General Lawton's staff in Cuba, and served until the cessation of hostilities. His religious affiliation is with the Protestant Episcopal church, and his political allegiance is given to the Independent party. He holds membership in the Rittenhouse Club and the Philadelphia Country Club. He is a man of many sterling characteristics, with a high standard of citizenship and with social qualities which render him popular with his circle of friends.

Although a native of New York, Dr. Charles H. Schoff is a medical graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and for the past eighteen years has been intimately associated with Delaware county as a successful practitioner of his profession.

Charles H. Schoff was born in New York City, April 20, 1872, son of Peter and Julia (Manahan) Schoff, the former a prosperous wholesale dealer in dry goods in New York until his death in 1910, the result of a street railway accident. His wife survives him, a resident of New York City.

Dr. Schoff was educated in the public schools of New York and at St. John's College, a graduate of the latter institution, Bachelor of Arts, class of 1889. He then accepted a position as draughtsman at the Cambria Iron Works in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, continuing there for eight years, but in the meantime taking the medical course at the University of Pennsylvania, working in the drafting room during the summer months and for sometime after graduation. He was graduated, Doctor of Medicine, class of 1893, winning additional honors on the athletic field, and captaining the university baseball team that lowered the colors of both Princeton and Harvard. After graduation he spent two years as resident physician at the University Hospital, and in 1895 established in private practice in Media, where he has a large general practice, specializing in surgical cases. In 1911 he established the Media Hospital, a private institution, but open to all and maintaining also a "free" ward. For this purpose he purchased and has rebuilt the old Morrell mansion at the corner of Providence road and Washington street, Media, which he has equipped with every modern appliance and sanitary antiseptic arrangement that can be obtained to insure proper treatment of surgical cases. In 1911 he visited Europe, spending considerable time in the hospitals of Germany and France, before finishing the equipment of his own hospital at Media.

Dr. Schoff is a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Philadelphia; the National, State and County Medical associations, and of other professional societies. His clubs are: Spring Haven Country, of Media, and the Racquet, of Philadelphia. He is an interested, active, loyal Republican; for ten years has been a member of the Board of United States Pension Examiners and is a member of the Media Board of Health. He has not outlived his college love of outdoor sport, and at the country club is known as one of the enthusiastic skillful devotees of the game of golf.

Dr. Schoff married, February 11, 1903, Helen, daughter of Henry Duffee,

of West Philadelphia, a member of the banking firm, Drexel & Company. Mrs. Schoff is chairman of the woman's committee of the Spring Haven Country Club, interested in social and club life. Children: Helen Banks and Marion Gordon.

Edward Stanton Fry, who throughout his entire active career, which FRY has been highly successful, has been identified with the city of Chester, is a representative of a family that for several generations have made their home in the state of Pennsylvania, its members in the male line being public-spirited and enterprising, ready to coöperate in any movement for the common welfare, or that tended to promote the material advancement of the communities in which they resided.

Franklin Fry, father of Edward S. Fry, was a native of Bucks county, Pennsylvania, where he was reared and educated, attending the common schools of that day. Later he removed to Reading, Berks county, Pennsylvania, and in 1876 took up his residence in Chester, Delaware county, same state, where he is residing at the present time (1913). He was an iron worker by occupation, and by thrift and industry was enabled to provide a comfortable home for his family and a competence for his declining years. He married Harriet Kutz, and among their children was Edward S., of whom further.

Edward S. Fry was born in Reading, Berks county, Pennsylvania, February 11, 1872. He acquired a practical education in the public schools of the neighborhood, completing his studies at the age of sixteen. His first employment was in a roller mill, the duties of which he performed in a satisfactory manner, winning the approval of his employers. Having decided upon an entirely different business course, he devoted his attention to familiarizing himself with the details of the undertaking business, which he learned thoroughly, beginning his preparation for the same in Chester in 1892. He opened an establishment at No. 214 Morton street, where he remained for a short period of time, removing from there to No. 2211 Third street, and at the expiration of one year, in June, 1901, purchased the ground and erected his present attractive brick block at No. 2121 Third street, which is thoroughly equipped with every modern convenience, this being considered the leading establishment in that line in that vicinity. Mr. Fry, who is still in the very prime of vigorous manhood, has by his own unaided efforts attained a prominent place in business circles, and has earned a reputation for sterling integrity and straightforward business transactions. He has served two terms as coroner, enjoying the distinction of being the only incumbent of that office in Chester in twenty years to have that honor conferred upon him twice. He discharged the duties of that office with signal ability and scrupulous integrity, and his public spirit has been manifested in the deep interest he has taken in the Felton Fire Company, of which he is a member. He is also a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Improved Order of Red Men.

Mr. Fry married, September 3, 1891, Emma, daughter of Thomas Mitchell. They were the parents of four children, three of whom are living, as follows: Ethel, Emma, Dorothy.

Grace Deflager, a very estimable resident of Clifton Heights, DEFLAGER Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where she is noted for the marked interest she takes in whatever concerns the welfare of the community, is descended from an honorable family of Ireland.

John McNamee, her father, was a native of Ireland, in which land his

entire life was spent. He married (first) in county Donegal, in which he resided, Rose Sharkey, and had children: Daniel and Hugh, deceased; and Grace, whose name is at the head of this sketch. He married (second) Mary McNamee, and had children: Mary, Sarah, Hannah, John, Charles, Jane, Elizabeth, Catherine, Margaret and Theresa.

Grace (McNamee) Deflager was born in Ireland in 1846, and was educated in the schools of that country. She was about fifteen years of age when she came to this country, and made her home with an aunt, Mrs. Grace Gibbons, of Kellyville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. There she met Sarafine Deflager, whom she married in 1877. He was born in France and died in Clifton, Delaware county, where he had been engaged in what is known as the warp dressing trade. At the time of his death he had been a resident of the United States for a period of forty years. They had children: Rosa, who married John Caulklin, of Garrettford, and died at the age of twenty-four years; Charles Joseph, who is in business as a weaver; John Francis, who is a slater by vocation; Daniel Aloysius, who is also a weaver by occupation. John Francis Deflager married Mary Durken, a native of Ireland. Mrs. Grace Deflager is a woman of an unusual amount of energy and business ability. The house in which she now resides with her sons, Charles J. and John F., at the corner of Walnut and Fairview avenues, was erected under her personal supervision, and many of the ideas carried out in it were original with her. She is an active church worker, and her name is a foremost one in all charitable undertakings.

Delaware county, Pennsylvania, figures as one of the most attractive, WAY progressive and prosperous divisions of the state, justly claiming a high order of citizenship and a spirit of enterprise which is certain to conserve consecutive development and marked advancement in the material upbuilding of this section. The county has been and is signally favored in the class of men who have contributed to its development along commercial and agricultural lines and in the latter connection Harry C. Way demands recognition, as he was engaged in farming operations during practically the entire period of his active career. He was long known as a prosperous and enterprising agriculturist and one whose business methods demonstrate the power of activity and honesty in the business world. In 1872 Mr. Way purchased Rocky Hill Farm, eligibly located one and one-eighth miles distant from Chadds Ford, and there was engaged in diversified agriculture until 1912, when his estate was purchased by J. J. Martin, who desired the property for a summer home. Since that time Mr. Way has lived virtually retired at Chadds Ford, where he has been supervisor for the past thirteen years and where he is likewise a member of the school board.

Jacob Way, paternal grandfather of Harry C. Way, was born at Kennett Square, Chester county, Pennsylvania. As a young man he learned the trade of blacksmith and for many years was engaged in that line of work. Eventually, however, he purchased a farm in the vicinity of Fairville, Chester county, this state, and there he passed the remainder of his natural life. In politics he was an old-line Whig, and in religious matters he and his wife were Hicksite Quakers. The maiden name of his wife was Elizabeth Mendenhall; she died at Fairville, and she bore him the following children: Moses, never married; Ann, became the wife of William Cochrane; William P., married Anna R. Cox; Franklin, married Ura Entricken; Elizabeth, died unmarried in 1881; Sarah, died unmarried. All of the above children are deceased.

William P. Way, father of Harry C. Way, was born at Moores Place, Chester county, Pennsylvania, October 27, 1820. He passed his boyhood and



A. C. Way

youth on his father's farm near Fairville and availed himself of the advantages afforded in the neighboring district schools. On completing his education he learned the trade of carpenter, but subsequently forsook that line of work in order to engage in farming. He owned an estate of one hundred and twelve acres near Fairville, in Chester county, and met with unusual success as an agriculturist. He was formerly a Whig in his political convictions and afterward became a Republican. He served his township as supervisor, school director and as auditor. He died at Fairville, August 4, 1899. He was a man of liberal views and high ideals and as a citizen he was ever on the alert to do all in his power to promote the general welfare of his home community. He married Anna R. Cox, a daughter of John Cox, a farmer near Westtown, Pennsylvania. Her mother was Hannah (Robinson) Cox. Mrs. Way had the following brothers and sisters: Isaac, married Martha Way; John, married Lydia Moore for his first wife and Phoebe Chambers for his second wife; Sidney, married Elwood Mendenhall; Deborah, remained single, as did also Mary and Hannah. All of the above are deceased. Mrs. Way died at Fairville, aged eighty-nine years. She was educated at West Ham and prior to her marriage was a popular and successful school teacher in Chester county. She was an orthodox Friend and her husband was a Hicksite Quaker. Mr. and Mrs. Way became the parents of seven children, as follows: Emma, single and maintains her home at Bayridge, Brooklyn, New York; Harry Clay, of whom further; William J., married Mary Pyle, in 1892, and they live at Fairville; Howard, died in infancy; Jacob Edward, married Harriet Brunt and they are residents of Brooklyn, New York; Frank B., married Edith Ochletree, in June, 1891; Clarkson Mendenhall, married Daisy Maxwell, in 1891.

Harry Clay Way was born at Hamorton, Chester county, Pennsylvania, September 14, 1848. He was reared to the age of sixteen years on his father's farm and there familiarized himself with the rudiments of agricultural life. After completing the curriculum of the district schools of his native place, he attended the Jesse Sharpless boarding school at Fairville for five terms. In his seventeenth year he went to the state of Delaware and there remained for the ensuing eight years, during which time he was engaged in milling work. Returning to Pennsylvania in 1883 he purchased Rocky Hill Farm, which comprises seventy-eight acres and which is located near Chadds Ford, in Delaware county. He was engaged in general farming and stock raising on this beautiful estate for nearly twoscore years. In 1912 he was prevailed upon to sell it to J. J. Martin, of Philadelphia, who is fitting it up for a country home. After selling his farm Mr. Way removed to the village of Chadds Ford and here is living practically retired from the strenuous cares of business life. He is a stalwart Republican and has long been actively interested in politics. In 1900 he was honored by his fellow citizens with election to the office of supervisor of Chadds Ford and he has been the popular and efficient incumbent of that position during the past thirteen years. In 1910 he was elected to membership on the school board of Chadds Ford and he is improving every opportunity to advance educational methods in this locality. He is a hard and consistent worker in all matters that demand his attention and he is everywhere regarded as a man of his word. He is genial in his associations, affable in his address, generous in his judgment of his fellow men, and courteous to all. No one is held in higher esteem in Chadds Ford than he.

November 30, 1880, Mr. Way married Josephine Martin, who was born in Chesapeake City, Maryland, March 23, 1857. She is a daughter of William and Sarah (Brinton) Martin, the former of whom was born at Anvil, Kennett township, Pennsylvania, in 1833, and the latter of whom was a native of Pennsbury

township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, where her birth occurred in 1831. The father was a farmer by occupation, and he died in March, 1887, at the age of fifty-four years, his wife having passed away in September, 1877, in her forty-sixth year. The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin: Josephine, born March 23, 1857, wife of Harry C. Way, as already noted; Annie, born February 1, 1860, single; Harrie D., born April 28, 1865, single; William J., born in 1867, married Laura Heibline. Mr. and Mrs. Way have three children: Martin Brinton, born June 13, 1883, married, March 20, 1907, Alice Davis; Howard M., born April 14, 1885, married Helen Pyle, June 15, 1905; Helen M., born December 1, 1890, single, and lives at home with her parents.

The original name of the family of which George Washington DEAVES Deaves, of Llanerch, is a worthy representative, was Douceaux, and they were natives of France, from whence they made their way to the new world in the early period of its history. The great-grandfather of George W. Deaves, named Douceaux, had a grant for the entire island of San Domingo, whereon he resided, and during an outbreak of the natives he and his family came to the United States and never returned. They settled in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, where they spent the remainder of their days, and their descendants resided there for many years.

Lewis Deaves, son of the above mentioned ancestors, was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and he lived and died near Rebel Hill. He was probably engaged in the iron ore business, which was one of the leading industries of that section and times. By his wife Susan he was the father of several children, among whom was Lewis, of whom further.

Lewis (2) Deaves, son of Lewis (1) and Susan Deaves, was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, about 1827. He was brought up and educated there, and in early life turned his attention to farming, finally purchasing his father-in-law's farm, which he tilled until he was accidentally killed by falling from a wagon in the year 1885. He served as supervisor of his township, having been elected on the Democratic ticket. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married Hannah B. Hart, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, about 1835, living at the present time (1913), daughter of Hugh and Ann (Lukens) Hart, old residents of Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where they lived and died, he an extensive farmer and landowner, and both members of the Society of Friends. Mr. and Mrs. Hart were the parents of six children: 1. Samuel J., resides in Upper Darby township; retired from active pursuits. 2. Edward J., deceased; was a soldier of the civil war. 3. William, deceased; was a soldier of the civil war. 4. Martha, deceased; was the wife of the late John Duffs. 5. Mary, married Henry Jacobs; resides in Avondale, Chester county, Pennsylvania. 6. Hannah B., wife of Lewis Deaves. Mr. and Mrs. Deaves were the parents of one child, George Washington, of whom further.

George Washington Deaves, son of Lewis (2) and Hannah B. (Hart) Deaves, was born at the intersection of Darby and Eagle roads in what is now Oakmont, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 27, 1873. He was educated in the schools of Coopertown, and his first employment was in the foundry business at Paschallville, in which he continued for about six years. He then turned his attention to general contracting and building, operating largely in the suburban districts of Delaware county, especially in Llanerch, and about one-half of the dwelling houses in that place were erected by him, and their solid and substantial appearance, aside from their architectural attractions, is ample proof that he is master of his art and that he gives the strictest attention to

every detail of his work. Aside from his business, which occupies so much of his time and thought, he is interested in the welfare of his town and is always ready and willing to further its interests to the best of his ability. Prior to its becoming a township he served for six years as supervisor, as township auditor for two terms, and as township commissioner for two years, and for a number of times has served as delegate to county conventions, performing the duties of each office faithfully and conscientiously. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the order of Free and Accepted Masons, affiliating with Hamilton Lodge, No. 274, and University Chapter, No. 256.

Mr. Deaves married, September 1, 1895, Gertrude Gilmore, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Maurice E. and Martha (Burger) Gilmore, who after their marriage resided in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. The father was born in Delaware county, was a builder by trade, and died in Clifton Heights, September 18, 1908, and his wife, who was born in York county, survives him, residing in Clifton Heights. Mr. and Mrs. Deaves had two children: Maurice, who died aged eleven years; Lewis, who died aged eighteen months.

Many years ago William White of the Lebanon Valley, Pennsylvania, married a Miss De Haven, of the Montgomery county family. All of their six children bore their mother's maiden name as a middle name and in this branch of the White family De Haven has been always used as a middle name. This Miss De Haven was of the same family as Jacob De Haven, a wealthy Frenchman of noble birth and ancestry, who with his three brothers, Samuel, Edward and Peter, immigrated to America between with the years 1750 and 1760. It is claimed the four brothers were the sons of Peter De Haven, born 1686, died May 23, 1768, who is buried at the old Blue Bell Church, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, came to America in 1690 with his father, Evert in den Hofen, coming from Mulheim-on-the Ruhr, then in one of the Rhenish states, but now in Westphalia, Germany. The De Haven brothers came from the border provinces, between France and Germany, where they became wealthy in vine culture. They settled with the Swedish settlement near "Swedeland" at the gulf in Upper Merion township, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, where they located on a grant purchased of Penn, known as one of the "Penn Grants," a strip seven to eight miles in length, extending from Roxborough to the gulf. The land was held in entail by the eldest brother Jacob for the others, who used its products later during the revolution to supply the Continental army while in that section. The De Havens donated the land to the old Swedes church at "Swedeland" upon which it was built and in return were given a family birthright to lots in the burying grounds. All the early De Havens were buried there, in fact they and their descendants make up almost exclusively the burials at that place. The original lands became gradually divided and subdivided among the sons and their sons in farms and to-day their descendants hold most of the land. Jacob De Haven loaned the Continental government through Robert Morris, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars in gold that was never returned to him and his latter years were passed in comparative poverty until his death in 1812. Samuel, the second brother, bore arms in the revolution and gave money and supplies to the army. Edward, the third brother, settled in Kentucky, while the younger brother, Peter De Haven, lived in Philadelphia and accumulated great wealth by manufacturing arms and supplying ammunition to the government for which he had a special contract. In 1776 he was ordered by the committee of safety to make public the process of boring gun barrels. He aided the state and government in various public capacities and used his wealth justly.

De Haven

Dr. John De Haven White, son of William White, was born in Lebanon Valley, Pennsylvania, 1815, died in Philadelphia, December, 1895. He was a graduate of Jefferson Medical College and of Pennsylvania Dental College, being one of the pioneers, exclusive of Philadelphia. He was noted in his profession and was the first president of the Philadelphia Dental College. One of his famous graduates was Dr. Evans, whom he sent to Paris, as his substitute, when Dr. White was offered the position as dentist to the French Court by Emperor Napoleon III. Dr. White became most eminent in his profession and had twenty-seven degrees conferred upon him by universities and colleges, both at home and abroad. He was intimately acquainted with many of the great men of his time, including Leland Stanford, the founder of Leland Stanford University, California. He was one of the original members of the Union League of Philadelphia and one of the founders of the Republican party of that city.

Dr. John De Haven White married a Miss Meredith. Children: Dr. Horace De Haven, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in both law and medicine, now a retired physician of Philadelphia; John De Haven, see forward; Maime, died in Philadelphia aged twenty-two years; Sarah De Haven, married William Von Lott, of Philadelphia, whom she survives, a resident of Salem, New Jersey; David De Haven, died young in Philadelphia.

Dr. John De Haven (2) White, son of Dr. John De Haven (1) White, was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in September, 1848, now living a retired life in Philadelphia. His preparatory education was obtained in the schools of Philadelphia and later he embraced his father's profession, entering Pennsylvania Dental College, whence he was graduated D. D. S. He practiced his profession all his active years in Philadelphia, holding high rank among the leaders in modern dentistry. He was an early member of the Union League, continuing for many years, and a lifelong Republican. He married Mary Fisher, died June, 1910, who was a granddaughter of a second cousin of Daniel Boone, the famous pioneer scout, hunter and frontiersman. Children: Maime Louise, married George T. Lambert, a druggist of Philadelphia; John De Haven, see forward; Fred S., a special officer of the Erie railroad, residing in Erie county, Pennsylvania.

John De Haven (3) White, eldest son of Dr. John De Haven (2) and Mary (Fisher) White, was born in Wallingford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1876. He began school at an early age but an attack of typhoid fever deprived him of all school attendance until his twelfth year when he began attending a branch of the Friends' Schools at Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He continued his studies there until 1893 and passed the preliminary examination for admission to Swarthmore College, but did not enter. In the spring of 1897 he began the study of law in the office of William R. Schaffer, then district attorney of Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He remained there until 1904, when he was admitted to the bar. In 1904, after his admission to the bar, he located in Chester, where he is well established as one of the rising young attorneys of the Delaware county bar. He is a Republican in politics, a member of the Young Men's Republican and the Sixth Ward Republican clubs of Chester. He is a member of a large number of societies and orders.

He married, July 8, 1905, Anna, daughter of A. J. Dalton, prothonotary of Delaware county, and his wife, Lucy Dalton, of Upland, Pennsylvania. Children: Natalie De Haven and Muriel D. White.

A study of the genealogy of Joseph Dillwyn Durnall reveals interesting facts. Through his mother, Sidney Anna (Cox) Durnall, daughter of Caleb H. and Mary H. (Minster) Cox, he descends from John Cox, through his son Richard, his son Joseph, his son Benjamin, who married Hannah Smedley and was the father of Caleb H. Cox. Hannah (Smedley) Cox, born 1758, who married Benjamin Cox in 1780, was a daughter of George (3) Smedley, born 1719, son of George (2), born 1692, son of George (1) and Sarah Smedley. George (2) Smedley married, in 1717, in Chester Meeting, Jane Sharpless, born 1695-96, daughter of John (2) Sharpless, born at Blakenhall, Cheshire, England, 11 mo. 16, 1666, married, 1692, at a meeting of Friends, held in the house of John Bonater in Middletown, Chester county (now Delaware), Hannah Pennell, daughter of Robert Pennell, who came with Hannah, his wife, from Nottinghamshire, England. John (2) was a son of John (1) Sharpless, baptized at Wybunbury, Cheshire, England, August 15, 1624, the founder of the Sharpless family in America.

Through his grandmother, Sarah P. (Bailey) Durnall, Mr. Durnall descends from John Jackson, the founder of that branch in Delaware county, and from John Bartram, the founder of the first botanical garden in this county and the earliest of American botanists. His famous garden, known as "Bartram's Garden," is now one of the parks of the city of Philadelphia. Here he erected in 1731 a stone house, yet standing. John Bartram died 9 mo. 22, 1777, eleven days after the battle of Brandywine, and it is said that he was greatly agitated and distributed fearing that with the approach of the British army, after the battle, his cherished gardens, the work of half a century, would be destroyed. John Bartram, "the botanist," was a son of William Bartram and a grandson of John (1) Bartram, the founder of the family in Pennsylvania, coming in the year 1683 and settling in Darby township, west of Darby creek. Thus Mr. Durnall traces to these founders of Pennsylvania and of the Society of Friends, all being of that religious faith, their family records being preserved in the archives of the several Meetings of Chester and Delaware counties.

Mr. Durnall is a paternal grandson of Joseph Durnall, who resided in East Bradford township. His wife, Sarah P. (Bailey) Durnall, born in 1818, was a daughter of Reuben Bailey. Among the children of Joseph and Sarah P. Durnall was a son, Edwin J. Durnall, who was born in East Bradford township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, October 1, 1847. He was educated in the public schools, and for several years was a teacher in the public school of his native county. Ill health resulting from confinement in the school room caused him to seek out of doors employment and for thirteen years he engaged successfully in farming at East Goshen, Chester county. He then was induced to accept the superintendency of the farm and grounds connected with Swarthmore College, where he yet continues. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Patrons of Husbandry, and is a past master of Pomona Grange of the latter order. He married, in Westtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania, October 31, 1872, Sidney Anna Cox, born November 11, 1846, daughter of Caleb H. and Mary H. (Minster) Cox, whose descent has been given. Children: Gertrude C., born February 3, 1874; Joseph Dillwyn, see forward; Charles R., born February 5, 1879; C. Walter, February 25, 1881; Pauline M., February 27, 1885.

Joseph Dillwyn Durnall, eldest son of Edwin J. and Sidney Anna (Cox) Durnall, was born in Westtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania, October 16, 1877. He attended the public schools at Rocky Hill and Goshenville in East Goshen township; the high schools of Goshenville and West Chester, finishing his studies at Swarthmore preparatory school, but after leaving high school

served an apprenticeship at the carpenter's trade, before attending Swarthmore. After leaving school finally, he spent three years in Philadelphia as clerk in the Central Hardware store. He then located in Swarthmore, where until 1912 he was engaged successfully as a contractor and builder. In 1912 he opened a hardware store in Swarthmore, where he has a well established and profitable business in both store and contracting departments. Mr. Durnall is a Republican in politics, and in religious faith adheres to the religious belief of his ancestors, belonging to the Society of Friends. He is a member of George W. Bartram Lodge, No. 298, Free and Accepted Masons; Brook Haven Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and of the Cosmos Club of Swarthmore. He is unmarried.

The Gaffneys came to Pennsylvania from County Caven, Ireland, where Thomas Gaffney was born in 1828. He came to Philadelphia when a young man settling in Kensington mill district, where he died January 19, 1871. He was an engineer by trade, a man of energy and good character. He married Catherine Mahan; children: Anna, married James Gonuly, of Belleville, New Jersey; Elizabeth, married William Birdsall; Thomas.

Thomas (2) Gaffney, only son of Thomas (1) and Catherine (Mahan) Gaffney, was born in the Kensington district, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1861. He attended the Sherman public school on Frankford road, and began a wage earner's life as a weaver in a Philadelphia stocking factory. In 1872 he located in Clifton Heights, Delaware county, where since 1885 he has been in business for himself, having the leading tonsorial parlor in the borough. He has been assessor of the middle ward of the borough for the past fourteen years; is a member of the Foresters and the Knights of Columbus, and in religious faith a Roman Catholic. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel McDermott; children: Thomas (3), Agnes, married Lawrence Hughes, and resides in Chester county; Mildred.

The readiness and celerity with which those of foreign birth adapt themselves to the customs and methods of transacting business in this country is truly remarkable. Not only do they make themselves self-supporting, but they attain positions of prominence and wealth. Edward Gallagher, of Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is a case in point.

Edward Gallagher was born in County Megail, Ireland, in 1831, and came to the United States when still a young lad. He obtained a position as assistant to a farmer in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in the year 1851, and became thoroughly familiar with all the numerous details connected with the proper cultivation of a farm. Upon the outbreak of the civil war he was drafted for service in the army, but having furnished a paid substitute, he was exempt from performing this duty. It was not a lack of patriotism which caused him to secure a substitute, but he considered that he could give his country better service by attending to the business in which he had engaged. He was a very young man when he established himself in the moving business, and was actively identified with this until his retirement from active business life about nine years ago. He displayed much executive ability in the management of his business, which increased greatly in the course of years, and he retired after having accumulated a considerable fortune. He has never been away from Clifton Heights since the time he first took up his residence there, and he has furthered many projects for the improvement of the place. His religious allegiance is given to the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Gallagher married Sarah Gallan, and had children: Cass, John Edward, Patrick, Sally, Hugh and Michael, of whom Michael and John are no longer living. Mr. Gallagher is hale and hearty for his years, and keeps well in touch with the times on all subjects of importance. He is greatly respected both as a private and as a public citizen.

The Emerald Isle has contributed many a substantial and enterprising citizen to the upbuilding of the great Keystone commonwealth. James Gordon was born in Ireland, in the year 1840. He is a son of William Gordon, who passed his entire life in Ireland and who was there engaged in business during his active career.

James Gordon received a fair education in the public schools of his native land. He came to America in 1888, locating at Glen Riddle, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he secured work in a textile mill. He came to Clifton Heights and here has been an employee of the Charles Crawford Stocking Factory for a number of years. Through careful investments he has gained a competency and he is the owner of an attractive little residence on Arch street in this city. While he has never sought public preferment of any sort, he is an unswerving Republican in his political faith and is a stalwart supporter of all measures and enterprises projected for the good of the general welfare. He is reliable and honorable in all his business dealings and everywhere commands the respect of those who know him. In their religious belief he and his wife are devout members of the Methodist Episcopal church at Clifton Heights and in the faith of that denomination have reared their children.

In Ireland, in the year 1873, occurred the marriage of Mr. Gordon to Jane Buchanan, a native of that country and a daughter of Alexander and Fannie (Forest) Buchanan. All of Mrs. Gordon's relatives live in Ireland, as do also those of Mr. Gordon. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon are the parents of seven children, all of whom are living and whose names are here entered in respective order of birth: Fannie, Mary, Lizzie, James, Alexander, William, Lillian.

The record following is of the Haffelfinger family, of German descent, which is represented in the United States by the branch residing in Delaware county. The name has been borne with equal honor in the homeland and in this country, its members having always been tillers of the soil and exponents of the useful arts. William Haffelfinger was a farmer in Germany and came to Ridley township, Delaware county, where he likewise engaged in farming. He was a Baptist in religion, and after learning American political customs and practices, became a supporter of the Republican party. He married Phoebe ———, and had two sons: Theodore, of further mention, and Samuel, born May 1, 1831.

Theodore Haffelfinger, eldest of the two sons of William and Phoebe Haffelfinger, was born near Cedar Hollow, Chester county, Pennsylvania, July 12, 1829. He attended the Oakdale public school at Springfield, Delaware county, and here obtained his entire education. He spent the earlier part of his life in the pursuit of the wheelwright's trade, later engaged in general farming, on a very pretentious scale, having a large farm, many cattle, numerous employees, and the other varied adjuncts of a large commercial undertaking of that nature. At the present time, however, he farms only a few acres, approaching old age causing him to seek a more retired and more quiet occupation. He has the satisfaction and pleasure of looking upon, in retrospect, a life well lived in a well-ordered and useful existence, and in his later years has the comfort of his five

children, in whom he has all of a father's pride, and in whom centers all of a father's affection. He has always been a believer in the Baptist faith, although his family are members of the Society of Friends. In politics he supports his father's party, the Republican, and has always been extremely active in furthering the interests of that organization.

He married, near Chadds Ford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 10, 1859, Margaret Moore Butler, born near Chadds Ford, August 31, 1828, daughter of William S., a millwright, and Margaret Carrol (Moore) Butler. Children of William S. and Margaret Carrol (Moore) Butler: Martha, Isabella, Margaret Moore, of previous mention, married Theodore Haffelfinger, Lydia, Anna, Emma, Edmund, John, William. Children of Theodore and Margaret Moore (Butler) Haffelfinger: Anna Phoebe, born February 8, 1860; Elizabeth Belle, July 15, 1863; Martin William, May 1, 1865; Emma Virginia, March 23, 1868, married John P. Twaddell, of Wilmington, Delaware, children: Lulu, Anna, Emma, Letitia, Margaret, Frances, Catherine, Pauline, John, Alfred Theodore.

The Hartels were among the very early settlers of Colmar, HARTEL Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, having come to that section prior to 1700. For the most part they were farmers and land owners, and by their efforts aided materially in bringing prosperity to that section of the state. They erected the first Baptist church in Colmar, and since that time there has always been a Hartel pew there.

Ashur D. Hartel was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and after his marriage removed to Philadelphia. He was a shoemaker in that city for thirty-five years, his place of business being at Tenth and Race streets and when he retired from business he removed to Haddonville, New Jersey, about 1895, and lived there for the remainder of his days. He married Phoebe B. Johnson, a native of New Jersey. They had children: George, who died in Haddonville, New Jersey; John J., see forward; Ashur D., a machinist and civil engineer, an expert in his line, and lives in Camden, New Jersey.

John J. Hartel, son of Ashur D. and Phoebe B. (Johnson) Hartel, was born in Philadelphia, December 25, 1844, and died January 17, 1903. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and was apprenticed to learn the trade of carriage making at Twelfth and Brown streets. This occupation he followed until the outbreak of the civil war, when he put aside all considerations of personal profit and offered his services to his country. He enlisted in Company B, Baxter's Fire Zouaves, Seventy-second Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served three years and ten days. Altogether he was actively engaged in thirty-seven battles, among them being the Wilderness, Antietam, Gettysburg and Malvern Hill. Unselfish to the last degree, it never entered his head to ask for a pension, and he never became a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He was wounded twice during this memorable struggle, once at Gettysburg, and again at Antietam, and for a time was a prisoner. At the close of the war he returned to his home and resumed his trade for a few years, then entered the employ of the Knickerbocker Ice Company, with whom he was associated for twenty-seven years. During a number of these years he served them in the capacity of foreman. After a leave of absence of three months' duration, Mr. Hartel went to Mexico as superintendent of the Coahuila Syndicate Mines, remained there for a period of three years, and upon his return to the north resumed his old relations with the ice company. In 1890 he established himself in the grocery business in Lansdowne, at the corner of Baltimore and Lansdowne streets. He purchased this property and there erected a

large combination store and dwelling, in which he continued thirteen years. It was due to the personal efforts of his wife that this business was started, and it was her courage and help that has brought it to be such a successful enterprise. Mr. Hartel was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, and he was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Hartel married, December 23, 1880, Eliza C. Disher, born in St. Catherine's, Canada, a daughter of William D. and Eliza Jane (Birch) Disher, and they had children: John Joseph Jr., engaged in the grocery business, and married Anna E. Supiot, and has children: Evan and Jeannette; Anna Adel; William Herbert. William D. Disher was born in Philadelphia in 1820, where he was a manufacturer of brick, and died in Philadelphia in 1910. He held the rank of first lieutenant in the militia, and for some years resided in Canada. The Disher family is an old one in Philadelphia, and Grandfather Disher was a soldier in the war of 1812, and resided in Philadelphia until his death. The great-grandfather of Mrs. Hartel, John Johnson, was a soldier in the war of the revolution, and migrated to Canada, where he remained some time. Mrs. Hartel is a very energetic and ambitious woman. Her services were invaluable to her husband during his sojourn in Mexico, and upon his death she gathered up the reins which had fallen from his hands, and has carried on the business successfully since that time.

JORDAN Philip Jordan, a farmer of County Donegal, Ireland, married, lived and died in that country, leaving issue: Patrick, of whom further; William, Michael and John, all deceased. The family were members of the Roman Catholic church.

Patrick Jordan, son of Philip Jordan, was born in County Donegal, Ireland, where he was educated and grew to manhood. He came to the United States, settling in Philadelphia, where he followed his occupation of maltster. He married Elizabeth Kelley, born in Ireland, daughter of Frederick Keiley, a farmer who died in Ireland. Patrick Jordan died in 1871 and is buried in the cemetery of St. Charles, at Kellyville, Delaware county. Both he and his family were members of the Roman Catholic church. Children: Matthew, William, John, Patrick, Anna, Catherine, Elizabeth, James, of whom further.

James Jordan, son of Patrick and Elizabeth (Kelley) Jordan, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 5, 1845, and at eight years of age came to Delaware county, where he was educated in the public schools. His first employment was in the woolen mills of the neighborhood, followed by service in the cotton mills, covering a period of several years, during which he rose to the position of head of the spinning department. In 1894 he entered the service of the United States government in the mint at Philadelphia, where he still continues. Mr. Jordan is a Democrat in politics; was a member of the first borough council of Clifton Heights, and has served as both assessor and collector of taxes. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church, and is an earnest useful temperance worker, serving as president since 1878 of four total abstinence societies. He also is a member of the Knights of Columbus, the Ancient Order of Hibernians, Branch No. 14, of the Civil Service Association, the Death Beneficiary Fund of the United States Mint, and of the Clifton Heights Veteran Association. He is an enthusiastic volunteer fireman, belonging to the local fire company of Clifton Heights, and the Delaware County and the State Firemen's associations. He is greatly interested in the prosperity of his town and of the organizations with which he is connected, lending his aid also to all that promises public good.

Mr. Jordan married, in 1870, Elizabeth A., daughter of Thomas K. Man-

ley, of Ireland and Pennsylvania, and his wife, Ann (Markey) Manley. Children of James and Elizabeth A. Jordan: Thomas, deceased; William; James; John, deceased; Elizabeth, Catherine, and a child who died in infancy. The family home of the Jordans is at Clifton Heights, Delaware county.

This is an age when energies are directed in special lines of work. The man in commercial, professional or industrial life, after gaining a varied knowledge of the basic principles of the calling to which he has consecrated his time, afterward gives his thought and effort to perfecting himself in his chosen department, thereby gaining a proficiency and prominence which he could otherwise not attain if his labors were spread over a wider field. It is by following this plan that William Patterson Lawrence, of Newtown Square, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, has achieved his present prominence and success.

His grandfather was born in Germany and emigrated to America, settling in Delaware county where Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, is now located. He and his wife, Amelia, were Methodists, and among their children were Haines, and Amelia, who married ——— Howell.

Haines Lawrence, son of ——— and Amelia Lawrence, was born in Germany in 1820, and died in September, 1894. He was engaged in farming throughout the active years of his life. He married Elizabeth Irwin, born in Scotland in 1837, and still enjoying good health. She was the daughter of Robert Irwin, three of whose children were born in Scotland, of which country he was also a native, the others being born here. He settled at Fernwood, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he was a farmer. His children: Elizabeth, mentioned above; Robert, deceased, a cattle dealer; John, died in young manhood; Mary, married ——— Hawley; Sarah, married William Patterson; Margaret, married David Rogers; Belle, married Alexander Davis, deceased. Haines and Elizabeth (Irwin) had children: Elwood, an engineer, who lives in Media, Delaware county; Robert, lives in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania; William Patterson, of whom further; Harry, who is a widower, lives with William Patterson Lawrence; Margaret, married Harry Pierce and lives in Philadelphia; May, married George Kelly, and lives in West Philadelphia.

William Patterson Lawrence was born near Eagle Hotel, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, February 26, 1856. His education was acquired in the public schools of his native township, which he attended until he had attained the age of fifteen years, at which time he went to live with an old Quaker lady, Elvira Leedom, assisting her in taking care of her place and at the same time working in Leedom's saw mill. He then lived with an old Quaker by the name of George Dickenson, on Cobbs Creek, Haverford township, and had charge of the saw mill there and the lumbering until the death of Mr. Dickenson. He then operated the mill on his own account for a period of seven years, after which the Philadelphia and Western railroad was constructed and they utilized the site of the mill for a power house. In 1908 Mr. Lawrence bought a part of the old Dickenson homestead and the house which stood upon it, and he still lives in this at the present time. While the railroad was being built, he assisted in its construction by taking charge of a part of the teaming work. Five years ago he concentrated his energies in another field of work, and it has proved a very profitable one. He has devoted his time and attention to the breeding and fattening of hogs for the market, and generally has a herd of at least three hundred on hand. He has proved himself an excellent man of business, and is in very prosperous circumstances. In national political affairs

he gives his support to the Republican party, but in local matters he prefers to vote independently.

Mr. Lawrence married, November 8, 1900, Emma R. Leech, born in Marple township, January 30, 1866. Children: Albert, born September 8, 1902; Owen Dickenson, born in August, 1904. Mrs. Lawrence is the daughter of John and Mary (Briggs) Leech. John Leech was born at Kingessing, Philadelphia, 1832, died in January, 1910. He was the son of John and Catherine (Gall) Leech, of Dutch descent, the name being originally Latch, and had brothers and sisters as follows: Isaac, lives in Morton, Pennsylvania; William, lives in Philadelphia; Charles, lives in Clarion county, Pennsylvania; Sarah, married a Mr. Litzenburg; Almina, married Lewis Panquest; Harriet, married William Sidihotton; Catherine W., deceased, married Samuel Wanamaker, brother of the well known merchant and statesman, John Wanamaker; George, deceased; Harry, deceased; Ellen, deceased; Elizabeth, deceased. The maternal grandparents of Mrs. Lawrence lived in Media, Pennsylvania, he being English and she a Quaker, their names being respectively William and Hannah Briggs, and they had children: Isaac, a retired farmer of Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; William, lives in Marple township; Mary, who married John Leech, mentioned above; Rachel, married Thomas McClure, lives in Upper Providence; Richard, lives in Indiana; Sarah, married John Braddon; Hannah, married Lorenzo Farrer; Amy, died young. John and Mary (Briggs) Leech had children: Emma R., who married Mr. Lawrence; William, a carpenter and builder in Llanerch, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Susannah, married Joshua Bowen, a steam shovel operator, and resides in Bucks county, Pennsylvania; Isaac, died in infancy; Richard Jones, unmarried, lives with his mother in Marple township.

Alexander Hanlon is numbered among the native sons of Ireland who in the New World have achieved success in business, demonstrating the opportunities which are afforded here to the young men of energy and enterprise. He is the son of Andrew and Jane (Wilson) Hanlon, the latter a daughter of Robert Wilson, a fisherman who lived and died in Killybegs, County Donegal, Ireland.

Andrew Hanlon was born in County Donegal, Ireland, and in that country his life was spent. He was a farmer of ability and highly respected in the community. He died in 1880, being about eighty years of age, and his wife died about 1868 at the age of sixty-five years. They had children: 1. Robert, now lives in county Waterford, Ireland, where he is the manager of the estate of the Duke of Devonshire, and is a pensioner of the constabulary. 2. Margaret, came to the United States with her brother Alexander and married here, in 1876, Richard Wilson, a veteran of the civil war. She is now a widow and lives in county Donegal, Ireland. 3. Alexander, see forward. 4. Annie, who never married, lives in Ireland. 5. Thomas, died while in the discharge of his duties as a local constable in Ireland. 6. Andrew, lives on the old homestead in Ireland. 7. George, came to America in the year 1882, and died in Philadelphia in 1904. He was employed in a hospital and died from the results of vaccination.

Alexander Hanlon, was born in County Donegal, Ireland, September 16, 1846. In his native town he pursued his studies in the public schools and spent all his early years on the home farm, materially assisting his father in its cultivation, and in this manner acquiring an experience which was of great benefit to him in later years. In 1866 he emigrated to America, landing at Philadel-

phia, in which city he made his home at Fifty-fourth and Master streets. For a time he held a position in a Calico Print Works, then ran a small dairy farm on Haverford road near the county line. He sold this in 1875 and went to the State of Illinois, where he settled in Livingston county and was engaged in farming for a period of two years. Removing then to Streeter, in the same state, he was engaged as a teamster for a time, owning his own horses, but traded his stock in trade after a time for real property. During the next six years he was engaged in mining coal but, when the miners commenced joining the unions Mr. Hanlon declined to join, and returned to his farming operations in Livingston county, with which he was occupied until 1888. He then sold this to advantage and in the spring of 1889 returned to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he located in Haverford township, and engaged in general and dairy farming. With this he has been identified uninterruptedly since that time. His farm consists of one hundred and nine acres in a fine state of cultivation, a herd of about twenty-five cows of excellent breeds, and he does a wholesale milk business. Until recently Mr. Hanlon affiliated with the Republican party, now he is a member of the Washington party.

Mr. Hanlon married, March 1, 1873, Mary Jane, born in the town of Letterkenny, County Donegal, Ireland, a daughter of Samuel and Lizzie (Buchanan) Love. They have had children: Lizzie, Andrew, Robert, Jennie, Samuel, William and George. Mr. Hanlon is a man of kindly nature and benevolent impulses, and his good works have won him the gratitude of many. He is a capable, energetic man, and fulfils the duties which fall to his share with an intelligence and ability that command the approval of all.

Robert Hanlon, a progressive young dairyman of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is advancing steadily and consistently to a leading position in his line of business. He is of Irish descent, the ancestral history of his family being given in the preceding sketch.

Robert Hanlon was born in Livingston county, Illinois, January 7, 1880, and is a son of Alexander and Mary Jane (Love) Hanlon. His education was acquired in the Coopertown school, and his practical training was received on his father's farm and under the personal supervision of the latter. He assisted his father until he had attained his majority, then established himself independently in the milk business, but continued to reside under the paternal roof. In April, 1908, he removed to Oakmont and there purchased a brick house which had just been erected on Belle Meade avenue and Coopertown road, and has resided there since that period. He has continued in the milk business, having a profitable city route, and is considered one of the rising young business men of the section. He is a staunch supporter of the Republican party, and takes a deep interest in whatever concerns the welfare of the community.

Mr. Hanlon married, January 2, 1908, Clara, born in Coopertown, a daughter of William Hannum. They have no children. While not without that honorable ambition which is so powerful and useful as an incentive to activity in public affairs, Mr. Hanlon regards the pursuits of private life as being in themselves abundantly worthy of his best efforts. Whatever he does is done with all his might, and with a deep sense of conscientious obligation.

The earliest representative of the Leech family in this country was LEECH Wilson Leech, who immigrated from Holland and settled at Tini-cum, Bucks county, Pennsylvania. There he became the owner of an extensive farm which he kept in a fine state of cultivation.

Henry Mackson Leech, son of Wilson Leech, the immigrant, was born at

Tinicum, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, and owned a large farm at Fifty-fifth street and Woodland avenue, Philadelphia, and died there of cholera in 1832. In connection with general farming he also carried on a dairy farm. Mr. Leech married Elizabeth Hall, who was born in the lower part of Delaware county. They had children: Henry M., see forward; Elizabeth, married Samuel McKee, a miller by trade, and she resided until her death in Madison county, Indiana; Sarah, married John Fry and lives in Philadelphia; William, a blacksmith in Philadelphia; Isaac, proprietor of the old "Sorrel Horse Inn," in Philadelphia.

Henry M. Leech, son of Henry Mackson and Elizabeth (Hall) Leech, was born in Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 25, 1829, and died in September, 1910. He was apprenticed to learn the blacksmith's trade with his uncle, William Leech, at Fifty-second street and Woodland avenue, near the "Sorrel Horse Inn," owned by his uncle, Isaac Leech. He followed this calling for fifty years, in the meantime becoming a member of the firm which operated under the name of Leech & Rively. They had a wide spread reputation for work of the finest and highest quality, and the owners of numerous celebrated race horses would not have their horses attended to at any other establishment. People would go great distances to have their horses shod at this establishment, as they were sure of expert workmanship. He married Theresa Alberger, born at Eighth and Callow Hill streets, Philadelphia, June 18, 1836. She was the daughter of Henry and Mary (Sowers) Alberger. Henry Alberger, who died suddenly at the age of eighty-nine years, was a well known butcher of Philadelphia; he had a stall in the market, a number of wagons, and carried on his business on an extensive scale, sending his meats all over the country. The Sowers were also in the same line of business. Mrs. Leech had brothers and sisters as follows: Kate, married William Weis; George, a butcher in Philadelphia; Mary, married Bartholomew Berlbach; Harry, also a butcher in Philadelphia; William, formerly a butcher, was wounded at the battle of Antietam, and is now the oldest employe of the Adams Express Company in Philadelphia. Mr. and Mrs. Leech have had children: George, died at the age of two months; Harry Alberger, see forward; George, a machinist, lives in Yeadon, Delaware county, Pennsylvania; William, is a florist, and lives in Darby, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, married Clinton Oblinger, of New Jersey; Wilson, a farmer in Delaware county, Pennsylvania; Hampton, is a florist in business in Yeadon; Park, died at the age of nine years; Samuel, died at the age of seven years.

Harry Alberger Leech, son of Henry M. and Theresa (Alberger) Leech, was born at Twenty-ninth and York streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 23, 1855. He acquired an excellent education in the public schools near his home, and was an earnest and studious scholar, being highly commended by his various teachers. In his early manhood he was one of the founders of the Greenway Literary Society, an organization which is in existence at the present time (1913). In his boyhood he worked for the truck farmers near his home, and at the age of fifteen years he entered the employ of William K. Harris, and learned the florist's business. Eleven years were spent with Mr. Harris, after which, in March, 1886, Mr. Leech removed to Fernwood, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he erected extensive greenhouses and established himself as a florist independently. In this undertaking he has been eminently successful. His business is located near the large Fernwood cemetery. In 1903 he bought a commodious brick house which he remodeled and altered to suit his tastes, and in 1910 he erected additional greenhouses. Mr. Leech has been very actively and beneficially for the community connected

with educational matters for a number of years, and as a member of the school board, his original and practical ideas have been the means of raising the standard of education in his section. This connection with the school board of Upper Darby township has now been in force for a period of twenty years. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His fraternal affiliations are with the Fernwood Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; University Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics.

Mr. Leech married, January 1, 1879, Anna Elizabeth, born in Kingessing, Philadelphia, daughter of Omar and Rebecca (Weed) Ogden; Omar Ogden was a carpenter and builder. Mr. and Mrs. Leech have one child: Rebecca, born June 16, 1880, married Charles J. Fox, superintendent of the Suburban Delaware County Gas Company, and resides with her parents.

Thomas McAleese, born in County Antrim, Ireland, came to the United States, settling in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in farming until his death. He married Margaret, daughter of Dennis Kelley, of Cloud Creek, Pennsylvania; children: Mary, Anna, Sarah, John, Frank, Thomas, and four who died in infancy.

Thomas (2) McAleese, son of Thomas (1) and Margaret (Kelley) McAleese, was born in Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1856. He was educated in the public schools, and in youth worked in the textile mills of the neighborhood. He then worked at farming in Chester county, Pennsylvania, for a time, later establishing a grocery business in Clifton Heights, continuing successfully for many years, until his retirement. He is unmarried. He is a member of the Roman Catholic Church and a Democrat. Mr. McAleese was for many years an enthusiastic volunteer fireman and is still a member of the Clifton Heights department, also is a member of the Delaware county and Pennsylvania State Firemen's associations.

The man who can rise from the ranks of a leading position in any line is the man who can see and utilize the opportunities that surround his path. It is this power which has enabled Michael Patrick McNulty to rise to his present position of foreman of the Philadelphia division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company.

Mr. McNulty was born in the city of Baltimore, Maryland, May 19, 1866, at an early age was left an orphan. His education was acquired in the public schools, and after some years of work of a varied character he entered the employ of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company as a laborer. Faithful in the performance of even the smallest detail entrusted to him, it is small matter for wonder that Mr. McNulty was advanced from one position to another until, in 1901, he was appointed foreman of the Philadelphia division of this company, and he has filled this responsible office with the executive ability and careful attention to detail which have ever characterized his work. He is an honored member of the Veteran Employees' Association, and gives his political support to the Democratic party. In his religious affiliations he is connected with the Catholic church. In 1908 he built a comfortable house for himself and family at Leiperville, now Crum Lynn, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He married, December 28, 1887, Addie M., born in Harford county, Maryland, daughter of Michael James Keathley. Children: Mary Ellen, married Matthew Gannon, a welder at Baldwin's, and lives at Leiperville; James Michael, Lily Catherine, Annie Belle, Adeline Elizabeth, Theresa Agnes, George Edward, Helen Josephine.

NESTER The records of the Nester family of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, show that the family is of German descent, the ancestral seat being in the Province of Wurtemberg, where they were tillers of the soil.

The first of the name of whom we have definite information was ——— Nester, born at Herrenzimmer, Germany, 1832. He obtained an education in the public schools of his native country, and there resided until 1857, when he immigrated to the United States, where he followed the occupation of farming. In religion he was a Roman Catholic, as was also his wife. He married ———. Children: James B., died 1910, aged seventy-five years; Patrick B., Herbert B., died 1909, aged sixty years; Mary B., died 1884, aged forty-eight years; Margaret B., died May 30, 1912, aged seventy-seven years; Ellen B., died 1900, aged fifty years. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Nester: Frank, of whom further; Helena, born 1862, married William Gallagher; William, born 1864, died in infancy; Katherine, born 1866, married Henry Donaghy.

Frank Nester was born at Marcus Hook, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 29, 1860. He obtained an education in the public schools of Philadelphia, beginning at the age of fifteen years to study the chemistry and refining of oils, in the pursuit of which business he has traveled all through the oil fields of the country. He is at present employed by the Texas Oil Company, in charge of the Northern Ocean Terminal at Marcus Hook. While in the oil business he has been employed by the firms enumerated below: Atlantic Refining Company, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Bayonne, New Jersey; Phoenix Refining Company, of Philadelphia; Solar Oil Company, of Williamsport, Pennsylvania; Interstate Petrol Company, of Kentucky; Webster Oil Company, of Marietta, Ohio; Penn Refining Company, of Pennsylvania; Starlight Refining Company, of Pennsylvania; Kansas City Oil Company, of Kansas; Kansas Oil Refining Company, of Chanute, Kansas; Sun Flower State Refining Company, of Niotaze, Kansas; Bear Creek Refining Company, of Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania; Union Petrol Company and the Pure Oil Company, both of Marcus Hook; and the Lucent Oil Company, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. His fraternal associations are with the Knights of Columbus, Chanute Lodge, No. 1046, and the Holy Name Society.

Mr. Nester married, September 26, 1888, Elizabeth Maloney, born in County Tipperary, Ireland, daughter of John and Margaret (McGrath) Maloney, the former named having been a farmer, died aged fifty-two years, and the latter named a native of Cahir, county Tipperary, Ireland. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Nester: John B., born April 2, 1892; Frank B., March 27, 1894; Elizabeth, January 29, 1900, died young.

HARPER This family was originally resident in the Highlands of Scotland, whence they migrated to Ireland because of the religious persecutions they were called upon to bear. Subsequently they returned to Scotland and became identified with various manufacturing interests. The name of Harper is well known in the manufacturing and business life of Chester, Pennsylvania, and to users of metallic packing everywhere. From Scotland the family came to the United States.

James Harper was born in the North of Ireland, in 1778, and died there about 1828. He was a member of the Presbyterian church. Farming was his occupation. He married and had children as follows: William, a miner, who died in Scotland; John, a miner, who died in Shamokin, Pennsylvania; Thomas, a miner, also died in Scotland; James E., see forward; Mary, married Thomas Morros, and both died in Scotland.

James E. Harper, son of James Harper, was born in the North of Ireland, in 1826, and died in Shamokin, Pennsylvania, September 28, 1878. He was educated in Scotland and resided there until 1869, when he immigrated to the United States, locating in Shamokin, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in coal mining. He was a Republican in politics, and in religion a member of the Presbyterian church, in which he served as an elder for several years. Mr. Harper was twice married and to the first wife were born two sons, John and James. He married (second) Agnes C. Cuddy, born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1833, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, October 16, 1907. Children born to this union were: 1. Robert, died in Shamokin, May 29, 1872, while yet a student. 2. George, killed in a mine disaster, July 12, 1882. 3. Margaret, died in infancy. 4. Mary, married John Hodge, now associated with his brother-in-law, Joseph M. Harper; resides in Chester, Pennsylvania; Mr. Hodge is the treasurer of the Harper Manufacturing Company. 5. Thomas, died in a mine disaster, April 12, 1884. 6. Agnes, died in Germantown, February, 1900; married Thomas Thompson, who survived her. 7. Joseph M., see forward. 8. Adam C., who was a partner of his brother, Joseph M., and died March 17, 1903.

Joseph M. Harper, son of James E. Harper, was born in Lanarkshire, Scotland, June 4, 1864. He was five years of age when he was brought to this country by his parents, who located at Shamokin, Pennsylvania, so that in everything except the actual fact of birth he is an American. He attended the public schools of Shamokin until he was twelve years of age, and then worked in and around the coal mines until 1881. In that year he began an apprenticeship at the Shamokin Iron Works, learning the trade of machinist. On June 4, 1887, he came to Chester, where he entered the employ of Robert Wetherill, and remained with him in the capacity of a machinist until 1891. He then became erecting machinist for the Keystone Engine Works, and was sent to various points where the company had sold engines to be erected by their men. During these years of practical work he had observed the need of a better metallic packing for engine-rod use, and in 1896 perfected and patented "Harper's Metallic Packing" for use on steam, gas and air engines. In 1897, he began the manufacture of his packing in a small room in the Birtwell building on East Sixth street, Chester, taking in as a partner, William J. Slack, the firm conducting their business under the style of Harper & Slack. They found a ready market for their product, and in June, 1901, the business had grown to such proportions that they incorporated the Harper-Slack Company, under the laws of the State of Delaware. In 1902 Mr. Slack retired, and Mr. Harper incorporated the Harper Manufacturing Company, under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, and his brother, Adam C., became associated with him in this enterprise. In 1901 the plant was moved to a building purchased for the purpose, this being located on Concord avenue, bounded by Fifth and Sixth and Concord and Barclay streets. Upon the death of his brother, Adam C., Mr. Harper continued as president and general manager of the Harper Manufacturing Company, of which he owns eighty-five per cent. of the stock. The company transacts an immense business, the packing having proved of genuine merit, being effective, lasting, and preventing loss of steam, air or gas used as motive power. In August, 1904, Mr. Harper organized the Paiste-Harper Hardware Company, establishing their store at No. 13 West Third street, Chester, this building having been purchased by Mr. Harper for this purpose. Mr. Paiste retired in 1908, and in 1909 the business was sold to the Galey Hardware Company. In May, 1910, Mr. Harper opened Harper's Garage, on Sixth street, leasing the same in 1911, to the Penn Garage Company, and has now



Joseph M. Harper.

erected a modern garage one story in height, fifty by sixty by one hundred and thirty feet, this being the largest and best equipped garage in Chester.

Mr. Harper is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Third Presbyterian Church. He is a prominent member of the Masonic order, belonging to L. H. Scott Lodge, No. 352, Free and Accepted Masons; Chester Chapter, No. 258, Royal Arch Masons; Chester Commandery, No. 66, Knights Templar; Lulu Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Modern Woodmen of the World, and the Penn Club.

Mr. Harper married (first) July 15, 1884, Ella Sohl, who died February 21, 1888, a daughter of Henry and Mary Sohl, of Shamokin, Pennsylvania. He married (second) Emma Parvis, born in Felton, Delaware, November 20, 1867, daughter of William Burton and Elizabeth (Airs) Parvis, who were born on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, descendants of the old Puritan stock. The second Mrs. Harper was educated in Felton Seminary, and in 1887 the Parvis family moved to Chester, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Harper is a member of the Third Presbyterian Church of Chester, Pennsylvania, and of the Century Club of Chester and of numerous philanthropic societies. The family home is a handsome residence with spacious grounds at Nineteenth street and Providence avenue, Chester, purchased by Mr. Harper in 1905. To the first marriage of Mr. Harper were born two children: Margaret F., born October 24, 1885, married Lieutenant Thomas Louis Shannon, United States Navy, naval engineer, and resides in Chester, Pennsylvania; Joseph M. Jr., born February 2, 1888, died in the same year. To the second marriage were born: George, died in infancy; a son who died unnamed; Elizabeth Parvis, who graduated from Chester high school, class of 1911; Josephine Airs, now a student in Martha Washington Seminary, Washington, D. C.

PENDLEBURG William Pendleburg, one of the highly esteemed residents of Cardington, who has served for the past three decades in a responsible position in one of the leading industries of that place, which fact clearly demonstrates his efficiency and capability, is a native of Lancashire, England, born in the town of Warsley, near Manchester, November 14, 1853, son of John and Sarah (Cooke) Pendleburg, natives of the same place, and grandson on the paternal side of ——— Pendleburg, who lived and died near Warsley, England, was a member of the Church of England, a coal miner by occupation, and grandson on the maternal side of James Cooke, who reared a large family, the former named working in the coal mines until sixty years of age.

John Pendleburg (father) was born in 1826, died 1876. He was a coal miner during the early years of his life and later became a mine inspector, conducting his operations in his native land, where he spent his entire life. He married Sarah Cooke, born 1823, died 1891, who bore him eight children: Elizabeth, deceased, was the wife of Robert Weatheroll; Anne, deceased, was the wife of James Holton, and resided in Warsley, England; Mary, deceased; William, of whom further; Alice, deceased; Sarah, deceased; James, deceased, was the driver of a fire engine; Hannah. John Pendleburg was one of a family of eight children, all of whom are now deceased, and all of whom lived and died in England, the names of his brothers and sisters being as follows: Alice, Elizabeth, Mary, Hannah, James, Henry, William.

William Pendleburg obtained a practical education in the public schools in the vicinity of his home, and later learned the trade of telegrapher, securing a position, when competent, as telegraph clerk with the Bridgewaters Trustees,

remaining in that capacity for seven years. In 1878 he left his native land, coming to the United States, and locating in West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he accepted a clerkship in Henry's Woolen Mills, and subsequently accepted a similar position with Wolfenden, Shore & Company, of Cardington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and by faithful service was promoted from time to time until he attained the position of head clerk in the year 1883 in their main office, and has held the same up to the present time, a period of thirty years, which is most unusual in these days of change. He is painstaking in his work, exact in every detail, considerate in his treatment of those under his control, and therefore merits the esteem in which he is held by every one connected with the firm. He is a Republican in politics, and is serving as secretary to the board of commissioners of Upper Darby township and secretary to the board of health of the same township. He is a member of Burmont Blue Lodge and University Chapter, Free and Accepted Masons; the Improved Order of Red Men, and the Knights of the Golden Eagle.

Mr. Pendleburg married, November 17, 1874, Elizabeth Endowsill, born in Farnworth, near Bolton, England, daughter of William and Charlotte Endowsill, both deceased, the former named having been a green grocer of Farnworth, where their deaths occurred. Children: 1. Wilfred, a machinist by occupation; married Lena Butterworth; they reside in West Philadelphia. 2. Emily, married John Bottomly, a machinist; they reside in North Philadelphia. 3. Bessie, married Arthur Fanlyn, a carpenter; they reside in West Philadelphia. 4. James, a traveling salesman; married Lottie Ogden; they reside in Cardington. 5. Frank, resides at home. 6. Lydia, resides at home. Mr. and Mrs. Pendleburg are members of St. George's Episcopal Church, of Cardington. In 1897 Mr. Pendleburg erected the brick house in which they now reside, which is modern in every respect and well adapted to their needs, and a generous hospitality is meted out to all who come there.

Prominent among the enterprising and scientific agriculturists of Concordville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is Charles T. Piersol, who through industry, perseverance and uprightness of living has gained the respect and esteem of the neighborhood, and possesses many friends in the vicinity of his home.

Charles T. Piersol, son of Peter and Harriet Piersol, was born in Honeybrook township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, June 21, 1858. The public schools in the neighborhood of his home afforded him a means of obtaining a practical education, and his entire active career has been devoted to the tilling of the soil, his highly cultivated land yielding him good returns for labor expended. His thorough knowledge of agricultural affairs makes his farm one of the most productive in that section of the state, and the neat appearance of the entire property indicates the supervision of a man well versed in these matters. He is an active and consistent member of the Baptist church, to which he contributes of his time and means, and he casts his vote for the candidates of the Republican party, to which he has given his allegiance since attaining his majority. He has never sought or held public office, preferring to devote his entire time and attention to his home duties. He is a member of Concord Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the local Grange, Patrons of Husbandry.

Mr. Piersol married, May 23, 1879, Laura Gravell, daughter of Andrew and Elizabeth (Wheaton) Gravell, the former named a farmer by occupation, and a Republican in politics, honored and respected in his neighborhood for his many sterling traits of character. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Piersol: 1. Marian,

married George S. Williamson. 2. Elsie M., born in Easttown township, Pennsylvania, April 25, 1888; married, April 5, 1911, Bartram R. Harvey, of Concordville, a sketch of whom appears in this work. 3. Lawrence, unmarried.

Richard Pyatt, who has reached the venerable age of threescore PYATT years and ten, is still one of the active and substantial residents of Clifton Heights, which place has represented his home for many years. He was born at Hyland Inn, then owned by Owen Rhodes, in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 17, 1843. His father was Thomas Pyatt, a resident of Clifton Heights at the time of his demise, in 1901. Thomas Pyatt married Hettie Rudolph and this union was prolific of six children, namely: William, Richard, Eliza, Amos, Alfred and John. The Pyatt family is of English descent and is descended from staunch old Quaker stock.

In the district schools of Delaware county Richard Pyatt received his preliminary educational training. He was just of age at the time of the outbreak of the war of the rebellion and he manifested his intrinsic loyalty to the cause of independence by enlisting for service in the Union ranks as a member of the Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He was a gallant and faithful soldier during the entire period of the conflict and among some of the important battles in which he participated were those of Antietam and Chancellorsville. He retains his interest in his old comrades in arms and signifies the same by membership in the Grand Army of the Republic. As a young man Mr. Pyatt learned the trade of carpenter and he was a builder and contractor during many years of his active career. He became interested in engineering work and for a number of years he has been stationary engineer at Clifton Heights. Although he is getting along in years, Mr. Pyatt is hale and hearty and is decidedly youthful in spirit. He is Republican in his political faith, and in religious matters he and his wife are devout members of the Presbyterian church, in whose activities they are prominent factors. Mr. Pyatt married Eamie Fisher. Mrs. Pyatt is a woman of most lovable qualities and she and her husband are held in high esteem by their many friends and acquaintances in their home community. They have one son, Howard, who was born in 1883, and who is engaged in business at Clifton Heights; he lives at home with his parents.

John T. Reese, deceased, for many years an enterprising farmer REESE and public-spirited citizen of Newtown Square, where his genial and pleasant manner made him quite popular, he having been held in high esteem by all with whom he was brought in contact, either in business or social life, was born in Marple township, Pennsylvania, November 3, 1847, son of Eli and Lizzie Reese, both lifelong residents of Marple township, where they died and where their remains were interred.

John T. Reese obtained a practical education in the public schools in the vicinity of his home, and upon arriving at a suitable age to earn his own livelihood devoted his attention to whatever came to hand, thus working at various occupations until he had attained middle age, when he decided to become a truck farmer, conducting his operations on ground purchased by him in Marple township, whereon he resided for the remainder of his days, his death occurring in the year 1907, at Coopertown, his demise being widely and sincerely lamented as that of an honorable citizen, and a truly good man, beloved and respected in all the relations of life. He was loyal and patriotic, answering the call for emergency men to aid in crushing out the rebellion and served his term of three months, making an enviable record for bravery. Mr. Reese married (first) Susanna, daughter of Edward Worrell, a representative of the old and honored

Worrell family, which was among the earliest settlers of Delaware county. She bore him five children: 1. Anna Elizabeth, who resides at Oakmont, where she is the owner of two houses from which she derives a good revenue. 2. William E., died in infancy. 3. May E., died aged sixteen years. 4. Harry, died aged fifteen years. 5. James Oscar, who left home in 1900 and has not been heard from since. The mother of these children died in 1875. Mr. Reese married (second) Clara Brackney. Children: 1. Agar, married Sadie Boomer; they reside in West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 2. Joseph, a carpenter by trade; resides at Garrettford. 3. George, died in childhood. The mother of these children is making her home at the present time (1913) with her son Joseph. She has always been a worthy helpmeet to her husband, and a kind and loving mother, striving to the best of her ability to rear her children in the way they should go, teaching them to lead lives of usefulness and activity, and thus performing the tasks allotted to her in the best manner possible.

John Howard Roberts, a public-spirited citizen of Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, descends from old English stock on both the paternal and distaff sides. Early in 1660 John Roberts came from England to New York City, and there remained for a time. He eventually settled on the Hudson river, and for many years farmed and trafficked with the Indians, during which time they were at constant war with the whites. That he survived the hardships and the ambushes of the wily foe is an indication of his keen wit to forestall them, his determination not to be outdone by them, and his hardy spirit to accept that which fell to his lot. He was among the first on the scene after the massacre of the Huguenot inhabitants at Esopus by the Esopus Indians; and he was one of the whites who went in quick pursuit of the savage captors and the Huguenot women and children held prisoners. He was the parent of a number of sons, some of whom wandered to Pennsylvania after it was settled by the famous Quaker, William Penn, and his devoted little band of co-religionists. Some of Robert's descendants were in the French war, many were Indian scouts, and some served their country faithfully and well in the war of the revolution as well as in that of 1812. Among his direct descendants was Samuel, of whom further.

Samuel Roberts was a native of near Norristown, Pennsylvania. He grew to manhood there on his father's farm, and died at Pawling, Pennsylvania. He was a farmer and landowner, and was pursuing his peaceful vocation when there was a call for volunteers to resist the invasion of Great Britain in 1812. He offered his services, enlisted, and was with the United States army during the two years of warfare. At its close he was honorably discharged, and his discharge papers are still in the possession of the family. He was quite young at the time of his enlistment, and was unmarried. After the war he returned to his agricultural pursuits, which he continued until his death. Children: 1. John B., of whom further. 2. Evan, born about 1834, died in Philadelphia. 3. Samuel, born in 1836, died aged forty-five. 4. Lydia, born about 1838, deceased. 5. Eliza, born about 1840, deceased. There were two others.

John B. Roberts, son of Samuel Roberts, was born in 1832, in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and died, November 10, 1890, near Phoenixville, Chester county, Pennsylvania. He received his education in the common schools of the day, and on reaching maturity turned his attention to farming in Chester county, where he owned ninety-three fertile acres. At the outbreak of hostilities between the North and South he offered his services to his state. In 1862 he enlisted as a private in Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and served with bravery and distinction nine months,

during which time he was promoted to the second lieutenancy. He was in the first battle of Manassas, at Antietam, Chancellorsville and Fredericksburg. After he was honorably discharged he reënlisted in Company B, Thirty-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, as first lieutenant, and served three months. Returning home he again farmed and continued it until his death. He was a Republican in politics, voting with that party after its organization in 1857, and was locally active for it. He was one of the influential men in his community and was invariably at the head of every movement that was for the public welfare. He was always alert and keenly interested in all public questions. He and his wife were consistent members of the Presbyterian church, though she was reared a Friend. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and at one time was connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married, in Phoenixville, Pennsylvania, Mary L. Valentine, born in 1842, near Phoenixville, and died February 1, 1913. She was the daughter of Joseph D. and Mary (Laner) Valentine, old-time residents of Phoenixville, where he was a merchant and farmer prior to the civil war. He died in 1880, and his wife died in 1850. Joseph D. Valentine descended from John Valentine, who came from England in 1686 or 1689, as one of the co-religionists of William Penn. He and his family settled near Philadelphia, there reared a large family and died. Joseph D. Valentine and his wife were members of the Society of Friends, and reared their family in that faith. Children: Mary L., wife of John B. Roberts; Annie, deceased, married James P. Hood, lived at Westgrove, Pennsylvania; Rebecca, deceased, married William Park; Emma, married Edward Bushong, both dead. Children of John B. and Mary L. (Valentine) Roberts: 1. Mary E., married Chester Reynolds, resides at Westgrove, Pennsylvania. 2. Leila R., married Howard Courtney, resides at Westgrove. 3. John Howard, of whom further. Three others died in infancy.

John Howard Roberts, son of John B. and Mary L. (Valentine) Roberts, was born April 18, 1878, in Pawling, Pennsylvania. After receiving his education in the public school at Westgrove, he entered the Williamson Trade School, from which he graduated in 1897 as an expert carpenter and mechanical draughtsman. He immediately entered the employ of Milton W. Young, of Overbrook, Pennsylvania, remaining with him until 1912, when he accepted a position with the W. C. Shuster Company as superintendent and manager, which important post of trust he holds at the present time (1913). Through his own unaided efforts did Mr. Roberts secure this position, and he has proven, and is daily proving, his fitness for it. He is original in his methods and aims to place his company in the forefront in its particular line. He is a progressive, up-to-date citizen of Lansdowne, and is a Progressive in politics. He and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church, and he of the Masonic order, and of the Patriotic Order Sons of America and Independent Order of American Mechanics, the Sons of Veterans and the Artisans Fraternal Order. Since the fall of 1909 he has resided in Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he has built a pretty and commodious house. He married, June 19, 1900, Isabel E. Holman, born in Philadelphia. Children: Howard C., Homer Valentine.

Those of the name of Roberts are numerous in the vicinity of Philadelphia, it being a common patronymic in the region forming the counties of Chester and Delaware. Two branches are there represented, the one of English stock, which in the early days of Pennsylvania history allied itself with another of the oldest families of Pennsylvania, that of Sharpless, the other of Welsh descent, the origin of the two on the con-

tinient probably being the same. It is from this latter branch that W. Harry Roberts, of this narrative, is traced, this record beginning with his grandparents, George S. and Lydia Roberts. Both were members of the Society of Friends, observing with strict rectitude the many exacting regulations of that sect, George S. Roberts being a landowner and farmer of Willis township, Chester county, Pennsylvania. His line continues through his son Joseph, his other child, Elma, dying unmarried.

Joseph Roberts, son of George S. and Lydia Roberts, was born in Willis township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1832, and died there in 1877, aged forty-five years. He grew to maturity on the farm of his father and early in life accepted agriculture as the work for which he was best fitted, subsequently beginning independent farming operations and following that occupation until his early death. He received not only his calling from his father, but also his religious convictions, and he was ever an adherent to the faith of the Society of Friends, while his political support was accorded the Republican party. He married Amanda, like himself a native of Chester county, Pennsylvania, born in 1833, died in 1899, daughter of Henry and Prudence Rennard, the parents of a family of eleven. The Rennard family is one of about the same length of residence in the United States as that of the Roberts branch with which it became connected, Henry Rennard having been a farmer in Lewis township, with his wife a member of the Presbyterian church, his death occurred when he was aged seventy-five years. Children of Joseph and Amanda (Rennard) Roberts: 1. Mary Elma, lives unmarried in West Chester, Pennsylvania. 2. Irene Marion, died unmarried. 3. George S., a member of the reportorial staff of the "Star," a periodical of West Chester, where he lives. 4. W. Harry, of whom further.

W. Harry Roberts, youngest of the four children of Joseph and Amanda (Rennard) Roberts, was born in Willis township, near White Horse, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and in his youth attended the public schools of West Chester. Soon after the death of his father he discontinued his studies and obtained a position, subsequently placing himself under the teaching of Joseph Dicen, spending three years with him learning the trade of carpenter. When he had mastered all of its departments he found employment as a journeyman, the pursuit of his trade taking him to the various towns then in the full vigor of growth along the Pennsylvania railroad main line. This he made his business until 1904, when he established independently, advertising as a contractor and builder. As such he has since continued, finding profit in the pleased satisfaction of those for whom he has executed commissions, gaining in reputation and prosperity with the growth of his business. He is an architect of no mean ability and designs not a few of the homes that he erects, giving his personal attention and supervision to his works of importance. As a Republican he has served one term as a member of the school board of Haverford township, and holds membership in the Masonic order and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Roberts married, April 12, 1898, Gertrude, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of Eugene and Mary Vickers, both of whom reside in Philadelphia, her father an engineer in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad. Children of W. Harry and Gertrude (Vickers) Roberts: W. Harry Jr., born July 29, 1899; Alma C., May 6, 1902; Eugene, July 16, 1904; Florence, November 30, 1906. Since 1903 the Roberts home has been in Grassland, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

ROBERTS "The study of biography is by nature the most universally profitable, universally pleasant of all things," said Carlyle, and this statement of the philosopher is certainly verified when we turn our attention to the life records of such men as Dr. I. Burton Roberts, whose sole aim and purpose is the alleviation of pain and the restoration to health of those afflicted with bodily ailments through the instrumentality of his skill and ability in the line of his profession, which is one of the most noble in which men or women can labor. He is a descendant of an English ancestry, representatives of which have resided in Chester county, Pennsylvania, for many years.

William Roberts, grandfather of Dr. Roberts, was a native of Chester county, Pennsylvania, and there lived and died. He was a farmer, conducting his operations on a farm consisting of one hundred and twenty-five acres, held township offices, and was a member of the Society of Friends. He married Susanna Havard, a native of Chester county, Pennsylvania, and they were the parents of nine children, six of whom are living at the present time (1913).

Isaac Roberts, father of Dr. Roberts, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, where he was reared, educated and married. Later he removed to Philadelphia and there resided for twelve years, and then removed to Norristown, Pennsylvania, and during all this period of time served as ticket agent at the old Ninth and Green street station of the Reading railway, serving in that capacity at the time of his death, in 1876. He answered to the call of President Lincoln for emergency men during the progress of the civil war, term of enlistment for from ninety to one hundred days. He was a member of the Society of Friends, and a Republican in politics. He married Annie Daniels, born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, died in 1878, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Daniels, natives of Chester county and descendants of a Welsh ancestry, whose deaths occurred in Chester county, they being known and respected in the community in which they resided. Mr. Daniels was a farmer of Easttown township, and he and his wife were the parents of six children, all of whom are now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts had two children: Allen, died in 1887, aged fifteen years; I. Burton, of whom further.

Dr. I. Burton Roberts was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, September 4, 1874. He attended the public schools of Chester county, and later the Friends' Central School in his native city, and then entered the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in the class of 1897. He at once engaged in active practice in the town of Dublin, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, where he remained for three years, then moved to Delaware county, Pennsylvania, locating in Broomall, where he remained for four years, and in the spring of 1905 moved to Llanerch, his present residence. His practice has been of a general character, and his patronage has increased with each passing year, he having won prestige as one of the most successful and able physicians in that section of Delaware county, being highly esteemed in professional as well as in social circles. He keeps in touch with the advanced thought along the line of his profession by membership in the Chester County Medical Society, and is a member of the Philadelphia Alumni Society of University of Pennsylvania; Alpha Mu Pi Omega, a medical fraternity; the Philadelphia Medical Club, and Kappa Sigma, a college fraternity. He is a member of the Society of Friends, and a Republican in politics, having served as school director in Haverford and Marple townships.

Dr. Roberts married, in 1895, Bessie Sloan, a native of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Malachi W. Sloan. Children: Elizabeth and Burton.

Mrs. Roberts is a member of the Episcopal church, in which she takes an active interest. Both Dr. Roberts and his wife hold an enviable position in social circles and have the sincere regard of many friends.

Rush R. Super, of Lima, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, a leading business man and contractor and builder of that section, descends from a family long settled in the state. In 1678 Phillip Souper arrived in New York with the Huguenot emigrés and refugees from St. Kitts, St. Christopher, West Indies, where they had taken asylum from the religious persecutions in their own country, France. Phillip Souper joined the French colony at New Rochelle, Westchester county, New York, and there remained for several years. Later he departed, and the records say that he most probably went to the province of Pennsylvania. He is supposed to be the progenitor of the Super family in Pennsylvania.

Phillip Super, the immediate ancestor of Rush R. Super, and descendant of Phillip Souper, the French emigré, was born in Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and there lived and died on a farm. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church and reared their children in the same faith. They were among the substantial, highly esteemed citizens of the township, and in dying bequeathed to their children an honorable name and a stainless record. Among their children were four sons: Joseph, of whom further; John, born in Haverford township, a farmer, died unmarried; Phillip, born in Haverford township, a farmer, died unmarried; Levi, born in Haverford township, a farmer, died unmarried.

Joseph Super, eldest son of Phillip Super, was born on the Super homestead, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was reared on the farm and received a limited education in the district school near his home. Reaching adult age he chose farming as his vocation for life, and succeeded more than unusually well. He purchased a large farm on the Barren road, which he improved until it was the model farm of that section. He was actively interested in politics, worked for and gave his franchise to the Republican party. He never held a political office, his large business and personal interests demanding all of his time and closest attention. With his wife he was a consistent and devout member of the Presbyterian church. He was one of the most widely known and generally esteemed men of his day, and when he died, at the age of sixty-two, he was universally mourned. He married Mary Ann Shearer, who survived him many years, dying at the age of eighty-two, a daughter of George and Elizabeth (Grimm) Shearer, of Haverford township. Besides Mrs. Super there were four other children, all of whom are dead except Mrs. Barr, of Philadelphia. After the death of her husband Mrs. Super married George White, of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, a veteran of the civil war, who died in Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. Children of Joseph and Mary Ann (Shearer) Super: 1. Rush R., of whom further. 2. Jacob, born in 1853, died in 1910 from kick received from a horse; was a teamster at Media, Pennsylvania; married Maggie ———, who still lives in Media; children: Edward, Ethel, and three others. 3. Hannah, born in 1855; married (first) Harry Suiter; married (second) William Morgan, of Media, Pennsylvania; children by first marriage: William, Earl, Marie, Robert, Ida. 4. Ida, born 1859; married Elwood Smith, banker in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; children: Horace, Elwood, Florence.

Rush R. Super, son of Joseph and Mary Ann (Shearer) Super, was born February 21, 1851, in Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He was reared on the Super homestead, and received a common school educa-

tion, which owing to the primitive methods of the day was limited. At the age of sixteen he entered the carpenter shop of James M. Smith to learn the trade, and remained with him for four years. At the expiration of that time he entered the service of Joseph Wells, a contractor of Media, Pennsylvania, and then for one year was with Henderson & Kirk, contractors. Being ambitious he decided that he would enter the contracting and building field for himself, and in 1871 he opened his office in Media. He succeeded at once and was soon at the head of this particular line of endeavor. After his marriage he located in Lima, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he has since remained. He purchased the desirable Wright property, remodelled the house, making many improvements, and lived in it for seven years. This he sold in 1904 and bought his present house in Lima, which he has greatly improved, making it one of the most delightful in the town. He has, besides his residence, eighty acres of land in Lima. On January 14, 1910, he began building for S. D. Riddle, of Glen Riddle, and has completed all of the improvements on this property during the year 1912, during which time he employed one hundred and seventeen men and a large number of teams and wagons. He has had unlimited success in all of his undertakings, the result of keen business judgment and conscientious work. He is a Republican by inheritance and conviction, working for and voting the ticket, but has never held office. He is one of the best known and most generally esteemed men in Delaware county.

He married, November 11, 1877, Laurretta J. Russell, born at Lima, Middletown township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, a daughter of William and Elizabeth (Hunt) Russell, of Edgemore township. Mr. Russell was one of the most expert cabinetmakers of his day. He incorporated with cabinetmaking the undertaking business and succeeded in accumulating, by his dual occupation, a handsome estate before his death at the age of seventy-three, at Lima. Mrs. Russell died February 18, 1905. Besides Mrs. Super, the children of Mr. and Mrs. Russell are: 1. Robert H., a cabinetmaker and undertaker in Lima; married Elizabeth Worrell, who survives him and lives in Media; children: Claire, deceased; Roberta. 2. Anna, married Samuel Hunt, of Philadelphia; children: Harry, deceased; William. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Rush R. Super: 1. Elverna, born July 31, 1878, died aged nineteen months. 2. Lizzie, born April 27, 1881, died aged four months. 3. Florence, born April 14, 1883; married Charles R. Lawrence, of Elwyn, Pennsylvania, a contractor with R. R. Super, formerly a bookkeeper in bank of Media, but on account of ill health was forced to seek outdoor employment; one son, Walter H., born March 26, 1912. 4. Wilhelmina, born February 13, 1885, died December 8, 1905; married Joseph Miller, of Chester Heights, Pennsylvania, a farmer; one son: John Calvin, died aged three months.

TURNER The ancestors of Ellwood J. Turner on both the paternal and maternal sides were early settlers of the state of Delaware, the Smiths also pioneers of western Pennsylvania at Pittsburgh, where his great-grandfather operated the first regular ferry across the Ohio river. Miss Sellers, who married a Smith was also of an early Pittsburgh family, her father and brothers losing their lives at the hands of the Indians. The Turners were residents of Dover, Delaware, but later moved to Pittsburgh, where George Turner, grandfather of Elwood J. Turner, died.

George Turner, born in Dover, Delaware, died in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, aged fifty-four years. He was a well educated man and for a time taught school, later became a contracting builder, erecting many buildings in Delaware, New Jersey and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, including the famous old hostelry,

Congress Hall, long the pride of Cape May, New Jersey. He came from a noted Methodist family, three of his brothers being members of that church. He was an active layman of that denomination, a Whig in politics, later a Republican and a strong supporter of the cause of temperance. He was a member of the Home Guards, organized during the civil war for state defense. He married a Miss Smith, of Dover, Delaware, and for several years lived in Philadelphia, where all their children were born. Children: 1. Joseph, died in Philadelphia, a young man. 2. Anna, died in Philadelphia; married George Hackman, now residing in that city, has a daughter Annie. 3. George, a soldier of the civil war, met his death in the army by drowning and is buried in Mount Moriah cemetery. 4. Mary Emma, married a Mr. Talbot, both deceased, leaving a son, Howard B., now a resident of Darby, Pennsylvania. 5. Katrina, married W. A. Macan (or McCann), now superintendent of the Ehret Manganese Covering Company, residing at Ridley Park, Pennsylvania; children: Dolly Rose, William A., Mary. 6. Benjamin Franklin, a druggist of Philadelphia, died unmarried. 7. Frederick Fairthorne, of whom further. 8. Alice Gray, resides in Philadelphia, a private secretary.

Frederick Fairthorne Turner, youngest son of George Turner, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 31, 1861, now a resident of West Hinkley avenue, Ridley Park, Pennsylvania. He was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia, Friends' School in Wilmington, Delaware, and the West Pittsburgh schools. He is now in the manufacturing of manganese coverings and is officially connected with the Manganese Covering Company, and is also secretary of the Ridley Park Realty Company. Mr. Turner is a Republican in politics; an attendant of the Presbyterian church; member of the Ridley Park Civic Association; the Business Science Club of Philadelphia; the Barnstormers of Ridley Park and of the Ridley Park Fire Company.

He married, in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania (Pittsburgh, north side), Virginia, daughter of George and Grace (Huron) Short, both deceased. Children: 1. Irene May, born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in 1882; married Frank Verner Lindsay, of Pittsburgh, and resides near Whittier, California. 2. Ellwood J., see forward.

Ellwood J. Turner, only son of Frederick Fairthorne and Virginia (Short) Turner, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, August 9, 1886. In 1888 his parents moved to Scranton, Pennsylvania, later to Wilkes-Barre, where for eight years he attended Hilton's Private Academy. From there the family moved to Chester, Pennsylvania, where Ellwood J. attended the high school from whence he was graduated, class of 1904. In the fall of that year he entered Swarthmore College, continuing one year. He then spent three years in the law school of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his degree of LL. B. with the class of 1908. In the university he was class president each year, there being but one other instance of a student having been similarly honored. He was a member of the varsity football team, the Mask and Whig and of the James Wilson Law Club. He was admitted to the bar, March 8, 1909, practiced in Philadelphia until November, 1912, when he moved to Chester, opening offices in the Cambridge building, and is already well established as a capable and successful practitioner. He is secretary and treasurer of the Delaware County Business Men's Association; secretary of the Ridley Park Civic Association; president of the Ridley Park Realty Company; president of the A. H. Downing & Company Real Estate and Insurance Company; member of the Sons of the Revolution; the Business Science Club of Philadelphia; the Ridley Park Fire Company; the Plays and Players Club of Philadelphia; the Barnstormers Club of Ridley Park; the Springhaven Country Club of Wall-

ingford; Chester Board of Trade; the Delaware County Bar Association and a communicant of Ridley Park Presbyterian Church; also a member of the Usher's Association of that church, which he has served as vice-president and president.

Mr. Turner married, in Moylan, Pennsylvania, November 9, 1911, Elizabeth Addis Downing, born in Philadelphia, daughter of Frank Taggart Downing, deceased. Child, Elizabeth Addis, born in Ridley Park, in 1912.

This branch of the Smith family was founded in the United States
SMITH by Lloyd Jones Smith, born in Wales, who after coming to the United States settled in Philadelphia, where he practiced law until his death. He married and left issue.

Cyrus Talbot Smith, son of Lloyd Jones Smith, was born after the coming of his parents to the United States, but spent his early life in Jefferson, Ohio, where he was educated, became a lawyer and there died at age of thirty years. He married Charlotte Jones, born in Front street, Philadelphia, a daughter of Robert Jones and his wife a Miss Clark. Children: Lloyd, died at age of twenty-one years; Henry D., deceased; Uselma, married Fannie Micheson; Cyrus T., of further mention. The mother of these children died in Philadelphia—both she and her husband were members of the Episcopal Church, he a vestryman.

Cyrus Talbot (2) Smith, son of Cyrus Talbot (1) and Charlotte (Jones) Smith, was born in the state of Arkansas, September 22, 1837. His early life was spent in Jefferson, Ohio, where he was educated in the public schools. He engaged in the drug business in Ohio for several years, then came to Philadelphia, where he was engaged in the real estate business. He was a Republican in politics and held the position of inspector of wharves. He served in the civil war and was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. In religious faith a Methodist. He married, in Sodus, New York, December 5, 1867, Margaret A. Pulver, born in Plymouth, Ohio, daughter of John Pulver, deceased, born in the District of Columbia, and his wife, Mary (Goetschus) Pulver, deceased, born in New York state; children: Laura, Harriet and Margaret A. Children of Cyrus and Margaret A. (Pulver) Smith: Lloyd, married Anetta Reyes; Clark C. T., married Gertrude Sherry; Charlotte, married Neville Hunsbrager. Mrs. Smith survives her husband and resides at Alden, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

Dr. John Henry Sterner in his professional service has been
STERNER prompted by a laudable ambition for advancement as well as by deep sympathy and humanitarian principles that urge him to put forth his best efforts in the alleviation of pain and suffering. He has gained recognition from the profession as one of its able representatives and the trust reposed in him by the public is best indicated by the liberal patronage awarded him. Dr. Sterner has been engaged in the active practice of his profession at Norwood, Pennsylvania, since September 4, 1912.

Dr. Sterner was born December 25, 1888, and he is a son of Dr. Lewis H. and Amy (Tailor) Sterner, the latter of whom died in 1889. The paternal grandparents of the subject of this review were John and Sarah (Hilderbrant) Sterner, both of whom were descended from a sterling German ancestry. John Sterner was a farmer by occupation and he spent the major portion of his active career in York county, Pennsylvania, where he was a man of mark in all the relations of life. He and his wife were devout Lutherans in their religious

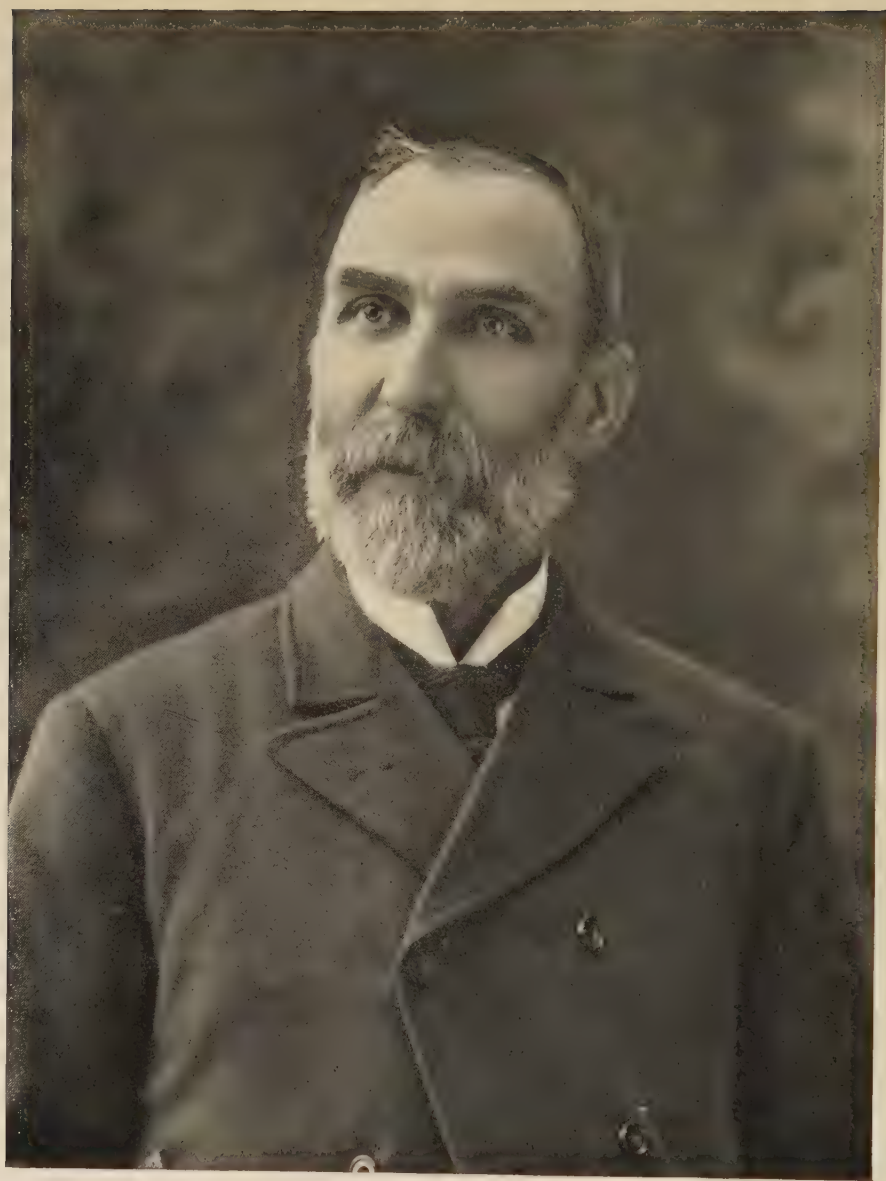
faith, and they became the parents of four children, one of whom, Dr. Lewis H. Sterner, is still living.

Dr. Lewis H. Sterner was born on the old homestead farm in York county, Pennsylvania. He received his preliminary educational training in the district schools of his native place, and as a young man decided upon the medical profession as his life work. In 1886 he entered the Hahnemann Medical College, at Philadelphia, in which he was graduated as a member of the class of 1889, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He had previously attended the Millersville State Normal School for a number of terms. He initiated the active practice of his profession at Porters, in York county, Pennsylvania, and there has been most successfully engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery during the long intervening years to the present time, in 1913. He is a Democrat in his political convictions, and in religious faith is a devout Lutheran. Dr. Sterner married (first) Amy Taylor, who bore him one son, Dr. John Henry, of this notice. She was a daughter of Henry Taylor, of English extraction, a farmer in York county, where he died in 1907. Mrs. Sterner died in 1889, and in 1893 Dr. Sterner married (second) Virginia Bowman. One daughter was born to the second union, namely: Mary, whose nativity occurred in 1894.

To the public schools of Hanover, Pennsylvania, Dr. John Henry Sterner is indebted for his preliminary educational training, which was later supplemented with a course of study in the Collegiate Institute, in which he was graduated in 1906. He obtained his medical discipline in his father's old *alma mater*, the Hahnemann Medical College, in Philadelphia, in which he was graduated in 1910, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For one year following his graduation he was an interne in the Hahnemann Hospital and for a year following that was resident physician in that institution. Thereafter he was associated in practice with his father for a short time, at the end of which, September 4, 1912, he came to Norwood, in Delaware county, where he resides at the present time. Here he is gradually building up a splendid practice. The successful doctor requires something more than mere technical training—he must be a man of broad human sympathy and genial kindness, capable of inspiring hope and faith in the heart of his patient. Such a man is Dr. Sterner.

April 21, 1911, Dr. Sterner married Abbie A. Jackson, who was born December 1, 1890, and who is a daughter of James and Sarah (Hillard) Jackson. Dr. and Mrs. Sterner have no children. He is a member of the Lutheran church and she is a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal church. In fraternal circles Dr. Sterner is a member of Hanover Lodge, No. 348, Free and Accepted Masons. In politics he is a Democrat and he is serving on the Norwood Board of Health.

Among those of foreign birth who have become well known in business circles in Ardmore, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is George Strain, now living retired from business cares. His success in all his undertakings has been so marked that it must be of interest to others. He has based his business principles and actions upon strict adherence to the rules which govern industry, economy and unswerving integrity. His enterprise and progressive spirit have made him a typical American in every sense of the word, and he well deserves mention in a volume treating of the business life and substantial development of Ardmore. What he is to-day he has made himself, for he began in the business world with nothing but his own energy and willing hands to aid him. By constant exertion, associated with good judgment, he has raised himself to the position he now holds, having the friendship of many and the respect of all who know him.



John Armstrong

His grandfather, Charles Strain, lived and died in county Donegal, Ireland, where he and his family were members of the Roman Catholic church. He married Sarah Hagerty. Children: Mary, died in Ireland; Annie, married ——— Herold, lives in Ireland; Sarah, died in Ireland; Catherine, married ——— McManegal, lives in Ireland; Hannah, died in Ireland; Rose, died unmarried in New York; Bridget, married ——— Slavin, lives in Ireland; John, see forward; Charles, Hugh and William, died in Ireland.

John Strain, son of Charles and Sarah (Hagerty) Strain, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, 1829, and died in 1913. He was an excellent farmer, owning his own farm, and lived a quiet, retired life. He married Rose, born in county Donegal, Ireland, daughter of George and Catherine (Evans) McGrannaghan, whose other children were: James, died in Pennsylvania; George, died in Ireland; Catherine and Margaret, died in Pennsylvania; Letitia, who is a sister in St. Joseph's Convent, Utica, New York; Hannah, died in Pennsylvania; Mary, married Charles McMonigal, and is living in Philadelphia. John and Rose (McGrannaghan) Strain had children: Charles, died in Ardmore, Pennsylvania; George, see forward; Hugh, lives in Germantown, Pennsylvania; James, an iron worker in a wagon factory, lives in West Philadelphia; John, lives in Ireland; Francis, a chauffeur in Philadelphia; Sarah, married Francis Sciferd, now deceased, resides in Ardmore; Mary, is unmarried, and lives in Ireland.

George Strain, son of John and Rose (McGrannaghan) Strain, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, September 15, 1859. He acquired his education in the national schools of his native country, leaving them at the age of thirteen years, when he commenced to be an active assistant to his father on the home farm. In his twentieth year he emigrated to America, having come to the conclusion that there were better opportunities for advancement to a young man of energy and ambition. Results have proved the wisdom of this course of action. Arriving in Philadelphia alone, he commenced working as a gardener at Germantown, and followed that occupation for a period of eighteen years. By this time he had amassed a considerable capital, and determined to establish himself in the dairy business, with which he was connected for twenty years, retiring in the spring of 1913. He built a home for himself and family in 1910, directly on the county line in Ardmore, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. His political affiliations are with the Democratic party, while his religious adherence is given to St. Denis' Catholic Church. He is a member of the T. B. A. Society of the Catholic church, and of the Knights of Columbus.

Mr. Strain married at Villanova, Pennsylvania, Rev. Father Joseph Locke officiating, April 26, 1887, Catherine, born in Ardmore, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Patrick and Margaret (McGillighan) Gallagher; the former died October 10, 1894, at the age of sixty-nine years, the latter died March 31, 1900, at the age of eighty years. Mr. and Mrs. Strain have had children: John, born May 9, 1888; Margaret, August 8, 1889, married James Burlington and resides in Bryn Mawr; George Jr., September 12, 1890, died January 22, 1905; Frances, August 31, 1892; Mary, September 15, 1894; Patrick Leo, March 18, 1899. Mr. Strain is a broad-minded man, of strong character, kindly disposition and is esteemed by all. He is ever ready to lend his influence and support to any cause operating for the good of society.

ARMSTRONG John Armstrong Jr., son of John Armstrong Sr., was born in the North of Ireland, February 16, 1844. He was brought to this country by his parents in 1847, and resided in Avondale until twelve years of age. He received his education in the public

schools of Ridley township, and he remembered with kindest feelings his first teacher, Harry Donaldson, who gave him the best of instruction and advice. He began life as a wage earner in the woolen factory of Simeon Lord, continuing with him until his enlistment as a soldier during the civil war, and after the cessation of hostilities he settled in Rose Valley, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he entered the employ of Antrum Osborn in the capacity of boss carder in his woolen mill, and he was in his service continuously for a period of twenty years, until the total destruction of the mills by fire. He had previously purchased property in Darby, Pennsylvania, whither he removed after the fire, locating in one of his own houses there, remaining to the present time. He secured a position in the United States custom house in Philadelphia under Thomas Cooper, remaining in government employ twenty-one years, resigning in June, 1912, leaving behind him a record for efficiency and faithfulness in the performance of duty. He has always been a staunch adherent of Republican principles, been active in public affairs, serving as a member of the borough council, but resigning before the completion of his second term, and was assessor and collector of the borough for twelve years, his tenure of office being noted for conscientious service. In religious faith he is a Presbyterian. During his many years of active labor, Mr. Armstrong has been faithful to every trust reposed in him, whether public or private, and is held in high regard by those who have the honor of his acquaintance. He manifested his loyalty and patriotism by offering his service in behalf of his country during the trying time of the civil war, enlisting in Company I, One Hundred and Ninety-seventh Regiment Infantry, serving until honorably discharged in 1864. Mr. Armstrong keeps in touch with his fellow soldiers by membership in Bradbury Post, Grand Army of the Republic. Upon his discharge from the government service he returned to his home and resumed his usual vocation.

Mr. Armstrong married Annie Creighton, born in Ridley township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1844, died in December, 1884, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Ewing) Creighton, the former named born in Ireland. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong: 1. William E., serving as foreman in the factory of Harrison's Chemical Company; married Jennie Whipp. 2. Lillian M., teacher of Domestic Science. 3. Ernest, lost his life in a fire in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 25, 1901. 4. Annie E., deceased. 5. Thomas J., serving as sales manager and secretary of Harrison's Chemical Company, of Philadelphia; married Gertrude Chaundy; resides in Colwyn, Pennsylvania. 6. Jennie, married Rev. Henry W. Miller, a minister of the Presbyterian church, pastor of a church in Baltimore, Maryland. 7. Albert H., serving as chief of bureau of anthracite coal statistics, Philadelphia; married Mabel Haslam.

ARMSTRONG Thomas Armstrong, a highly respected and prominent resident of Wallingford, is a native of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, born May 8, 1848, son of John Armstrong, who was a native of the North of Ireland, from whence he emigrated to this country in 1847, locating in the state of Pennsylvania.

Thomas Armstrong obtained his education in the schools of Delaware county. At the age of sixteen he enlisted from Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 3, 1864, in Company B, Two Hundred and Third Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was assigned to the Tenth Corps, Army of the Potomac, participating in the following engagements: Chapins Farm, September 28, 1864; New Market Road, September 30, 1864; Darby Town Road, October 27, 1864; Fort Fisher, December 24-25, 1864, and January 13-15, 1865; Wilmington, North Carolina, February 18, 1865. He joined General Sherman's

army at Goldsboro and marched through the Carolinas to Raleigh, where General Johnson surrendered, April 8, 1865. Other members of the Armstrong family also offered their services and served faithfully, thus making a creditable record of military service in the civil war, namely: William Armstrong, served in Company F, Fifteenth Regiment Pennsylvania Cavalry; Oliver Cromwell Armstrong, served in Company C, First Regiment Pennsylvania Reserves; John Armstrong, served in Company I, One Hundred and Ninety-seventh Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. After the war was over Thomas Armstrong was appointed to a position in the United States mint at Philadelphia. He married Anne Elizabeth Hollingsworth, born March 19, 1848, at the old homestead, "The Views," on the Rose Valley road, Wallingford, Pennsylvania, where she still resides. She attended the public school at Wallingford and Rev. J. W. Dale's Private School at Media, Pennsylvania. The following members of the Hollingsworth family also served in the civil war, namely: Joel Hollingsworth, in Company B, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and John Ham Hollingsworth, who enlisted April 19, 1861, in Company F, the first company from Delaware county to respond to the call for troops.

Anna H. Armstrong, daughter of Thomas and Anne Elizabeth (Hollingsworth) Armstrong, was born in Wallingford, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1887. She is a graduate of Wallingford high school, class of 1903; Swarthmore high school, class of 1905, and of Swarthmore College, class of 1909, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts. During the summers of 1911 and 1912 she was a student of the University of Pennsylvania Summer School. After her graduation Miss Armstrong was appointed a teacher in the Wallingford high school, a position she most capably and satisfactorily fills. Perhaps no county in Pennsylvania can show so many educational institutions of a public and private nature as can Delaware county, grading from kindergarten to college. This abundance of opportunity has resulted in a high percentage of highly qualified graduates who have gone out from these institutions to grace the school rooms of the county and impart to others the results of their own years of special preparation, and among these is Miss Armstrong. She is a member of the Somerville Society of Swarthmore College, and interested in the different phases of woman's work. In religious faith she is a Presbyterian.

In taking up the personal history of Delos Culver, deceased, late of New York City, and whose widow is now the postmistress of Addingham, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, we have before us the life record of one who has long been prominently and honorably connected with important business interests, and who, by the faithful discharge of all the duties of public and private life, and by his support of all measures for the public good, became a valued citizen of the community.

Delos Culver was born in England, August 29, 1835, and died May 19, 1905. He was about six years of age when his parents emigrated to the United States, so that in almost everything except the actual fact of birth, he was an American, and he always had the welfare of his adopted country deeply at heart. He was educated in the public schools of New York City, where his parents had made their home, and studied the profession of civil engineering. Soon after receiving his degree as civil engineer, he opened offices for the practice of his profession in New York City, and was engaged in general work of this kind for many years. The reputation he established for himself resulted in his receiving important contracts, and these necessitated his making trips to all parts of the United States, although he always considered New York City as his head-

quarters. He was a devout member of the Episcopal church, and was liberal in his support of this institution.

Mr. Culver married, 1879, Anna Collop and they had children: 1. Edward D., is a mill worker and resides in Addingham. 2. Marie, is a clerk in the post office and lives with her mother. 3. Delosa, is in the employ of the Kershaw Textile Mills. 4. Delos, is an assistant at the Academy of Natural Science, in Philadelphia, and bids fair to become a great scientist. Mrs. Culver and her children adhere to the Roman Catholic religion which was that of her ancestors.

Mrs. Anna (Collop) Culver was born in France, a daughter of Frederick and Elizabeth (Roller) Collop, and at the age of six years was brought to this country by her parents, who made their home in the city of New York. He died in 1873, while his wife died in 1906. Mr. Collop was a chemist by profession, and served his adopted country bravely during the Mexican war. Mrs. Culver was the only child of her parents. She is a woman of great mentality and of exceptional executive ability and business tact. In August, 1897, she took up her residence at Addingham, Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and, April 2, 1904, she was appointed postmistress of Addingham, an office she has filled very capably since that time. She has purchased the Burnley estate on Darby creek and resides at that place with her family.

CRIDLAND The Cridland family, of Fernwood, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is one which has been favorably known in every community in which they have resided, and in which they have borne their share toward contributing to the general prosperity. They have earned a reputation for industry and uprightness, and have been an ornament to the towns in which they have made their homes. When the country has been in need of brave men to defend its rights they have ever been in the foremost ranks to volunteer their services, and these have been as brave as they were freely given. They came to this country from England, the immigrant, who was a wealthy gentleman, settling in Philadelphia where he occupied a fine mansion. He died at an early age leaving the following named children: Meriam, married ——— Healy, and resided in Philadelphia; Rebecca, died unmarried; Sylvester, see forward; Isaiah, a druggist and physician of Philadelphia; Leander, a carpenter in Philadelphia; John and Nathan, wealthy men of the leisure class.

Sylvester Cridland, son of the immigrant, was born in Philadelphia county in 1812, and died there in 1854. He was a man of fine and liberal education, and devoted a large part of his time to public affairs. He affiliated with the Democratic party, and served several terms in the state legislature. He was also the incumbent of a number of municipal offices. Unfortunately for the affairs of the city he died at an early age. He and his wife were members of the Episcopal church. He married Sarah Murrey, born in Philadelphia county in 1810, died in 1852, whose ancestors had been in America for many generations and owned a large estate at Bustleton, on the Delaware river. She had a brother, John, who was a turnkey in the jail at Norristown, Pennsylvania, and one sister, Elizabeth, who married John Geiss. Mr. and Mrs. Cridland had children: Alice, who married William Keif, a local statesman, and postmaster of West Philadelphia, both deceased; Sylvester, see forward; John, who served in the Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry during the civil war, is unmarried, and a great traveler.

Sylvester (2) Cridland, son of Sylvester (1) and Sarah (Murrey) Cridland, was born in Manayunk, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, August 27, 1840. The public schools furnished his education, and he was a pupil at the

grammar school at Twelfth and Locust streets until he was fourteen years of age. He then left school and had several occupations until the outbreak of the civil war. He enlisted, June 3, 1861, in the United States Marine Corps. He was in active service at the first battle of Bull Run, and in the siege of Charleston; he helped storm Fort Sumter, and was identified with this momentous struggle until its close, when he was mustered out at the navy yard in Philadelphia, June 3, 1865. He spent no time in idling, but at once sought a position, which he found as a conductor on the Market street railroad, in which he remained one year. Having established himself in the flour and feed business in West Philadelphia, he conducted this for one year. His next venture was in the new and secondhand furniture business, which he carried on for a period of three years, and abandoned in favor of carpentering. All this time he had been living in Philadelphia, but in 1887 he removed to Fernwood, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he erected the house in which he is living at the present time, at No. 23 Church Lane. Gradually he drifted from the carpentering to the general contracting business with which he has now been extensively identified for many years. He has had his office and shop at No. 1633 Camack street, Philadelphia, for more than thirty-five years, and has been prosperous in the extreme in the building and general contracting lines. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party, and he is a member of Eastern Star Lodge, No. 186, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Cridland married, November 8, 1867, Elizabeth Letitia Van Fleet, who was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1849. She is the daughter and only child of George and Mary Ann Van Fleet, who formerly lived in Philadelphia, and various other places, but have made their home in Fernwood for the past thirty years. He was a blacksmith by occupation, and during the civil war was a sutler with the Sixth Pennsylvania Cavalry Regiment. Mr. Van Fleet died in 1905, while his wife died in 1903. Mr. and Mrs. Cridland have one child: George Sylvester, born August 16, 1868, who married Emma Hinkle. He lives in Fernwood, where he is in the pool table business, and has been very successful financially. He has business connections throughout the United States.

CONAHAN T. Francis Conahan, the well known and popular proprietor of the Garrettford Hotel, one of the best known hostleries in that thriving town, is a native of Wilmington, Delaware, born March 22, 1865, son of Cornelius and Roseanne (Gallagher) Conahan.

Cornelius Conahan was born in county Donegal, Ireland, 1836, died in 1906, his parents having been born, lived and died in Ireland, and they had a number of children, three of whom came to the United States, namely: Cornelius, Anne and Catherine, the others remaining in their native land. Cornelius Conahan was reared and educated in his native county, coming to this country in early manhood; he located in Clifton, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1848. He learned the trade of dyeing cloth at Rockdale, Pennsylvania, and was employed for some time with Mr. Samuel Riddle. Later he established a dye house in Wilmington, Delaware, conducting the same successfully for thirteen years, after which he removed to Chester, Pennsylvania, where he resided for the remainder of his days, being employed in the Blakeley Mills. He married, at St. James' Church, Philadelphia, Roseanne Gallagher, born in county Donegal, Ireland, 1833, died in 1891, daughter of James and Jane Gallagher, who were the parents of six children, only one of whom is living at the present time (1913) Bridget Smith, of Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher came to the United States about 1850 and

located in Kellyville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where they spent their remaining years. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Conahan: 1. Catherine, married Cornelius Lanahan; resides in Chester. 2. James, engaged in the bottling business; married Anna Ross; resides in Philadelphia. 3. Edward, a baseball umpire, was in the Jersey League, National League and Southern League; married Bessie Doyle. 4. T. Francis, of whom further.

T. Francis Conahan, son of Cornelius and Roseanne (Gallagher) Conahan, attended the public schools of Wilmington and St. Michael's Parochial School of Chester, Pennsylvania, completing his studies at the age of sixteen years. He then secured employment in a cotton mill and eventually became a beamer, which line of work he followed for two decades, becoming an expert. Being prudent and thrifty, as well as industrious, he accumulated sufficient capital to invest in some more remunerative employment, and accordingly in February, 1912, purchased the Garrettford Hotel, which is well furnished and modern in every respect. He is genial and pleasant in disposition, an ideal host, and therefore has not only retained the patronage of the old guests of the house, but has considerably increased the number who find entertainment and other creature comforts. He is a Roman Catholic in religion, that being the religious faith of his ancestors, and is a Democrat in politics. He is a member of the Independent Order of Foresters, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the Catholic Benevolent Legion and the Sodality of St. Michael's Church, of Chester.

Mr. Conahan married, April 18, 1895, Anna Brennan, born in Chester, Pennsylvania, daughter of James and Mary Brennan, both deceased, who were the parents of one other child, Patrick Brennan, a priest, in charge of St. Patrick's Parish, Wilmington, Delaware. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Conahan: John, born February 18, 1896, attends St. Joseph's College in Philadelphia; Mary, born February 6, 1897; J. Francis Jr., born May 6, 1900; Rose, born January 3, 1903; Ellen, born May 19, 1905, died August 12, 1911; Anna, born January 19, 1909; James, born September 8, 1911. Mr. Conahan is a man of quiet, home-loving tastes, and is devoted to his family, taking a great interest in the welfare and education of his children, of whom he is justly proud.

BREARLEY James Brearley, one of the thrifty and prosperous residents of the town of Cardington, in the welfare of which he takes an active interest, and where he erected a substantial and comfortable house in the year 1892, in which he still resides, is a native of England, his ancestors on both sides being natives of that country, where their entire lives were spent.

Abram Brearley, the first of the line of whom we have definite information, was born, lived and died in England, his active years being spent in the cultivation of a small farm, of which he was the owner, and in working as weaver in the woolen mills. He and his wife, Alice Brearley, were members of the Church of England, in which faith they reared their children, five in number, namely: John, of whom further; Hannah, married Benjamin Ayer, and with him came to this country, locating in Illinois; Samuel, deceased, was a weaver in England; Mary, died in England; Elizabeth, married William Scofield, resided in England.

John Brearley, son of Abram and Alice Brearley, was born in Millrow, Lancashire, England, 1826, died there, in 1893. After completing his studies he learned the trade of machinist, and for the entire period of his active career was employed in Mason's Iron Works, devoted to the manufacture of textile machinery. A few years prior to his death he paid a visit to his son, James, in Cardington, Pennsylvania, remaining for two months, and deriving there-

from a great amount of pleasure. He married Mary Shepherd, born in Millrow, England, 1826, died 1891, daughter of ——— and Mollie Shepherd, who lived and died in England, and who were the parents of four other children: Thomas, James, Louis, Elizabeth. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Brearley: Alice, died in infancy; Thomas, foreman in a coal mine in England, married Amelia ———; Louis, deceased; James, of whom further; Alice Ann, died aged nine years; John, deceased.

James Brearley, son of John and Mary (Shepherd) Brearley, was born in Millrow, Lancashire, England, March 27, 1856. He attended the public schools of the neighborhood, and at the early age of eight years, when school was not in session, he worked in the woolen mills, being employed in the spinning department, in which branch of the work he has continued to the present time, and when thirteen years of age left school and thereafter devoted his entire time to work, being a spinner of yarn. In 1888, accompanied by his family, he immigrated to the United States, settling in West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he was employed in Henry's Woolen Mills for nine months, and then entered the employ of Wolfenden, Shore & Company, at Cardington, with whom he still continues to labor, and since 1893 has acted as overseer of their spinning department, giving entire satisfaction in this capacity, he being well qualified by long experience for the duties of the position. He casts his vote for the candidates of the Republican party, and is actively affiliated with the Improved Order of Red Men.

Mr. Brearley married, December 25, 1880, Ellen Anne Ormby, born in Millrow, Lancashire, England, daughter of Benjamin and Mary Ormby, the former named, now deceased, having served as foreman in a coal mine in England. Children: Edwin, born July 10, 1882, married Mary Almer; William, born July 6, 1884, a foreman on a railroad, married Mary Rogers. Mr. Brearley is a man of character and standing in the community, and is generally popular and well liked.

In the business and social life of Ardmore, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, the figure of Oliver Trill has been a prominent one for many years, and to his discretion, foresight and superior ability is due the splendid success which has crowned his efforts. He has never sought honors of a political or public nature of any kind, but his example is probably of more benefit to the majority of mankind by force of true merit, than that of heroes, statesmen and warriors. In addition to his business interests his energies have long been devoted to plans for the furtherance of enterprises which have had for their object the uplifting of mankind in general. Honorable in business, loyal in citizenship, charitable in thought, his life is the highest type of Christian manhood.

His grandparents on both sides lived and died in England. One uncle, John Trill, served with honor in the British army. His father, Edwin Trill, was born at Epsom, county Surrey, England, 1834, and died in 1893. His entire life was spent in Brighton, England, where he also learned his trade of printing. He established himself in business independently at the age of eighteen years, and edited and published the *Brighton Dolphin*, the leading newspaper of the town. The public affairs of the town engaged a large share of his time and attention, and he served for a considerable length of time as a member of the city council. In 1891 he retired from active business life. He married Elizabeth Farrar, born in Brighton, England, 1831, died in 1888, a grand-niece of the celebrated Rev. Farrar, archbishop of Canterbury. They had children: Henry James, deceased, was associated with his father under

the firm name of Trill & Sons; Clara, deceased, married James Batton, superintendent of Guy's Hospital, London, England; Edwin, a solicitor of Brighton, England; Charles, deceased, was also a member of the firm of Trill & Sons; Oliver, of whom further; Grace, married and lives in England; Harold, senior councilman of St. Pancras district, the largest ward of London, England, is now in line for the office of lord mayor of the city of London; Florence, lives in London with Harold.

Oliver Trill was born in Brighton, county Sussex, England, April 6, 1864. He attended private schools in his native town until he was twelve years of age, when he commenced to learn the art of architectural drafting, under the preceptorship of George Griffith, of Scarboro, with whom he was associated for a period of five years. In 1881 he joined the English army, being with the Fifteenth Hussars seven years, when he was honorably discharged, with the rank of sergeant-major, the highest non-commissioned office in the army. For some time he had been considering the idea of emigrating to America, thinking that the new world offered better opportunities for an ambitious young man than the old. Accordingly, in 1888, he took passage for the United States, and was landed at New York. Six weeks were spent in that city, after which he went to Philadelphia, and for a period of five years was occupied in real estate affairs, principally with the purchase and sale of houses. Thirteen years were then spent in the insurance business in Philadelphia, and he then became identified with carpentering and building work. In 1896 he located at his present home at Ardmore Park, Haverford township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he has since resided. He does a large business in erecting and selling houses. His religious affiliations are with the Church of England.

Mr. Trill married, October 26, 1893, Martha, born at Mount Pleasant, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Hugh and Ellen (Arkens) Houn, both of Irish extraction and the former a gardener. Children: Edwin, born September 15, 1894; Ellen, September 21, 1896; Florence, May 14, 1898; Edna, February 17, 1900; Charles, February 26, 1902. The well spent life of Mr. Trill commends him to the confidence and esteem of all with whom he has been brought in contact and his reputation in business as well as in private life is unassailable.

One of the enterprising and substantial business men of the COCKER younger generation at Clifton Heights, Pennsylvania, is Robert K. Cocker, who is here most successfully engaged in the cigar business. He was born in West Philadelphia, January 3, 1882, and is a son of James L. Cocker, who is now living, at the age of seventy years. The father was born in Manchester, England, April 19, 1843, and immigrated thence to America. He was engaged in business during many years of his active career, but is now living in retirement from the strenuous cares of business life. He married Mary Burk, of Darby Creek, and to them were born eleven children, three of whom are living, in 1913, namely: Thomas, James, Robert K.

Robert K. Cocker was educated in the public schools of West Philadelphia, and he initiated his active business career as a clerk in a grocery store. He later engaged in business for himself, opening a first-class cigar store at Clifton Heights. December 22, 1912, he purchased the McNamee property on the corner of Diamond and Baltimore avenues and there intends to locate permanently. He has built up a splendid trade for himself, his genial disposition, courtesy and affability bringing many patrons to his place of business. He has been a member of the financial committee of Clifton Heights for the past fourteen years, and in his fraternal affiliations he is a valued member of

the Ancient Order of Foresters. Mr. Cocker is unmarried. He is deeply and sincerely interested in public affairs and his citizenship has ever been characterized by a desire to promote all measures and enterprises advanced for the good of the general welfare.

The Carr family of Aldan, Pennsylvania, is a recent one in this CARR country, there having been but one native born generation. The earliest ancestor of whom there is record is Charles Carr, a farmer of Ireland, where he spent his entire life. He was a member of the Roman Catholic church. He married Julia ———, and had issue: John, Edward, Henry, of further mention; Charles Patrick.

Henry Carr, son of Charles and Julia Carr, was born in Ireland where he died, aged forty-nine years. He obtained his education in the common schools, and followed the shoe business all his life. He was a strong upholder of the home rule policy, and a member of the Roman Catholic church. He married Mary, daughter of Charles Dowds, a farmer, died aged eighty-four years, and Margaret (O'Donnell) Dowds, who is still living aged sixty-five years. Children of Henry and Mary (Dowds) Carr: James, married Margaret Quinn; Charles, married Frances Dougherty; Elizabeth, married Peter McDevitt; Margaret, deceased; Rose, died in infancy; Thomas, died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, aged eighteen years; William, lives at St. Petersburg, Florida; George, lives in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Henry, of further mention.

Henry (2) Carr, son of Henry (1) and Mary (Dowds) Carr, was born in Derry, Ireland, November 22, 1873. At the age of sixteen he came to the United States; was educated in the public schools, and was employed for the early years of his life by the Thomas Kent Manufacturing Company of Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. His present employment is as policeman for the borough of Aldan. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church, and a Republican in politics.

He married, May 4, 1894, Margaret, daughter of Bernard Kane, a farmer of Ireland. Children of Bernard Kane: Catherine; Margaret, of previous mention, married Henry (2) Carr; Joseph, lives in Chicago, Illinois; Mary Ellen, deceased; Arthur, lives in Ireland; Bernard, a foreman in the Baldwin Locomotive Works; John, deceased. Children of Henry (2) and Margaret (Kane) Carr: Eleanor, Julia, Margaret, Roslyn, Elizabeth, Henry, Pauline, died in infancy; Anna.

William Jehu Sharpless, prominent among the younger SHARPLESS business men of Lansdowne, a member of the firm of Sharpless & Sharpless, proprietors of a modern, first-class haberdashery, which ranks among the finest in that section of the state, is a representative of a family whose interests have been interwoven with the development and progress of the various communities in which they have resided.

Caleb Sharpless, the first of the line herein recorded of whom we have definite information, was born in Ashland, Delaware, attended its common schools, followed the pursuit of agriculture there, and there died, lamented by all who had the honor of his acquaintance, as his life was filled with good deeds, which live in the minds of others after we have passed on. He and his wife, Martha (Dixon) Sharpless, also a native of Ashland, Delaware, were Quakers in their religious belief. Among their children was Caleb, of whom further.

Caleb (2) Sharpless, son of Caleb (1) and Martha (Dixon) Sharpless, was born in Ashland, Delaware, died in Westboro, Pennsylvania, 1908. After

completing a common school education, he gave his attention to the tilling of the soil, being inured to farm labor, and from this occupation derived a comfortable livelihood. He adhered to the religious tenets of the Quakers, and cast his vote for the candidates of the Republican party. He married Rebecca T. Hoopes, born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Joel and Rebecca T. Hoopes, of New Garten township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, Quakers in religious belief, the former named an extensive farmer and landholder, and they were the parents of a large family, all of whom are deceased with the exception of Phoebe, unmarried, who resides in Wilmington, Delaware. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Sharpless: 1. Joel H. 2. Mary, married Charles Marshall; resides in West Chester. 3. Annie, unmarried; resides in West Chester. 4. Melinda, unmarried; resides in West Chester. 5. Ella, married Edmund B. Spencer; resides in New London, Chester county, Pennsylvania. 6. Edith, married Montgomery Ball; resides in Emeryville, Pennsylvania. 7. Phoebe, married Spencer P. Chandler, Jr.; resides in Dayton, Ohio. 8. Edna, married David Wilson; resides in Kesson, Delaware. 9. Martha. 10. William Jehu, of whom further. The mother of these children is residing at the present time (1913) in West Chester, Pennsylvania, loved and revered by her children and respected and esteemed by a wide circle of friends.

William J. Sharpless, son of Caleb (2) and Rebecca T. (Hoopes) Sharpless, was born in Kennett Square, Chester county, Pennsylvania, December 28, 1867. He acquired a practical education by attending the public schools and Martin Academy in Kennett Square, and began his business career by securing employment in the mercantile line, which he thoroughly mastered by perseverance and persistency, his object being to follow that line of work, and in 1903, feeling thoroughly qualified to engage in business on his own account, established a gents furnishing store in Lansdowne, this having two entrances, one on one street and one on another, the store running through the block, this being a decided advantage as he gained customers from both streets. In due course of time his business increased to such an extent that he had to enlarge his quarters and accordingly in May, 1913, he removed to No. 125 South Broad street, where he is conducting business under the style of Sharpless & Sharpless, his store ranking among the leading enterprises, being well stocked with goods of a high quality, entirely up-to-date, and the service throughout is of the best. Mr. Sharpless is respected by all with whom he is brought in contact, either in business or social life, for his sterling integrity of character, and cordially and sincerely esteemed for his many excellent characteristics. He is a member of the Baptist church of Lansdowne, the Lansdowne Country Club and the New Aronimink Country Club.

Mr. Sharpless married in 1895, Mary Y. Yeatnam, daughter of John C. Yeatnam, of the borough of Kennett Square, Pennsylvania. Children: Margaret L., Grant J., John H., living; Harold C., deceased. Mrs. Sharpless is a Quakeress in religion.

YOCUM The men who succeed in any enterprise in life, the generals who win their spurs on the field of battle, the financiers who amass wealth—are the men who have confidence in themselves and the courage of their convictions. There is a time in every man's life when he reaches the conclusion that envy is ignorance; that imitation is suicide and that though the world is full of good, no good thing comes to him without self-reliance and the power to gain results. The man who trusts himself and who plans well his part on the stage of life is a success. A strong and sterling character is like an acrostic—read it forward or backward

or across—it still spells the same thing. Alonzo Heap Yocum, a civil engineer by profession, has gained remarkable prominence in construction work and as a surveyor in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he has resided during practically the entire period of his life thus far. In 1911 he was elected surveyor of this county and he is still serving in that capacity.

The Yocum family is one of old standing in the Keystone commonwealth. Isaac C. Yocum, grandfather of Alonzo H. Yocum, was born in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 12, 1799, the year in which General Washington died. He was reared a farmer and for many years was interested in farming operations. He spent much of his life in Philadelphia and for years conducted a butcher shop on the corner of Sixty-seventh street and Woodland avenue. He was an old-line Whig in his political affiliations and although a public-spirited citizen could never be prevailed upon to run for office of any description. His demise occurred in Philadelphia, in 1866, at the age of sixty-seven years. He married Susan Gardner and they had the following children: Frances, Margaret, Naomi, Peter G., Isaac C., Jacob H., Sarah L. and William G. All of the sons except William G., who was a mere child at the time of the inception of the war, were gallant Union soldiers. The mother died in 1884 and she and her husband were devout members of the Methodist Episcopal church, in which he was a member of the board of trustees and Sunday school superintendent.

William G. Yocum was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, April 17, 1848. He passed his boyhood and youth in that metropolis and attended the old Davidson School, on the corner of Pascall avenue and Grover lane. He was thirteen years old when the civil war broke out and was left at home to assist his father when the three older brothers enlisted for service in the Union ranks. After leaving school he learned the trade of butchering under the able tutelage of his father and he has continued to follow that line of business during the long intervening years to the present time, in 1913. For a number of years he has been a resident of Darby. He is a shrewd business man and a patriotic citizen; he is independent in his political views. Mr. Yocum married (first) Anna Heap, and (second) Helen Weber. Anna Heap Yocum was born in Valley Forge and she was a daughter of Joshua Heap, a prominent mill man in Darby, where he died in 1872, aged fifty-two years. Following are brief data concerning the children of Joshua Heap: Susanna, married Andrew Buchanan and she is deceased; Alonzo, married Mary Mackey; Anna, married Mr. Yocum; Adeline, married William Crawford; Harriet, married George S. Drewes; Susanna and Anna are deceased. William G. and Anna (Heap) Yocum became the parents of six children: W. H., married Alice Smith; Alonzo H., of whom further; Joseph K., married Alice Sutcliff; William G. Jr., married Helen Baker; G. D., married Sarah E. Judge; Elizabeth, died in infancy. Mrs. Yocum was a Methodist in her religious faith.

Alonzo Heap Yocum was born at Darby, Pennsylvania, May 27, 1874. His primary education was obtained in the public schools of Darby and later he was graduated from the Williamson Trade School. Subsequently he pursued a special course of study in the Drexel Institute and then took up civil engineering in Drexel College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Civil Engineering. He then spent a year studying special building construction and in 1895 was ready to begin active work as a civil engineer. He has followed this profession ever since and has won marked success and considerable renown for his fine construction work throughout this section of the state. In 1911 he was honored by his fellow citizens with election to the office of surveyor of Delaware county for a four year term. He is

also the efficient incumbent of the office of borough surveyor of Colwyn and of Collingdale, and is borough engineer of Darby township. Mr. Yocum's success is the result of close application to work and an excellent preparation for his profession. Politically Mr. Yocum is a stalwart Republican and he manifests a deep and sincere interest in local politics. He is a member of the Darby borough school board, of which he was president for several years and of which he has been treasurer for the past four years. Fraternally he is affiliated with Fernwood Lodge, No. 543, Free and Accepted Masons, of Philadelphia; and with Orphans Rest Lodge, No. 132, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Darby. He and his family attend services at the Methodist Episcopal church in Darby.

June 27, 1900, Mr. Yocum was united in marriage to Hannah D. Morgan, of Ashland, Pennsylvania, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Hemmingray) Morgan, the latter of whom is deceased. Mr. Morgan was born in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, and for many years past he has resided in Darby, where he controls a fine business in coal, lumber and builders' supplies. For his second wife Mr. Morgan married Henrietta Gotshall, who is still living. Mrs. Yocum had one sister who died young. There is one daughter in the Yocum family, Elizabeth Hemmingray, whose birth occurred December 6, 1902.

Among the successful and enterprising business men of Clifton WOLF Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, whose energetic and forceful methods of conducting business have enabled them to acquire considerable wealth, is Samuel D. Wolf, who in a comparatively few years has placed himself at the head of a large business venture. While not a native of this country, he has on every occasion when it was appropriate to do so shown his love for the country of his adoption.

Samuel D. Wolf was born in Grodne, Poland, Russia, December 17, 1871. He was educated in the public schools of his native country, and when he had attained the age of about twenty-two years became associated with his father in the dry goods business in Russia. A very short time in this line of business in Russia convinced him that the prospects for advancement there were not favorable, and he determined to come to the United States. This was in the year 1893, and upon his arrival in America he located in Long Branch, New Jersey, and there established himself in the same line of business. He remained there three years, then removed to Lenni, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and at the expiration of a few years removed to Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1900, and his business activities have been confined to this center since that time. He established a Five and Ten Cent Store, which he has conducted on such progressive and attractive lines that it is now one of the largest of its kind in the entire county, and is constantly increasing in scope and attractiveness. Mr. Wolf has dignified his business by his industrious and conscientious efforts, and his executive ability is of an unusually high order. He takes a deep interest in all matters concerning the public welfare of the community in which he resides, and those affecting the welfare of the country at large, and gives his active support to the principles of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the Beth Israel Temple of which he is a liberal supporter. He is a member of several fraternal organizations, these being: Empire Lodge, No. 167, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Long Branch, New Jersey; Court Delaware, No. 87, Ancient Order of Foresters.

Mr. Wolf married, January 26, 1902, Elizabeth Cohen, and they have been blessed with two children: Alexander and Morton. Mr. Wolf is a well read

and well informed man, and is a creditable type of the foreigner who has come to the shores of this country, and made his way to a prominent position in spite of the additional difficulties he was naturally called upon to contend with.

The Whittakers descend from an old English family, the first of this branch to come to the United States being James Whittaker, born at New Mills, Lancastershire, England. He was a spinner by trade, and a member of the Church of England. He married Mary, daughter of James Houghton; children: William, now of Eddystone, Pennsylvania; Daniel, now of Philadelphia; George Howard, of whom further; and two who died in infancy.

George Howard Whittaker was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 9, 1867. He was educated in the public schools, and early in life learned the painter's trade. Later he abandoned that trade and learned plastering. He is a resident of Clifton Heights, Delaware county and is now engaged in contracting. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Minnie, daughter of Edward Pilling; children: Edward, James, William, Earl, George H.

The emigrant ancestor of the Williamsons of this record is Daniel Williamson, who came from England under a contract to work for Robert Taylor, of Little Leigh, Cheshire, in the year 1682. He received from Taylor fifty acres and from the proprietary fifty acres of good land in Marple township (now) in Delaware, then Chester county. He married, in 1685, Mary Smith, and eventually moved to Newtown township. He was a member of the Society of Friends, a man of influence, and frequently represented Chester county in the provincial assembly. He died in 1727, while a member of that body. Children: Robert, born 10 mo. 3, 1686, married Hannah Coppock; Daniel, born 8 mo. 6, 1688, married Hannah Malin; John, born 7 mo. 11, 1690, a minister of the Society of Friends, married Sarah Smedley; Mary, born 7 mo. 25, 1692, married Myrick Davies; Thomas, of further mention; Joseph, born 2 mo. 25, 1697, married Mary Yearsley (?); Margaret, born 12 mo. 12, 1698, married Joshua Thomson; Abigail, married (first) John Yarnall, (second) William Garrett.

Thomas Williamson, son of Daniel and Mary (Smith) Williamson, was born 10 mo. 10, 1694. He married Ann Malin and settled in Edgmont township, now Delaware county. Children: Margaret, born October 29, 1718, married Nathan Hoopes; Ann, born December 22, 1720; Thomas, of further mention; Mary, born May 29, 1726; Daniel, born October 8, 1728; William, born August 5, 1731, married his cousin, Sarah Hoopes, and settled in Thornbury township, Chester county; Robert, born July 9, 1738.

Thomas (2) Williamson, son of Thomas (1) and Ann (Malin) Williamson, was born July 3, 1724. He married Abigail Jefferies and lived in Chester county. Children: George, Gideon, of further mention, William, Thomas Emor, Elizabeth.

Gideon Williamson, son of Thomas (2) and Abigail (Jefferies) Williamson, was born in West Chester, Pennsylvania, in 1750. He married and had issue including a son Thomas Taylor.

Thomas Taylor Williamson, son of Gideon Williamson, was born at the Forks of the Brandywine in 1780. He married Mary, daughter of Joshua Smith, who brought him a dowry of a handsome residence and one hundred and one acres of good farm land that is yet owned in the family. On the front

of the house is the date, 1758, and the letters I. S. Thomas Taylor and Mary Williamson had issue.

Gideon (2) Williamson, son of Thomas Taylor and Mary (Smith) Williamson, was born at Pughtown, Chester county, Pennsylvania, January 28, 1811, died in April, 1874. He spent all his days on the old homestead, where he lived a life of activity and usefulness, taking an active interest in all local happenings, especially in politics, supporting the Democratic party. In religious faith he was a Friend, his wife a Presbyterian. He married (first) Eleanor Pennock, (second) Elizabeth Heyworth Levis, died in Thornbury township, Chester county. Child of first marriage: Mary Ellen, married Joseph Hickman. Children of second marriage: Thomas Taylor, born January 31, 1845, married Sarah Pyle; Joseph Pennock, born November 15, 1847, married Stella Fawcett; Lewis Smith, of further mention; Wilmer Worthington, died December 5, 1878; James F. Talbot, born January 28, 1854, married Amelia Pyle; John Gilpin, born April, 1856; George Brinton, born 1858, died in childhood; John Brinton, born 1862, married Hattie Guest; Samuel Augée, twin of John Brinton, married Lena Darlington; Mary Ann, born 1866, married George Brinton; Sarah Emma, twin of Mary Ann, married William Darlington.

Lewis Smith Williamson, son of Gideon (2) and Elizabeth Heyworth (Levis) Williamson, was born at Brandywine Summit, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 4, 1850. He obtained his education in the public schools and at Shortlidge's Academy, spending his earlier years on the home farm. For forty-three years of his active business career he was employed in the Reading terminal market at Philadelphia, later engaging in general farming, at which he has been very successful. His political party is the Democratic, whose platform and principles he strongly defends. Both he and his wife were members of St. John's Episcopal Church at Wilmington, which for seventeen years he served well and faithfully as junior warden. He married, December 5, 1878, Laura J. Hollahan, died June 7, 1907, aged fifty-six years, daughter of James Hollahan, a professor in the Maryland Academy, died at Emmitsburg, Maryland, 1861, buried at Mount St. Mary's Cemetery, and Eliza Jane (Hayes) Hollahan. Children of Lewis Smith and Laura J. Williamson: John, born September 29, 1885, died October 3, 1885; Francis Hollahan, of further mention.

Francis Hollahan Williamson, son of Lewis Smith and Laura J. (Hollahan) Williamson, was born on the family homestead at Wilmington, Delaware, November 10, 1889. He obtained an excellent education at Morrison's select school and Wilmington Military Academy, both of Wilmington, and at the Episcopal Academy, one of Philadelphia's foremost educational institutions. He decided upon farming as his calling in life and has since followed that occupation in Brandywine Summit. His political inclinations are Democratic, and he belongs to Concord Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons.

The Voelkers of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, trace their VOELKER ancestry to Adam Joseph Voelker, born at Spessart-Asharffenburg, Bavaria, Germany, in 1787, died in Germany, 1857. He was in the Bavarian military service all his life. He married and had children: August, died in Germany, aged sixty years; Adam Joseph, of further mention.

Adam Joseph (2) Voelker, son of Adam Joseph (1) Voelker, was born in Spessart-Asharffenburg, Bavaria, Germany, December 14, 1823, died there 1905, aged eighty-two years. He was educated in what corresponds to our preparatory schools, called a gymnasium in Germany, and when eighteen years

of age entered the government service as forester. This is a very prominent position in Germany, because of the immense stress laid upon the preservation of forests in that country. It was his duty to see that all decayed and useless trees were removed from the forest, and whenever it was necessary to remove a tree, to attend to the planting of two others in its place. Germany is far in the lead of other countries of the world in her conservation of natural resources and the position of forester is one of the many responsible offices the government has created. He was pensioned at the age of seventy-two years and retired on full pay. With his wife he was a member of the Catholic church. He married Madaline Schwertfeger, born in Alsberg, Bavaria, Germany, died there 1905, aged seventy-two years; daughter of the mayor of the town. Children of Adam Joseph (2) and Madaline (Schwertfeger) Voelker: John, a cabinet-maker; Leo, postmaster of Spessart-Asharffenburg; Joseph, a railroad engineer of Germany; Charles Adolph, of further mention; Rose, Emily, child, died in infancy.

Charles Adolph Voelker, fourth son and child of Adam Joseph (2) and Madaline (Schwertfeger) Voelker, was born at Spessart-Asharffenburg, Bavaria, Germany, June 7, 1857. He obtained his education in his native country, attending a private school from six to ten years of age, then taking one year at the Latin Institute in Bavaria, after which he entered college. When he was sixteen years of age he immigrated to the United States landing in Philadelphia and there beginning the study of natural history and taxidermy. About 1887 he moved to Aldan, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and there purchased a large tract of land a mile from any habitation. Here he built a spacious and beautiful residence and began to acquire a botanical collection as well as one of birds and animals. He hunted every foot of his territory and gathered many fine and rare specimens. The exhibition of his collection of animals won him fame as a taxidermist and his reputation for natural and life-like work is nation-wide. He had charge of much of Ex-President Roosevelt's collection, when the latter shipped his trophies home from Africa for preservation in the National Museum in Washington, D. C. He has erected a bungalow upon his property, which he uses exclusively as a museum and exhibition room, his specimens ranging in size from a swallow perched upon a window ledge to a buffalo courageously guarding the front entrance and embraces most of the intermediate orders. In religion he is an adherent of the Baptist faith.

He married, October 23, 1876, Ida R. Van Ardsdalen, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 12, 1859, daughter of Jacob, an iron manufacturer, died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, aged ninety-six years, and Elizabeth (Gary) Van Ardsdalen. Children of Jacob and Elizabeth (Gary) Van Ardsdalen: Harry, Emma, Mary, Louisa, Gary, Ida R., William, deceased. Child of Charles Adolph and Ida R. (Van Ardsdalen) Voelker: Lida V., born November 16, 1877, married William H. White, of the firm of Milton & White, commission merchants, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The Hewes family came to Delaware county from York county, Pennsylvania, many years ago, Harry Hewes, of Darby, being of the first generation born in this county. Jacob Hewes was for many years a resident of York county, Pennsylvania, later moving to Leiperville, Delaware county, where he established a nursery farm. He planted the great trees that now adorn the court-house grounds at Media, as well as many others in the county, now famous for their shade or fruit. He continued in business at Leiperville until his death there, aged eighty-seven years. His farm is now

occupied as the site of the great buildings of the Baldwin Locomotive Works. He was a Republican in politics, and a man of genuine worth to his community. He married ——— Miller and had issue: Spencer, of further mention, and Charles.

Spencer Hewes, eldest son of Jacob and ——— (Miller) Hewes, was born in York county, Pennsylvania, and was brought when young by his parents to Leiperville, Delaware county, where he was educated in the public schools. He learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed in Leiperville and vicinity until his death. He was a Republican in politics. He married Sarah Lane, born in Leiperville, died in Chester, Pennsylvania, daughter of William Lane, a blacksmith and wheelwright of Leiperville. Children: Harry, of further mention; Lizzie, married Eugene Stroud, children: Hildeman and Harry, the latter deceased; William, married Louise Murphy, and resides at 4221 Haverford street, Philadelphia; Mary, died young.

Harry Hewes, eldest son of Spencer and Sarah (Lane) Hewes, was born in Leiperville, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 11, 1858. He was educated in the public schools and resided at home until his seventeenth year, when he became an apprentice to Joseph Cornog, of Chester, with whom he remained for one year, learning the rudiments of the tinner's trade. He then came to Darby borough, where he finished his trade under C. H. Hancock, becoming an expert tin and metal worker. He remained with Mr. Hancock until April 1, 1880, when, on a small borrowed capital, he began business for himself. He began with a small stock of tin and hardware, but as business increased enlarged his line and soon had a prosperous business. He contracted all work in his line giving especial attention to the installation of heating systems. During his first year in business he repaid his borrowed capital of three hundred dollars, and has steadily increased his endeavors until now he has a large brick store in Darby, the hardware department being managed by his son, Mr. Hewes himself attending to the other departments. From a small beginning he has built up a large and well-conducted business that is a monument to his ability, industry and thrift. He is an earnest, public-spirited citizen; has served nine years as a member of the borough council, five of these years being chosen to fill the responsible office of president of that body. During these years he has displayed admirable fidelity to his borough, the welfare of which he has striven earnestly to advance. He is a Republican in politics. He is a prominent member of the Masonic Order, belonging to Darby Lodge, No. 543, Free and Accepted Masons; Darby Chapter, No. 256, Royal Arch Masons; Mary Commandery, Knights Templar, of Philadelphia; Lulu Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

He married, June 29, 1878, Margaret J. Hughes, born in Lancaster county, in 1835, daughter of Isaac and Letitia (Martin) Hughes. Isaac Hughes was born in Lancaster county in 1835, died there in 1902, a farmer, son of Jacob and Margaret Hughes. Letitia Martin was born in Lancaster county, died there aged seventy-seven years, daughter of William and Alice F. (Cogsgrove) Martin. Isaac and Letitia Hughes had three daughters; Anna Mary; Margaret J., married Harry Hewes; Alice M., married Lin Wilde, deceased. Children of Harry and Margaret J. Hewes: Charles L., married Jennie Lyon and has a daughter, Alice; Frank W., married Mamie Fleming; Helen L., unmarried.

HENDRICKSON Edward E. Hendrickson, a worthy citizen of Lansdowne, fully sustains the high reputation of the Hendrickson family, which for nine generations, or since the year 1663, has been resident in America. They were among the early

Dutch settlers in New York, Hendrick Hendrickson being the first of the name to come to the new world, and his descendants are now scattered throughout the length and breadth of the United States, actively and prominently identified with the progress of the nation, serving in professional, commercial and political life.

Nathan G. Hendrickson, father of Edward E. Hendrickson, was born in Monmouth county, New Jersey, 1822, died in 1891. He was reared and educated in his native county, and in early manhood located in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he was a contractor and builder of note, successfully following that line of work for many years. About the year 1860 he returned to his native state, locating in Monmouth county, and there purchased a farm consisting of two hundred and fifty acres, which he cultivated and improved, devoting the remainder of his life to that work. He was a member of the Society of Friends, as was also his wife, and they reared their family of six children to lives of usefulness, activity and right living. He married Anna Hardaker, born in Pennsylvania, 1825, died in 1909. Children: 1. George, a veteran of the civil war, member of Company D, Second New Jersey Cavalry; he resides in Asbury Park, New Jersey. 2. Sarah, married Henry P. Shinn; resides in New York. 3. Amos, resides in Philadelphia, employed in a hardware store. 4. Emma, deceased. 5. Edward E., of whom further. 6. Charlotte, died in infancy.

Edward E. Hendrickson was born in Monmouth county, New Jersey, February 12, 1863. His educational advantages were obtained in the public schools of Crosswicks, New Jersey, and from the completion of his studies until he attained the age of twenty he assisted his father in the labor and duties of the home farm. He then entered the office of an architect in Philadelphia in order to familiarize himself with the details of that profession, and by serving in that and other offices conducted by eminent men along the same line gained a thorough knowledge, he being an apt pupil, having a decided taste from boyhood for that special work. The company with which Mr. Hendrickson is connected is one of the extensive and leading industries of Lansdowne, and its activities extend over a large territory; of recent years it has made a specialty of erecting college buildings, a number of the most important ones standing as monuments of its skill and ability, among which may be mentioned Cornell, Princeton, and Pennsylvania State College. Mr. Hendrickson is a member of the Episcopal church, in which his wife also holds membership, and he is an Independent in politics, casting his vote for the candidate best qualified for the office, irrespective of party affiliation.

Mr. Hendrickson married, in 1895, Mary Belcher, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. They have one son, Edward E.

Horace Farnham Griffith, a prominent and leading citizen of
GRIFFITH Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is one of the ablest and best known of the younger business men in his section of the state. For years he has been conspicuously identified with the industrial and commercial life of Lansdowne; has had marked success in all his enterprises, and has attained an enviable prestige, though not yet in the prime of life. Behind him lies, on both the paternal and distaff sides, a long line of true American ancestry. English on both sides, his progenitors came to America a century before the revolutionary war. By their physical and moral courage, as well as brains and persistence they did their share toward the making of the United States of America possible, and a later generation aided in preserving the Union in its entirety.

Horace Griffith was born in Vermont. At an early age he received the best

instruction from noted educators, attending a famous institution of learning in his native state. Reaching manhood, he entered the pedagogic profession, and accepted a position in an Ohio school. He taught for some time, and after his marriage in 1859, he relinquished this place, purchased a team and wagon, loaded thereon his household goods and drove across the country to DeKalb, Illinois. Arriving at his destination, he exchanged his outfit for a house and lot, and established his household effects in his new home. Looking around for a business opening, he decided to enter the general merchandise field as the one offering the greatest opportunities for financial success. He did a thriving business, constantly increasing the volume of trade, until the outbreak of the civil war. Like all of his forbears, he was intensely patriotic, and at once conceived it his duty to place himself at the service of his country. He enlisted in the Fifty-eighth Illinois Volunteer Infantry, and was ordered to the front. He was taken ill toward the latter part of the war and was sent to the Chicago Hospital. When he was partially recovered he was made hospital steward, which place he filled until the cessation of hostilities. Returning home to DeKalb he again took up the broken threads of life. For many years he was in the employ of Bradt & Shipman, manufacturers and jobbers of gloves and mittens, during which time he held a responsible office position. He finally retired from active work, and on January 3, 1908, he died at the home of his son, H. F. Griffith, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He was a strong Republican after that party came into existence, and voted twice for Abraham Lincoln for the presidency. He and his wife were devoted adherents of the Baptist church, of which he was a deacon of many years standing, and both were active in their support of it.

He married, in 1859, Julia A. Cross, born in Ohio, and died in DeKalb, Illinois, in 1900. When she met her husband she was teaching in the Hiram Seminary, Ohio. In 1859, soon after their marriage, she accompanied her husband on the long and dangerous overland journey in a wagon, from Ohio to DeKalb, Illinois. She was happy and cheerful during that time, despite the discomforts and dangers incurred on such a trip. During the civil war, while her husband was away in the army, she remained at home, doing all in her power to alleviate the distress incident to the terrible struggle. She was one of the many heroines of those soul-trying times. She was of great force of character, highly intellectual, and contributed her full share toward the upbuilding of her section of the country. Children: George C., real estate dealer in Seattle, Washington; Addie E., married Marion Rector, died in Los Angeles, California; Cora R., married C. B. Merry, lived and died in Nortonville, Kansas; Gertrude B., married A. D. Kempson, resides in DeKalb, Illinois; Horace Farnham, of whom further.

Horace Farnham Griffith, son of Horace and Julia A. (Cross) Griffith, was born August 6, 1876, in DeKalb, Illinois, in the family home. His education was received in the high school of his native place, and was directed by his parents, both of whom had been noted educators in their day. As a boy he entered a shoe factory in DeKalb, and by the wish of his father he was changed from department to department to learn every detail connected with the business, which he did in the three years he remained with the company. His next position was that of a commercial traveler for the DeKalb Fence Company, covering the territory embraced in the central west. This he continued for five years, during which time he became financially interested in the Shelby Springs, located at Shelby, Heinze county, Ohio. A company was organized, of which he was elected vice-president, then president and general manager; was general manager until 1908, president until 1911, and still holds a directorship in the company. In 1908 he moved to Philadelphia as eastern representative of his

firm, which engaged his attention until 1910; at that time he discontinued traveling. In 1909 he became director in the Belmont Trust Company of Philadelphia; and is also interested in developing, manufacturing and mining interests in Columbia, South America. Much of his time and money has been devoted to perfecting special machinery for bottle capping, and he owns patents for it in this and other countries. He is president of the Times Publishing Company, of Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, which issues the "Lansdowne Times," a weekly paper. Among his extensive holdings is the Griffith Addition, in DeKalb, Illinois, given over entirely to building purposes. In 1910 he purchased a tract of fifty acres centrally located within the borough of Lansdowne, and at once began improvements by surveying and laying out streets, putting down sidewalks, sewer and water pipes. In March, 1912, Mr. Griffith began preparations for the making of a park of a portion of the land. He set aside a number of acres, which since that time have been transformed into one of the most beautiful suburban parks in this country. The central feature is a lake with a hundred yards straitway swimming course, the only one hundred yards straitway swimming course in still water in the metropolitan district. The lake is surrounded by artificial hills to give it a natural scenic effect. There are gardens filled with exquisite and multi-colored flowers, picturesque rockeries, a formidable looking fortress, a battlemented castle and a fairy grotto. It is widely known for the purity of its water, of which it has an abundant supply; for its fine tennis court, croquet grounds, golf links, baseball diamond, and many other attractive features. Mr. Griffith was reared a Lutheran, and in politics is a decided Progressive. He is a member of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia. Ranking as a public-spirited citizen of Lansdowne he commands the esteem and admiration of his fellow townsmen.

On June 3, 1903, he married Annette M. Wilson, born in Oregon, Illinois, daughter of John P. and Joanna P. Wilson. Mr. Wilson, who died in 1905, was an agricultural implement dealer, though during his younger years he had been an architect and builder. Mrs. Wilson makes her home with her daughter. Children: Frank P., a commercial traveler for Adams & Elteng, of Chicago, resides in Indianapolis, Indiana; Annette M., wife of Mr. Griffith. Mrs. Griffith, who descends from fine Swedish families, was educated at the Oregon high school, graduating with distinction. She attended the Art Institute in Chicago, where she made a record as an artist, possessing the true artistic temperament. In 1909 she made a tour of Europe, spending four months in Sweden, visiting the ancient ancestral home of her house. She is a member of the Swedish Historical Society of Philadelphia, is a brainy, clever woman, and edited, with signal ability, the *Lansdowne Times*. It is largely through her instrumentality and love of the beautiful that the park was so skillfully planned and transformed into its present picturesque form, designing as she did many of the most striking and characteristic features.

Thomas K. Bell, of Beechwood, Newtown Square, Delaware county, BELL Pennsylvania, is recognized as one of the representative men of the county, and has been intimately identified with important engineering and mechanical affairs for many years. He is the son of John G. and Annie M. (Rimby) Bell, both of whose families were exiled from Germany about 1630 and fled to England. When Lord Carteret established a colony in Maryland the Bells and the Rimbys were among those who settled in it and have been resident in America since that time. They are now scattered all over the United States. Some members of these families were buried in Norfolk, Virginia, as early as 1668. For many years they have been iron founders and steel

men, and the maternal grandfather of Thomas K. Bell used to operate the old Conestoga furnaces in Pennsylvania. In later life he was foreman of the famous Ballman Iron Company, of Baltimore, which built the first iron bridges ever constructed. His last days were spent in Baltimore. Members of both families were active in revolutionary days, two of the Bells, one of them named Zachariah, bearing the rank of colonel.

John G. Bell was born in Maryland and his early years were spent on the farm owned by his father. Later he became an iron master in Baltimore, and subsequently went to Chicago and to New Albany, Indiana, being occupied in the iron business in these two cities for about twelve or fourteen years altogether. In 1881 he returned to Maryland, making his home in Baltimore, and, being in ill health, retired from active participation in business affairs. His death occurred in February, 1882. During the progress of the civil war he served as a soldier in the Union army, while his brother Richard was active on the Confederate side. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He was a staunch Republican, and a member of the Knights of Pythias and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

John G. Bell married Annie M. Rimby, who married (second) William Reed, now deceased, and lives in Baltimore. By her first marriage she had children: Thomas K., of whom further; Lydia, who died unmarried at New Albany, Indiana; Ida May, married Frank Gavin and lives in Baltimore; William, deceased; Lillian, who married S. J. Kehler, and resides in Philadelphia.

Thomas K. Bell was born in Baltimore, Maryland, September 7, 1869. He was educated in the Maryland Institute in Baltimore, and the Baltimore and Ohio School of Technology, and acquired a practical training in the apprenticeship he served in an iron foundry. He was employed by the Wenstrom Dynamo and Electric Company, then went to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and was with Graham Curtis as mechanical engineer on rolling mill and furnace work. The Pittsburgh Locomotive Works of Allegheny Valley were the next scene of his activity, and he remained with this concern for one year. Resigning this post, he came east for R. D. Wood & Company, of Camden, New Jersey, as engineer. At the end of one year he resigned from this position, and in the spring of 1893 became engineer for William Wharton Jr. & Company, of Philadelphia, held this connection for thirteen years, during the last five of which he was chief engineer; resigned in 1906 in order to accept the post of chief engineer of the Interstate Railway Company, and after the dissolution of this company in 1910, accepted a position as special engineer in the engineering department of the Rapid Transit Company of Philadelphia. In December, 1911, he resigned from this office, and since that time has been doing special engineering work and investigation along engineering lines in various parts of the world.

Mr. Bell conducted the investigation which convicted the fraudulent promoters of the Chicago to New York Air Line, and landed them in the Federal prison. The investigations commenced and conducted by Mr. Bell, in Trenton, New Jersey, were the cause of the recent progressive upheaval in New Jersey, with the ultimate result of landing President Wilson in the White House. Still more recently Mr. Bell has returned from an investigation of the railway methods in vogue in Germany, this being made for the Accumulatoren Fabrik Aktien Gesellschaft, and is now engaged in the formation of a company to introduce into the United States German methods of electric welding under German and American patents. While abroad he attended the international road congress, held at London, England.

Further, Mr. Bell was actively engaged during the transition from the cable system to the modern electrification of street railways, and is often called

into conference by municipal and transportation authorities in the United States. His work is well known and represented in the following named cities: Philadelphia and its environs, Camden, Morristown, Reading, Wilkes-Barre, Trenton, Chester and Wilmington. In 1908 Mr. Bell was able, within twenty-four hours, to bring to a close the Chester trolley strike, to the satisfaction of all concerned. In 1905, during the construction of the Bay Shore Terminal Railway, at Norfolk, Virginia, he unearthed a cannon ball similar to the one buried in the wall of Christ Church, which was fired upon Norfolk by the British fleet when Lord Dunmore vacated Virginia in 1779. In the spring of 1913 Mr. Bell sent this cannon ball to President Wilson. He and several others bought a large collection of Fort Sumter relics, among them being a canister ball which he recently presented to General George Meade, a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, in Philadelphia. Many of the other relics he has retained for himself, as he has always been deeply interested in history, and his house is full of war time mementoes. In political matters he supports the Republican party. He is a member of Trimble Lodge, No. 117, Free and Accepted Masons, of Camden, New Jersey; Siloam Chapter, No. 19, Royal Arch Masons; Cyrene Commandery, No. 7, Knights Templar; Crescent Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Excelsior Consistory, Royal Arcanum; past officer of the Lionel A. Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, of Camden; past officer of Witherspoon Circle of Brotherhood of the Union; a member of Fidelity Lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen; the American Society of Civil Engineers; and the American Street Railway Association.

Mr. Bell married (first) in 1890, Emma Mapes, born in Camden, New Jersey, died in 1906, a daughter of Samuel Fowler, retired chief engineer in the United States navy. They had one son, Thomas Fowler, who died in infancy. He married (second) in 1907, Sarah Elizabeth, also born in New Jersey, a daughter of Job Grant. By this marriage there are no children. Mr. Bell is known as a man of unswerving integrity and of remarkable executive ability. The manner in which he has carried out his share in the vast enterprises with which he has been connected has earned for him the respect and esteem of all with whom he has been associated.

CLEVINGER The Clevenger family of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, of which Llewellyn Morris Clevenger is a representative in the present generation, has been resident in the state of Pennsylvania for many years, and has been successfully identified with a variety of industrial and commercial enterprises.

Richard B. Clevenger, grandfather of Llewellyn M. Clevenger, was a resident of Philadelphia county, and died at Manayunk. He was a farmer by occupation, gave his political support to the Republican party, and was a member of the Baptist church. He married Esther McCoy, who died at the age of eighty years. They had children: John, married (first) Maude ———, (second) Sarah ———; Richard B., married Anna ———; Benjamin, who served in the army, died unmarried; Anna, died unmarried; Thomas, married ———; Llewellyn Morris, see forward.

Llewellyn Morris Clevenger, father of Llewellyn M. Clevenger, was born in Philadelphia county, Pennsylvania, and died in South Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 11, 1907. He acquired his education in the public schools, and at the age of thirteen years wanted to enlist, but was not accepted because of his extreme youth. However, at that early age, he was the support of his mother, his father and brothers having gone to the front, to assist in defence of the rights of the Union. He was a currier in a mill and

after a time was advanced to the position of superintendent, but was obliged to resign this office on account of ill health. He gave his political support to the Republican party, and was active in the public affairs of the community. He served as school director, town clerk, justice of the peace, and also filled several minor offices. Mr. Clevenger married Mary Smith, who was born in York county, and is now living in South Media at the age of fifty-eight years. She was the daughter of John Smith, a carpenter of York county, who died there at the age of seventy-six years. He married ———, and had children as follows: Mary, mentioned above; Anna, married Adam Mintzer; Harry, married Eva ———; Jacob, married Carrie ———; William, married Olive Pyatt; all of these are living at the present time with the exception of Harry. Mr. and Mrs. Clevenger had children: Elizabeth, married H. L. Parlette; Algernon, married Mamie Metzal; Llewellyn Morris, see forward; Oliver, married Mae Marrideth; Albertie, died unmarried; Annie, John, Louisa and Lettia, unmarried.

Llewellyn Morris Clevenger was born in Philadelphia, May 20, 1880, and spent the first six years of his life in that city. He then came to South Media, Nether Providence township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, with his parents, and there attended the public schools from which he was graduated with honor. He then commenced reading law under the preceptorship of Benjamin C. Potts, of Media, but at the expiration of two years abandoned his professional studies. For one year he held a position with the Victoria Plush Mills, of Delaware county, and resigned this in 1901 in favor of a clerkship in the passenger department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in the Broad street station, in Philadelphia, which he is still holding at the present time (1913). Since 1909 he has held the dual office of tax collector and township treasurer for Nether Providence township, positions entailing great responsibility. He has held the office of town clerk for one year, and gives his political support to the Republican party.

Mr. Clevenger married, August 1, 1911, Edith Harrison Black, who was born in Philadelphia, November 25, 1891, and they have one child: Emily Harrison, born May 31, 1912. Mrs. Clevenger is the daughter of Rudolph Justice and Emily Harrison (Abbott) Black, the former born in New Jersey, died in Philadelphia in 1898, where he had been engaged in the real estate business; the latter was born in Crosswicks, New Jersey, and died January 5, 1912. They had children: Charles E., married Edith T. Howard; Lucy E., unmarried; Edith Harrison, married Mr. Clevenger. Mrs. Clevenger is a member of the Society of Friends, and her husband is a member of the Presbyterian church at Wallingford. Mr. Clevenger is a member of a number of organizations, a partial list being as follows: Upland Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men; Media Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Media Lodge, No. 749, Junior Or'ler of United Mechanics; Bradbury Camp, No. 149, Sons of Veterans; Garford Commandery, Knights of Pythias; Media Republican Club; Springfield Republican Club; Media Fire Company; Philadelphia Young Men's Christian Association.

FINIGAN It speaks well for the energy and ability of William E. Finigan, of Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, that he has achieved his present enviable position in the business, political and social world, as this is mainly due to his unaided efforts. He represents the third generation of his family in this country, his grandfather, Michael J. Finigan, having been born in Ireland, where his early life was spent. His business was that of a merchant tailor, and he died in Philadelphia at the age of fifty-six

years, in which city he had settled with his wife and young children. He married Sarah Shimmels, who died in Philadelphia in 1895. They were both Catholics. Children: William Henry, of whom further; Edward, died in infancy; Frederick, Michael, Clara, Catherine, Cerilla, Elizabeth, Frances.

William Henry Finigan was born in Sheffield, England, in March, 1856. He was but four years of age when brought to this country by his parents, so that in almost everything except the actual fact of birth he is an American, and the love he has always displayed for this country evidences his sincere patriotism. His education was acquired in the public schools of Philadelphia. At a suitable age he was apprenticed to learn the plumber's trade in Philadelphia, and has been identified with this calling since that time, having been in the employ of George W. Hulme for an uninterrupted period of thirty-six years, a remarkable record, which does credit to employer and employe alike. He has always been a staunch supporter of the Democratic party, but has never held public office. As a member of the Cape May Life Guards he did excellent service in his younger years, and he was also a member of the volunteer fire department. He has been a lifelong member of the St. Paul's Temperance Society. His home is at Sharon Hill, Delaware county, where he has resided for the past twenty-nine years. He married Catherine A., daughter of Patrick and Sarah (Moore) Flaherty, the former a harnessmaker in Philadelphia, where he died at the age of sixty years, and who had children: Michael; Charles, deceased; Peter; Patrick; Anna; Catherine A., mentioned above; Sarah; Frances. Mr. and Mrs. Finigan had children: William E., of whom further; Clara A., married Joseph A. Lawless, an inspector, and resides at Sharon Hill; Joseph L., married Ellen ———; George J.; Eugene C.; Walter F.; Edward; Francis, who died in infancy. They are all members of the Catholic church.

William E. Finigan was born in Philadelphia, January 1, 1879. Until his sixth year his life was passed in his native city, then his father removed to Sharon Hill, and he attended the public schools of that place until he was twelve years of age. For one year he then worked as a messenger boy for the Western Union Telegraph Company, after which he went with his father to learn the plumbing trade, and remained at this until he was twenty years of age. At that time he decided to establish himself in this line of business independently and opened an establishment of his own in Sharon Hill, which he has now conducted successfully for a period of fourteen years. Under the same roof his wife carries on a house furnishing and hardware business, and these two branches supplement each other to the great advantage of the customers of both places. In political matters Mr. Finigan is a Republican and has served two terms (six years) as auditor of Darby township. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, the Lansdowne Artisans' Association, and of the Catholic church.

Mr. Finigan married, November 19, 1898, Florence K., born in Philadelphia, daughter of John C. and Mary Amelia (Kessler) Schappet, the former a candy manufacturer of Lansdowne, and a native of Germany, the latter born in Philadelphia. In addition to Florence K. they had children: John, Mary, Clara, Caroline, Emma, Allen, Raymond and Charles, all of whom are living with the exception of Clara and Allen. Mr. and Mrs. Finigan have two children: Harold Schappet Patrick, born December 19, 1909; and William Henry, born August 25, 1912. Mr. Finigan is a man of most amiable and engaging qualities, generous and charitable; he is an ideal employer, and his workmen find in him a personal friend upon whom they can depend in times of need. While he does good with a liberal hand, he shrinks from publicity in such matters, and the amount of his benefactions is known only by the recipients.

Originally seated in Ireland, the Annans settled at Glasgow, Scotland, from whence came David Annan, settling in Delaware county, Pennsylvania. His father, born in Ireland, died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. David Annan died in Clifton Heights, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, in 1902, in the house now owned and occupied by his daughters, Misses Elizabeth and Mary Jane Annan. David Annan married Susan Bonar, born in Ireland, but at age of thirteen years moved to Scotland. They were the parents of eleven children, Elizabeth and Mary Jane, being the only survivors.

The Misses Annan were born in Scotland, living in both Glasgow and Paisley before coming to the United States. For twenty years they have been in successful business in Clifton Heights, having a dry goods and notion store located at the corner of Penn and Baltimore avenues. They have prospered in their mercantile venture and are highly esteemed for their many womanly qualities and are highly regarded as capable and energetic business women. They are members of the Roman Catholic church and interested in the women's work of the church in the various societies.

The Hoopes family, of Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is of German origin, and they went from that country to England during the reign of William and Mary. Later some members of the family emigrated to America and became the progenitors of the family of which this review treats. The first of whom we have record was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, where he spent his life as a farmer, and died at the age of eighty-five or eighty-six years. He and his wife, whose family name was Frame, lived a quiet and retired life, and were members of the Quaker denomination. Of their fourteen children there is but one now living—Jesse, who resides in Milltown, Pennsylvania.

Rufus C. Hoopes, son of the above mentioned, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, 1842, and died July 7, 1910. In his youth he was occupied as a journeyman carpenter, and after his marriage lived for a time in Orange, New Jersey, and then in Wilmington, Delaware, as a carpenter and builder. He removed to Fernwood, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, about 1871, and was in the employ of the Allison car shops for a period of two years. He was then engaged as a contractor and builder in Delaware county until 1890, when he purchased the old Bartram coal and lumber yard in Fernwood. Later he added the sale of feed, and continued this business until his death. He conducted his business along very successful lines, so that he was, in the course of time, enabled to invest considerable sums in the purchase of real estate in the various boroughs and in Upper Darby township. In 1874 he built a fine house in Fernwood, which he occupied upon its completion. This was one of the first houses built in Fernwood, and was considered a model of its kind. Mr. Hoopes was Republican in his political views, and served for a time as township supervisor. His fraternal affiliations were with the Masonic fraternity. He married Elizabeth B. Lowden, who was born on the Eastern Shore of Maryland in 1855. They had children: Anna Mary, who died at the age of eight years; J. Willard, resides in East Lansdowne, where he is engaged in the real estate and insurance business; Lena C., unmarried, lives on the homestead with her brother, Frederick Cyrus; Edwin, twin of Lena C., died in infancy; Frederick Cyrus.

Frederick Cyrus Hoopes, son of Rufus C. and Elizabeth B. (Lowden) Hoopes, was born in Fernwood, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 29, 1875. He attended the public schools of Fernwood, and for a time the school at the corner of Nineteenth and Barker streets, Philadelphia, after which he worked under the supervision of his father, in the same business as the latter,

until he was eighteen years of age. He then went to the city of New York, where he was employed as manager by the firm of Olin & Lowden for a period of fourteen years. Returning to his old home in 1906, he assumed the position of manager in the business which had been established by his father, and has been giving this his attention down to the present time. In addition to this he has had to assume the responsible duties of executor of the estate left by his father. He gives his staunch and consistent support to the Republican party, but has never desired to hold public office, deeming that he was laboring for the best interests of the community by increasing its material prosperity in the shape of adding to its business importance. He is a member of Fernwood Lodge, No. 543, Free and Accepted Masons; University Chapter, of Philadelphia; Senior Order of American Mechanics; Delaware County Automobile Club.

Mr. Hoopes married, April 17, 1900, Margaret, born in New York, a daughter of Henry Ott, of that city. They have one child: Charles Frederick, born August 7, 1905.

Originally of German descent, the Mirkils have been residents of MIRKIL Pennsylvania for several generations, but Thomas H. Mirkil was the first in direct line to settle in Chester, his residence in that town covering a period of nearly seventy years. He is one of the three men now living, who were directors of the Union League of Chester during the civil war period, the other two being David M. Johnson and Edward Barton, both now living in Chester. During this period of seventy years, Mr. Mirkil has witnessed the great development of Chester's manufacturing industries and business enterprises; has seen its boundaries enlarged and population doubled and trebled and in some of these movements has had a part.

He has witnessed the great change wrought by the civil war, in which he did a soldier's duty, saw the shackles drop from off four million bondsmen, and has lived to see a strong united country rise from the ashes of discord and sectionalism. He has also witnessed the passing of his business home for thirty-four years, the United States mint in Philadelphia, from its old home on Chestnut street to its present location. The thousands of radical changes and improvement effected in every department of human life and effort during Mr. Mirkil's years, eighty-five, have not left him behind, but he has grown and kept pace with the times, bearing well his part wherever placed, and now in his old age is alert, active and eager to welcome the further advancement and development of his native city and state.

Thomas H. Mirkil is a son of John Mirkil, born in Philadelphia, 1808, died there 1886. He was a Democrat in politics until 1861 and for many years department superintendent of the county prison. He became a Republican when slavery became an issue, ever afterward affiliating with that party. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a member of the Masonic order. He married Sarah Sifeheldt, born in Philadelphia in 1803, died in 1843, also of German descent. Children: 1. John, born 1825, lived in Philadelphia and there died in 1888; clerk for many years in the United States mint; married Miss Firth, also deceased. 2. Thomas H., of further mention. 3. Amanda, born 1829, died of yellow fever during an epidemic in South Carolina, she there acting in her professional capacity as nurse. 4. Catherine, born in 1831, died 1909; married Mr. Finch, a real estate dealer of Hartford, Connecticut. 5. Charles, died young.

Thomas H. Mirkil was born in Philadelphia, December 22, 1827. He attended the public schools until he was fourteen years of age, then became a

waterman, following the call of heredity, his grandfather having been a seaman, lost with his vessel, it is supposed in a gale off Cape Hatteras. From 1841 to 1851 Thomas H. Mirkil was employed on boats plying the Delaware and Chesapeake bays, in the meantime taking up his shore residence in Chester, which has been his home since 1844. From 1851 to 1861 he was engaged in general business activities and in the latter year began his long term of service in the gold smelting department of the United States mint at Philadelphia. Here he was continuously employed for thirty-four years, until 1895, when at the age of sixty-eight years he retired. During the war he enlisted in an independent emergency battery and was at Chambersburg and Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and Hagerstown, Maryland, during Lee's invasion of Pennsylvania. He is a Progressive in politics, and formerly attended the Methodist Episcopal, but now is a regular attendant of the Protestant Episcopal church in Chester. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Chester Lodge, No. 236, Free and Accepted Masons; Oriental Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Philadelphia; and Commandery, No. 2, Knights Templar, also of Philadelphia. He formerly was a member of Post No. 25, Grand Army of the Republic, of Chester.

Mr. Mirkil married, January 21, 1851, in Chester, Maria Hunsicker, born October 9, 1833, daughter of Henry Hunsicker, a foundryman from near Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, and his wife, Mary (Saip) Hunsicker, whose children were: 1. Mary, born 1821; married William Borden, both deceased. 2. Caroline, born 1823; married John Postle, whom she yet survives, a resident of Sigourney, Iowa. 3. Harriet, born 1825, deceased; married Frederick Borhek. 4. Helen, born 1827; married Levi Mercer, both deceased. 5. Leven, born 1829, died in Monroe, Louisiana, a city of which he was mayor for two terms; he married Mary Myers. 6. Henry, born 1831; an inventor; both he and his wife Barbara are deceased. 7. Maria, wife of Thomas H. Mirkil. 8. Sarah, born 1835, died young. 9. Missouri, died young. 10. A son, died in infancy. Children of Thomas H. and Maria (Hunsicker) Mirkil: 1. Sarah, born December 31, 1852, died October 15, 1912; married James M. Byer, the present secretary of the American Ice Company, of Philadelphia. 2. Thomas H., born August 15, 1858; now president of the Pole Engineering Company, of Baltimore, Maryland; he married Susan Hayes, of California. 3. John, born February 25, 1860; now a leading real estate dealer of Chester. 4. Emma, born February 22, 1862; married Samuel Lyons, a lawyer and real estate agent of Chester. 5. Isaiah, born October 5, 1865; a lawyer of Philadelphia and attorney for the Girard estate; he married Mary Shaffer. The family home of Mr. Mirkil is at 418 East Thirteenth street, Chester, where he is enjoying a contented old age, secure in the regard of his friends, and after a well spent life turns with confidence to the future.

An Englishman by birth, an American by adoption, William T. GALEY Galey after passing through several business experiences that developed his business character has raised himself to a secure position as one of the leading merchants of Chester. He inherited a wise business sagacity from his grandfather, Thomas W. Galey, born in London, England, in 1828, and a wealthy, now retired, business man of Norwich, England.

Thomas L. Galey, son of Thomas W. Galey, was born in London, England, in 1855, now living in West Philadelphia. He came to the United States in 1892, settling in Philadelphia where he has since been engaged in general business. He married Jessie J. Jeans, born in London. Both are members of the Protestant Episcopal church. Children: William T., of whom further;

Daisy, Charles and Walter, all died young in London; Henry, died young in Philadelphia; Helen and John, residing with their parents.

William T. Galey, son of Thomas L. and Jessie J. (Jeans) Galey, was born in London, England, May 4, 1883. He attended the London schools until nine years of age, then joined his parents in Philadelphia, they having come over a few months earlier. The vessel upon which he sailed landed him in New York, but he made his way without difficulty to Philadelphia, where he attended school until 1897. At age of fourteen years he entered the employ of J. B. Shannon, the Chestnut street hardware merchant, with whom he remained seven years, rising to better positions each year. In 1904 he accepted a position with the hardware firm, William P. Walters Sons, of Philadelphia, but in 1908 returned to "Shannon's" for six months. He had become well known in the retail hardware trade and when N. H. Benjamin, of Phoenixville, needed a manager, he sought out Mr. Galey and offered him the position of assistant manager, which offer was accepted. He remained in Phoenixville nine months, when he found that the Harper Hardware Company's business in Chester could be bought. He at once investigated and with his years of retail experience to guide him, decided that it was his opportunity. The sale was consummated in 1909, and the results have justified Mr. Galey's judgment. He has been very successful; has built up a large prosperous business and ranks as one of Chester's leading merchants, with years of youth still before him, before even he reaches the prime of life. Verily the old grandfather in England and the old father in Philadelphia transmitted to this young man a rich heritage of energy, ambition and business intelligence. But while heredity must be credited with its just due, Mr. Galey must also be credited with his rapid rise in sixteen years from office boy to a well established profitable business at age of thirty. He filled every position well, constantly strove for better results from his work, gained the commendation of his employers and now is the prosperous employer instead of the employee as many of his fellow clerks yet remain. To account for his success it can only be said that he seized every opportunity, and where there were no opportunities, he created them.

Mr. Galey takes a deep interest in civic affairs of Chester; is president of the board of trade; member of the Third Street Business Men's Association; has served as secretary and is a member of the Civic Government Committee. He is a Republican in politics, and while a resident of Philadelphia was committeeman of the thirty-fourth ward. He is member of the Penn Catholic Church; Lodge No. 488, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and the Artisans Order of Mutual Protection. His clubs are the Alpha Boat and Penn, both of Chester. He is unmarried.

SANDERSON As a poet, historian and educator, Christian Carmack Sanderson has gained an enviable reputation in Delaware county, although a native of Montgomery county, where his parental ancestor first settled.

Robert Sanderson, the pioneer ancestor of this branch, was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, in August, 1835, son of George Sanderson, a noted sea captain who married Ann Young, daughter of Robert and Rose (Semprel) Young, the Young family being one of the oldest Scotch-Irish families in Northern Ireland. Robert Sanderson came to this country when young, settling in Philadelphia. He became a master painter, employing many men and executing many large important contracts. He raised a company in Philadelphia at his own expense which was attached to the Twenty-sixth Regi-

ment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He went to the front with his company, of which he was first lieutenant, serving with great bravery until killed at the battle of Chancellorsville in May, 1863. He was an ardent Whig and anti-slavery man, joining with the Republican party when the old party passed out of existence. He married, in 1856, Elizabeth McClellan, born May 28, 1840, now living at Oaks, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, where she (in 1913) celebrated her seventy-third birthday; she is a member of the Presbyterian church, her husband having also been a communicant of that faith. Elizabeth (McClellan) Sanderson was the daughter of Thomas and Ann (McMullin) McClellan, the latter named being a daughter of Major James McMullin, of the Tenth Fusileers; he served with distinction in the battle of Waterloo. They were also representatives of noted Scotch-Irish families. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Sanderson: Robert Melville, of whom further; William James, born December 11, 1858, a noted inventor of small tools for mechanical purposes, now president of the Sanderson Tool Company of Birmingham, Alabama.

Robert Melville Sanderson, eldest son of Robert and Elizabeth (McClellan) Sanderson, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 3, 1857, died April 26, 1898. He entered Girard College when a boy whence he was graduated at the age of eighteen years. The remainder of his life was spent in Phoenixville and Montclare, Pennsylvania, becoming superintendent of the Phoenixville Steel Plant in 1896. He married, June 17, 1880, Hannah Rebecca Carmack, born July 10, 1856, at Port Providence, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Christian Smith and Sarah Ann (Kram) Carmack. Christian Smith Carmack was the son of Jacob and Ann Rebecca (Winnell) Carmack. He was born in Maryland, 1830, and when a few years old went by team with his parents to their new home in Ohio. He was a direct descendant of old King Carmac, of Ireland, and also of the Carmac who built Blarney Castle. Christian Smith Carmack was the superintendent of the puddling work of the Phoenixville Iron Works. He was a veteran of two wars; he enlisted in Company B, Sixteenth Regiment United States Army, for service in the Mexican war, and was at Vera Cruz, Cerro Cordo and the City of Mexico, entering that city after its capture with the victorious American army, under General Scott. When the war between the states broke out he enlisted in Company E, Eighty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, was elected its captain and fought at Second Bull Run, Chantilly, South Mountain and Antietam, receiving a severe wound that ended his military career. He died at Port Providence, April 7, 1899. His wife, Sarah Ann (Kram) Carmack, born in Upper Providence township, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, May 3, 1832, daughter of Samuel and Hannah (Buckwalter) Kram, bore him the following named children: Hannah Rebecca, married Robert Melville Sanderson; Samuel W., born January 1, 1859, died in infancy; George W., born May 1, 1864, married Susan M. Reed; Mary Emma, born March 4, 1866, died in infancy; Geneva Gertrude, born November 5, 1868, married, July 8, 1892, Clarence A. Rowland; Christian Clifford, born July 2, 1871, married, July 11, 1895, Eliza Forney; Charles Thompson, born December 26, 1873, died September 8, 1890. Children of Robert M. and Hannah R. (Carmack) Sanderson: Christian Carmack, of whom further; Robert Melville, born September 12, 1884, married, September 18, 1909, Laura Elizabeth Hewitt.

Christian Carmack Sanderson, son of Robert Melville and Hannah R. (Carmack) Sanderson, was born at Port Providence, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, January 7, 1882. He was educated in the public schools of Port Providence and Montclare, finishing at West Chester normal school, whence he was



Joseph R. Cornell.

graduated in June, 1901, with a teacher's qualifications. He began teaching at Garwood, Upper Providence township, Montgomery county, going thence to the Port Providence school. He has also taught the Locust Grove, Pocop-ton and Dilworth town schools in Chester county and the Chadds Ford school in Delaware county. For one summer he had editorial charge of the "Phoenixville Republican." He is the author of many magazine articles on historical subjects, and has also published several poems that have attracted public attention and obtained a wide circulation, among which are: "The Battlefield of Brandywine;" "A School Master's Trip Thru New England;" "In The Land of The Story of Kennett;" "Amid The Haunts of Thomas Buchanan Read;" "A Yankee's Trip Thru Dixie;" "Last Year's Recollections;" "Back East On The Brandywine;" "Amid The Trees of Birmingham."

Mr. Sanderson and his mother reside in the old historic house at Chadds Ford that was occupied by General Washington as headquarters during the battle of the Brandywine. Mrs. Sanderson and her son are members of the Episcopal church. Mr. Sanderson is a past master of Birmingham Lodge, Patrons of Husbandry, and a member of the Chester County Historical Society. In memory of his grandfather, Christian Smith Carmack, a veteran of two wars, he has been elected to membership in the Veteran Volunteer Association of the Eighty-eighth Pennsylvania Regiment.

Joseph R. Connell, a progressive West Philadelphian, is a CONNELL representative scion of a family that has since the last century was in its teens done things, big things, for the good of the city, state and nation. Bred to great activity and responsibility, versed in the study of human nature, actively participating in extensive enterprises, the success of Mr. Connell is conceded in the business world to be due to the rare sagacity and original methods he has displayed. Public-spirited motives have always characterized his affairs. As an instance of this there stands at Oakmont, a beautiful suburb of Philadelphia, the massive high school of Haverford township, Delaware county. When the people of that vicinity were perplexed as to ways and means to acquire a suitable site for a building for the education of their children, Mr. Connell settled the question by donating two acres of valuable ground and a portion of the money toward the construction of this magnificent building, which to-day is the pride of the entire county. All of his enterprises have been eminently successful, and many of his companies have made profits of over one hundred per cent. within a year after their formation. The increase in realty values in some of his enterprises have reached the two million dollar mark within two years, and others have forged ahead more rapidly.

Heredity had much to do with Mr. Connell's success. He comes from colonial stock, being a lineal descendant of Isaac Pennock, an officer in the army of William, Prince of Orange, who settled in Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1685, and upon the paternal side the first of his forebears in this country was the son of an Episcopal clergyman, George Connell, who settled at Marcus Hook, Delaware county, and at his own expense fitted out a fleet to patrol the Delaware river during the revolutionary war. In the next generation came John Connell, merchant prince, man of affairs, scholar, traveler, philanthropist and servant of the people. He it was who presided at the first great meeting held in Philadelphia to raise funds to carry on the war of 1812. The Connell homestead in those days stood at the corner of Broad and Chestnut streets, and there John Connell entertained Lafayette on his memorable visit to the United States. There, too, Webster, Clay, Gallatin and President John

Quincy Adams were his frequent guests. It was in his arms that John Quincy Adams, in the speaker's room of the national capitol, breathed his last. George Connell, the grandsire, a constructive statesman, was elected to the senate in 1860. Cameron, Curtin, Connell, was a trio that rendered heroic service to the state and nation at a time that "tried men's souls." Colonel Alexander McClure, the veteran editor and historian, than whom no other man had more intimate and comprehensive knowledge of the state's history, referred to Senator Connell "as the brainiest man in the brainiest senate of Pennsylvania." In truth, the activity of this man during the twelve years of his incumbency was prodigious. His influence as a dealer was incalculable and his accomplishment, both for the state and for the nation, was a matter of signal good fortune. Mark his sagacity at a critical time of great excitement, when as chairman of the finance committee, a position he held until the time of his death, his bill to place the state of Pennsylvania on a financial war footing was introduced by him a full month before Fort Sumter was fired upon. This bill, while defeated, was passed by the same body within thirty days after the above unhappy event, at an extra session of the legislature upon the urgent recommendation of Governor Curtin. His also was the bill for a stay law to save innocent debtors from sacrifice. Among the many other measures introduced and advocated by him, which would in themselves establish his far-seeing statesmanship, were the repeal of the state tax upon real estate and imposing in lieu thereof a tax upon banks and gross receipts of railroad companies; an act for the payment of the interest of state debts in national currency in place of coin, and, the redemption of the odious tax upon our state loans. Verily to interpret the signs of the times is the prerogative of statesmanship. Among many of the great things accomplished by Senator Connell in the interest of Philadelphia was the extension of Fairmount Park from a little parcel of ground of about three acres to over three thousand acres, in which Philadelphians pride themselves to-day. As a part of this magnificent plan, there grew out of his fertile brain the Fairmount Park commission, which has since administered the affairs of this great holding of the city. It was largely due to his influence that something like adequate compensation was secured to the judges of the courts of Philadelphia. Realizing that the office should be one of dignity and premanency, he made earnest efforts to have a similar bill enacted in favor of the judges of the supreme court. The handling of the city trusts and the reforming of the management of Girard College were "footprints" which he left "upon the sands of time." His heroic battle which resulted in the taking of Girard College out of politics, placed that great institution upon the basis where it stands to-day, the greatest of its kind in the world.

The father of Joseph R. Connell is Horatio P. Connell, one of Philadelphia's most esteemed citizens, who, through the persuasion of his friends, took up the work of his distinguished sire. Possessing the quiet demeanor of "William, the Silent," the loyalty of a MacGregor, a will iron, a deep sense of knightly honor and an indefatigable purpose, he easily and naturally took his place as a leader among men. During his four terms in the assembly, he was one of the most popular and influential members, where honorable success characterized his legislative career. Subsequently, as sheriff of Philadelphia, he established moral business standards in that office which were quickly recognized and most gratefully appreciated by the members of the legal profession, and at the expiration of his term of office he was highly eulogized by the newspaper press of the city. His heart is as tender as that of a child and the acts of charity and benevolence that have rained from his hand have endeared him to countless numbers. He is a life member of St. Albans Lodge, Free and

Accepted Masons, many clubs and societies, and in any of these bodies where wits assemble his versatility and originality fairly flows and sparkles. His repartee comes with equal rapidity and ease, either from his own resources, or from a mind well-stored with the best in English literature. When he puts his whole soul into jest, it leaves no sting, but rather makes happy and brighter the lives of those about him. His memory is truly remarkable. As an instance, he familiarized himself with a very lengthy judicial opinion. Thirty years later, when the subject was touched upon, he quoted it verbatim from the beginning to the end. Burns he has from cover to cover. It is indeed a treat to hear him read, in true Scottish dialect, his favorite bard or from the prose of Ian MacLaren. On one occasion, while being entertained by the Caledonian Club, the members were so charmed with his renderings of Burns that they forthwith made him an honorary member, a distinction shared in Pennsylvania with the late Simon Cameron only. If Horatio P. Connell loves the lesser literary lights, he fairly worships the name of Shakespeare, and as he reads and interprets the works of the "Myriad Minded," one cannot forget the treat it gives, to weep with him over the grave of Ophelia; to go off into fields of side-splitting laughter with Sir John, or to follow the melancholy Dane through his dark speculations. If he loves the Bard of Avon, this poet in turn has described Horatio P. Connell in these words, which though hackneyed, fit him so aptly: "His life was gentle and the elements so mixed in him that nature might stand up and say to all the world, this was a man." Modesty has always been one of his distinguishing characteristics and although having passed the patriarchal three-score years and ten, he dislikes comment upon his deeds, which have made his life so beautiful and so replete with benefits to his fellow men. Such charming personality, sterling integrity and nobility of character must of necessity influence progeny, and these inherited traits, coupled with a genial personality and a soul filled with faith in his Creator have made Joseph R. Connell popular with his friends and acquaintances and successful in his business.

BAKER After the celebrated English Quaker, William Penn, the founder of Pennsylvania, had his famous interview in 1683 with the Indians under the great elm at Shakamaxon, now Kensington, Pennsylvania, concluding a treaty of lasting peace with the red men, he returned to England in 1684. In 1686 he was instrumental, through his influence with James II., in having sixteen hundred of his co-religionists released from prison, where they were confined because of their religious views. In April, 1687, many of the persecuted Quakers were given passage by Penn from London to Philadelphia. Among these emigrants was James Baker, a devout Quaker, a farmer and a prominent man in his community, who for religious reasons had suffered imprisonment. With him came his wife, Mary Ann, and one child. They settled near Philadelphia, and he pursued farming until his death. He reared a large family, and from his sons descend the families of the name, allied to the Friends' congregation, now living in the state.

Aaron Baker, a direct descendant of Joseph Baker, was born in Edgmont township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, 1795, and there spent his entire life. In his early years he learned shoemaking, and followed it for some years; though later he purchased land and farmed. He was a strong Democrat, and was a man who worked for what he considered the public good in all circumstances. He was the captain of a military company, and under him the men were drilled and prepared for the field. Like all of his family he was a member of the Friends' congregation, as was his wife. He married Amy Carter, of

English-Irish descent, the daughter of a neighboring farmer, born in Edgmont township, and there died. Children: 1. Mary. 2. Robert, enlisted in a volunteer regiment from Pennsylvania, in 1861, and served out his enlistment. 3. Phoebe Ann. 4. Hannah Rease. 5. Jackson, of whom further. 6. Ann Eliza.

Jackson Baker, son of Aaron and Amy (Carter) Baker, was born September 9, 1826, in Edgmont township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and died in the place of his birth. He received his education in the common schools of his township. On reaching maturity he took up carpentering and building, remaining at it until his marriage, after which he bought fifty-two acres of land, improved it and there lived until his death. He was among the most ardent supporters of the Friends' church in his township, upholding the faith of his fathers in every way in his power. He was a staunch Democrat, voting with and working for the party. Than Mr. Baker there was no more highly esteemed man in his immediate vicinity. In 1857 he married Emeline M. Mercer, born September 3, 1835, a daughter of Harlan W. and Mary Ann (Lewis) Mercer, of West township, Chester county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Mercer was of English extraction; his immigrant ancestor came over about 1690, and joined the Quaker colony in Pennsylvania. The family of Mrs. Mercer was founded by Hiram Lewis, who was released from prison in England in 1686, where he had been incarcerated for his religious belief, he also being a Quaker. He joined the Friends' colony in Pennsylvania not later than 1691. Many of the descendants of both immigrants live to-day in Chester county. Mr. Mercer was a Whig in politics, and was locally active in the party. His children were: Rhodes, died in boyhood; Thomas H.; Ann E.; Emeline M., married Jackson Baker, see above; Hannah, died in infancy. Children of Jackson and Emeline M. (Mercer) Baker: 1. William Harlan, of whom further. 2. Amy, born October 21, 1862; married J. Howard Mendenhall, a farmer in Delaware county.

William Harlan Baker, son of Jackson and Emeline M. (Mercer) Baker, was born September 26, 1858, in Howellville, Edgmont township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He received his preparatory education in the public schools of his birthplace, afterward attending Friends' School and Maplewood Institute, Delaware county, for four terms, where he made a record as a diligent student. On leaving the institute he engaged in farming with his father on the homestead, where he still resides, and which he has made a model place. The farm, consisting of fifty-two acres, has been in the Baker family since the first settlement in 1685. He is successful in his farming operations which he combines with dairying on a small scale, and stock raising. He is influential in politics, and has held township offices under the Democratic party, to which he gives his right of franchise, and is now school director. Like all of his family he belongs to the Friends' Society, supporting it generously when the need arises, while his wife is a member of the Presbyterian church. He is a member of the Masonic order; past master of Thompson Lodge, No. 340, Free and Accepted Masons; past master of Brook Haven Grange, No. 1173; past sachem of Red Men, No. 192; past councillor of Edgmont Council, No. 833, O. of I. A. In all of these orders he stands remarkably high, his holding office attesting his popularity.

He married, May 12, 1886, Alwilda M. Baker, daughter of William S. and Amy (Johnson) Baker, granddaughter of Abel and Ann (Sill) Baker, great-granddaughter of Edward and Jane (Green) Baker, great-great-granddaughter of Aaron and Elizabeth (Register) Baker, and great-great-great-granddaughter of Joseph Baker, one of the three brothers who founded the Baker family in Pennsylvania. William S. Baker was a farmer and merchant by occupation, and both he and his wife were members of families long established in Pennsyl-

vania. Children: 1. Amy Mercer, born February 15, 1887, graduated in 1907 from West Chester Academy; engaged in teaching. 2. Anna Mary, born August 11, 1888, graduated from West Chester Academy. 3. Erna Lewis, born September 16, 1889, educated in West Chester Academy; teaching in Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

From county Donegal, Ireland, the ancestral home of the
HUGHES Hughes family for many generations, came John and Ann (McKue) Hughes, with their young son Thomas in 1843. They settled at what was then Kellyville, now Oakview, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where their elder sons and daughters had preceded them, finding employment in the Kelly Cotton Mills. John Hughes died in 1863, his widow Ann surviving him until 1880.

Thomas Hughes son of John and Ann (McKue) Hughes, was born in county Donegal, Ireland, April 20, 1833, and there resided until 1843. He had elder brothers and sisters in the United States and soon too the lure of that land of promise seized his parents, resulting in all coming in 1843. On arriving in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, Thomas, a boy of ten years, began work in the Kelly Cotton Mills, but a few weeks in such unsuitable labor for a child proved his inability to stand the strain. He attended public school for a few months, then secured work as water boy with a force of men employed in the construction of public roads in Delaware township near his home. He at first received fifty cents per day, but his employer, Nathan Garrett, was so pleased with the boy and his ready willingness to work that after the first week he raised his pay to the same figure he paid his men, seventy-five cents per day. He continued with Mr. Garrett four years, then decided to learn the blacksmith's trade. He was apprentice to Thomas B. Parker, whose shop then stood on Broad between Race and Vine streets, Philadelphia. He served with Mr. Parker four years, then spent four years more working at his trade in New York City. From that city he migrated to Wilmington, Delaware, following his trade there until his enlistment in Company E, Third Regiment, Pennsylvania Cavalry, giving his occupation as a "farrier" or smith. He served under the fall of 1863, receiving an honorable discharge. He was principally employed at his trade, the services of a farrier being greatly in demand in a regiment of cavalry. He was at the front, however, at the battle of Malvern Hill, where he was employed as a dispatch bearer between the commanding generals. The exposure in this, one of the hardest fought of the Seven Days battles, brought on a severe attack of sickness that left him unfit for service. After returning from the war and regaining his health, he opened a blacksmith shop at Fernwood, Delaware county, remaining there four years in successful business. During this period he built the first house in what is now the populous, popular borough of Lansdowne, but did not occupy it at first, renting it to another. After four years in Fernwood, he decided to cast in his fortune with that of the new town, to which he moved his business and residence, first occupying in 1883 the house he had previously erected in Lansdowne. He prospered there in his business, working at his anvil until 1893, but since that date has devoted himself solely to the management of his varied business interests. The smithing business is continued and in addition he established and has built up in association with his sons, the largest automobile business in Delaware county. The garage is located in Lansdowne at the corner of Baltimore and Wycombe avenues and is well known headquarters for the automobilists of that section. His energy and unusual business ability, coupled with his genial manner, has brought Mr. Hughes to the front in his chosen business and won him the respect of his

townsmen and customers. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church, the Grand Army of the Republic and the Knights of Columbus, but has never taken any active part in political affairs, being first and last a man of business.

Mr. Hughes married at Kellyville (Oak View), April 7, 1866, Catherine Kelly, born in county Donegal, Ireland, daughter of William and Catherine (Gallagher) Kelly, with whom she came to the United States when a girl of twelve years. William Kelly, born in county Donegal, was for thirty years office manager of Kelly's Cotton Mills in Kellyville and there died at the great age of ninety-six years. Catherine Gallagher, born in the same county in 1810, died in 1876. Children of Thomas and Catherine Hughes now living: Catherine, born in 1869, now and for seventeen years a Sister of Charity in the Convent of The Immaculate Heart of West Chester, Pennsylvania; William, born in 1871, married Mary Morris and resides in Lansdowne; Thomas, born in 1873, married Ella Cavender and resides in Lansdowne; Joseph, born 1881, unmarried; John, born 1883, married Jennie Mendinger and resides in Lansdowne; Mary, born 1889, resides at home; seven other children are deceased.

AMSTERDAM Phillip Amsterdam, of Essington, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, can claim a Hebraic lineage that runs back to the days of Abraham. The Amsterdam family lived in Poland during the unhappy days of the partition of that country by Germany, Russia and Austria, and that portion in which the Amsterdams made their home fell to the lot of Germany, hence they became German subjects.

Julius C. Amsterdam, the grandfather of Phillip, lived all of his life in Germany, though distinctly of Polish Hebrew origin. From a capable boy he grew to be a capable, well educated man, astute and diplomatic. Like all of his race he received a thorough education, being instructed by the rabbi. Reaching manhood he elected to engage in the grain business, which he conducted, first retail then wholesale, for years. He married Sadie ———, a daughter of a neighbor, and to them were born many children, among whom was Abraham Isaac, of whom further.

Abraham Isaac Amsterdam, son of Julius C. and Sadie Amsterdam, was born, reared and educated in Germany. Like his father he was studious and acquired, with the assistance of the public schools of his native place and the rabbi, an unusually fine education, even for a race which is proverbial for its learning. As a young man he engaged with his father in the grain business. There came a time when he was dissatisfied with existing conditions under which he lived, and he sought a newer and larger field for his commercial endeavors. In 1892, with his family, he emigrated to the United States, and located in Philadelphia, where he again entered business, gaining almost immediate success. He married Gertrude Weisberg, like himself born in Germany, of Polish Hebrew parents. Among their children was Phillip, of whom further.

Phillip Amsterdam, son of Abraham Isaac and Gertrude (Weisberg) Amsterdam, was born in 1871, in Germany. He received instruction in a private rabbinical school, his teacher being a learned rabbi of his native place. In 1892, at the age of twenty-one, he accompanied his father and the other members of the family to the United States. He located in Philadelphia, and entered the manufacturing business, making a specialty of women's clothing, in which line he was eminently successful. He carried on this until 1903, when he decided that he would try another field, and moved to Essington, Delaware county, where he opened a real estate office. In this he succeeded beyond his most sanguine expectations. It was one step to becoming a contractor and builder, and

since entering upon this line he has built one hundred and fourteen of the handsomest and most substantial houses in Essington. He has acquired much property in the shape of houses and lots, besides doing a five hundred thousand dollar business a year. Mr. Amsterdam is one of the enterprising men of Essington, and ranks high in the estimation of his fellow townsmen. He is a Republican, voting with and working for the party, and is school director. While in Philadelphia he assisted in organizing the Building and Loan Association of that city. He married, in 1891, Helen Prokush, daughter of Joseph Prokush, like himself of Polish Hebraic extraction. Children: 1. Samuel, born in 1893, educated in public school of Philadelphia; a traveling salesman for Hastings, McIntosh Company. 2. Julius J., born March 1, 1895, educated in Philadelphia public school, graduated in Essington High School in 1910, took a course in Philadelphia business college, and is now connected with his father in the real estate business.

VALENTINE That the original signification of the word Valentine was strong, robust, powerful, healthy, there is little doubt, but whether its first use as a family name was on account of any peculiar superiority in this respect, in those bearing it, cannot be stated. At what time and locality it first came into use, it is also difficult to state, but that it was known among the ancient Romans is clearly shown in history. Valentinus was a learned and eloquent Alexandrian, born A. D. 140. The good Saint Valentine, whose day, February 14, we still celebrate, suffered martyrdom at Rome in the year 270. Of the three Roman Emperors named Valentinian, the first ascended the throne in the year 364, the last in 425. Pope Valentine began his official career in 827. The name with slight variations in spelling is also found in the histories of France, Spain, Germany, Holland, England and Ireland, the branch herein traced descending from the Irish family.

(I) Thomas Valentine, the American ancestor, was of Bally Brumhill, Ireland, where he married Mary, daughter of Thomas and Rebecca Parke. She was born September 18, 1693. They came to America bearing a certificate from Carlow to New Garden (Chester county) Monthly Meeting of Friends, dated 2, 27, 1728, which no doubt represents the year of their emigration. They afterwards settled in New Providence township, now Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, where Thomas Valentine died in 1747. Children: 1. Robert, born at Bally Brumhill, Ireland, 7, 21, 1717, died 7, 21, 1786; married at Caln Meeting, 4, 4, 1747, Rachel, daughter of John and Mary Edge, of Chester county; Robert was a recommended minister in 1764 and traveled considerably in that capacity, visiting Great Britain at the close of the revolutionary war; his wife Rachel was an elder in the Uwchlan Meeting, to which both belonged; they left a large family. 2. Thomas, died in Charlestown township, Chester county, in 1762; he married, November 23, 1752, Rebecca Robinson, who survived him and married (second) May 19, 1768, Robert Dunbar. 3. John, no record. 4. Jonathan, of whom further. Perhaps others.

(II) Jonathan, son of Thomas and Mary (Parke) Valentine, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, about 1730, died in East Caln township, Chester county, about 1811. He married, in 1755, Lydia, daughter of John and Lydia (Pusey) Baldwin. They settled on a farm in East Caln township, where their after lives were spent. Children: Absalom, of whom further; Jehu, John, Jonathan, Elizabeth, Mary, Lydia, married Jesse Evans; Thomas.

(III) Absalom, son of Jonathan and Lydia (Baldwin) Valentine, was born in East Caln township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, about 1757. He married Mary, daughter of Thomas and Mary Temple, of East Caln township.

Children: Abner, William, Lydia, Thomas, Benjamin, John, of whom further; Elizabeth, Mary, Samuel, Absalom, Temple, Joseph.

(IV) John, son of Absalom and Mary (Temple) Valentine, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, April 23, 1787. He became a wealthy farmer and business man, and gave his sons, Chalkley M. and John King, the best of educational advantages. He resided in Chester county, where he owned a large quantity of land. He was a member of the Society of Friends, and a man held in high esteem. He married and left issue including a son John King, of whom further.

(V) John King, son of John Valentine, was born near Marlboro, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1818, died January 16, 1898. The son of wealthy parents he was given a liberal education. Preparing at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, he entered Dartmouth College, where he completed his classical education. He then entered the law department of the University of Pennsylvania, whence he was graduated LL. B., class of 1855. He was admitted to the Philadelphia bar the same year and attained high rank in his profession. He served as assistant United States district attorney for the eastern Pennsylvania district under District Attorney Charles Gilpin, and was appointed district attorney by President Grant, serving until the first administration of President Cleveland. He earned lasting reputation by his successful handling of the "Molly Maguire" cases and was the only prosecutor to obtain convictions in the Squire Root trials during the Star Route Mail scandals that led to the Belmont resignations. Under President Cleveland's administration he was appointed, under the new federal elections law, chief of the United States election bureau. Later he was appointed United States commissioner of elections. In addition to his legal practice and official duties, Mr. Valentine had extensive business interests in Philadelphia. He was president of the Spring Garden Insurance Company and held directorship in other corporations. He maintained a country estate at Bryn Mawr and a town house at 1805 Spruce street, both being the scenes of gracious hospitality and social enjoyment.

With the exception of one other man, Charles J. Ingersol, Mr. Valentine was the longest in office of the previous long line of United States district attorneys, and may be said to have literally been apprenticed to the office, as immediately after his admission to the bar, he became associated with ex-Mayor Charles Gilpin as his law assistant, and when the latter was appointed United States district attorney, Mr. Valentine as his chief deputy began the study of the intricacies and requirements of the office with which he was destined to be identified through several administrations. When Mr. Gilpin left the office, Mr. Valentine was retained as chief assistant, under Aubrey H. Smith, John P. O'Neill and Colonel William McMichael. In the early part of General Grant's term, when Colonel McMichael resigned, Mr. Valentine was appointed to the office this resignation left vacant. He entered upon his duties, after such a preparation as no other incumbent ever had, his clear understanding of the requirements of the office and the long years of training, acquired under ex-Mayor Gilpin and his successors, making him a most valuable official. He was also a most able lawyer and made a public record unrivalled in the history of the eastern district. After his retirement from public life, he resumed private practice, forming a partnership with his son, John Reed Valentine, and Henry P. Brown, so continuing with offices on Seventh near Walnut street, Philadelphia, until his sudden death at his Spruce street home, January 16, 1898. He was ever interested in his Alma Mater, the University of Pennsylvania, was president of the Alumni Association at the time of his death. His college fraternity was Psi Upsilon, while in religious belief he adhered to the



John A. Andrew

faith of his fathers, worshiping with the Hicksite Society of Friends. He was a man of high mental and legal attainments, lovable in disposition and highly regarded by all who knew him.

John King Valentine married Virginia Penelope Reed, who survives him. She was born on her father's estate near New Orleans, Louisiana, daughter of James and Adele La Tell (De La Tour) Reed, The De La Tours were of royal French blood, driven out of France during the revolution, taking refuge in San Domingo. When the blacks rose and proclaimed the republic of Hayti, the family came to the United States, locating in New Orleans. James Reed, president of the Bank of New Orleans, was one of the financial and social leaders of that city. He owned many cotton plantations and a line of ships trading between New Orleans and Liverpool. He was the leading cotton factor of New Orleans and kept his ships in commission largely on his own shipments of cotton. After his marriage to Miss De La Tour, he established a magnificent mansion and estate near New Orleans, where his children were born. He had two sons and two daughters: 1. Henry, died aged nineteen years, unmarried. 2. John, a lieutenant commander in the United States navy under Farragut during the civil war; his health was seriously impaired by the exposure incident to his naval service, compelling a California ranch residence for several years; he finally returned east and died in 1880; he married, but left no issue. 3. Elizabeth Louisiana, died in 1878, unmarried. 4. Virginia Penelope, now widow of John King Valentine. Their only child John Reed Valentine, of whom further.

(VI) John Reed, only son of John King and Virginia Penelope (Reed) Valentine, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 22, 1869. His preparatory education was obtained at Haverford College grammar school, he being a member of the first class graduated from that institution. He then entered Haverford College, but was compelled to discontinue his studies there for a time. He then took special courses at the University of Pennsylvania for two years, later entering the law department of the University, whence he was graduated LL. B., class of 1895. His university career was one of fine achievement as witnessed by his membership in the Sharswood Law Club, a requisite for admission there being perfect scholarship in both collegiate and law courses. Although fully equipped for the profession of law, Mr. Valentine chose the life of a country gentleman, a career he has followed with great usefulness to his community and not from the standpoint of an "idle rich man." Shortly after his graduation he inherited a sum of money that he invested in "Highland Farm," his present home. This farm located in the northern part of Haverford township, Delaware county, originally consisted of sixty-three acres, adjoining his father's estate of one hundred and forty-six acres. After inheriting the latter, Mr. Valentine consolidated the two farms and purchased an additional one hundred acres, which now gives Highland Farm an area of nearly three hundred acres of exceedingly valuable land. The original house was built in 1704, but has been remodelled and enlarged until it stands as a splendid example of a country gentleman's home. The farm was the original Lewis tract, descending by inheritance to the Sheafs, by them sold to the Epwrights, from whom it was purchased by Mr. Valentine, the two transfers being the only ones by sale during the two and one-half centuries, since it was first patented to a Lewis. Interesting as is the past history "Highland Farm" has a modern fame all its own. Mr. Valentine has made it the Mecca of Ayrshire cattle breeders of the United States. His herd of two hundred pure blooded Ayrshire is the largest and most noted in the eastern United States, including as it does champions in milk and butter production and a sire of unsurpassed performance. For twenty

years Mr. Valentine has been developing this herd of prize dairy cows, and by importation and breeding he has become the leading and best known owner of Ayrshires in the United States. A few names of champions in the herd will be familiar to those interested in Ayrshire: "Polly Puss" from 1903 to 1905 the American champion in the production of milk and butter; "Rena Ross" from 1905 until 1910 American Ayrshire champion in milk and butter production. Thus for seven years, 1903-10, Mr. Valentine's herd furnished the American champion milk and butter producer. In 1913, his three year old heifer "Abbess of Torr," which he imported from Scotland, after personal inspection, won the "three year old championship" for imported Ayrshires. Mr. Valentine is also owner of a famous Ayrshire sire whose daughters, in proportion to their number, rank as the greatest producers of milk and butter over any similar number of cows in the whole world.

The surroundings in which these cattle are kept give evidence of the deep thought and interest bestowed upon them by their owner, being roomy, modern and sanitary. To dispose of the product of his large herd, Mr. Valentine maintains a model dairy, operated under the most perfect sanitary conditions, employing the most modern approved dairy machinery and methods. But the herd is not maintained for dairy, but for breeding purposes, the young Ayrshires being eagerly sought for by dairymen and breeders. Mr. Valentine is president of the Ayrshire Breeders Association of America and a recognized authority on that most noted of all dairy cattle. He is devotedly attached to his beautiful country home with all its varied interests, but is not unmindful of his civic and social obligations. He has taken a lively interest in the club life of Delaware county and Philadelphia, being a member of the Racquet Club of Philadelphia, the Merion Cricket Club, the Radnor Hunt, Rose Tree Hunt, Pickering Valley Hunt, Green Spring Valley Hunt, the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society and various others. From 1901 to 1907 he was master of hounds for the Radnor Hunt, the pack of hounds now owned by the club having been bred, trained and presented by Mr. Valentine. To further gratify his love for the chase, he maintains a stable of ten high class thoroughbred hunters.

In politics a Republican, he has always taken interest in local affairs. He is a member of the county committee for the northern precinct of Haverford township, served for three years on the township board of education; was chairman of the board of supervisors four years and the first chairman of the board of township commissioners under the act of 1910. While not formally connected with any religious denomination, he has a birthright membership in the Society of Friends, and has a special friendliness for the faith of his fathers.

Mr. Valentine married, June 8, 1898, Elizabeth Edith Simpson, born in Philadelphia, but at the time of her marriage residing at "Centre Crest," the Montgomery county home of the Simpsons. She is the only child of Thomas and Elizabeth Potter (Moulton) Simpson, her father the long time honored head of the Eddystone Steel Works at Chester, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Valentine have no children.

HARVEY William Spence Harvey, a well known lawyer of Newtown Square, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, has been identified with some of the most important interests in that section of the country

Blaney Harvey, his father, was born in county Cavan, Ireland, in 1833, and died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1903. For many years he has been

engaged in business as a builder and contractor, and had a controlling interest in the Tradesmen's Trust Company, holding the office of president, while his son was vice-president. He was the owner of over four hundred houses in the city of Philadelphia. He served the city for many years as a member of the board of fire commissioners, and was a staunch Republican. He was a member of the Episcopal church. Mr. Harvey married Eliza, daughter of William James, who came from Paisley, Scotland. Children: George L., who holds a position of trust in the Philadelphia post office; Margaret, Mary, William Spence, Eleanor, Matilda West. These children are all living in Philadelphia.

William Spence Harvey was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 23, 1861. The public schools of his native city furnished his preliminary education, and he went from them to Rugby Academy in order to prepare for entrance to the university. He matriculated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1881, spent two years in the Academic Department, two years in its School of Law, and was graduated from the institution in the class of 1885. He was admitted to the Philadelphia bar in 1886, and immediately commenced the practice of his profession. While his practice is in some respects a general one, he has made an especial study of real estate law, and devotes himself chiefly to this line. In political matters he gives his support to the Republican party, in whose interests he has been an active worker.

Mr. Harvey married, in 1889, Martha Wright, daughter of Dr. Thomas and Martha (Wright) Conway. She was raised in the city of New York, and at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia. Children: William Spence Jr., connected with the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company; Lawrence, a midshipman in the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland; Sidney Wright, Jane Elizabeth Blaney. Mr. Harvey has his country home in Edgemont township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, as he delights in outdoor sports, especially for hunting; his city residence is at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia. He and his family attend services at St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal church. Mr. Harvey is a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, and president of the Rose Tree Fox Hunting Club.

The progenitor of this branch was Benjamin Donall, born in DONALL Scotland, a dresser of edged tools used in nail making. He came to the United States, settled in Pennsylvania, died in Delaware county, aged eighty-three years. He married and left issue.

Benjamin (2) Donall, son of the emigrant, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, where his life was spent prior to his enlistment. He was a bricklayer and engineer, a man of high character and successful in business. He enlisted in the Twenty-third Regiment Pennsylvania Cavalry, and during a battle in Virginia was accidentally killed by his own men. He is buried in Calvary churchyard at Glen, Pennsylvania, aged about sixty years at the time of his death. Both he and his wife were members of Calvary Episcopal church. He married Catherine Barr, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Isaac Barr, a hydraulic well digger, who died at Clifton Heights, Delaware county; she died there in her eighty-third year.

Charles H. Donall, son of Benjamin (2) and Catherine (Barr) Donall, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1859. He was educated in the public schools, and in early life worked at well building, but later engaged in the ice business in Clifton Heights. He is a Republican in politics and for the past twelve years has served as health officer. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias.

and past commander of Chester Lodge, Knights of Malta. Mr. Donall married, May 8, 1884, Sarah A. Smith, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Charles Smith, deceased, a dyer. Children: Charles Howard, agent of the Pennsylvania railroad at Clifton, Pennsylvania; Joseph W., assistant agent at Clifton for the Pennsylvania railroad; John, engaged in business with his father; Elva, died in infancy.

This family (spelled both Worrall and Worrell) came to WORRALL Pennsylvania from Berkshire, England, their tradition being that they are descendants of Sir Hubert de Warel, who lost three sons at the battle of Hastings, where William the Conqueror won title to the English crown.

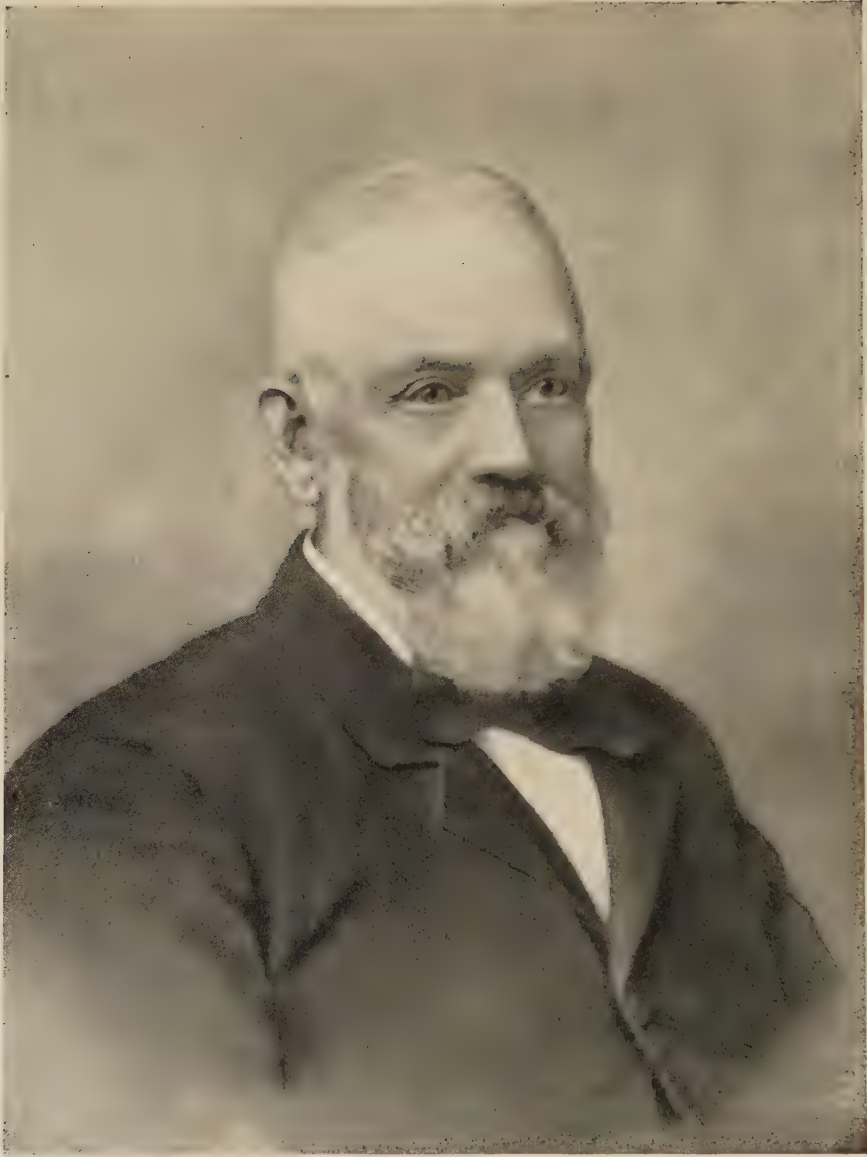
Peter Worrall, from whom the Worralls of Marple township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, descend, was a tanner. John Worrall, who settled in Chester township in 1684, came to America from Berkshire, England, in the ship "Welcome" in 1682, arriving in Philadelphia, before William Penn. He named one of his children Peter, and Peter named one of his sons John, so it may be implied that if they were not brothers they were at least closely related and probably came in the same ship. Peter Worrall had three sons: Peter, located in Bucks county; George, located in the state of Delaware, and Jonathan, who married Mary Taylor and settled in Marple township, now Delaware county, Pennsylvania; he had among his children a son Jacob, who married Elizabeth Maddock.

Jesse Worrall, son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Maddock) Worrall, was a farmer of Ridley township, and a member of the Society of Friends. He married a widow, Mrs. Jane (Bishop) Bennett, daughter of Robert and Jane Bishop. Children: Elizabeth, Jacob, Tacy.

Jacob Worrall, only son of Jesse and Jane (Bishop-Bennett) Worrall, was born in Ridley township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 7, 1806, his father having been born on the same farm. He grew to manhood on the homestead farm, remaining his father's assistant until of legal age. At the division of the estate he received the half on which the homestead stood. There he resided until October, 1882, after which date he made his home with his daughter at Leipserville. He was a Whig and a Republican, held several minor offices and was a birthright member of the Society of Friends. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Nathaniel and Mary Worrall, of Ridley township, a kinswoman. Children: William, Mary P., married Joseph K. Lukens; John Bishop, of further mention.

John Bishop Worrall, son of Jacob and Elizabeth Worrall, was born in Ridley Park, died in Crum Lynne, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1893. He was educated in the public schools. He became a carpenter and builder and followed that business all his active years, was very successful, accumulating a competence, then lived a retired, quiet life until death. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Society of Friends. He married Mary Alice Playford, born in Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1847, daughter of William Playford, who died in 1893, a farmer of Woodlyn, Delaware county, and his wife, Elizabeth (Richardson) Playford, born in England, died in Woodlyn in 1895. He was a supervisor of the township for many years, and both were members of the Presbyterian church. Mrs. Mary A. Worrall survives her husband, now residing in Woodlyn, Delaware county.

George Jonathan Worrall, son of John Bishop and Mary Alice (Playford) Worrall, was born in Ridley township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 4, 1878. Until fifteen years of age he attended the Thomas Leiper public



William Fields

school at Leiperville, then began business life as a clerk in a wholesale hardware establishment at No. 503 Market street, Philadelphia, proving so satisfactory an employee that he remained with the same firm—The Supplee Hardware Company—for ten years. In 1903 he entered the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad at Philadelphia, but after six months accepted a position with the Bell Telephone Company at Chester, serving that company with fidelity and zeal until 1910. He was then offered and accepted a responsible position with the Baldwin Locomotive Company at Eddystone, which he now capably fills. Mr. Worrall is a Republican in politics, served as committeeman with the Fairview district of Ridley township for four years; was register assessor three years and regular assessor of the Leiperville district for one year. In 1910 he was assessor in Ridley township for the United States government. He is president of the J. F. D. Hose Company of Leiperville, a company in which he has long been interested.

He married in the Methodist Episcopal church at Eddystone, May 9, 1906, Lydia Emma Jenkins, of Trainer, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Artemus Jenkins, a retired farmer of Trainer, and his wife, Anna Jenkins. Child: Mary Alice, born June 21, 1907, at Crum Lynn, Delaware county.

It is said that sons of great men seldom rise to the heights that their fathers attain, that the success which the father has attained takes away that spur to ambition which is found in necessity, but while this is sometimes true, there are many exceptions to the rule, two of which are found in the persons of John Wesley Fields, the president of the Fields Brick Company, of Chester, Pennsylvania, and Holstein Harvey Fields, secretary of the same company, men who have risen to a position of eminence in the business circles of Delaware county, having long since left the ranks of the many to stand among the successful few.

(I) Samuel Fields, the first of the line here under consideration of whom we have definite information, was born at Kensington, a part of the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 15, 1804, died in Media, Pennsylvania, October 9, 1886. He spent the greater part of his life in Kensington, successfully following the trade of shoemaker, at which he served an apprenticeship, removing to Media several years prior to his decease. He served for three years in the United States navy on a man-of-war under Commodore Farragut, enlisting in 1828, and he enlisted as a soldier in the civil war, being a member of Company I, One Hundred and Sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and for two years served as a nurse in the Crozier (Pennsylvania) army hospital. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and active in the work of the various societies connected therewith. In early life he was a Democrat, but after the riot in Philadelphia in 1828 he became a Whig, and upon the organization of the Republican party joined its ranks, remaining loyal to its principles for the remainder of his life. He married (first) October 15, 1826, Mary Harman, who bore him the following named children: George L., William, Samuel J., John, Sarah, Thomas, Jonas, Henry, Catherine, Andrew Jackson, Mary A., Phoebe A., Samuel, Sarah, Charles Henry, Julia A. He married (second) November 21, 1852, Margaret Stinson, who bore him nine children, among whom were: Thomas S. (q. v.), Mary J., Richard, David, Joseph, Phoebe, Benjamin F. (q. v.), Walter.

(II) William, second son of Samuel and Mary (Harman) Fields, was born at Kensington, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 4, 1828, died at Eddystone, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 8, 1904. He attended the public schools adjacent to his home, thus obtaining a practical education. He first

engaged in the commission business with his brother, George L. Fields, on Oder street wharf, Philadelphia, after which he embarked in the brick manufacturing business at Eddystone with another brother, John Fields, contracting to make bricks for William Simpson & Son, the bricks being used to build their manufacturing plant in that village. Prior to that time they made bricks for J. Morgan Baker at Ridley, Pennsylvania, and in 1883 made bricks at Elwyn for the building of the Institute for the Feeble Minded at that place. They were pioneers in the brickmaking business in Delaware county, and the present extensive plant is the outcome of the business many years ago in a small way, success crowning their well directed efforts, both partners being men of strong character, upright in their dealings, living in the fear of the Lord. William Fields removed from Kensington to Eddystone, where he took an active part in all public matters, serving as treasurer of the borough for a number of years up to the time of his death, also as school director and treasurer of the school board, discharging his duties in a highly satisfactory manner. He was a member and steward of the Methodist Episcopal church of Eddystone, to which he contributed liberally of his time and means.

He married, November 21, 1867, Ruth Ann Blair, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, June 25, 1843, died in Eddystone, Pennsylvania, November 21, 1897, daughter of William and Orpha (Martin) Blair, who were married in Philadelphia, and were the parents of Hannah, William, Mary, Rachel, Elizabeth, Louisa, Sarah Jane, of whom further; Ruth Ann, Joseph, John, Orpha Blair, all of whom are deceased except Mary, Sarah Jane and John. William Blair was born in county Down, Ireland, was a textile foreman by occupation, an Episcopalian in religion, and a Democrat in politics. Orpha (Martin) Blair was the daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Malin) Martin, the latter named having been a descendant of Randal and Elizabeth Malin. Orpha Martin was a Quakeress, but was excommunicated on account of marrying outside of her religion. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Fields: 1. Mary Louise, born October 23, 1868, died May 10, 1888, aged seventeen years. 2. Holstein Harvey, of whom further. 3. Mattie Virginia, born March 18, 1873; married William B. Kerr, of Eddystone, Pennsylvania, a carpenter; they reside in Chester. 4. Sarah Jane, born May 7, 1879; married William Shaw, of Chester, a bricklayer; they reside in Chester. 5. Frank Edward, born April 17, 1882; an iron moulder; resides in Chester; married (first) Louisa England; married (second) Emma Boschelle. 6. Ruth Ann, born April 14, 1886; married Thomas Gibbs, of Chester, an iron moulder; they reside in Chester. 7. Joseph, died in infancy. 8. May, born January 1, 1877, died in early life.

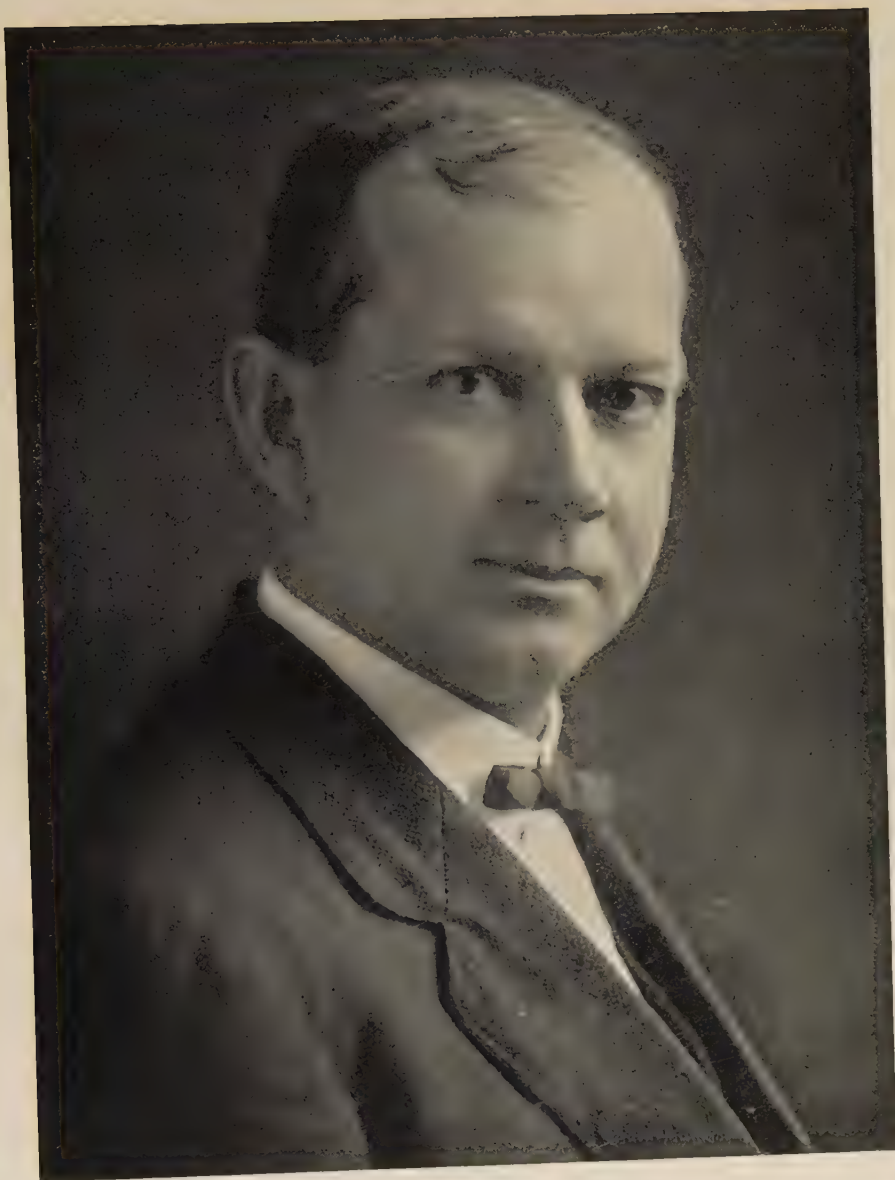
(II) John, fourth son of Samuel and Mary (Harman) Fields, was born in Kensington, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1834, died May 12, 1896. He attended the public schools in the vicinity of his home, and in early life began work in a brick yard in Kensington, thus gaining a thorough knowledge of every detail of the work. Later he conducted a brickyard for Isaac Briggs in South Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, until 1864, when he accepted a position in Matthew Boyd's brick yard in Chichester township, continuing until 1867, when he moved to Ridley township, now the borough of Eddystone, and engaged with his brother William in operating a brickyard for J. Morgan Baker and William P. Beatty, under the firm name of Baker & Beatty; later Mr. Beatty sold out to Mr. Baker, and he in turn sold out to Mendelhall & Johnson. John and William Fields then operated a brickyard nearby for J. Morgan Baker, on land owned by Hugh Sample, afterward purchased by Mr. Baker, and in 1872 the yard was purchased by William Simpson & Sons, and was operated by the Fields Brothers until 1882, when they started and operated



John Fields



John W. Fields



John C. Gledo

a yard for Maurice J. Smith at Elwyn, continuing until 1887, when the brothers started business on their own account, under the firm name of Fields Brothers, and so continued until their respective deaths. In 1863, during the progress of the civil war, Mr. Fields enlisted for three months service in the union army, becoming a member of Colonel Hawley's regiment, stationed at Harrisburg, but he did not engage in actual service. He was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Republican in politics, but never sought or held public office, devoting his entire time and attention to his business pursuits. He married, in Media, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1856, Sarah Jane Blair, born in Media, Pennsylvania, March 9, 1836, daughter of William and Orpha (Martin) Blair, aforementioned. Children: 1. Clara Virginia, born July 25, 1857; married James B. Stevenson, of Lower Chichester township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. 2. John Wesley, of whom further. 3. Mary Elizabeth, born August 6, 1860; married George W. Potter, of Chester, Pennsylvania. 4. Ruth Anna, born April 10, 1863; married James Mather, of Chester. 5. Sarah Ellen, born November 27, 1865, died April 29, 1870. 6. Wilhelmina, born May 22, 1867; married William Stewart, of Chester. 7. Orpha May, born April 24, 1869; married John Martin, of Chester. 8. Ellwood Harvey, born March 27, 1871, died October 30, 1876. 9. Annie Naomi, born August 31, 1873; married Charles A. Church, of Birdsboro, Berks county, Pennsylvania. 10. Gussie Violetta, born April 5, 1876; married Frederick N. Rumford, of Chester. 11. Gertrude Blanche, born April 4, 1879; married Clare W. Phillips, of Folsom, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

(III). John Wesley, son of John and Sarah Jane (Blair) Fields, was born in South Media, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, September 30, 1858. He attended the public schools in South Media, Lower Chichester, Linwood and Leiperville, obtaining an excellent education that qualified him for the activities of life. Upon the death of his father, in 1896, he assumed his father's interest in the business, which was then conducted under the style of Fields & Company, so continuing up to July 19, 1906, when it was incorporated as the Fields Brick Company under the state laws, it being a close corporation, the three officers being the sole owners, namely: John Wesley Fields, president; Hon. William H. Berry, treasurer; Holstein Harvey Fields, secretary. The plant is located at Tenth and Broomall streets, Chester, Pennsylvania, with a yard at Twelfth street and Concord avenue, Chester, and is devoted to the manufacture of brick and clay ware of all grades, their product being disposed of in Chester and vicinity, having an output of 6,500,000 bricks each year. The plant is thoroughly equipped with everything needful for the manufacture of their product, and the comfort and safety of their employees is one of their first considerations. The prominence of John W. Fields in business circles led to his appointment as councilman of the borough of Eddystone upon its incorporation in February, 1889, in which office he continued for fourteen years, serving as president of the council the last four years, and is a member at the present time (1913). He is a member of Upland Lodge, No. 253, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Chester, and of Chester Encampment, No. 99, and has passed through the chairs of that order; also a member of Mocopowca Tribe, No. 149, Improved Order of Red Men, of Chester, Pennsylvania.

(III) Holstein Harvey, son of William and Ruth Ann (Blair) Fields, was born in Eddystone, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, October 3, 1870. He was educated in the public schools of his native borough and in the Leiperville grammar school, completing his studies at the age of fifteen. He went to work in the brickyard of Simpson & Sons in Eddystone, which was under the manage-

ment of his father, and remained there until 1888. He then worked in the brickyard conducted by his father, and uncle, John Fields, in Ridley township, continuing until 1904, when both partners were deceased. He then became a partner of his cousin, John W. Fields, aforementioned. About the year 1900 Holstein H. and John W. Fields engaged in the concrete building business, with a plant located at Ridley River and Ninth street, Eddystone, but at the expiration of three years they discontinued their operations along that line. Mr. Field's is manager of the Edgmont Baseball Club, a semi-professional team of Chester, which compares favorably in strength with college and state teams. He is a member of the Emanuel Baptist church, located at Fifteenth and Potter streets, Chester, is superintendent of the Sunday school, and chairman of the house committee of the financial board. He is a Republican in politics, but takes no active part beyond casting his vote for the candidates who in his opinion are best qualified for the office. He is a member of the Artisans Order of Mutual Protection, No. 48, of Chester, of which he is a past master, and John P. Crozer Council, No. 187, Order of United American Mechanics, of Chester, of which he is past councillor.

Mr. Fields, married, February 6, 1890, Mary Emmott, born in England, daughter of the late James and Hannah Emmott, of England, from where they emigrated to this country, settling in Chester, Pennsylvania, where Mr. Emmott became a worsted manufacturer. Children: 1. Maude Estella, born December 18, 1890. 2. Florence Winfred, born April 10, 1892; graduated from Larkin grammar school, and has also a high school education. Both reside at home with their parents.

As business men, the Fields partners possess all those qualities most essential to success. They are men of sound judgment, unerring foresight and executive ability. Fair and upright in all their dealings, they are highly esteemed and hold the confidence of all with whom they have relations. They are energetic progressive and enterprising, and in their work display a capacity that stamps them as men of more than ordinary intelligence. As citizens they are public-spirited and interested in the material welfare and development of their city, a cause to which they are always ready to extend their hearty support.

(II) Thomas S. Fields, eldest son of Samuel and Margaret (Stinson) Fields (q. v.), was born in Marple township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1854. His parents removed to the borough of Media, Pennsylvania, April 1, 1855, and when he attained the age of five years he became a pupil in the public schools of that borough, continuing his studies until he was eleven years of age, when he became a wage earner. His first employment was in the brickyard of Isaac Worrall, and later he served an apprenticeship at the trade of plumber, which line of work he followed for a number of years until after his marriage, when he was compelled to seek other employment owing to ill health. He then secured work in a grocery and provision store, remaining for sixteen years, during which time he became thoroughly familiar with the details of the business, and also gave his employer the best of service. He then embarked in business on his own account, along the same line, but was not successful in his venture, failing in March, 1893, after which he changed his place of residence to Upper Providence and engaged in the trucking business, in which he achieved a fair degree of success, continuing until January 1, 1894, when he was appointed a deputy sheriff of Delaware county under the late Elwood T. Carr, in which capacity he served four years, giving entire satisfaction to all concerned, performing his duties in a highly commendatory manner. At the expiration of this period of time he

secured a position as judgment clerk in the prothonotary's office, serving one year, and on April 1, 1899, he was appointed warden of the Delaware county prison, which position he is now filling in a most acceptable manner, his tenure of office being noted for a strict adherence to duty, combined with a considerate regard for the unfortunates placed under his care and supervision. Mr. Fields has always given his allegiance to the Republican party, taking an active interest in its welfare, and being honored by appointment to positions of trust and honor. He is also active in the welfare of the community, doing all in his power to contribute to the efforts put forth with that end in view.

Mr. Fields married, December 25, 1875, S. Jennie Walker, born in Springfield township, May 26, 1853, daughter of James and Sarah (Middleton) Walker, the latter named being a direct descendant of Arthur Middleton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Children: 1. Sarah Walker, born November 3, 1876; received her education at the Media high school and afterwards graduated from Banks Business College, Philadelphia, as a stenographer; she then secured employment with W. Cloud Alexander, Esq., in the borough of Media, which position she retained until after the death of her mother, May 7, 1910, when she resigned in order to keep house for her father; she later received the appointment of matron of the Delaware county prison, which position she is filling at the present time (1913). 2. Margaret Stinson, born November 4, 1878; she received her education at the Media high school; on March 28, 1903, she became the wife of Edward Vincent Streeper Jr. 3. Elizabeth, born May 22, 1882; she received her education at the Media high school, from which she graduated in June, 1899; she then attended Banks Business College, from which she graduated in 1900 as a stenographer; she then secured employment with the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company, which position she held five years, or until the firm sold out to the Singer Sewing Machine Company, when she resigned and then entered the employ of the County Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, remaining to the present time. 4. Clara Virginia, born December 26, 1884; she received her education at the Media high school, from which she graduated in June, 1903; she then attended Banks Business College, from which she graduated in 1904; she afterwards obtained a position with George T. Butler, Esq., one of the leading attorneys of the Delaware county bar, which position she still holds. 5. Howard Walker, born September 22, 1887; he received his education at the Media high school, from which he graduated in June, 1905; he then entered Lafayette College, from which he graduated in June, 1909, as a civil engineer; he then obtained employment with the Pennsylvania railroad, where he remained until February 1, 1910; he then went as an instructor to the Army and Navy Preparatory School, at Washington, D. C., where he remained until June, 1913, and then accepted a similar position at the Allentown Preparatory School, which position he still holds; he married, August 16, 1913, Helen Kepler Lerch, of Easton, Pennsylvania. 6. Thomas Franklin, born June 8, 1890; he received his education at the Media high school and Drexel Institute; he then accepted a position with the Pennsylvania railroad as clerk in the accountant department, which position he still holds; he married, August 10, 1912, Elizabeth Robinson Leaver, of Media, Pennsylvania. 7. Charles, born October 22, 1892; he received his education at the Media high school, from which he graduated in June, 1911; he then secured employment with the Pennsylvania railroad as clerk, which position he still holds. 8. Alice Kille, born May 2, 1896, died September 5, 1896. 9. Son, unnamed, born in 1897, died a few hours after birth.

(II) Benjamin Franklin Fields, son of Samuel and Margaret
FIELDS (Stinson) Fields, was born in Media, Pennsylvania, January 31,
1865. He attended the public and high schools of his native
town, graduating from the latter named in 1885. He began his active career
in the grocery business, in which he engaged for a short period of time, and
later, when the free delivery mail system in Media was inaugurated under Post-
master Edgar T. Miller, he was appointed the first letter carrier, in which capa-
city he served for more than two years. He then purchased a livery stable
from the W. C. Broadhead estate and managed it for twelve years, deriving
therefrom a comfortable livelihood. He disposed of the same to advantage in
1907 and then removed to his farm in Lima, which he had purchased in 1905,
consisting of sixty-five acres, which he operates successfully, making a specialty
of seed corn, raising the corn known as "The Leaming" which has brought
many prizes in the Delaware and Chester county corn shows, and which has
gained for him an enviable reputation and record. In addition to this he has a
fine dairy from which he derives a goodly income, his stock comprising many
fine specimens. He has also a granite quarry on his farm, which he operates,
known as the Lima Granite Quarry, and with this supply of good stone at hand
has engaged extensively in contracting for the building of roads, building many
of the leading roads in the neighborhood, especially in the section around Media
and Glen Riddle, also all the roads on the well known Riddle estate, and the
cleaning of the dam for the Media water works. He has been successful in
his various undertakings, the keynote of his success being his executive force,
and mastery of detail in whatever engages his attention. He is a consistent
member of the Lima Methodist Episcopal church, being a member of the board
of trustees, a member of the Sons of Veterans, and the Patrons of Husbandry.
He advocates the principles of the Republican party, but casts his vote inde-
pendently of party affiliation, taking an active part in temperance work, being
an active factor in the building up of the Temperance League in Delaware
county, Pennsylvania. This brief resume of Mr. Fields' career proves con-
clusively that he is a man of integrity and character, enterprising and public-
spirited, taking high rank among the successful and representative citizens of
his section of the state.

Mr. Fields married, November 16, 1887, Sarah E. Kugler, a native of
Media, Pennsylvania, daughter of S. Crawford and Margaret Kugler, of Dela-
ware county, Pennsylvania. Children: Emma H., born September 8, 1889,
died February 2, 1896; Margaret, born April 27, 1897.

For three generations this branch of the Green family have been
GREEN residents of Delaware county, the ancestor Abraham Green com-
ing from England. Professor Francis H. Green, of the third
American generation, a widely known educator, litterateur and lecturer, has
gained his reputation not more by his finely developed mentality as expressed in
school room, on the lecture platform and with his fluent pen, than by his early
forceful and earnest advocacy of the cause of social reform and his zealous
work in the cause of temperance. For nearly thirty years Professor of Eng-
lish at the West Chester State Normal School, he has gained enduring fame
and through the lives of the thousands who have sat under his instructions has
spread to the four quarters of the compass the sterling principles that have
made so conspicuous a figure. To this must be added the hundreds of lectures
he has delivered from Chautauqua platforms and before audiences of earnest
men and women in all parts of the country. To estimate the value of such a
man as Professor Green, is impossible, as the results of his work must come



R. E. Hannum

in so great a part through the lives and influences of others who from him have gained their inspiration and gone out into the world to spread anew the gospel of pure lives and higher ideals.

Sharpless Green, son of Abraham, the emigrant, was born in 1830, at the Delaware county homestead; he was a successful merchant, a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a man of influence until his death, in 1887. He married Mary, daughter of James Booth.

Francis H. Green, son of Sharpless and Mary (Booth) Green, was born at Booth's Corner, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, May 19, 1861. He early attended the public schools, then entering West Chester State Normal School, from which he was graduated. Later he pursued English courses at Amherst College and Harvard University, graduating from both institutions and obtaining his degrees. He began his long and useful career as an educator in the public schools of Chester county, Pennsylvania, continuing two years, then accepted a position as a member of the faculty of Juniata College (Huntington), Pennsylvania, and until 1882 was Professor of English. In the latter year he began his long connection with the West Chester State Normal School, occupying the chair of English. As an educator, Professor Green has attained highest rank, and has made his department one of the strongest of the institution he has graced with his talents, and honored by a life time of devoted service. His cultured mind has been broadened and enriched by European travel and by personal acquaintance of many of the men of the literary world, Oliver Wendell Holmes, James Russell Lowell, John G. Whittier, and others whom he met on terms of intimacy. His prominence in the educational world brought him naturally to the lecture platform, where his graceful speech, oratory and earnestness won him unusual prominence. From educational subjects he expanded until his themes embraced the great questions of social and economic reform, and were called for by the Chautauqua Association; the Summer School, over which he presided; teachers' institutes, literary clubs, reform societies and lyceums. He was the earliest and foremost advocate of social reform in his state, and in the cause of temperance was a willing, tireless worker. He founded the Knights of Temperance in Chester, and encouraged the formation of similar societies elsewhere. In the difficult field of literature, Professor Green is also well known, his contributions to the pages of leading magazines and newspapers, continuing over a long term of years, covering a wide variety of topics, in which he is interested and displays not only the talents of the cultured and accomplished scholar and forceful writer, but the deep interest of the humanitarian, who in unselfish devotion, gives of the great wealth of a noble nature for the benefit of others. No lofty monuments, such as honor the great military heroes, are ever reared to such men; their monuments are in the hearts of those they have uplifted and encouraged.

HANNUM Robert Evans Hannum, Esq., who began the practice of law in the city of Philadelphia, where he was associated with Judge Cadwallader, was for many years one of the leading members of the bar of Delaware county. In his high character as a man and his splendid ability as an attorney, he represented the ideal type of the American lawyer, and won and held the highest esteem alike of the court, his professional brethren, and a clientele equal to that of any legal practitioner of his time.

He was born at Concord, Delaware county, December 10, 1805. His boyhood was spent principally in his native state where he acquired a superior English education, and soon after leaving school, turned his attention to the law

as offered the most congenial field for the exercise of his acknowledged talent. After his admission to the bar, he practiced for a short time in Philadelphia, where he was the associate and close personal friend of Judge Cadwallader of the Philadelphia bar. The residence of Mr. Hannum was at Chester, Delaware county, and he soon became prominent at the bar of this county, to which his practice was thereafter mainly confined. He was elected on the Republican ticket to the office of district attorney, and acceptably discharged the duties of that position. In political sentiment Mr. Hannum was in full accord with the Republican party and did much for its success especially in the trying times of our great civil war. The sturdy rectitude of his character as a man and a lawyer, is indelibly impressed on the minds of his brethren at the bar, and all his contemporaries who were privileged to know him well. He was conspicuous for honest dealing with the court, great fidelity to the interest of his clients and uniform courtesy and candid treatment toward his professional brethren. In short he possessed in a marked degree, the many admirable traits which distinguished the zealous, faithful and honest lawyer, a type all too rare in modern days. At the time of his death he was the senior member of the Delaware county bar, and a committee consisting of Judge John M. Bromall, William Ward, John B. Hinkson and William B. Broomall, was appointed to draw up resolutions expressive of the sentiments of his associates in the law. These gentlemen formulated a handsome tribute to his character as a lawyer and a citizen, which was duly adopted, spread on the record, and printed by the press of this county. Although he met with great success in the practice of his profession, and was remarkable for his activity and energy, Mr. Hannum had inherited physical infirmities which interfered with his practice in later years, and no doubt prevented the full expansion of the genius with which he was endowed. On the social side Mr. Hannum was as largely gifted as in intellect. He was always genial and pleasant, and loved the companionship of old and trusted friends, among whom he unbent and seemed to enjoy himself with the abandon of a boy. He was a man of great tenderness of heart, and those who were associated with him most closely knew best how deep were his feelings and affections. His hospitality was almost unbounded and many yet live who can testify to his philanthropy and generosity. Especially was this trait noticeable in his treatment of young men studying for the bar, or just beginning practice. Many men now prominent in our courts have cause to remember him with gratitude and love to keep his memory green, watered by the dews of admiration and respect. With all his kindness of heart, Mr. Hannum was a man of decided opinions and when occasion demanded was very emphatic in their expression, having a force of will which was exceedingly strong when once aroused and never inclined to compromise on matters of principle nor when he was manifestly in the right. He was a Quaker in religion all his life and died at his home in the city of Chester. He resided on Providence avenue, near where he had purchased a farm of thirty-five acres on which was a handsome summer residence. This farm he stocked with fine horses and other improved stock, in which he took great interest and continued to manage it until his death. The house in which he resided was erected in 1730, and is one of the historic mansions of Pennsylvania. Mr. Hannum married Georgianna Bartram, a daughter of George W. Bartram, and by that union had a family of thirteen children—three sons and ten daughters.

Hon. William C. Sproul, of Chester, a distinctive power in the political, commercial and social affairs of his county and of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, is a representative of amalgamated English-Quaker, Scotch-Irish and German ancestry, and combines in himself the best traits of these sturdy peoples.

His great-grandfather, Charles Sproul, came from county Tyrone, Ireland, in 1786; his family was prominent, and the oldest gravestone at the old Presbyterian church in Castlederg is over the remains of Robert Sproule, who emigrated from Scotland and died in 1680.

James, son of Charles Sproul, was six years old when he came to America with his parents. He was well educated, and became one of the most notable of the early Pennsylvania iron founders. For many years he operated three forges and a bloomery on Octoraro creek, in Lancaster and Chester counties, and a large finished iron store in the city of Lancaster. He was a very wealthy man, and one of the largest landowners in the entire district. He was twice married, his first wife dying without issue. He married (second) Anne, daughter of William Johnson. She was left a widow in early life, with four boys and six girls to rear. She was a woman of strong character, and handled with great judgment her large property interests for nearly forty-three years after the death of her husband.

William Hall Sproul, son of James Sproul, was born at Sadsbury Forge, November 6, 1837. He received an academic education, and before reaching his majority resided for a time in Kansas. Returning, he located in Christiana, Lancaster county. In 1866 he moved to a farm in Colerain, where he remained until 1874, when he went to Negaunee, Michigan, and was there connected in an official capacity with an important iron industry. In 1882 he returned to Pennsylvania, and until his retirement from active business was connected with the Chester Rolling Mills. He was a member of the Chester city park commission, of the board of port wardens of Philadelphia, chairman of the executive committee of the Chester Hospital, a director in the Delaware County National Bank, and a trustee of the Second Presbyterian church. He married Deborah Dickinson Slokom, of Christiana, and to them were born three children, all sons, one of whom,

William Cameron Sproul, was born near Octoraro, September 16, 1870. He received his preliminary education in Michigan, where his parents then resided, and he subsequently graduated from the Chester (Pennsylvania) high school, with the teacher's degree, and in 1891 graduated with honors from Swarthmore College. While a student there he was editor of the *Swarthmore Phoenix*, and the college annual, *The Halcyon*, manager of the football team, president of the Eunomian Literary Society, archon of the Swarthmore chapter of the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity; he was winner of an oratorical prize. On leaving college he with Edward L. Fell bought an interest in the Franklin Printing Company of Philadelphia. In March, 1892, he bought a half interest in the *Chester Times*, this venture having for its remote foundation his experience in editing and printing an amateur paper, in his eleventh year.

In 1895, just after passing his twenty-fifth year, he was named for state senator; in the following March he was unanimously nominated by the Republican convention of the district, and at the ensuing election was chosen by a plurality of nearly 10,000. Although the youngest man in the senate, he at once attained prominence, being made a member of various important committees, and connected with much useful legislation. In 1900 he was re-elected without serious opposition, and in the following session of the session was a forceful leader for reform movements, and aided largely in beginning the movement for

state highway improvement. In 1903 he was elected president of the senate, and was re-elected to a third senatorial term in 1904.

In 1895 he became a director of the First National Bank of Chester. In 1898 he was made vice-president of the Delaware River Iron Shipbuilding and Engine Works (Roach's Shipyard), but resigned in 1899, and at once set to work to interest capital in the organization of the Seaboard Steel Casting Company, capital \$500,000. He became president, his principal active colleague being his brother, S. Everett Sproul. In 1900, with others, Mr. Sproul organized the Chester Shipping Company, operating a line of Delaware river steamers, and was president of the corporation, as well as of the River Front Improvement Company and the Niagara Hydraulic Engine Company; and vice-president of the Henry Roeber Company; a director of the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City Railroad Company; treasurer of the Seaboard Fuel Company of West Virginia; a director in the Fayette Manufacturing Company and the Delaware County Trust Company of Chester, and the Franklin Printing Company; as well as interested in various other business enterprises in several states.

Mr. Sproul is a manager of Swarthmore College, and in 1903 was elected president of the Alumni Association. He is a trustee of the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-minded Children; a member of the Union League, and University Club and Corinthian Yacht Club, of Philadelphia; the Rose Tree Foxhunting Club; the New York Athletic Club and the Engineers Club, of New York; the Harrisburg Club; the Penn Club of Chester; and the Springhaven Country Club of Delaware county.

He married, January 21, 1892, Emeline Roach, daughter of John B. Roach, the famous Chester shipbuilder. Children: Dorothy Wallace Sproul, and John Roach Sproul. The Sproul residence in Chester is at the corner of North and Kerlin streets; and Mr. Sproul maintains a country place, Lapidea Manor, a historic and beautiful farm just beyond the Chester city limits.

Tradition says this branch of the Davison family are descended from William Davison, secretary of state and privy counsellor to Queen Elizabeth. His life, written by Nicholas Harris Nicolas, Esq., and published in London, 1823, throws most interesting light upon his eventful career. He married Catherine, daughter of Francis Spelman, younger son of William Spelman, of the county of Norfolk. He was buried in St. Dunstan's churchyard at Stepney. His will, proven in the prerogative court of Canterbury on the 9th of January, 1608, mentions four sons and two daughters—Francis, Christopher, William, Walter; Catherine, who married a Duncombe (who perhaps was the Mr. Duncombe in parliament in 1614); and another daughter, who married ——— Toundey. Mr. Nicolas seems to have been unable to locate his descendants positively in England, beyond the presumptive evidence that William Davison, who was married at Rochester on the 3d of February, 1686, and was mayor of that city in 1714, and whose descendants are living in England, was the grandson of one of the sons of the secretary. However, it has been later proven beyond reasonable doubt that Christopher, the second son of the secretary, came to America. In the "History of the Virginia Company of London" we find mention of him. When Sir Francis Wyatt was sent out as governor he reached Virginia, October, 1621, bringing the charter, which is the first charter of free government in America. Christopher Davison had been chosen secretary by quarter court, and he as well as Treasurer George Sands and Surveyor Claiborne came with the governor. Davison was wounded in the terrible Indian massacre on Good

Friday, March, 1622, and died soon after. In the first list of those remaining alive, which was taken February 16, 1623, and sent to England, the name of Alice, widow of Christopher Davison, is given, also Thomas Spelman, who is thought to be his cousin. There is presumptive evidence that a son of Christopher Davison (a child) was left in London when his parents made the perilous voyage, and that he grew to manhood and was the Christopher Davison, citizen, of London, who obtained a grant of land in Pennsylvania which had been granted to Thomas Cobb by William Penn. His son, named Christopher Davison Jr., came to Philadelphia and was a cagemaker; he took out the warrant for 250 acres of land which was surveyed and located in Bucks county. In 1709 he conveyed it by deed to Thomas Tress.

Authentic records show that the Davison family were located in Bucks county prior to the revolution. We find the name of Robert Davison, brother of Adam Davison, on the "Roll of the Associated Company in the township of Warrington, taken ye 19th of August, 1775."

(I) Adam Davison, of Plumstead township, Bucks county, purchased, on 22d of October, 1778, from Francis Titus, a plantation of one hundred and ninety-seven acres, known by the name "Ves pasiam," in Plumstead, for the sum of £200. He married Elizabeth ———, and by her he left an only child James; dying intestate, the property descended to James under the intestate law. He and his family attended the Presbyterian church at Deep Run, about three miles from their home, and about seven miles from Doylestown, and are buried in its graveyard.

(II) James Davison, only child of Adam and Elizabeth Davison, was born at Plumstead (in the house his father had purchased), about 1780. He spent his entire life there, dying in the early fifties. On April 4, 1851, he sold the property to his son John, who lived on it many years. James, son of Adam and Elizabeth Davison, married, about 1809, Mary McNeilly, the youngest of ten children of John and Rachel (Bingham) McNeilly, who were all born in Rethfryland, county Down, Ireland. John McNeilly died in Philadelphia, March 18, 1832, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Martha (McNeilly) Faires, and was buried at the old Covenanter church, but later the city ordered the bodies lifted and his was taken to Woodlands and buried in the lot of his grandson, Dr. John Wylie Faires. He was 93 years when he died. He and his wife were both born and reared at Rethfryland, county Down. Their oldest child Robert, at the time of the Irish Rebellion (1798), was drafted into service (he was escaping on a sailing vessel to this country) and made to serve three years; his father and mother did not hear from him and thought he had reached America, and his mother would not rest until she made her husband come to America with his nine other children to find their eldest son. They settled in Bucks county. The son Robert served his three years and then went home to Rethfryland; not finding them, he started a second time for America, was captured again, but this time bought his way off. John McNeilly was appointed postmaster of Plumstead, February 8, 1805. James Davison was said to have been of dark complexion, tall and straight in stature, and said to have been a very handsome man. He and his wife are buried near his parents, at Deep Run churchyard. Their family consisted of six sons and two daughters:

1. Robert, born February 24, 1810, was named for his uncle, Robert McNeilly.
2. Adam.
3. Elizabeth.
4. John.
5. William.
6. Sarah Ann.
7. Joseph.
8. Jervis.

All were born at Plumstead, in the old homestead.

(III) Joseph Davison, seventh child of James and Mary (McNeilly) Davison, was born November 24, 1827. His mother dying when he was very young, he came to Philadelphia to make his home with his aunt, Mrs. Martha

(McNeilly) Faires, beginning his education in the Classical Institute of his cousin, Dr. John Wylie Faires. Afterward he entered the University of Pennsylvania, Department C, class '46. After leaving the institution he was for some years instructor of Greek and Latin in the school of Dr. Faires, until he established a Classical and Mathematical Institute of his own on Sansom street. He still continued to reside with Dr. Faires in his home, 245 South Thirteenth street, until his marriage. On July 1, 1857, he married Lavinia T., daughter of Alexander and Margaret (Torrens) Young, the ceremony being performed at the Church of the Atonement, then located at Seventeenth and Summer streets, by Rev. Kingston Goddard, D.D., rector of the church. In that church Mr. Davison had been confirmed. He and his wife boarded for a time at 1528 Spruce street, but the next spring took the property, No. 6 South Penn Square, and removed the school to their dwelling. In this home their first two children were born. When the civil war was just breaking out they moved to No. 2 South West Penn Square, and here their next two children were born. They attended the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Epiphany, then located at Fifteenth and Chestnut streets.

On April 16, 1866, Joseph Davison purchased from John T. School a farm of thirty acres in Springfield township (now Morton) Delaware county, which is still the family homestead. For some years he still continued his school on West Penn Square, being one of the few daily travellers on the then new West Chester and Philadelphia railroad. As his failing hearing began gradually to grow worse, he was finally compelled to abandon teaching and spent the remainder of his life in an unostentatious management of his farm. He was a man of fine mental attainments, high ideals, pure principles, and thorough integrity, and those qualities of mind and heart endeared him to a wide circle of friends. He was one of the charter members of the vestry of the Episcopal church at Morton, which had been founded in 1878 and was incorporated June, 1879, and it was at his suggestion it was called "The Atonement." In 1876 he donated land for a public school for Morton. His death (from pneumonia) occurred at his residence, January 2, 1900.

Joseph and Lavinia T. (Young) Davison had seven children: 1. Alexander Young, born June 11, 1858; married (first) Elizabeth S. Steel, April 3, 1883, and had three sons: William Steele, Lewis Barratt, and Robert White Steel; married (second) Eleanor Louise Fields, and has one son, Alexander Jr. He was a member of the Veteran Corps of First Regiment N. G. P. Died at the residence of his mother at Morton, September 10, 1913. 2. Lewis Drexel, born December 17, 1859; was graduated from the Pennsylvania Military College at Chester, Pennsylvania, June, 1880, and died (single) August 22, of the same year. 3. Josephine Faires, married, April 30, 1884, Stanley Gibson Spencer, son of the late William Spencer, of Germantown. He was killed in the cyclone which devastated Galveston, Texas, September, 1900. Children: Alexander Young, and Stanley G. Jr.; a daughter Florence died young. 4. Lavinia Torrens, unmarried. 5. Richard Young, who graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in Veterinary Medicine; married Josephine C. Goddard, daughter of Kingston Goddard, M. D., and has nine children. 6. William Ivins, who served in the Spanish war, Company D, Pennsylvania N. G. P.; married Eleanore Newlin, and has three daughters: Eleanore, Florence and Dorothy. 7. Clara Parker, who married George F. Arnold, April 18, 1911, and has one child, Mildred Charlotte, born February 17, 1912.

(The Young Line).

Scotland—The first authentic information we have of the Young family is mentioned in the Archives of Baieborough, Scotland. They were a promi-

nent family and large land owners. Sir Peter Young was high in favor of King James VI., was knighted, and entrusted with many important missions.

Ireland—(I) The first of this Scottish family to settle in the North of Ireland was the Rev. John Young, rector of Urney, county Tyrone. He married Elsa Douglas. According to his will he left (with numerous other issue) an eldest son James, who was

(II) James, in Derry during the siege of 1688-89, and was attainted for high treason to the crown. Afterwards he settled in Donegal. His will speaks of several daughters and nine sons.

(III) Alexander, son of James Young, married Ann Dickson, in county Donegal. They had issue, and two of these were sons, the eldest, James; the younger being the father of Andrew, James, Joseph, William and Richard, all of whom came to Philadelphia when young. Richard is a successful leather merchant in New York City, and resides at Flushing, Long Island.

(IV) James, eldest son of Alexander and Ann (Dickson) Young, married Ann Porter, of the parish of Burt, a member of the well known Porter family of Londonderry. They had four children and their home, Dundrain, was three and a half miles from Londonderry. James Young belonged to the Association of United Irishmen, and fought in the disastrous Rebellion of 1798. He died September 15, 1824. His wife, Ann (Porter) Young, died September 9, 1827. Their children were: 1. Alexander. 2. Ann Porter. 3. Richard. 4. Sarah. (1) Alexander came to America, landing in Philadelphia, July 15, 1821. (2) Ann Porter married Josiah Edwards, and located at Findley, Ohio, and had one son, Jeremiah Edwards. (3) Richard married, in Ireland, Dorcas Adair, had three daughters: Ann (died unmarried), Dorcas (died unmarried), and Sarah, who married Robert Rule. All came to Philadelphia with their parents and are dead, Mrs. Rule leaving descendants. (4) Sarah married a Gilfillan.

(V) Alexander, son of James and Ann (Porter) Young, was born at Dundrain, three and a half miles from Londonderry, August 26, 1798 and died in Philadelphia, November 24, 1884. He received his education in Ireland. When a young man (his parents dying so soon after he came to America, he never visited Ireland again, but brought out his brothers and sisters), he decided to emigrate to America. A sketch of his life is given in "Biographies of Successful Philadelphia Merchants," written by Stephen N. Winslow, and published in 1864. Having some knowledge of the distilling business in Ireland, he went into J. N. Dower's distillery, on the Schuylkill, between Race and Vine streets. Later he entered into partnership with John Maitland at Fourth and South streets, at a spot which had been the old Southwark Theatre, the first in America. It was burned May 9, 1821, but the greater part of the original walls remained. It was reconstructed for a hay press by the well known Pat Lyon, but in 1825 Mr. Maitland took this building and fitted it up for a distillery. Later the title passed into the ownership of Alexander Young, and at his death to his heirs, who held it until 1912, when it was demolished to make room for a real estate speculation.

Alexander Young, son of James and Ann (Porter) Young, married, October 12, 1822 (first) Rachel Dunbar, born June 10, 1800, died April 10, 1827. He married (second) June 8, 1830, Margaret Torrens, born in Castlefinn, Ireland, died October 16, 1871. She was the daughter of Daniel Torrens, (who was born in Ireland and died in Philadelphia, June 19, 1834) and his wife, Mary (Crow) Torrens (who was born in Ireland, died in Philadelphia, February 4, 1839). The children of Alexander Young by his first wife were: 1. James, born August 11, 1823 (died young). 2. Wilson, born August 17,

1824, died September 2, 1854. 3. Ann, born May 10, 1826, died September 9, 1827. Of this union only one reached maturity, Wilson, who married Martha Henderson, and left three sons: Alexander C., Wilson Jr., and John H. He was a member of P. C. C. Cavalry.

The children of Alexander and Margaret Torrens Young were: 1. William John, born March 18, 1831, died August 20, 1880; married Jane Alexander, and left one daughter, Margaret (Torrens), who married J. Gibb Smith. 2. Lavinia Torrens, born November 2, 1832; married Joseph Davison, July 1, 1857. 3. Alexander Jr., born June 15, 1834; married Mary Mealy; left one son, Alexander Davison Young, who died (single) September 29, 1889. 4. Richard, born February 4, 1836; married Wilhemina Pile; resides at Moriton. 5. Mary Eliza, born August 31, 1837; married William Ivins, died January 2, 1876. Children: Margaret Louise and William Jr. 6. James Porter, born July 7, 1839; married (first) Elizabeth Montgomery; two children; married (second) Victoria Blatchford. 7. Sarah Anna, born April 9, 1841, died January 26, 1860 (single). 8. Margaret, born December 28, 1842 (died young), July 25, 1843. 9. Lewis T., born May 30, 1845; married (first) Clara Parker; two children; married (second) Margaret A. Black.

A careful study of the lives, character and services of those BROOMALL whose influence has passed beyond the confines of locality and permeated the national character, is the most important element in any carefully compiled work of biography. This is especially true of men of the caliber of the late Hon. John Martin Broomall, who was equally well known as a lawyer, statesman, patriot and philanthropist. For more than half a century he earned renown at the bar of Pennsylvania, and for the same length of time was a leader in the political field, respected by his opponents as well as by those who were guided by his counsel. The family from which he was descended was of the Quaker persuasion, and came from England while Pennsylvania was under the rule of William Penn.

John Broomall, the immigrant ancestor, came to America about 1682 or 1684. He took up land in what is now East Bradford, Chester county, and the county records of 1710 show him as a land owner in West Chester. Later he had settled in Nether Providence, Delaware county, where he died, 6 mo. 23, 1729. His will, dated 4 mo. 29, 1729, proved 8 mo. 21, 1729, mentions his wife Mary as executrix, and also names children: John, Lydia, Ellen, Mary and Jane.

John Broomall, son of the preceding, was the first member of this family born in America, his birth occurring prior to 1700. He was severely injured by a fall from a load of hay, and died at his farm in East Howellsville, in 1730. His wife was Anne Lewis, a native of Philadelphia, whom he married 8 mo. 12, 1720. They had children: Daniel and David.

Daniel, son of John and Anne (Lewis) Broomall, was born in 1728, died 4 mo. 2, 1817. He was the owner of a fine and extensive farm in Thornbury township, Chester county, which until recently was owned by two of his grandsons—Abraham and Daniel. He married, 1751, Martha, who died 5 mo. 3, 1812, daughter of Joseph and Hannah Talbot, and great-great-granddaughter of George and Alice Maris, of Springfield township, Delaware county. Children: Hannah, married John Smith; John, of further mention; Daniel, married Sarah Worrall; Nehemiah, married Mary Robinson; Isaac, married Lydia Neal; James, married Hannah Dutton; Jacob, married Phoebe Broomall; Rachel, married Caleb Temple; David; Elizabeth, married Isaac Frame; Nathan, married Hannah G. Connor, and they were the godparents of

the wife of Judge Pennypacker; Joseph, married (first) Elizabeth Yates, (second) Phoebe Brown.

John, son of Daniel and Martha (Talbot) Broomall, was born on his father's farm in Thornbury township, 11 mo. 8, 1760, died 3 mo. 6, 1848, and was interred in the burying ground at Chichester meeting house. He married (first) according to the discipline of Friends at Concord Meeting, 1 mo. 4, 1796, Susanna, who died 12 mo. 19, 1798, a daughter of Thomas and Ruth Wilson. He married (second), 6 mo. 7, 1804, Sarah, buried 6 mo. 15, 1806, daughter of Joseph and Mary Sharpless. He married (third) 3 mo. 14, 1811, Sarah, who died 4 mo. 12, 1819, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Reynolds) Martin. He married (fourth) 7 mo. 4, 1822, Ann, who died in 1836, daughter of Samuel and Sarah Townsend, of Newtown, New Jersey. Children, all by the third marriage: George, Elizabeth, twin of John Martin, of whom further; Martha, died at the age of nine years.

Hon. John Martin Broomall, son of John and Sarah (Martin) Broomall, was born in Upper Chichester township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 19, 1816, died in Media, Delaware county, June 3, 1894. His early years were spent on the paternal farm, where his life was the usual one of a country boy of those days. For some years he attended the schools of the Society of Friends, and the impression gained in these years had their influence upon him throughout his life. A part of his education was acquired in the boarding school of Samuel Smith, in Wilmington, Delaware, and for a time he was a teacher in that institution. From his earliest years the legal profession had especially appealed to him, and he commenced his studies for the profession in the city of Philadelphia, under the preceptorship of John Bouvier, noted as a lawyer, jurist and author. Continuing them under Samuel Edwards, also a noted lawyer, Mr. Broomall was admitted to the bar August 24, 1840. From the very outset of his legal career the ability of Mr. Broomall was readily recognized, and his professional opponents expressed the common opinion when they said that with Mr. Broomall against them, their cases were lost before they commenced to defend them.

Mr. Broomall made a specialty of criminal law, appearing in most cases for the defense of homicide. He was radically opposed to capital punishment, and this was the mainspring of his deep interest in such cases, as he was rarely paid for his services while engaged in them. In this respect the early Quaker training evidently manifested itself, greatly to the benefit of those accused of crimes of this nature. When Delaware became a separate judicial district, the bar made unanimous recommendation of Mr. Broomall for the position of president judge, to which he was appointed by the governor, being commissioned in 1874, and serving until January 1, 1875. Of all the cases tried before him, only about half a dozen were appealed, and these were sustained upon review. Judge Broomall would undoubtedly have attained still higher honors on the bench, had he not thrown his activities into another field.

Generously inclined toward all mankind, he had all his life been opposed to human slavery. For some time prominent in the Whig party, it was but natural that the younger element should select Mr. Broomall for a leader, after his prominence at the bar and his unusual strength as a speaker had been recognized. He was elected to the legislature, serving in the sessions of 1851-52, and at once became prominent in state legislation. When the nomination was again tendered him, he declined, and also declined the nomination to a seat in congress in favor of William Everhart, of Chester county. He accepted the nomination in 1854, but as he had made many enemies by his repeated and consistent refusals to ally himself with any secret organizations, he was

defeated by the Democratic candidate, John Hickman. Mr. Broomall was one of the organizers of the New Republican party in Delaware county in 1856, and the same year was nominated for congress. In the Chester section of the political district, a Mr. Bowan had been nominated, and rather than weaken the party, Mr. Broomall withdrew. In 1858 Mr. Broomall was nominated by both Chester and Delaware counties, but was defeated by Mr. Hickman, who was an independent candidate, but who received the votes of many Republicans, because of his break with President Buchanan."

In 1862 Mr. Broomall was nominated by the Republicans of both Chester and Delaware counties for congress, and was elected at two successive elections, during the most trying periods of the civil war. He was one of the leading spirits in the legislation which conferred full civil and political rights upon the black as well as the white man, and during his entire congressional career was a member of the committees on accounts, on expenditures, and was chairman of the latter body during his last term. During his second term he was a member and for a considerable time chairman of a special committee sent to Memphis to investigate the riots in that city. In the struggle for the abolition of slavery Mr. Broomall was one of the foremost of his party, and his personal influence was an active factor in bringing about the final conditions. February 7, 1865, Mr. Broomall delivered a most excellent speech on civil rights, which Mr. Blaine, in his "Twenty Years of Congress," said was "the finest specimen of terse and strong English known to the American Congress," and also said of Mr. Broomall that he was "an independent thinker, a keen debater, inflexible in principle, untiring in effort." Blaine, Stevens, Garfield, Butler and other eminent men were among the close associates of Mr. Broomall, and he was an intimate friend of Lincoln. These eminent statesmen appreciated his extraordinary abilities, and even his opponents gave him their sincere admiration. Mr. Broomall was a warm friend of Thaddeus Stevens, and upon the death of the latter, Mr. Broomall, who was the eulogist at the memorial services in congress, paid a magnificent tribute to his services in behalf of the colored race. The unspotted record of Mr. Broomall in political fields is something exceptional. He expected all to conform to the standard of honesty he had set for himself, and in his campaigns in his district, during which he delivered a larger number of speeches than any other speaker, he never made use of money nor ever promised an appointment to office to further his own interests. A record truly remarkable. Following up these principles, he was a strong opponent of the influence on state politics and legislation exercised by corporations, notably the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. For the same reason, while a delegate to the first Republican national convention in 1860 in Chicago, he refused to support General Cameron, and was one of the three men of the Pennsylvania delegation who from the first cast their votes for Abraham Lincoln, thus leading in his nomination. Mr. Broomall was a member of the electoral college in 1860, when he cast his vote for Lincoln, and in 1872, when he cast it for Grant. As a member of the Pennsylvania constitutional convention of 1874 he was of excellent service, being a member of the committees on judiciary and taxation, and chairman of the latter. He advocated ably, but unsuccessfully, the incorporation in the constitution of a provision against capital punishment, and another for the extension of political rights to women.

As a soldier and patriot his record is also one of which he might be justly proud. In 1862, when the city of Washington was threatened by Lee's army, Mr. Broomall served as captain of Company C, 16th Regiment Pennsyl-

vania Militia, and in 1863 he was in command of Company C, 29th Regiment Emergency Men, from June 19, to August 1.

Mr. Broomall married (first) October 14, 1841, Elizabeth, who died March 19, 1848, daughter of Joseph and Martha Booth. He married (second) September 29, 1853, Caroline L., daughter of John Larkin Jr., of Chester. Children of the first marriage: William Booth, Anna E. and Joseph J., the last named now deceased. Children by the second marriage: John L., John M. Jr., Henry L., Caroline L., Carolus M. While the health of Mr. Broomall was delicate in his childhood and early youth, his energy and nervous activity enabled him to overcome difficulties which would have been a serious hindrance to many a man of less determination. In December, 1893, he was "a sufferer from pneumonia, which so weakened his heart that his death ensued the following summer. All classes united in paying the last tributes of respect to the memory of the man who was beloved by all. The Delaware County Institute of Science, of which Mr. Broomall had been president at the time of his death, held a special meeting, and Charles Potts, the presiding officer, paid a glowing tribute to the distinguished dead. Among others who read papers descriptive of the characteristics of Mr. Broomall were: Miss Graceanna Lewis, "Mr. Broomall as a Philanthropist;" Thomas V. Cooper, "The Political Career of Hon. John M. Broomall;" Benjamin C. Potts, "Mr. Broomall as President of the Institute." Captain Isaac Johnson, Rev. S. A. Heilner and Dr. Brinton, spoke respectively on the life and public service of Mr. Broomall, his life from a religious standpoint and his usefulness to science and scientists. All of these papers were later printed in a memorial pamphlet, together with an excellent biographical history of Mr. Broomall, written by his son William Booth Broomall.

The personality of Mr. Broomall was a most charming one. Endowed with rare womanly tenderness, this served simply to temper the firmness and determination of his character. The poor and afflicted ever found in him a sympathising and helpful friend, and the children who loved him and whom he loved were legion. He consistently opposed the punishment of children, holding that to try to train them by mere physical supremacy was to make cowards of them, and would inevitably lead them to opposition to all authority as they grew older and stronger. He had been disowned by the Society of Friends because his first marriage was "out of meeting." However, he never bore enmity toward that sect, was a constant attendant at their meetings, and was a frequent speaker at their Providence Meeting in Media. Yet he always refrained from again becoming a formal member. One reason of his legal and political successes was the power he possessed of clear, analytical reasoning. His language was simple, yet eloquent; his vocabulary particularly rich, yet he preferred to use the vigorous and trenchant words of the Bible and Shakespeare, rather than more fanciful expressions. Music and poetry were a constant source of delight to him, and his memory for poetry was one to be marvelled at. Schools, public libraries, young men's associations, all received his sympathy and assistance, and in the cause of higher education he was ever on the side of what was best and noblest.

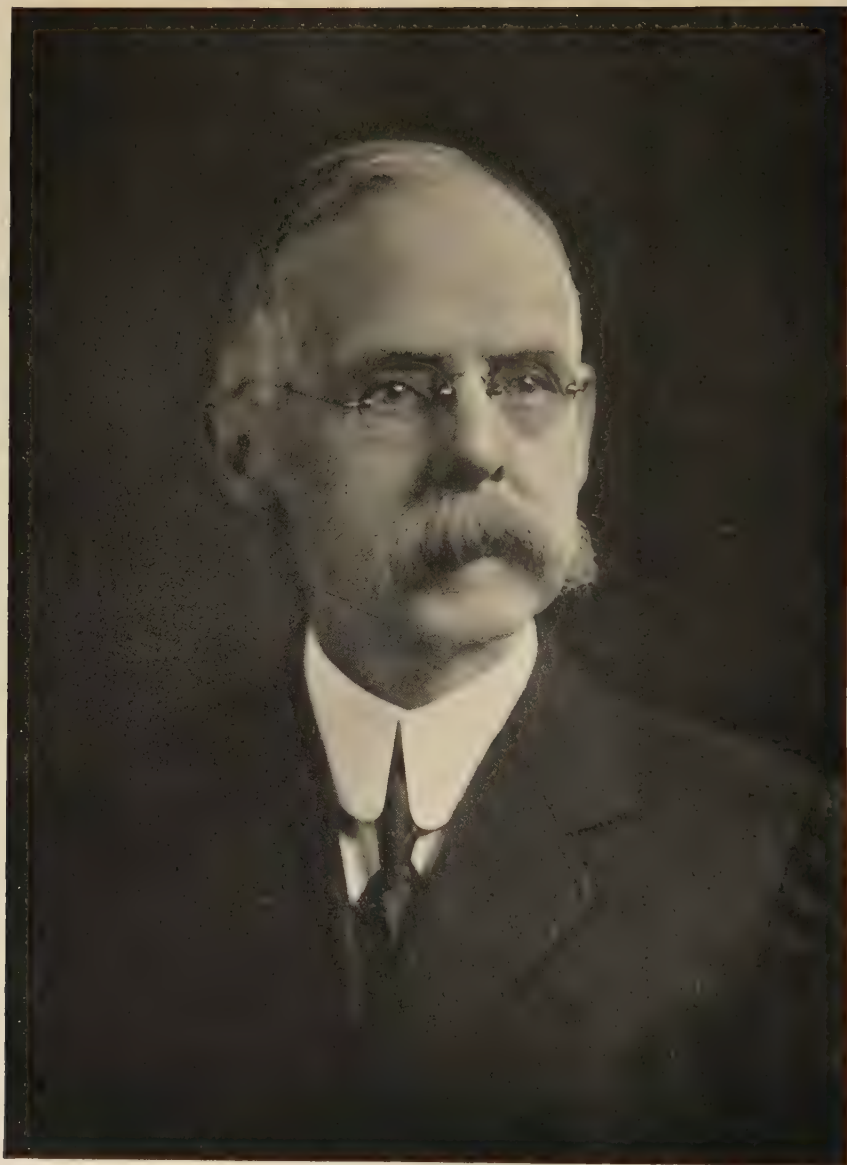
BROOMALL William Booth Broomall, the well known lawyer of Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, is the eldest son of Hon. John Martin Broomall, in whose sketch will be found the ancestral history of the family. He was born in the house still standing at the corner of Market Square and Third street, January 30, 1843, and when he was two years of age he was taken to the farm which had been purchased by his

father in Upper Chichester, near the present Boothwyn. At a suitable age he became a pupil in the school of Joseph Taylor, which was conducted in the second story of the Penn building, Market Square. Subsequently he was placed under the private tuition of James G. Riddle, to gain the necessary knowledge of the classics and higher mathematics, and he generally prepared for entrance to college. He matriculated at Haverford College in September, 1856, and was graduated from that institution in July, 1861. In the meantime his father had removed to Media, and there in the office of his father he commenced the study of law. Among his fellow students at law were: Hon. James Barton Jr., and Hon. John B. Hinkson, both of whom later became mayor of Chester, and both of whom were lifelong friends.

At the age of nineteen years Mr. Broomall enlisted in Company D, Captain Norris L. Yarnall, 124th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was mustered into the service of the United States with the rank of sergeant, August 11, 1862. On September 16, after a day's hard marching, and having been without food for almost twenty-four hours, the regiment was ordered to take part in the battle of Antietam, and from daylight until three o'clock of the following afternoon, held its position. There were a number of changes as these hours passed by, and they lost and regained the same ground several times. The regiment was thrown to the front in the terrible battle of Chancellorsville, when the Eleventh Corps became panic-stricken. For five hours they held the confederate veterans in check, until, being outflanked, they were compelled to retire. Mr. Broomall was actively identified with his regiment until he was honorably discharged at Harrisburg, May 9, 1863, at which time he had not long passed his twentieth birthday.

Returning to the office of Broomall & Ward in Chester, Mr. Broomall resumed his reading of the law, and this was continued without further interruption until his admission to the bar of Delaware county, February 28, 1864. For a period of three years he remained as an assistant in the office in which he had gained his legal knowledge, then decided upon establishing himself. In January, 1867, he became associated in a partnership with Hon. William Ward and David M. Johnson, but at the end of one year Mr. Johnson withdrew and the firm became Ward & Broomall until 1878, when Mr. Broomall resigned from it. Up to this time he had rarely appeared in court as a pleader of cases, confining his services to the counseling line, but his fame as a careful and exact advocate of the law spread rapidly, and he was soon acknowledged as the leading spirit of the bar.

From the time that Mr. Broomall commenced to practice law independently of others, there have been very few important cases involving large amounts in which he was not engaged. In 1889, after the Union Railway Company was authorized to lay tracks on designated streets, the Chester Street Railway Company sought to restrain them from the use of the streets, but so ably were the facts and the law presented by Mr. Broomall, that the court sustained his contention. The Union Railway Company purchased the equipment of the other company, miles of tracks were laid, and the present magnificent railway system inaugurated. In the case of the Swarthmore and Morton Railway against the Chester Traction Company, Mr. Broomall was also successful. Unlike his father, Mr. Broomall very rarely appeared in a criminal case. In the few in which he did appear, they created a widespread attention. One of these was the Pfizenmeyer homicide case, in 1891, when a woman was on trial for the murder of her sister, and where Mr. Broomall introduced the neck of the murdered woman in court in order to prove the fallacy of the contentions of the prosecution. The jury acquitted the prisoner after a deliberation



Charles D. Mauley

lasting but a few minutes. In 1892 Mr. Broomall was the leading counsel in the William Brown homicide case, where, during a strike at the Standard Steel Works, one of the strikers, while attempting to intimidate other workmen, was killed. The accused parties were acquitted. In numerous other cases Mr. Broomall has been equally successful in proving his points, and is considered as one of the ablest lawyers in the entire state. A considerable portion of the leisure time of Mr. Broomall has been given to historical investigation, and he has written many interesting papers on this subject. Two of these, which were read before the Delaware County Historical Society, were: William Lewis, an old time leader at the Pennsylvania bar, and William Ward. These are valuable contributions and welcome ones, to the annals of the state. For at least a quarter of a century he has been a member of Chester Lodge, No. 236, Free and Accepted Masons, and has served in it as master. For many years he has been deputy grand master, representing the grand lodge in Delaware and Chester counties. He has been presiding officer of the Penn Club since its organization in 1896. Since 1874 he has visited Europe three times, and his travels in the United States, Mexico and Canada have been extensive and profitable.

Mr. Broomall married, October 17, 1876, Anna M., daughter of Joseph Engle and Anna (Black) Hinkson. It is a rather curious fact that the marriage took place in the house in which Mr. Broomall was born, this having passed through various hands in the meantime. To his friends Mr. Broomall is regarded as a man of high instincts and warm heart, of gracious and courtly hospitality, a lover of music and art, and a man of quick and ready wit. Professionally he is recognized as a keen student of human nature, a man of insight and force of character. He is a man of wide reading and sound judgment, and his opinions carry weight in the legal world, because of their peculiar clearness of expression, which renders them easy of comprehension by the lay mind.

The Manleys of Media, Pennsylvania, are allied to the De MANLEY Haven family of Philadelphia, and to the Maddocks, an early English family. They trace in Delaware county to Thomas Manley, a farmer, who at various times cultivated large farms in Chester, Middletown and Newtown.

Benjamin Manley, son of Thomas Manley, was born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, became a farmer and a mechanic, living his entire life in his native county. He married a Miss De Haven of the De Havens of the Schuylkill, a family yet prominent in Philadelphia.

Charles D. Manley, son of Benjamin Manley, was born in Radnor township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, December 19, 1805, died on his birthday, December 19, 1880. He attended the public schools, also was a student in two private schools, acquiring a fair English education. Before reaching his eighteenth birthday he began teaching in Chester, Pennsylvania, continuing with much success as an educator for four years—during that period saving from his earnings a few hundred dollars and obtaining by private study a knowledge of the rudiments of law. He was a hard worker and his health failing he abandoned teaching, accepted a clerical position in the Bank of Delaware County, located at Chester. After sixteen months he resigned to become junior partner of the mercantile firm of Eyre & Manley, continuing in business four years. He then sold out and returned to his original ambition, the law. He first studied under Peter Hill Engle, finishing his legal study under E. Darlington and was admitted to the Delaware county bar in 1848.

He practiced in Chester until 1851, then moved to Media, then just established as a town. He continued there in practice until his death, winning the respect of his brethren of the bar and of the public as a capable conscientious lawyer. He was a lifelong Democrat and in 1855 was elected to the state legislature. In 1856 he was a delegate to the national convention at Cincinnati, and in 1858 was the candidate of his party for congress, but was defeated by John Hinchman, an Independent. He was twice elected a member of Media town council and was always ready to aid any movement looking to the advancement of his town. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, vestryman of St. Paul's Church, while residing in Chester, and always manifested deep concern in all religious and moral subjects. He was a member of the Masonic order, believing in and practicing the tenets of that ancient institution. Genial, generous and kind-hearted, he attracted all men to him and retained a host of warm friends until his death. He was particularly strong in debate, had a well stored mind and from his wide reading gleaned a store of facts that his quick and retentive memory quickly brought to his aid to the discomfiture of his opponent. Yet he was never aggressive, but would stoutly maintain his political, religious and legal opinions.

He married Margaret Worrell, born in Delaware county, died there and is buried in the cemetery of St. David's Church at Radnor. Children: 1. Mary M., married John Cuming, whom she survives. 2. Henry De Haven, graduate of the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, class of 1860, a classmate of Admiral Winfield Schley; he served during the civil war and attained the rank of commander, but a defect in hearing prevented further promotion; he retired in 1882; died November 19, 1893. 3. Charles, now a resident of Media. 4. Horace R., see forward.

Horace R. Manley, youngest son of Charles D. and Margaret (Worrell) Manley, was born in Media, Pennsylvania, May 4, 1849. He began his education in the public schools of Rev. James A. Dale, a Presbyterian minister of Media, then passed to the private school of James W. Baker, later county superintendent of a public institution. After finishing at these schools, Mr. Manley clerked in a Media mercantile house for two and a half years, then began the study of law under the wise guidance of his father, continuing until the death of the latter. The settlement of the estate then developed upon him and he never resumed legal study or applied for admission to the bar. He, however, does conveyancing and a large amount of business of that nature, settling estates and administering trusts, as well as transacting a large real estate business in Media and elsewhere. Mr. Manley is a lifelong Republican and following the example of his father has been active in local politics since his fifteenth year. He was chairman of the Democratic county committee for several years, and in 1883 was appointed quarantine master of the city of Philadelphia by Governor William E. Pattison, serving four years. He is a member of the Masonic order; was one of the original members of the Rose Tree Country Club, and is a vestryman of the Episcopal church, of which both he and his wife are members.

Mr. Manley married, in February, 1889, Ella T., daughter of Oliver Strickland, of Media, now deceased, a veteran of the civil war. Both children of Mr. and Mrs. Manley died in infancy.

Mr. Manley has spent his entire life of sixty-four years in Media and has fairly earned the respect and confidence of that community. His character above reproach is reinforced by a genial and companionable nature that attracts men who always remain his friends. He has lived a useful, honorable life that is but little past its prime.

A product of Philadelphia schools and colleges, Dr. John A. McKenna, in the services he has rendered the city in his connection with the Medico-Chirurgical College and as a physician practicing in the city and vicinity, has brought to the place of his birth a reflected credit by his rise to a position of eminence and responsibility in the medical and surgical world. Nor is that the only field in which he has become known to Philadelphians, for as a reporter and correspondent of the *Public Ledger*, one of the oldest of the city's journals, he first came into the public eye, although it is in that profession that his father gained his greatest fame. But a more connected account of John A. McKenna and his forbears follows.

County Derry, Ireland, is the locality that was the early home of the McKenna family, Grandfather McKenna having large holdings of land in that county, near Meaglieria. His wife was a sister of the distinguished surgeon of Edinburgh, Davis Mooney, bearing the same relation to Dr. Daniel Mooney, also of Edinburgh, and to Rev. Dr. Patrick Mooney, rector of Saint Audien's Church, in Dublin. One of the sons of Grandfather McKenna, Daniel A., held the rank of lieutenant in the United States navy, and from 1863 to 1869 was assistant to the commandant of the Philadelphia navy yard.

John J., father of John A. McKenna, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 18, 1846. He attended the schools of the city, discontinuing his studies to enter the retail coal business, and at one time was the owner of two coal yards in the southern section of the city. In 1872 he entered the journalistic field, for ten years being identified with the *Philadelphia Inquirer*, and for twenty years was a member of the editorial staff of the *Public Ledger*. The last eight years of his service with this last named periodical was passed in the capacity of city editor, and the reputation of the *Public Ledger* is full assurance that one commanding that high position upon its staff must be indeed a journalist of fine discriminatory powers and of exceptional ability. From 1902 until 1904 he was associate editor of *City and State*, published in Philadelphia, and after severing his connection with that publication he accepted a position as general manager and publisher of the Newark, New Jersey, *Advertiser*, his standing as a newspaper man of unusual executive ability and great organizing power having spread abroad. This he held during 1905-06, in the latter year announcing his retirement from journalistic work and all other activities, and since then has contracted no business connections. He married, in Philadelphia, October 2, 1872, Mary E., born in Philadelphia, July 13, 1850, daughter of Captain James P. and Ellen (Leary) Lindsay. Captain James P. Lindsay was a son of Michael and Julia Lindsay, natives of Wicklow, county Wicklow, Ireland. Wicklow is a seaport of Ireland, and from this city Michael Lindsay entered upon a seafaring life, subsequently becoming a shipmaster, his trade being a thriving one with the Orient in the latter years of the eighteenth century. His son, Captain James P. Lindsay, was born in Wicklow, Ireland, April 27, 1821, died in Philadelphia, in 1908, aged eighty-six years. As a boy he was fond of the sea, shipping as cabin boy when he was too young to discharge the duties of an able seaman. In later life he became captain of several sailing vessels, a mariner of the old type, and circumnavigated the globe many times, at one time as captain of the famous clipper, "John Trucks," of Philadelphia. When the civil war broke out he entered the service of the United States navy and was master of the steam sloop "Pawnee," being engaged at the battle of Port Royal, South Carolina, in 1862, in which conflict he was wounded. After the war he was in command of several vessels touching at South American ports in pursuit of the coffee trade, being so employed until his appointment as harbor master of the port of Philadelphia by Governor Pattison, a position

for which he was eminently fitted by reason of his long experience as a mariner. Upon the expiration of his term in the municipal service he was offered a position in the United States mint in Philadelphia, which he accepted and held until his retirement. He married, in Philadelphia, in 1849, Ellen Leary. Children: Mary E., Julia J., Margaret A., James P. Jr., and Teresa. Mary E. Lindsay, wife of John J. McKenna, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1850, and attended the public schools of her native city, completing her education in Ireland, where she studied for two years. She accompanied her father upon one of his trips around the world, the ship in which she sailed being the clipper, "John Trucks," and after her return to Philadelphia was married from her father's old home at Third and Christian streets, a locality at that time occupied by seafaring men.

John A., son of John J. and Mary E. (Lindsay) McKenna, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 21, 1875. In his youth he attended the public schools of the city and as a lad of seventeen years became a member of the reportorial staff of the Philadelphia *Public Ledger*, working on local assignments and later traveling as the correspondent of that paper. For four years he was connected with newspaper work, at the end of that time entering the Medico-Chirurgical College, of Philadelphia, an ambition that he had long cherished being realized when he received his degree from that institution in May, 1897. He was for one year retained as resident surgeon of the hospital connected with his *alma mater*, joining the army during the Spanish-American war as an acting assistant surgeon, being stationed at Camp Alger, Virginia, until the conclusion of hostilities. He was assigned to the Second Division, First Army Corps, and during June, July and August, 1898, was in charge of the typhoid cases at that encampment, numerous malignant cases appearing among the soldiers which were successfully combated by Dr. McKenna and his assistants. After the war he went abroad and took a course in surgery at a famous institution in Berlin, Germany, and upon his return home became associated with the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital, of which at the present time he is assistant surgeon and the chief of the surgical clinic. In addition to the manifold duties of these positions he is an instructor in the Medico-Chirurgical College, giving a course of lectures upon surgery. There is little that transpires in his profession that Dr. McKenna does not absorb, and so far is he from being content with his extraordinarily wide training in surgical and medical matters that in the past ten years he has made no less than half a dozen trips to the medical centers of Europe. Despite the fact that his professional connections are a severe drain upon both his time and strength, Dr. McKenna does not use this as an excuse to avoid the duties incumbent upon good citizenship, and as a Republican has for ten years been a member of the Lansdowne borough council, at present being chairman of the highway committee and the active head of the good roads movement in Lansdowne. It was recently his pleasure, after strenuous efforts to bring the same to pass, to personally supervise the construction of ten miles of improved streets in Lansdowne, which have added greatly to the attractiveness and beauty of that suburb. He is a director of the Delaware County Building Association, and is a member of the Republican Club, the fire company, the Borough Improvement Association, and the Union Athletic Association, all of Lansdowne. His church is Saint Philomena's Roman Catholic, of Lansdowne, and he is past grand knight of De La Salle Council, No. 590, of Lansdowne, Knights of Columbus, of which he was an organizer, also belonging to the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, of Philadelphia. As a means of keeping in touch with all developments in his



J. S. Keller

profession he holds membership in the Philadelphia Medical Society and the Pennsylvania and American medical associations.

Dr. McKenna married, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, April 18, 1900, Emily A., born in Philadelphia, in 1877, daughter of Thomas A. Lynch, of Philadelphia, the well known builder of municipal and governmental buildings, who was a member of the engineer corps during the civil war. They are the parents of two children—Ernest, aged thirteen years, and Eleanor, aged six years.

This is the life record, far from completed, of John A. McKenna. Son of a man of accomplished talents, he inherited no mean share thereof, and has so used his education and training that their fruits have been of benefit to many, while in their just exercise and in the results he has achieved he has found a splendid reward.

Joseph S. Keller, president and manager of the Pratt Food
KELLER Company, of Philadelphia, with which he has been actively identified for more than a quarter of a century, is justly numbered among the honored and leading citizens of Philadelphia. His is a commendable record, furnishing an example of the wise application of sound principles and safe conservatism. He is a man of strong business force and sound judgment, as well as resourceful ability, and his efforts have met with the success they merit.

Francis Keller, father of Joseph S. Keller, was a native of Switzerland, from which country he emigrated in boyhood to the United States, locating in the outskirts of West Philadelphia, where he resided for many years, removing later to Upper Darby township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he purchased a fine property, which he cultivated and improved, devoting the active years of his life to farming, and his death occurred there in 1897. He was a man of worth and influence in the community, respected and esteemed by all with whom he was brought in contact. He married Catherine Laudenslager, a native of Baden Baden, Germany, daughter of Jacob Laudenslager, who emigrated from his native land, Germany, to the United States, settling in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he spent the greater part of his life retired from active business pursuits. Mrs. Keller died in 1909. They were the parents of two children: Joseph S., of whom further; Frank, born 1861, now living retired in Upper Darby township, unmarried.

Joseph S. Keller was born in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1853. He attended the public schools and later a business college, thus acquiring a practical education. About the year 1876 he engaged in the flour and grain business at Thirty-ninth and Market streets, Philadelphia, in which he continued for many years, achieving a large degree of success. In 1885 he became connected with the Pratt Food Company, of Philadelphia, which was established in 1872, incorporated in 1887, with factories in Philadelphia, Chicago, and Toronto, Canada, and having branches in England, New Zealand and Australia. They are the manufacturers of the Original Stock and Poultry Regulators of America and Pratt's Veterinary Remedies, both of which are invaluable to those engaged in that line of work. Owing to the superiority of the goods manufactured and the increasing demand for them, the business of the company grew to large proportions, and Mr. Keller was forced to relinquish his flour and grain business in order to devote his entire time and attention to the new industry. The first location of the company was at Nos. 126-130 Twenty-second street, Philadelphia, but in 1890, their business demanding

larger quarters, they moved to No. 130 Walnut street, and since that time they have found it necessary to increase their facilities and accordingly have annexed five additional buildings, which are devoted to their exclusive use. This brief statement of facts is evidence conclusive of the growth and importance of the business, which gives employment to many and which also promotes the general prosperity of the community. When the concern was incorporated in 1887 Mr. Keller was made president, which office he still holds, capably and efficiently performing his duties, and the other officers are Finley Acker, vice-president and treasurer, and W. C. Rodman, secretary and solicitor. They are all men of business acumen and sagacity, progressive and enterprising, and to them is due the credit for the steady advancement of the company's interests.

In 1907 Mr. Keller purchased the old Paschal Morris homestead, located on the Baltimore road, one and one-half miles from Morton, which is a well known old place, and this he has remodeled and greatly improved, making it one of the most attractive country seats in Delaware county. He later purchased one of the Ogden farms that joined his property in the rear, and thereon has established a modern poultry farm, devoted to the raising of fancy poultry, which is now one of the most extensive and best equipped establishments of its kind in the country, making a specialty of only the finer varieties, such as the White Wyandottes. The entire plant is conducted on the most scientific principles, being entirely sanitary and up-to-date in every particular, special attention being given to even the minutest detail, and it is all under the personal supervision of Mr. Keller, who carries forward to successful completion whatever he undertakes, brooking no obstacle that can be overcome by strong purpose, honorable effort and unfaltering determination. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Republican in politics, and in the community he sustains an unassailable reputation as a selfmade and trustworthy man who well merits the prosperity that has come to him. He is one of the owners of the Harley Cemetery, of Camden, New Jersey.

Mr. Keller married, 1885, Elizabeth Hunter, born in Marple township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Samuel R. Hunter, of Marple township, a sketch of whom follows. She attended the public schools of her native township and the Darlington Seminary in West Chester. She is a member of the Friends' church, in which faith she was reared. Mr. and Mrs. Keller have two children: 1. J. Walter, born February 26, 1886; a graduate of Friends' Central School, Philadelphia, and of Swarthmore College, class of 1907; he is now connected with the Pratt Food Company. 2. Elizabeth, born November 21, 1899; educated in Friends' Central School, Philadelphia, and a graduate of Swarthmore College, class of 1913.

Among the old and highly honored families of Delaware county, HUNTER Pennsylvania, must be mentioned the Hunter family, who are of Scotch-Irish descent, from whence have come so many of our noblest types of citizenship, men who have been willing to sacrifice their lives, if necessary, for the welfare and progress of this nation.

(I) The first ancestor of the line here under consideration of whom we have definite information was James Hunter, a resident of Radnor township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in the useful occupation of farming. He married Martha Levis, of Springfield township, who bore him ten children: Samuel, of whom further; J. Morgan; Peter; Hannah, married Joseph McCleese; Martha, married Isaac Maris; Rachel, married Lott Worrell; Mary, married Elisha Moore; Sidney, married William Sloan; Ann, married Reece Hoops; Sarah, married Frederick Worrell.

(II) Samuel, son of James and Martha (Levis) Hunter, was born in

Radnor township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, died there in 1802. He devoted his active years to the tilling of the soil, deriving therefrom a comfortable livelihood, and was a man of influence in the community. He married Hannah Edwards, daughter of Samuel Edwards, and she survived her husband, passing away at the age of ninety-four years. They were the parents of two children: 1. Elizabeth, married Edward Tomlinson; children: Rachel and J. Morgan, the latter of whom died from the effects of a hurt received during the civil war. 2. J. Morgan, of whom further.

(III) J. Morgan, son of Samuel and Hannah (Edwards) Hunter, was born in Radnor township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, March 26, 1801, and early in life became an inmate in the home of his paternal grandfather, remaining until he was seven years old when he entered the home of his uncle, John Hunter, in Newtown township, where he remained until he was sixteen years of age. He learned the trade of blacksmith in Chester county, and was actively employed at his trade until 1828, when he removed to Marple township and engaged in farming on land belonging to his wife, a large degree of success attending his efforts. In 1852 he purchased a farm in Upper Providence, which he cultivated and improved, and ten years later erected a spacious and beautiful residence in which he resided until his decease, in December, 1886, having spent many years in retirement from active pursuits. He was an old Whig and Republican in politics, and although not a member of any church contributed liberally to all good work, ever mindful of the wants of the needy. He married Eliza Rhoades, born January 21, 1799, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, died in Upper Providence, in 1874, daughter of John and Rachel Rhoades. Children: 1. Rachel, married Nathan H. Yarnall; had one son, J. Morgan, married Ida Baley. 2. Hannah, twin of Rachel; married Richard Baldwin; children: Franklyn, Richard, William. 3. Samuel R., of whom further. 4. Emily, married Isaac S. Cassin; children: Eliza, John, Isaac, Emily. 5. Sarah Jane, married Dr. James Hoey, of Philadelphia; among their children were Samuel H., Robert, James, Olita, wife of Dr. Duffield, of Camden.

(IV) Samuel R., son of J. Morgan and Eliza (Rhoades) Hunter, was born in Springfield township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 27, 1827. He acquired a practical education in the schools of the neighborhood, and in early life assisted in the work of the home farm, thus becoming inured to that kind of labor, which he followed with a marked degree of success throughout the years devoted to active pursuits, being enabled by perseverance and arduous work to accumulate a competence for his declining years, which were passed in peace and plenty, a happy ending for a life of toil and endeavor. He followed the teachings of the Friends' church, of which he was a member, and was honored and esteemed by his friends and neighbors. He married, March 3, 1853, Caroline Williamson, daughter of Adam B. and Sarah (Phillips) Williamson, of Newtown, Pennsylvania. Children: 1. Annie C., wife of Dillwyn Lewis, of Newtown township, a retired farmer; their sons are D. Hunter and Horace M. Lewis, one of whom is a merchant at Newtown Square, Pennsylvania. 2. Elizabeth, wife of Joseph S. Keller, of Philadelphia.

The Heyburn family, represented in the present generation by John E. Heyburn, a representative citizen of Brandywine Summit, Pennsylvania, is an old and honored family of England, members thereof being noted for their excellent characteristics, traits which have been transmitted in large degree to their descendants.

George Heyburn, the first of the line here under consideration of whom we have definite information, was born in New Castle, county Durham, England, January 6, 1692. He married, May 26, 1718, Mary Watson, of Wickham,

county Durham, England, and among their children was George, of whom further.

George (2) Heyburn, son of George (1) Heyburn, was a native of England, born 1732, and the immigrant ancestor of the family. Upon his arrival in this country he settled in the state of Delaware, where he spent the remainder of his days. He became an officer in the English and Colonial army and was killed during the Pontiac war at Bloody Run, in western Pennsylvania, April 14, 1764. He married Mary Rudolph, and among their children was George, of whom further.

George (3) Heyburn, son of George (2) Heyburn, was born on the Heyburn homestead in the state of Delaware, January 15, 1765, died April 17, 1833. He was a posthumous child. He spent his life on the Heyburn estate, now part of the city of Wilmington, and in Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, where he was the owner of a well cultivated farm. He married Elizabeth Burgess. Children: Sarah, married Amasa Baker; John, of whom further; Elizabeth, married Robert Bullock; Ann, married Thomas Bullock; George, married Rachel Brinton; Susan, married Ely Seal; Mary, married James Twaddell.

John Heyburn, son of George (3) Heyburn, was born in 1797. He was a resident of Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania. He married Letitia Brinton, and among their children was Milton Stamp, of whom further.

Milton Stamp Heyburn, son of John Heyburn, was born in Birmingham township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 24, 1835. He attended the district schools of his township, obtaining a practical education, and remained on the homestead farm until 1866, in which year he purchased a farm consisting of fifty-seven acres at Brandywine Summit, where he has resided ever since, and which he cultivated and improved, bringing it to a high state of perfection. He is a Republican in politics, cast his vote for Abraham Lincoln, and has held numerous offices in the township, being for years one of the leading men in the county. He married, in 1865, Eliza Hammen, born in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, December 23, 1838, daughter of Edwin and Maria (Miller) Hammen. Children: 1. Harry H., born August 22, 1866; has taken an active part in the politics of his county and state, held numerous township offices, and in 1912 was elected to the state legislature; married Margaret Darlington; children: C. Darlington, J. Edward, Welden B., William Miller. 2. John Edward, of whom further. 3. Isaac, born August, 1876; married Margaret Brinton; children: Marion E., Sarah E., Helen B.

John Edward Heyburn, son of Milton Stamp Heyburn, was born at Brandywine Summit, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, January 2, 1869. He received a practical education in the district schools, and after completing his studies gave his attention to agricultural pursuits, thus following in the footsteps of his forefathers, and in addition to this is very extensively engaged in the market business, having a stall in the Philadelphia Public Market, which has proved a successful enterprise and from which he derives a goodly income. In business affairs he has ever been straightforward and reliable in his dealings, and in matters of citizenship public-spirited and progressive, so that he is numbered among the valued residents of the community in which his entire life has been passed. He has always been identified with the Republican party, taking an active part in their councils, and in 1913 was elected sheriff of Delaware county, discharging the duties of this responsible office with fidelity and efficiency, constantly growing in public estimation. He is a man of integrity and character, and has won the respect of all who have been associated with him, either in business, politics or social relation.

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ADDENDA AND ERRATA

Farrell, p. 694, St. Denis Church was built in 1824, and the transepts were added by Rev. John J. Fediganiosa in 1869.

Robinson, p. 635, William O. Robinson was a captain in the 61st Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers; p. 636, 15th line, Geoffrey P. Davis should read Hiram C. Hathaway; 20th line, after senator should read: While in the State Senate in 1890, Mr. Robinson was elected to Congress from the Sixth District, comprising Chester and Delaware counties, his opponents being Dr. J. L. Forwood, of Chester, and Captain Isaac Johnson, of Media, and he was twice reëlected, serving six years in the 52d, 53d and 54th congresses; p. 637, 2d line, instead of granddaughter it should read grandniece.

Temple, p. 678, 11th line, after Philadelphia, should read: Considerable of his attention in recent years has been given to problems facing the Pennsylvania Railroad in and around Philadelphia. He is chairman of a Board of Engineers to prepare plans for enlarging Broad Street Station, chairman of Philadelphia Suburban Electrification Committee and a member of the Valuation Committee of the Railroad Company.

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NOTE—An asterisk against a name refers to Addenda and Errata.

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